## $\mathfrak{G} \mathfrak{f} \mathfrak{b} \mathfrak{m} \mathfrak{x} \mathfrak{i}$ FOR 1849:

comprising a variety of useful matter; WITH rexictions of the TEbents, and the reacatifer, that will occur in fach month dubina thi fxar 1849. illustrated with A LARGE COLOURED HIEROGLYPHIC, An Explanation of which is given in next Year's Almanac.

## BT RAPEATエ,

 THE ASTROLOGER OF THE NINETEENTH CENTUEY.amidst the shining stars serene
Disclose to mental view the far and dark unseene? peure."


LONDON:
PUBLISHED ON THE 1gt OF EVERY OCTOBER, BY THE PROPRIETOR,
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FALF-A-CROWN.
Cboentyaninty
zear,
1849.


## HIIIEIRDGUIYPMIHCC IFORR TTH

## TWENTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL NOTICE, 1849.

With becoming pride and confidence Raphasl can assert, that the sale of this work annually increases; it may now be seen in the libraries of the most learned, as well as in the cottages of the most humble; it was noticed last year for the accuracy of its predictions by upwards of a hundred metropolitan and provincial papers. Raphabe trusts that his friends will give him credit for having fulfilled his repeated promises, which were,-as the demand for this work increased, so should his efforts also increase to make it useful and amusing; and notwithstanding the great expense attending the production of this small volume, no labour or means has been spared to place it upon that footing in the literary world which its scientific contents demand, and which standing Rapharl's Prophetic Aemanac is destined to take; and the only boon the Astrologer craves of his readers is, the recommending of this little book to their friends. Copies for former years can be had to complete sets.

October 1, 1848.
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## §anuarp XXXI \#aps.

## MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter, 2nd day, 7h. 38m. Morning.
Full Moon, 8th day, 10 h .50 m . Afternoon.
Last Quarter, 16 th day, 6 h .54 m . Morning.
New Moon, 24th day, 10h. 3m. Morning.
First Quarter, 31st day, 4h. 43m. Afternoon.


RAPHAEL'S WEATHER GUIDE, FOR JANUARY, 1849.
The year commences with rain and snow, or sleet at intervals; the nomerous aspects between the 6th and 10th will produce high winds, with a very cold and rugged atmosphere, also storms doing much mischief; toth, hard frost with biting winds, which may continue for some days; 19th and 20th, cold winds ; a2nd, rain, or a fall of snow; 25th, to the end of the month, changes, cold, wet, gloom y, and tempestuous weather. January will prove a severe and trying month; the benevolent will now find aimple room to assist in relieving the distreem of the poor and needy.

## FAIRS.

January 3. Ashford; 3. Northampton; 15. Oswestry ; 18. Derby; 20. Ayles. bury; 20. Nottingham; 25. Bodmin; 27. Chesterfield; 27. Stockton; 30. Buckingham; 31. Stafford.

|  | raphael's prophetic alman |
| :---: | :---: |
| x |  |

## moon's phases.

Full Moon, $\quad 7$ th day, 11 h .16 m . Non.
Last Quarter, 15th day, 4h. 2m. Morning.
New Moon, 23rd day, 1 h .30 m . Morning.

| M |  | Remarkable Daya. | T.ofH.Water. |  | Sun r. \& sets | Moon |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | W |  | Morn. ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | Atter. |  | ts. $\left.\begin{gathered}\text { Rises } \\ \text { or sets. }\end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Souths. | Age |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | sets |  |  |
|  | TH | \% souths 4h. 24m. | 725 | 753 |  | 41 lm 20 | 6af. 57 | 8 |
| 2 | F | Candlemas Day | 825 | 96 |  | 49233 | 754 | 4 |
| 3 | S | D's it. app. [onThames, 1814 | 9441 | 1025 | r 73 | 38344 | 853 | 10 |
| 4 | E | Septuagesima. Gt. Fro. Fair | 1191 | 1146 | 845 | 53448 | 952 |  |
| 5 | M | Sir Rob. Peel born 1788 | - 5 | 021 | r7 3 | 35544 | $10 \quad 50$ | 12 |
| 6 | Tv | $\mathrm{h}^{\text {g }}$ souths 2 h .32 m . P.m. | 052 | 120 | 845 | 57632 | 47 | 13 |
| 7 | W | High tides. 8 sets 6 h .44 m . | 148 | 212 | r 73 | 31 rises | mor | 14 |
| 8 | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathbf{H}}$ | $\bigcirc$ sets 9 h .19 m . P.M. [P.M. | 235 | 258 |  | 06 af .36 | 0 | 15 |
| 9 | F | 4 souths 11 h .59 m . P.M. | 319 | 340 |  | $28 \quad 748$ | 31 | 16 |
| 10 | S | Queen Vict. married, 1840 | 358 | 417 | 85 | 4856 | 20 | 17 |
|  | 3 | Sexagesima. | 436 | 454 | r 72 | 2410 | 36 | 618 |
| $12$ | M | $\delta^{\text {c }}$ souths 9 h .49 m . A.M. | 513 | 529 | s 5 | 811 | 51 | 19 |
| 13 | Tv | $\underline{y}$ rises 8 h .59 m . A.m. [ $¢ \underline{y}$ stat. | 549 |  | r 72 | 20 morn. | 35 | 20 |
| 14 | W | St. Valentine. Old Candlms. | 623 | 642 | \% 51 | 11012 | 20 | 21 |
| 15 | Tr | D's greatest dist. Low tides | 7 | 725 |  | $\begin{array}{llll}17 & 1 & 13\end{array}$ | 6 | 22 |
| 16 | F | \% souths 3h. 3m. P.M. | 751 | 821 | 8515 | $\begin{array}{llll}15 & 212\end{array}$ | 51 | 23 |
| 17 | S | h rises 8 h .10 m . | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 0\end{array}$ | 939 | r 71 | 13 | 38 | 24 |
| 18 | B | Quinquagesima. | 1018 | 1056 | ¢ 519 | 1940 | 26 | 25 |
| 19 | M | Copernicus born 1473. | 1134 |  |  | 9 4 47 | 915 | 26 |
| 20 | Tv | Shrove Tues, Camb.T. div. | 010 | 038 |  | 22529 | 1 | 27 |
| 21 | W | Ash Wednesd. Lent begins' |  | 124 |  | 567 | $10 \quad 55$ | 28 |
| $22$ | TH | O eclipsed, invisible | 145 |  |  | 26640 | 1145 | 29 |
|  | $\stackrel{+}{\mathbf{F}}$ | High tides. of sets 1 h .45 m . | 223 | $2 \begin{array}{ll}2 & 42 \\ 3 & 19\end{array}$ | r 70 | 0 sets | 0af. 35 | 0 |
| 24 | S | Duke of Cambridge b. [P.M. |  | 319 |  | $307 \mathrm{7af} .23$ | $1 \quad 25$ | 1 |
| 25 | \% | 1 Sunday in Lent | 336 | $\begin{array}{lll}3 & 54\end{array}$ | r656 | 56.839 | $2 \begin{array}{ll}2 & 15\end{array}$ |  |
| 26 | M | ¢ souths 11 h .49 m . A.M. | 412 | 432 | 85 | 331954 | 3 | 3 |
| 27 | Tu | 4 rises 3h. 4m. P.M. | 451 | 510 | r652 | 521110 | $3 \quad 59$ |  |
| 28 | W | Ember Week | 529 | 552 |  | 37 morn. |  | 5 |

## RAPHAEL'S WEATHER GUIDE, FOR FEBRUARY, 1849.

The month opens with fair weather; 3rd, mild, with large woolpack clouds; 5th and 6th, rain, or a fall of snow ; 7th, cold increases; 10th and 11th, cold, with aharp winds and sleet, or rain; 14th, fall of temperature; 17th, rain; 18th, fair and mild for the season; 20th to the 25 th, stormy and wet, very changeable; the month ends windy but dry.

## FAIRS.

Pebruary 2. Reading ; 3. Farringdon; 5. Plymouth; 8. Exeter ; 8. Dunstable; 11. Warwick; 13. Abingdon; 14. Devizes; 14. Bedford; 17. Southampton; 22. Chenter; 28. Shrewsbury.

| 6 |  | RAPHAEL'S PROPHETIC ALMANAC. |  |  |  |  |  | 18 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ffarch XXXI 建aps. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter, 2nd day, 0h. 3m. Morning. <br> Full Moon, 9th day, 1h. 2m. Morning. <br> Last Quarter, 17 th day, 0 h .39 m . Moning. <br> New Moon, 24th day, 2h. 6m. Afternoon. <br> First Quarter, 31st day, 6h. 58m. Morning. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ( |  | Remarkable Daya. | T.of H. Water. |  | Sun r . $\&$ sets. | Moon |  |  |  |
|  |  | Morn. 1 After. | $\text { 8. } \begin{gathered} \text { Rises } \\ \text { or sets. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | ouths. | Age |
|  |  |  |  | H. M. | H. M. |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { sets. } \\ \text { H. M. } \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | St. David. D's nrst. approach | 613 | 635 | r 648 | 80 m .25 |  | 3af. 49 | 6 |
| 2 | F | $\bigcirc$ gr. elong. Low tides | $7 \quad 2$ | 729 | s 540 | 0136 |  | 646 | 7 |
| 3 | S | \% rises 7 h .47 m . A.M. | 8 | 841 | r6 43 | $\begin{array}{llll}3 & 2 & 39\end{array}$ |  |  | 8 |
| $4$ | ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | 2 Sund. in Lent. | 925 | 108 | s 544 | $4{ }^{4} 37$ |  | 841 | 9 |
| 5 | M | H souths 2 h .23 m . P.M. | 1053 | 1138 | r6 39 | 9247 |  | 937 | 0 |
| 6 | Tv | ¢ rises 5 h .48 m . A.m. | - | 015 | 85 47 | $7{ }_{7} 519$ |  | O 30 | 1 |
| $7$ | W | Hets sh. 56m. P.M. | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 44 \\ 1 & 3\end{array}$ | 112 | 1635 | 35.544 |  | 21 | 12 |
| 8 | TH | ¢ stationary. D eclip. visible | 1 37 |  | 85 51 | $1{ }^{6} 13$ |  | morn. | 3 |
| 9 | F | h souths 0h. 43 m . P.m. High | 221 | 240 | r 630 | 30 rises. | 0 | 010 | 4 |
| 10 | S | \% in Perihelion [tides | $3{ }^{3} 1$ | 319 | s5 54 | $477 \mathrm{af.45}$ |  | $0 \quad 57$ | 15 |
| 11 | $\underset{M}{\mathcal{B}}$ | 3 Sund. in Lent. | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 36\end{array}$ | 353 | r 626 | 26851 |  | 143 | 6 |
| 12 | M | $h^{\text {b }}$ sets 6 h .22 m . P.M. | 489 | 426 | 85 57 | 37956 |  | $2 \quad 28$ | 7 |
| 13 | Tv | Planet Herschel disco. 1781 | 443 |  | r6 21 | 11059 |  | 33 13 | 8 |
| 14 | W | 44 souths 9h. 35 m . P. | $\begin{array}{lll}5 & 16\end{array}$ | 533 | 861 | 1120 |  | $3 \quad 58$ | 19 |
| 15 | Th | D's greatest distance | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & 4 \\ 6 \\ 6\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lr}6 & 7 \\ 6\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lll}\text { r } & 17 \\ 86 & 17\end{array}$ | 7 morn. | 4 | $4 \begin{array}{ll}4 & 44 \\ 5\end{array}$ | 20 |
| 16 | S | St. Patrick. Low |  | 646 7 32 | 86 4 <br> r 6 12 | 4 0 57 <br> 1 1 51 |  | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & 30 \\ 6 & 18\end{array}$ | 21 |
| 18 | 5 | 4 Sun, in Lent. Prs, Louisa |  | 943 | ¢ $\mathbf{8} 6$ | 88240 |  | $7 \quad 6$ | 23 |
| 19 | M | 才 8. 9 h 21 m . A.m. [C.A. br. | 924 |  | r 68 | 8324 |  | 755 | 24 |
| 20 | Tu | $\bigcirc$ enters $r$. Spring begins | 046 | 1124 | 8611 | 114 |  | $8 \quad 44$ | 25 |
| 21 | $\underset{T}{\mathbf{W}}$ | ot rises 6 h .47 m . A.M. | - 28 | 0 | $\begin{array}{lll}\text { r } 6 & 3\end{array}$ | 3 4 37 <br> 14 5 8 |  | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 34 \\ 0 & 24\end{array}$ | 27 |
| 22 | $\mathrm{TH}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | H 4 sets 4 h .45 m . A.m. ${ }_{\text {\% }}$ greatest elongation [tides | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 28 \\ 1 & 15\end{array}$ | 0 1 1 3 | 86 14 <br> r5  | 14 5 <br> 8 5 | 10 | 0 24 | 27 |
| 24 | S | ${ }_{9}$ souths 2 h .49 m . P.M. High | 156 | 216 | 6618 | 18 sets. |  | 0 af. 5 | 9 |
| 25 | g | 5 Sun. in Lent. Lady day. | 233 | 251 | 155 | $34.7 a f .34$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 57\end{array}$ |  |
| 26 | M | Pr.G.Camb. br. [ $\%$ in Aphe. | 3 11 <br> 3 4 |  | 5621 | 21.853 |  | 1.51 |  |
| 27 | Tu | Dis nearest approach | 349 | 411 | r 549 | 49 i0 10 |  | 2.46 |  |
| 28 | W | $\bigcirc$ souths 10 h . 28 m . A.m. | $\begin{array}{lll}4 & 29 \\ 5 & 13\end{array}$ |  | 1862 | 241124 |  | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 43\end{array}$ |  |
|  | Th | erm ends | $\begin{array}{lll}5 & 13 \\ 5 & 57\end{array}$ |  |  | 45 morn. <br> 28 033 |  | 4 41 |  |
| 31 | S | Ox. Term ends. Low tides |  |  |  | 0 133 |  | 6 |  |

## RAPHAEL'S WEATHER GUIDE, FOR MARCH, 1849.

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## april XXX 2 2aps.

## MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon, 7 th day, 3 h .49 m . Afternoon. Last Quarter, 15th day, 7h. 8m. Afternoon. New Moon, 22nd day, 11h. 54m. Afternonn. First Quarter, 29th day, 2h. 17m. Afternoon.

|  |  | Remarkable Days. | T.of H.Water. | Sun r . \& sets. | Moon |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | W |  | $\left\|\frac{\text { Morn. \| After. }}{}\right\|$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { Rises } \\ \text { Or sets. } \end{array}$ | Souths. | Ag |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 8 | Palm Sunday |  | r 538 | 2 m .26 | 67 af. 32 | 8 |
|  | M | $\bigcirc$ sets 4 h .0 m . P.M. | $\begin{array}{llllll}9 & 15 & 9 & 59\end{array}$ | 8633 |  | 825 | 9 |
| 3 | Tv | $H^{H}$ souths 0 h. 34m. P.M. | 10421124 | r 533 | 345 | $9 \quad 16$ | 10 |
| 1 | W | \% sets 10 h .57 m . P.M. | $1159-$ | 8636 | 415 | $510$ | 11 |
|  | TH | Maundy Thursday | 028053 | r 529 | 444 | 41052 | 2 |
|  |  | Good Friday. Old Lady day | $1 \begin{array}{llll}18 & 1 & 39\end{array}$ | 8639 |  | 91137 | 3 |
|  | S | \% gr. brilliancy. High tides | 159216 | r 524 | rises | morn. | 14 |
|  | 5 | Easter Sunday. 44 stat. | $\begin{array}{llll}2 & 35 & 2 & 52\end{array}$ |  | $7 \mathrm{Faf}$. | $0 \quad 22$ | 5 |
| 9 | M | H rises 5 h .28 m . A.m. | $\begin{array}{lllll}3 & 9 & 3 & 26\end{array}$ | r 520 | 847 | 717 | 16 |
| 10 | Tu | ${ }_{\mathrm{L}}$ souths 10 h .52 m . A.M, | 3429358 | s 646 | 949 | 152 | 17 |
| 11 | W | , | 414431 | r 516 | 11048 | 238 | 8 |
| 12 | TH | D's greatest distance | 44451 | s 650 | 01143 | $3 \quad 24$ | 19 |
| $13$ | F | 24 souths 7 h .34 m . P.M. | $\begin{array}{lllll}5 & 18 & 5 & 35\end{array}$ | r 511 | morn. | $4 \quad 11$ | 20 |
| 14 | S | $\underline{\text { r }}$ rises 4 h .41 m . A.m. [tides | 5 54 613 | s 653 | 033 | 58 | 1 |
| 15 | $\mathrm{S}_{3}$ | Low Sun. East. T. beg. Low | $\begin{array}{lllll}6 & 36 & 6 & 59\end{array}$ | $r 58$ | 11 | 46 | 22 |
| $16$ | $\underline{\mathbf{M}}$ | $\delta^{\text {c }}$ souths 8 h .55 m . A.M. | $\begin{array}{llll}726 & 7 & 59\end{array}$ | 8 656 | 159 | $6 \quad 35$ | 23 |
| $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 17 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\mathbf{T v}$ |  | 841922 | r 5 | 234 | $\begin{array}{ll}7 & 23 \\ 8\end{array}$ | 24 |
| 18 | W | Oxf. and Camb. T. hegins | $\begin{array}{lllll}10 & 1 & 10 & 37\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lll}86 & 59\end{array}$ |  | 12 | 5 |
|  | TH | $\bigcirc$ souths lh. 55m. P.M. | $11121146$ |  |  | 9. 1 | 26 |
| $\left[\begin{array}{l} 20 \\ 0 \end{array}\right.$ | $\stackrel{\mathrm{F}}{\mathbf{S}}$ | $\delta^{*}$ sets 2 h .6 m . P.m. [1588 | $-\mid 013$ | 87 7 |  | 952 | 27 |
| 21 | $\underset{S}{5}$ | O stat. Span.Armad. destd. | $\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 38 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | r 4754 | 430 | 1043 | 28 |
| $22$ | $\underset{\mathbf{M}}{\mathbf{B}}$ | 2 Sun. after East. High tides | $\begin{array}{rrrrr}1 & 21 & 1 & 42 \\ 2 & 2 & 2\end{array}$ | s7 7  <br> r 5 | 6 sets | $1 \begin{array}{ll}11 & 37\end{array}$ | 29 |
| $23$ | $\stackrel{M}{M}$ | St. George | $\begin{array}{lllll}2 & 2 & 2 & 22\end{array}$ | r 450 | $7 \mathrm{7af} 48$ | 0 af .32 | 0 |
| 24 | Tu | D's nearest approach | 2 44 3 4 | 87 79 |  | 1. 30 | 1 |
| 25 | W | Prs. Alice M. M. born | $\begin{array}{lllll}3 & 27 & 3 & 48\end{array}$ | r 446 | 1021 | $2 \quad 30$ | 2 |
| 26 | TH | ¢ souths 11 lh .28 m . A.m. | 410434 | s7 12 | 1126 | 30 | 3 |
| 27 | F | 4 rises 11h. 2 m . A.M. | $\begin{array}{llllll}4 & 56 & 5 & 19\end{array}$ | r 442 | mo | 430 | 4 |
| 28 | S |  | 545610 | s7 16 |  | 528 | 5 |
| 29 | S | 3 Sun. af. Easter. Low tides | $\begin{array}{llllll}6 & 39 & 7 & 10\end{array}$ | r 438 |  | 6 | 6 |
| 30 | M |  | 742820 | 87 19 |  |  | 7 |

## RAPHAEL'S WEATHER GUIDE, FOR APRIL, 1849.

The month opens with fair mild weather; 5th, showery, with gasty winds; 9th, rain; 10th, depression of atmosphere; 11th and 12th, brisk gales, with a chilly air; 17th and 18th, dry and windy, with occasional showers on the 19th; 20th, a change ; 24th, rather stormy, which may continue, with showers at intervals, till the end of the month.

FAIRS.
April 5. Gloucester; 6. Northampton; 9. Cardiff; 13. Cheltenham; 18. Barnstaple; 20. Devizes; 25. Penrith; 25. Axminster; 26. South Shields; 27. Lincoln.


RAPHAEL'S WEATHER GUIDE, FOR MAY, 1849.
1st, cool breezes ; 2nd, the air charged with electricity, and an increasing temperature; 3rd. a change, brisk gales; 4th, a clearer atmosphere, with blue sky and cumuli; 5th and 6th, cold gusty winds; 7th, changeable; 8th and 9th, hailstorms ; 10th, fair spring weather; 12th, genial showers; 13th, wind and rain ; 16 th and 17 th, turbulent atmosphere; 18th, a change, mild showers ; 19th, light gales; 21 st , electric rains; 25th, turbulent, with thander-storms; 27 th , a fall of temperature, which will check vegetation.

## FAIRS.

May 1. Lancaster ; 4. Ipswich ; 4. Roos; 5. Penzance; 6. Macelesfield; 12. Chelmsford; 12. Stroud; 12. Blackheath; 14. Berkeley; 15. Manchester; 15. Newport, Isle of Wight ; 29. Dulwich ; 30. Tiverton.

## Sune XXX 羽aps.

## mOON'S PHABES.

Full Moon, 5th day, 10h. 27m. Aftemoon. Laat Quarter, 13th day, $\mathbf{1 0 \mathrm { h } . 2 4 \mathrm { m } \text { . Aftermoon. }}$ New Moon, 20th day, 2b. 19m. Aftemioon. First Quarter, 27th day, 10h. 44m. Morning.

| $\underset{\mathbf{M}}{\mathbf{M}}$ | $\underset{\mathbf{W}}{\mathbf{D}}$ | Remarkable Days | $\left\|\frac{\text { T.of H.Water. }}{\text { Morn. \| Ater. }}\right\|$ |  | Sun r . \& sets. | Moon |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Souths. | $\mathrm{A}_{\mathbf{E}}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | H. M. | H. M. |  |  | da. |
| 1 |  | 9 st |  | 1121 | $r 351$ | 2 m .8 | af. 3 | 10 |
| 2 | S | H souths 8 h .50 m . A | 1153 |  | 886 | 233 | 47 | 11 |
| 3 | g | Trinity Sund. \%gr. elong. | 017 | 041 | r349 | 257 | 1032 | 12 |
| 4 | M | $\delta^{\circ}$ Perih. y̧sets 10 h .6 m . P.M. |  | 124 | 888 | 325 | 17 | 13 |
| 5 | Tu | K. of Hanover b. High tides | 144 | 22 | r3 48 |  | mo | 14 |
| $6$ | W | D's greatest distance [P.M. | 220 | 238 |  | 8 a. 26 | - | 15 |
| $7$ | TH | Corp. Christi. of sets 5 h .3 m . | 254 | 312 | r 347 |  | 51 | 16 |
| $8$ | F | $\mathrm{b}^{\text {c }}$ | 330 | 344 | 8811 | 959 | 39 | 17 |
|  | S | Wm. Lilly, astrolo., d. 1 |  | 419 |  | 10 | 26 | 18 |
| 10 | B | 1 Sunday after Trinity | 435 | 453 | s 8131 | 11 | 314 | 19 |
| 11 | M | H rises lb . 2.5 m . | 510 | 530 | r 3451 | 1140 | 41 | 20 |
| 12 | T | Trinity Term ends [tid | 550 | 612 | 8814 | mor | 48 | 21 |
| 13 | W | 4 souths 3h. 57 m . P.M. L | 637 | 72 | r 344 |  | 35 | 22 |
| 14 | Th | h rises 0 h .52 m . $\Delta . M$. | 729 | 759 | \% 815 | 032 | 22 | 23 |
| 15 | F |  | 832 | 911 | r 344 | 059 | 11 | 24 |
| 16 | S | \% stationary | 941 | 1014 | 8816 | 126 | 88 | 25 |
| 17 | S | -2 Sunday after T | 1046 | 1117 | r3 44 | 156 | 56 | 26 |
| 18 | M | 9 gr . brilliancy | 1146 |  | s 817 | 230 | 1 | 27 |
| 19 | Tv | ${ }^{\circ}$ souths 7 h . | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 17\end{array}$ | 045 | r 344 | 310 | 10 | 28 |
| 20 | W | Ac.Q.Vic. D's nr. ap. H.tds. | 111 | 137 |  |  | 55 | 29 |
| 21 | TH | Longest day. Qu. Vic. pro. [O ent.๒. Sum.b. $\wp$ inAp. |  | 230 322 | r 3 44 |  |  |  |
|  | S |  | 345 |  | r 34.5 | 1023 | (1)59 |  |
| 24 | 8 | St. John Bapt. Midsum. | 4 | 458 | 8819 | 10.57 |  |  |
| 25 | M | 4 rises 7 h .52 m . | 521 | 548 | r 346 | 1125 | 543 |  |
| 26 | Tu | ษr souths 0 h .27 m . P.M. | 611 | 636 | 8819 | 1150 | 051 |  |
| 27 | W | Low tides |  | 728 |  |  | 6 617 |  |
| 28 | TH | Queen Victoria crown. 1838 | 758 | 829 | 8818 |  | 471 |  |
|  | F | St.Pet. Rayd. Lully d. 1315 | 9 | 934 | r 347 |  | 745 |  |
| 30 | S | \% inAphe. Gren.Hos.f. 1696 |  | 10 | 8 |  | 0 | 10 |

## RAPHAEL'S WEATHER GUIDE, FOR JUNE, 1819.

> 18t, warm. with electrical phenomena, occasioning thander; 3rd, elondy, with wind and rain ; 8th, fair and seaconable weather; 11th, thunder-storms ; 14th, a change; 15th and 16th, cool breezes; 21st and 22nd, growing rains; 27th, alowery; the month ends gloomily, with wind and rain.
> PAIRS.
> Junz 6. Malmesbury ; 6. Maidstone ; 6. Ashford; 10. Appleby ; 14.Cembridge; 20. Sevenoaks; 24. Bridgewater; 27. Rochester.


## RAPHAEL'S WEATHER GUIDE, FOR JULY, 1849.

1 st, wind and rain ; 5th, thunder, meteors, and hail ; 7th, showery ; 10th and 11 th, temperature increases; 16 th, sudden rains; 19th and 20th, stormy, with high winds, damaging the wheat; 24th, a change ; 25th, cold rains, bad harvest weather; 31st, a remiss of heat, with occasional storms. The farmers will be able to do but little in removing crups this month.

FAIRS.
July 2. Bolton; 5. Leicester; 10. Peterborough; 16. Buckingham; 18. Sherborne; 18. Cirencester; 25. Liverpool.


## RAPHAEL'S WEATHER GUIDE, FOK AUGUST, 1849.

[^1]

## RAPHAEL'S WEATHER GUIDE, FOR SEPTEMBER, 1849.

2nd, heat increases, blue sky and cumuli; 4th, cooler atmosphere, cloudy, and symptoms of rain ; 9th, brisk gales and rain ; 10th, heat increases, electrical phenomena, with thunder storms; 14th and 15th, generally fair ; 17th, decrease of temperature ; 18th, dry winds ; 22nd and 23rd, gloomy, with sudden squalls and equinoctial gales, which will continue and get colder towards the 27th, when it will continue cold and gloomy till the end of the month.

FAIRS.
Septimber 1. Bristol; 4. Monmouth; 4. Oxford; 5. Leominster; 13. Maldon ; 15. Durham ; 18. Bury, Lancashire; 22. Reading; 29. Cranbrook.

| 1849. |  | RAPHAEL'S PROPHETIC ALMANAC. |  |  |  |  | 13 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Getober XXXI 通ays. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MOON'S PHASES. <br> 2nd day, 5h. 33m. Morning. <br> r, 9th day, 0h. 44m. Morning. <br> 16 th day, 5 b .13 m . Morning. <br> r, 24th day, 7h. 4m. Morning. <br> 3lst day, 4 h .46 m . Afternoon. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | T. of H.W | Wa |  |  | Moon |  |
|  | $\underset{\mathbf{W}}{ }$ | Remarkable Days. | Morn. | 1 After. | \& set | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rises } \\ \text { or sets. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Souths. | Age |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | M | Remigius [High tides | H. 1 1 | H. M. |  | H. M. | H. M. 1laf. 43 | 15 |
| 2 | Tu | H souths 0 h .5 lm . A.M.- | 156 | 214 | s 534 | rises | morn. | 16 |
|  | W | ¢¢ sets 5h. 58m. P.M. | 233 | 249 | r6 5 | 6af. 35 | 033 | 17 |
|  | TH |  | 39 | 328 | 8530 | 76 | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 25\end{array}$ | 18 |
|  | F | h. souths llh. 20 m . P.M. | 346 | 46 | r6 8 | 741 | $2 \quad 18$ | 19 |
|  | S | $D$ s nearest approach | 425 | 445 | 85 25 | 824 | 314 | 20 |
|  | S | 18 Sunday af. Trinity | 58 | 529 | r 612 | 913 | $4 \quad 12$ | 21 |
|  | M | O sets 4h. 29m. P.M. [tides | 553 | 620 | 8521 | 1011 | 510 | 22 |
|  | Tv | 44 souths 9 h . 45 m . A.m. Low | 649 | 721 | r6 15 | 1116 | 6 | 23 |
| 10 | W | Oxford and Camb. T. beg. | 756 | 840 | s5 517 | morn. | 75 | 24 |
|  | TH | Higes 5 h .20 m . P.M. | 925 | 109 | r 618 | 027 | 8 | 25 |
| 12 | F | $\sigma^{\circ}$ souths 4 h .43 m . A.m. | 10531 | 1131 | s 512 | 139 | 852 | 2 |
| 13 | S | \% stationary | - | 01 | r6 22 | 251 | 942 | 27 |
| 14 | * | 19 Sunday aft. Trinity | 027 | 051 | 858 |  | 1031 | 28 |
| 15 | M | If rises 4 h .40 m. P.m. | 115 | 136 | r6 25 | 514 | 1118 | 29 |
| 16 | Tv | Houses of Parliament burnt, | 155 | 213 | s 54 | sets | 0 af. 4 | 0 |
| 17 | W | Etheldred. [1834. High tid. | 233 | 250 | r6 29 | 6af. 2 | $0 \quad 51$ | 1 |
|  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathbf{H}}$ | St. Luke | 36 | 325 | s 459 | 631 | 137 | 2 |
| 19 | F | $\%$ souths 9 h .49 m . A.m. | 341 | 358 | $r 632$ | 73 | 224 | 3 |
| 20 | S | ${ }^{0}{ }^{\text {c }}$ gets $0 \mathrm{~h} .42 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$. | 414 | 429 | s 455 | 739 | 311 |  |
| 21 | 3 | 20 Sund. af. Trin. $q$ in per. | 445 | 5 | r6 36 | 820 | 358 | 5 |
| 22 | M | $D^{\prime}$ 's greatest distance | 521 | 540 | s 451 | 98 | $4 \quad 46$ | 6 |
| 23 | Tu | 4 rises 2 h .22 m . A.m. | 558 | 622 | r 639 |  | $5 \quad 34$ | 6 |
| 24 | W | Low tides | 645 | 711 | s 447 | 112 |  | 8 |
|  | TH | St. Crispin. ¢ souths 11h. | 746 | 827 | r 643 | morn. | 78 | 9 |
|  | F | [37m. A.m. | $9{ }^{9} 8$ | 949 | s 443 | 05 | $7 \quad 55$ | 10 |
| 27 | 8 |  | 10271 | 111 | r646 | 111 | 843 | 11 |
| 28 | ${ }_{\text {S }}$ | 21 Sunday after Trinity | 1134 | 1159 | s 439 | 221 | 9 | 12 |
|  | M |  | - | 023 | r 650 | 332 | $10 \quad 20$ | 13 |
|  | W |  | 045 | 16 | s 435 | 447 | $11 \quad 12$ | 14 |
| 31 | W | ¢̧ in Perih. High tides. | 125 | 144 | r 633 | rises | morn. | 15 |

RAPHAEL'S WEATHER GUIDE, FOR OCTOBER, 1849.
The month commences clondy; 4th and 5th, fair and pleasant, with occasional showers; 10th, elear ; 11th and 12th, fine weather prevails; 16th, cold increases; 17th, thunder-storms; 22nd, dry winds; 24th and 25th, windy, with rain on the 26th; 28th, air charged with electricity, producing thunder, with hail and dashing rains.

## FAIRS.

Ocrobez 1. Manchester ; 2. Newcastle; 10. Canterbury ; 10. St. Albans; 10. Leicester; 11. Blackheath; 11. Uxbridge ; 18. Charlton ; 20.Hereford; 92.Salinbury; 24. Winchester.

Kobember XXX 3ans.

| MOON'S PHASES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Last Quarter, 7th day, 8h. 23m. Morning. <br> New Moon, 14th day, 9h. 13m. Afternoon. <br> First Quarter, 23rd day, 2 h .24 m . Morning. <br> Full Moon, 30 th day, 3 h .25 m . Morning. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{D} \\ & \mathbf{M} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\mathbf{W}}{\mathbf{D}}$ | Remarkable Days. . | $\left\|\frac{\text { T.of H. Water. }}{\text { Morn. \| After. }}\right\|$ |  | Sun r . \& sets. | Moon |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Rises } \\ \text { or sets } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Southe. | Age |
|  |  |  | H. M. | H. M. |  | H. M. | H. | H. M | da |
| 1 | TH | [appr. ¢ stationary | $2 \begin{array}{ll}2 & 3\end{array}$ | 224 | r655 | $5 \mathrm{af}$. | 0 m .6 | 16 |
| 2 | F | Michl. Term beg. D's nrst. | 244 | 34 | s 430 | 617 | 13 | 17 |
| 3 | S | H souths 10 h .36 m. P.M. | 325 | 347 | r 659 | 76 | 22 | 18 |
| 4 | S | 22 Sunday after Trinity | 488 | 430 | 8426 | 82 | 32 | 19 |
| 5 | M | Gunpowder Plot. | 453 | 517 | ${ }^{7} 72$ | 9 | 42 | 0 |
| 6 | Tu | ¢̧ rises $5 \mathrm{~h} .10 \mathrm{~m} .4 . \mathrm{m}$. [tides | 542 | 68 | 8 423 | 1016 | 1 | 21 |
| $7$ | W | ${ }_{\mathrm{h}}$ souths 9h. 3m. P.M. Low | 637 | 710 | r 76 | 61129 | $5 \quad 57$ |  |
| 8 | TH | of rises 4 h .28 m . A.M. | 747 | 827 | B 420 | morn. | 50 | 23 |
| 9 | F | Pr. of Wales b. Ld. May. d. | 910 | 950 | r7 9 | 042 | 40 |  |
| 10 | S | Hesets 4 h .46 m . A.M. | 1030 | 118 | 8416 | 153 | 828 |  |
| 11 | 8 | 23 Sunday af. Trinity | 1139 | - | r 713 | 3 | 915 |  |
| 12 | M | Camb. Term divides |  | 030 | 8413 | 413 | 10 | 27 |
| 13 | Tu | $\mathrm{h}^{\text {sets }} 2 \mathrm{~h} .37 \mathrm{~m}$. A.m. | 053 | 113 | r 716 | 520 | 1046 |  |
| 14 | W | $\ddagger$ souths 7h. 47 m . A.m. High | $1 \begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2\end{aligned}$ | 151 | 8411 | sets |  | 29 |
| 15 | TH | [tides | 210 | 229 | r 720 | $5 \mathrm{af}$. | 0 af .18 | 1 |
| 16 | F |  | 245 | 31 | 848 | 535 |  | 2 |
| 17 | S | 才 souths 2 h .41 m . A.m. | 318 | 334 | r7 23 | 616 | 153 | 3 |
| 18 | 5 | 24 Sun. af.Trin. D's gr.dist. | 351 | 47 | 845 | 57 | $2 \quad 40$ | 4 |
| 19 | M |  | 422 | 439 | r7 27 | $7{ }^{7} 52$ | 328 | 5 |
| 20 | Tu | ठ才 rises 5h. 53m. P.M. | 457 | 514 | 843 | 3850 | 415 | 6 |
| 21 | W | Princess Royal born | 534 | 555 | r 730 | 949 | $5 \quad 2$ |  |
| 22 | TH | [Low tides | 618 | 641 | 84 | 11052 | 5 | 8 |
| 23 | $\stackrel{\text { r }}{ }$ | \% souths 10 h .12 m . A.m. | $\begin{array}{lll}7 & 6 \\ 8 & 14\end{array}$ | 738 | r7 33 | morn. | $\begin{array}{ll}6 & 34\end{array}$ |  |
| 24 | S | 4 sets 1 h .42 m . P.M. | 814 | 853 | 8 359 | 0 |  |  |
| 25 | S | 25 Sunday aft. Trinity | 928 | 10 | r7 36 |  | 88 | 11 |
| 26 | M | Michaelmas Term ends | 1037 |  | 8357 | 221 | $8 \quad 57$ | 12 |
| 27 | Tu | Prs. Mary Adel. born | 1140 |  | r 740 | 335 | $9 \quad 49$ | 13 |
| 28 | W | ¢ souths llh. Im. A.m. | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 5\end{array}$ | 027 | 8 355 | 5454 | 1044 | 14 |
| 29 | TH |  | 051 | 116 | r 742 | 612 | 1143 | 15 |
| 30 | , | St. Andrew. High tides | 138 | 159 | s 353 | 3 rises | mor |  |

RAPHAEL'S WEATHER GUIDE, FOR NOVKMBER, 1849.
1st, fair ; 3rd, rain ; 4th and 5th, rather stormy ; 6th, temperature decreases ; 10th, fine pleasant weather; 12th, rainy ; 15th, dry winds; 17th, showery; 21 st, rain or snow ; 23rd, cold increases; 25th, a change, cold winds, which may continue, with fine days at intervals, till the end of the month.

## FAIRS.

Novembir 8. Hertford; 8. Leeds; 10. North Shields; 11. Liverpool; 17. Manchester; 22. York; 23. Dover; 24. Rickmansworth.

## zerember XXXI 丑aps.

| MOON'S PHASES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Last Quarter, 6th day, 6h. 53m. Afternoon. <br> New Moon, 14th day, 3h. 38m. Afternoon. <br> First Quarter, 22ud day, 7 h .40 m . Afternoon. <br> Full Moon, 29th day, 2h. 0m. Afternoon. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \mathbf{D} \\ & \mathbf{M} \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\underset{\mathbf{w}}{\mathbf{D}}$ | Remarkable Days. | T.of H. Water. | Sun r . <br> \& sets. | Moon |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rises } \\ & \text { Or sets. } \end{aligned}$ | Souths. | Age |
|  |  |  | H. M. ${ }^{\text {dH. M. }}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | D's nearest appruach | 223245 | r 745 | 5 a .46 | 0 m .45 | 17 |
| $2$ | \% | Advent Sunday | $\begin{array}{lllll}3 & 9 & 3 & 32\end{array}$ | \% 352 | 649 | 147 | 18 |
| 3 | M | Hen souths 8 h .35 m. P.M. | $\begin{array}{lllll}3 & 55 & 4 & 19\end{array}$ | r 748 | 80 | 249 | 19 |
| 5 | Tu | ¢̧sets 3h. 24m. P.M. | $\begin{array}{llllll}4 & 43 & 510\end{array}$ | s 351 | 914 | $3 \quad 49$ | 20 |
| 5 | W | h stationary | $\begin{array}{lllll}5 & 35 & 6 & 3\end{array}$ | r 751 | 1029 | 4 45 | 21 |
|  | Th | Low tides |  | ¢3 50 | 1137 | 37 | 22 |
|  | $\stackrel{+}{\mathbf{F}}$ | h souths 7h. 3m. P.m. | $\begin{array}{llll}7 & 28 & 8 & 2\end{array}$ | r 753 | morn. |  | 23 |
| $8$ | S | $\%^{\circ}$ sets 2h. 55m. P.M. | $\begin{array}{llllll}8 & 38 & 9 & 15\end{array}$ | \% 350 | 054 | 714 | 24 |
| 9 | \& | 2 Sunday in Advent | 9511026 | r 756 | 23 | 59 | 25 |
| 10 | M | Hises lh. 22 m . P.m. | 10591131 | s 349 | 310 | 844 | 26 |
| 11 | Tu |  | $1159-$ | r 758 | 417 | 930 | 27 |
| 12 | $\mathbf{W}$ | \% souths 6 h . 9 m . A.M. | 0 24 0 47 | \% 349 | 521 | 10 | 28 |
| $12$ | $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{H}}$ | ${ }_{h}^{+}$rises 0h. 44 m . P.m. | $\begin{array}{lrlll}1 & 8 & 1 & 30\end{array}$ | r 8 0 | 623 | $11 \begin{array}{ll}11 & 2\end{array}$ | 29 |
| $\|14\|$ | $\underset{\mathbf{F}}{\mathbf{F}}$ | $\bigcirc$ in Aphelion. High tides | $\begin{array}{lllll}1 & 48 & 2 & 7\end{array}$ | \% 349 | sets |  | 0 |
| $15$ | S | 3 [Term ends. Dgr. dist. |  | r 81 | 4af. 56 |  | 1 |
| 16 | ¢ | 3 Sund. in Advent. Camb. | $\begin{array}{lllll}3 & 1 & 3 & 18 \\ 3 & \\ 8\end{array}$ | 83 49 | 546 | 124 | 2 |
| 17 | M | Oxford Term ends |  | $\begin{array}{rl}8 & 3\end{array}$ | 641 | $\begin{array}{ll}2 & 12\end{array}$ | 3 |
| 18 | Tu | \% souths 116. 52m. P.M. | $\begin{array}{lllll}4 & 7 & 4 & 25\end{array}$ |  | 738 | $2 \quad 58$ | 4 |
| $19$ |  | Ember W eek | $\begin{array}{lllll}4 & 40 & 4 & 58 \\ 5\end{array}$ |  | 841 | 344 | 5 |
|  | $\underset{\mathbf{F}}{\mathbf{T H}}$ | ¢̀ sets 8 h .27 m . A.m. | 5 16 5 36 | ¢ 351 | 947 | $4 \quad 29$ | 6 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 21 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\text { F }}{\text { S }}$ | St.Thos. $\odot$ enters ko. Wint. | $\begin{array}{lllll}5 & 56 & 6 & 16\end{array}$ | 186 | 1052 | 515 | 7 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 23 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{8}{\text { S }}$ | Low tides. [beg. Short. day | $\begin{array}{lllll}6 & 40 & 7 & 1\end{array}$ | 8351 | morn. |  | 8 |
| 23 | $\stackrel{\text { M }}{\text { M }}$ | 4 Sunday in Advent | $\begin{array}{lllll}7 & 28 & 7 & 58 \\ 8 & 30 & 9 & \end{array}$ | r 8 | 0 | 6 | 9 |
| 24 | M | o souths 10 h .48 m . A.m. | $\begin{array}{lllll}8 & 30 & 9 & 8 \\ 9 & 41\end{array}$ | 5352 | 112 | $7 \quad 36$ | 10 |
| 25 | T | Christmas Day. |  | r 87 | 226 | $8 \quad 27$ | 11 |
| 27 | T | 4 rises 10 h .49 m. P.m. | 1105111248 | 8354 | 342 | $9 \quad 23$ | 12 |
| 27 | $\mathrm{TH}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | ¢ southe 0h. 23 m. P.M. | 11 53 <br> 0  | r 88 | 50 | $10 \quad 22$ | 13 |
| 28 | $\stackrel{\mathrm{F}}{\mathbf{S}}$ | Innocents | $\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 22 & 0 & 47 \\ 1 & 18\end{array}$ | 8356 | 616 | $11 \quad 24$ | 14 |
| 29 | S | D's nearest appr. High tides | $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 14 & 1 & 39 \\ \text { r }\end{array}$ | $\mathrm{r} 8 \quad 8$ | rises | morn. | 15 |
| 30 | 8 | 1 Sunday aft. Christmas | $\begin{array}{lllllll}2 & 5 & 2 & 31\end{array}$ |  | 5 af .34 | $0 \quad 28$ | 16 |
| 31 | M | Earth's nearest app. to $\hat{4}$ | 25853131 r | r 8 8 | 649 | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 31\end{array}$ | 17 |

RAPHAEL'S WEATHER GUIDE, FOR DECEMBER, 1849.
The month commences with cold winds and occasional showers; 5th, a mitigation of cold; 8th and 9th, cold increases ; 10th, changeable, windy; 12 th, cold rains or snow ; 14th, dry weather, with large white clouds; 18th and 19th, very stormy with electrical phenomena, doing much mischief; 21st, sudden gales; 23rd, severe frost ; 27th, temperature increases ; 29th, heavy rains. The characteristics of this month are storms and heavy rains, and I have no doubt that we shall hear of earthquakes.

## FAIRS.

December 1. Bury St. Edmunds; 8. Leicester ; 9. Warrington; 15. Sonthampton; 19. Sevenoaks; Pontefract, first Saturday in December, 20 days' fair.

## MOONPS SIG2TS.



## PRINCIPAL ARTICLES OF THE KALENDAR FOR 1849.

| Golden Number. . . . . . . . 7 | Dominical Letter |
| :---: | :---: |
| Epact 6 | Roman Indiction 7 |
| Solar Cycle 10 | Julian Period ............ 6562 |

The year 5610 of the Jewish Era commences on September 17, 1849.
Ramadân (Month of Abstinence observed by the Turks) commences on July 22, 1849.
The year 1266 of the Mohammedan Era commences on Nov. 17, 1849.

## 2MOONTS 8Icrass.

| $\underset{M}{\mathbf{M}}$ | July. | August. | September. | October. | November. | December. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | bers | knees | ankles | toes | throat | shoulders |
| 2 | hips | ms | feet | ead | arms | breast |
| 3 | thighs | legs | toes | face | shoulders | stomach |
| 4 | knees | and | head | neck | breast | heart |
| 5 | d | ankles | face | throat | stomach | back |
| 6 | hams | et | neck | arms | heart | bowels |
| 7 | legs | toes | and | shoulders | back | belly |
| 8 | ankles | head | throat | breast | bowels | reins |
| 9 | feet | face | arms | stomach | and | loins |
| 10 | and | neck | shoulders | heart | belly | secret |
| 11 | toes | throat | breast | back | reins | mem |
| 12 | head | arms | stomach | bowels | loins | bers |
| 13 | face | shoulders | art | belly | secret | hips |
| 14 | neck | breast | back | reins | mem- | thighs |
| 15 | throat | sto | bowels | and | bers | knees |
| 16 | arms | trart | lly | loins | hips | and |
| 17 | shoulders | d | reins | secret | thighs | hams |
| 18 | breast | ck | loins | members | knees | legs |
| 19 | stomach | bowels | secret | hips | and | ankles |
| 20 | eart | belly | m- | and | hams | eet |
| 21 | back | reins | bers | thighs | legs | and |
| 22 | bowels | loins | hips | knees | ankles | toes |
| 23 | belly | secre | thighs | hams | feet | head |
| 24 | reins | mem- | knees | legs | toes | face |
| 25 | and | 矿 | and | and | head | neck |
| 26 | loins | hips | hams | ankles | and | throat |
| 27 | secret | thighs | legs | feet | face | arms |
| 28 | members | knees | ankles | toes | neck | shoulders |
| 29 | 8 | ham | feet | head | throat | bre |
| 30 | and | hams | and | face | arms | stomach |
| 31 | thighs | legs |  | neck |  | heart |

## EXPLANATION OF ASTRONOMICAL SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS.

| planets. | aspects. | sic |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\Psi$ Neptune. | \% Conjunction. | $r$ Aries. | $\Omega$ Libra. |
| H Herschel. | * Sextile. | ४ Taurus. | m Scorpio. |
| $h$ Saturn. | - Square. | II Gemini. | f Sagittarius. |
| Jupiter. | $\triangle$ Trine. | ร Cancer. | ${ }^{6}$ Capricornus. |
| Mars. | 8 Opposition. | $\Omega$ Leo. | $\ldots$ Aquarius. |
| - or $\odot$ Sun. | $\Omega$ Dragon's Head. | m Virgo. | * Pisces. |
| $\%$ Venus. | ช Dragon's Tail. |  |  |
| § Mercury. |  |  |  |
| D Moon. |  |  |  |
| $\oplus$ Earth. | - Degrees, ${ }^{\prime}$ Minutes, " Seconds, of Space. |  |  |

## 

## Uimely Ulatnings, anx ©alutary Firecepts,

## Founded on the Zodiucal Positions and Configurations of the Heavenhy Bodies.

$$
\text { January, } 1849 .
$$

And after all came Life; and lastly Death : Death with most grim and griesly visage seene, Yet is he nought but parting of the breath; Ne ought to see, but like a shade to weene, Unbodied, unsoul'd, unheard, unseene !
" Uhe starg in their courses fought against Bisera." I have selected this passage from the inspired penman (Judges v. 20) to prove that three thousand one hundred and fortyfive years ago, the stellar orbs were declared to influence mundane affairs; and under such influence Louis Philippe was hurled from kingly power and its grandeur, to seek a refuge in the land which had sheltered him in his early days. At the full moon on the 8th, at 50 minutes past 10 o'clock at night, the second degree of the celestial sign Libra is on the eastern horizon, with the Moon culminating in close opposition to the Sun and Mercury, and these three orbs quartiling Herschel from the ruling sign of England, Jupiter is in opposition to Venus, while Mars sends forth a quartile ray to Saturn. The scheme is fraught with configurations of importance, and points out unexpected measures brought forward opposed to the landed interest, also affecting ancient rights and customs. The highest power in the land will be afflicted and sorely harassed by contending parties. The Moon, being in her own dignity, shows a determination on the part of rulers to carry out projects for the amelioration of difficulties. It will be an ill time for national amusements; failures take place in theatres and exhibitions; violent accidents occur on railroads; and robberies will be frequent in the post-office. I regret to announce a sickly season; cold disorders and consumption will prove fatal, and rheumatic complaints prevail. Jupiter in the llth house denotes the exchequer of the Government to be improving. The early part of the month brings disgrace on some dignitary of the Church, wherein a lady will figure. Violence will be rife in Spain, Portugal, and other nations under the rule of Sagittarius and Pisces. Jupiter retrogrades through Leo, which augurs measures adopted by the new Government of France calculated to benefit that nation; but the fleeting Mercury opposes that planet on the 26th, producing angry discussions; inflammatory articles likewise emanate from the press.

## THE PRIDICTIONE,

# Cimely warnings, and Balutary Precepts, 

February, 1849.


#### Abstract

And lastly came cold February, sitting In an old wagon, for he could not ride, Drawne of two fishes for the season fitting, Which through the flood before did softly slyde And swim away; yet had he by his side His plough and harnesse fit to till the ground, And tooles to prune the trees, before the pride Of hating Prime did make them burgein round. So past the twelve months forth, and their dew places found.


Ter tardy Herschel is still wending his way through Aries, and is in trine aspect to Jupiter, the source of great mutations among European states. Changes take place in the old forms of government. A friendly relation exists between many nations, all combining for the extension of Liberty, and the suppression of those evils which have too long afflicted mankind. About the middle of the month the furious Mars sends forth a fiery and malign quartile ray to the Georgian planet, disseminating wrath and violence, and prompt to sow the seeds of discord in Greece, India, Mexico, and other nations. Trade flourishes in the cities of Bath and Bristol. On the 18th of the month Venus forms a trine aspect with Jupiter, when a fair lady meets renown, and becomes the topic of much conversation. Mars, ever the precursor of strife, in his progress through Capricorn will not fail to disturb the peace of India; and in some of our eastern possessions acts of violence will become flagrant, blood will flow, and the military spirit of that clime be called into operation. The mild Venus rushes to the conjunction of Herschel on the 22nd. One of the fair sex falls into sudden and unexpected disgrace, and many are gathered to their last homes. I counsel Leopold, King of Belgium, to give attention to his health about this period, as Saturn afflicts the Sun's place at his birth. Christian, King of Denmark, should look well to the condition of his people before the evil day arrive. Mars, passing through Capricorn, will stir up contentions and angry discussions in the city of Oxford. Kingdoms under the dominion of Pisces still continue in an unsettled state, where much sickness also prevails.

TYE PREDICTIOETS,

#  

March, 1849.

These, marching softly, thus in order went. And after them the monthes all riding came; First, sturdy March, with brows full sternly bent, And armed strongly, rode upon a ram, The same which over Hellespontus swam; Yet in his hand a spade he also hent, And in a bag all sorts of seeds ysame, Which on the earth he strowed as he went, And fill'd her womb with fruitful hope of nourishment.

Jupiter is retrograde in Leo, and on the 17 th of the month is opposed by Mars. France is again the scene of much violence; the rulers of that nation become unpopular, or commit some rash act, creating confusion and bloodshed. In Bath, Bristol, and other places under the dominion of the afflicted signs, riots and tumult will be experienced. Let the Russian autocrat tremble, for Mars does not flame through Aquarius in vain. The glowing spirit of liberty kindles in Polish breasts, but, alas! it ignites only to be extinguished, and many of that brave but unhappy race become a prey to the tyrant, who glories to hear the clanking of the chains and the agonies of his victims. On the 18th of the month the Sun meets the conjunction of Saturn in Pisces. Nations under the rule of that sign-Portugal, Alexandria, and Galicia-feel his malign influence. The ruling powers will suffer from sickness, and factions will rend asunder the little union still esisting. Venus enters Taurus, the ruling sign of Ireland, on the 4th, and moves on ward, receiving a quartile ray from Mars the whole of the month. This bodes ill for that unhappy land. Violence abounds, aud unheard-of acts of atrocity and cruelty will be perpetrated. One of the fair sex will become a victim to the infuriated passion of an enthusiastic maniac. An eclipse of the Moon takes place on the 8th. Other effects, at this period denoted by the celestial messengers, will be mentioned under that head, and also at the solar ingress into Aries.

If I judge aright, the priests of Ireland become irritated; and many violent declaimers will arise in different nations, exciting the people to acts of sedition.

## TEE PR2DICTIOETS,

## Cimely Udarnings, any \&alutary Precepts,

April, 1849.

> Next came fresh Aprill, full of lustihed, And wanton as a kid whose horne new buds :
> Upon a bull he rode, the same which led Enropa floting through th' Argolick floods ; His hornes were gilden all with golden studs, And garnished with garlonds goodly dight Of all the fairest flowres and freshest buds Which th' earth brings forth; and wet he seem'd in sight With waves, through which he waded for his love's delight.

The month opens with a trine aspect of the Sun and Jupiter. Not only does the tranquillity of the atmosphere enliven the minds of men, but measures adopted by rulers of nations give satisfaction: England has her due share. Sol meets the body of Herschel on the 12th, causing unexpected events to occur, and probably a change of Ministry. Death sweeps away more than one of high and mighty station. Saturn has with tardy pace crept into the ruling sign of Britain : we begin to feel his influence, and before he quits the sign Aries England and other European nations will have cause to mowrn. The fleeting Mercury meets the orb of Saturn on the 11th, and then quickly passes through Aries, presaging, in his progress, grave and deliberate discussions. The press will be busy, and the Government actively resolving on various plans and measures. The winged messenger forms a conjunction with Uranus on the 24th, when slander abounds, and proceedings in law of an extraordinary nature give food for the newspapers. Some uncommon discoveries in science are made. Mars, the god of strife, enters Pisces on the 9 th, spreading devastation in Portugal, Calabria, part of Spain, Alexandria, and other nations under the dominion of that sign. The lingering stay of Jupiter in Leo will curb the refractory spirits in Italy, and bring more peace and contentment to that land. Tranquillity reigns in France. Commerce will flourish in Philadelphia. The Prince of Wales will have Saturn opposing the Moon's place at his birth, the effects of which may be experienced towards the end of March or beginning of April. Let those about him be careful that he incur no danger whilst taking aquatic excursions; and his royal mother should watch well any symptoms of indisposition which may appear at this period.

## TER PREDICTIOXA,

## Timely

May, 1849.
Then came faire May, the fayrest mayd on ground, Deckt all with dainties of her season's pryde, And throwing flowres out of her lap around: Upon two brethren's shoulders she did ride, The twinnes of Leda, which on eyther side Supported her like to their soveraine Queene: Lord! how all creatures laught when her they spide, And leapt and daunc't as they had ravisht beene! And Cupid selfe about her fluttred all in greene.

The mild beams issue from the planet Venus as she retrogrades through Taurus, the ruling sign of Ireland; she is joined by Mercury on the 8th, when the vituperative spirit which has so long held sway over that unhappy land will give place to gentler feelings. Their sufferings will be ameliorated, and wise counsels will be adopted, tending to promote a better order of things. Poland will derive benefit from this configuration. Works of art of more than usual talent will abound, and places of amusement prove successful. In all probability some star will illumine the horizon of the theatrical or musical world. On the 17th Mars leaves the sign Pisces, and enters Aries, and joins the malignant orb of Saturn in the ruling sign of Britain on the 25th. Raphael would fain be the prophet of better days, but, alas! distress and violence will be severely experienced; great failures in the commercial world occur; medical men will reap a rich harvest; feverish disorders will be prevalent. Internal commotions will rend the peace of England; we shall hear of daring robberies, murders, and military outbreaks. Let the rulers look well to the maintenance of peace and tranquillity in the nation.

Other countries which will feel the sting of this conjunction are, Syria, Naples, Palestine, Lesser Poland, Germany, Denmark, and some few of inferior note. Let us hope that we may not be plunged into a war; the celestial monitors look threatening, and the rulers of the land will have enough to do to avert the forthcoming evils. Commerce still flourishes, and tranquillity reigns in parts of the earth under the dominion of Leo, some of which are France, Italy, and Philadelphia: much will be done to favour the spirit of liberty in those nations. Prince George of Cambridge will be under the influence of malignant stars about this period; and Charles Albert, King of Sardinia, will be sorely afflicted and troubled.

## TEIE PREDICTIOME,

Uimely dxarnings, anð Balutary Brecepts,
June, 1849.

And after her came iolly Iune, array'd All in greene leaves, as he a player were; Yet in his time he wrought as well as play'd, That by his plough-yrons mote right well appeare : Upon a crab he rode, that him did beare With crooked crawling stepa, an uncouth pase, And backward yode, as bargemen wont to fare, Bending their force contrary to their face; Like that ungracious crew which faines demurest grace.

The configurations of the sidereal monitors are at this time numerous and important. The red ray of Mars is reflected to the Sun on the lst, infusing a military spirit and ardour in the rulers of Great Britain ; their measures are firm and decisive; wise counsels emanate from the Government, calculated to improve the commercial welfare of the nation. The form of government in France becomes more firmly established, and the people of that country recover from the evils naturally following revolution. The Sun in Gemini, receiving the sextile aspect of Jupiter on the 8th, points to one of high rank in London signalising himself, and gaining the approbation of the community by his tact and talent in affairs of emergency. The winged Mercury becomes retrograde in the sign Cancer, and twice meets the quartile ray of the pernicious Saturn. This bodes ill for speculators in railways; several banks will be shaken to their centre, and important failures take place in the commercial world; this will be a busy time for lawyers; the Gazette will teem with insolvencies: these evils will be severely felt in Scotland and Holland. Treachery will be practised by the Turks in Constantinople. The sons of Africa will be visited with an epidemic disorder. Mars forms a conjunction with the planet Herschel in Aries on the 21st, producing sudden outbreaks and acts of violence in Britain. A high military character meets with sudden reverses, or becomes an inmate of the tomb. As the month wanes, the Grand Seignor of Turkey, and also Ferdinand Emperor of Austria, should look well to themselves and to their people.

The aspects look ominous for Great Britain; rulers should take precautionary measures to avert sudden outbreaks, and prevent our nation from being plunged into war.

## TETE PRIDICTIOETS,

## Cimely Clarnings, and \&alutary Brecepts,

July, 1849.

Then came hot July boyling like to fire, That all his garments he had cast away:
Upon a lyon raging yet with ire
He boldly rode, and made him to obey :
(It was the beast that whylome did forray
The Némean forrest, till the Amphytrionide
Him slew, and with his hide did him array :)
Behinde his backe a sithe, and by his side
Under his belt he bore a sickle circling wide.
On the 1st there is a quartile ray of Mercury and Saturn from the cardinal signs Aries and Cancer; Mercury is retrograde, and continues within a few degrees of the aspect for the greater part of the month. Political strife reigns throughout the land; ministers disagree, and angry discussions take place. The press becomes violent, and some of its writers are incarcerated within the walls of a prison; deep-laid plots are concocted against the ruling powers. Saturn is stationary, as if pondering on the woe and misery he is about to inflict. Failures in the mercantile world, from their importance, become alarming, and create a panic. Speculators, take warning! Mars is again in the ruling sign of Ireland. Let the history of the last six months of 1847, and the first part of 1848 , tell of the assassinations, acts of atrocity and savage brutality, committed indiscriminately by misguided men, whose uninstructed minds, while under the influence of this planet, may be compared to the inhabitants of uncivilized states. Again do we hear of acts of violence in the sister isle, but fortunately the stay of Mars in Taurus will be of short duration. England, Germany, Denmark, Naples, Holland, Africa, Constantinople, Tunis, Algiers, and other nations under the rule of Aries and Cancer, will suffer from the malignant rays now in operation. Jupiter is still progressing through Leo, shedding his benign influence on nations ruled by that sign, two of the most important being France and Italy, where an extension of wise and benevolent measures will be instituted.

> "O, sons of earth! attempt ye still to rise, By mountains piled on mountains, to the skies ? Heaven still with langhter the vain toil surveys, And buries madmen in the heaps they raise."

पस2 PMDECTEOET,
©imely edarnings, and malutarg Brecets,
August, 1849.
"The sixth was August, being rich array'd
In garment all of gold downe to the ground :
Yet rode he not, but led a lovely mayd
Forth by the lilly hand, the which was croun'd
With ears of corne, and full her hand was found ;
That was the righteous Virgin, which of old
Liv'd here on earth, and plenty made abound ;
But, after wrong was lov'd and justice solde,
She left th' uurighteous world, and was to heaven extol'd."

Migety Jove progresses on, entering the sign Virgo on the 12th, and meets the conjunction of the Sun on the 26th, bringing prosperity in Turkey, Europe, Asia, and all the country between the Tigris and Euphrates, Jerusalem, Babylonia, Bagdad, and other places. The flag of liberty waves over many cities. Tranquillity and prosperity reign in Paris and Lyons; but Mars quartiles Jupiter towards the middle of the month, which may have a tendency to check the benefic influence. The sidereal harbingers imply a dawning of more enlightened views in Turkey. A spirit of freedom and liberty is breathed through the land of Switzerland, and its brave inhabitants prosper. Mars enters Gemini, the ruling sign of London, on the 11th, presaging violence in the goodly metropolis during his stay in that sign ; fires will be prevalent, and some conflagration of more than ordinary description will occur. The two superior planets, Saturn and Herschel, are retrograde in Aries, portending a continuation of the evils. On the 14th, Venus is squared by Saturn, which implies the demise of a lady of rank. It will be an ill time for females generally; many will suffer from diseases of the chest and lungs; consumption will sweep away many bright ornaments among the fair sex. Let us hope that the transit of Mars over the place of the luminaries at the birth of Queen Victoria will cause no excitement. About the 28th of the month, Otho, King of Greece, will be bent on military display, and acts of violence occur in his dominions. Mercury joins Jupiter on the 20th, bringing an increase of traffic to the town of Liverpool ; merchants in that port will be busy and thriving; some important public meetings take place, and a magistrate or high person is elevated to honourable distinction. On Prince Albert's birthday the Sun is in conjunction with Jupiter and Mercury-omens of no small import to his Royal Highness. During his 31st year he will be engaged in affairs which will bring him wealth, honour, and renown.

## 

Cimely שuarnings, and \&alutary 尹recepts,

> September, 1849.
> " Next him September marched eeke on foote; Yet was he heavy laden with the spoyle Of harvest s riches, which he made his boot, And him enricht with bounty of the soyle. In his one hand, as fit for harvests toyle, He held a knife-hook ; and in the other hand A paire of waights, with which he did assoyle Both more and lesse, where it in doubt did stand, And equall gave to each as justice duly ecann'd."

One of the most important of the configurations of this month is the quartile aspect of the Sun and Mars on the 10th. It will be remembered that in 1848, when that fiery planet passed through Gemini, the great Chartist meeting was appointed to take place, in consequence of which London was filled with armed men, and the public mind highly excited, proving the power of the planets in influencing mundane affairs, and establishing the doctrines which have been maintained for centuries past by those versed in astral lore. It was from the stellar orbs afflicting this sign that the celebrated William Lilly was enabled clearly to predict the great plague and fire of London. Again acts of violence are committed, and the mind of the public disturbed. The ruling powers of nations under the dominion of Virgo commit rash acts, drawing upon their own heads the fury of the populace. Let the Grand Signior of Turkey beware ; mischief awaits him; I fear the cholera will rage in his dominions. I advise the rulers of Paris, Lyons, and Toulouse to guard against acts of violence which may be directed against those in authority. The Sun and Saturn meet in opposition from the equinoctial signs on the 27 th, when we shall hear of evils and mischief in China; earthquakes, inundations, or other disasters, will sweep a way thousands in that land; the Emperor will be sorely afflicted. In Austria, Vienna, Lisbon, Antwerp, \&c., many evils occur. There will be much opposition and discord among the aristocracy and rulers of Great Britain. Prince George of Cambridge, about this period, will have the luminaries severely afflicted in his nativity, indicating various troubles, to prevent which I advise his Royal Highness to use due caution, and by all means to avoid travelling.

## TEET PREDICTIONS,

## 

October, 1849.<br>"Then came October, full of merry glee; For yet his noule was totty of the must, Which he was treading in the wine-fats see, And of the joyous oyle, whose gentle gust Made him 80 frollick and so full of lust : Upon a dreadfull scorpion he did ride, The same which by Dianae's doom unjust Slew great Orion; and eeke by his side He had his ploughing-share and coulter ready tyde."

The sidereal omens for October are important, and the Astrologer will endeavour to reveal their mystic presages, and forewarn mankind of the evils which they point out. On the 17th of the month the Sun meets the opposition of Herschel ; and Saturn, being in England's ruling sign, receives the malignant quartile ray of Mars. A blow will be struck at Great Britain which will give her cause to weep; let us hope that the nation will not be plunged into war, for her internal condition will require much policy on the part of her rulers to avert impending misery; the people will become bold in their demands for the extension of political rights and liberties; the Government must eventually yield to their entreaties. Saturn is only in the beginning of the sign Aries, it will therefore be more than two years before his effects on this country will cease. Sudden evils take place in China, and danger is threatened to the Emperor; Ferdinand of Austria will have cause to mourn ; also Maria da Gloria, Queen of Portugal : the palaces of royalty will be hung with sable, death striking at some of royal lineage; angry feelings will exist in Scotland and Holland; deeds of fearful violence will be perpetrated in Conb'stantinople and Africa; tumult and sickness abound in Tunis, Algiers, Amsterdam, and other places under the dominion of the sign Cancer. Amidst these portentous omens, the fair Venus overtakes Jupiter in his course through Virgo; nations under 1 the rule of this sign will be benefited by their influence; the a Turks become more enlightened, and the mild doctrines of ${ }^{1 \times}$ Ohristianity spread in Jerusalem; commerce flourishes in the sihief cities of France ; literary characters prosper, and works on bicience will be more than usually productive ; but as the month irvanes, authors will meet with sudden reverses; one of high Ltanding in the scientific world will cease to exist, and a female af distinction be called from the gay and busy scene of life.

## TET PRTDICTMOME,

## Cimely שularnings, and \$alutary Frecepts,

November, 1849.

> " Next was November; he full groase and fat, As fed with lard, and that right well might seeme; For he had been a-fatting hogs of late, That yet his browes with sweat did reek and steem, And yet the season was full sharp and breem; Jil planting eeke he took no small delight; Whereon he rode not easie was to deeme; For it a dreadfull centaure was in sight, The seed of Saturne and faire Nois, Chiron hight."

Tee nearer we approach the close of the year, the more we are struck with the configurations displayed by the stellar orbs. The ponderous Saturn is still retrograde, and near the equator; Herschel is also retrograde; and as if these were not sufficient to inflict mischief on mankind, the violent and malific Mars also turns a backward course, and is within a few degrees of the quartile aspect of Saturn during the whole of November. The celestial wanderers presage much sickness; the atmosphere will become pestilential, and I fear influenza will severely afflict the people of England. Let the aged prepare for the grim messenger, Death; and the youthful also, for Venus meets the opposite rays of Herschel, and Mercury is stationary within a degree of the same aspect to that planet-a configuration of dire influence to the young of both sexes. It will be a period of much scandal. A female of exalted station meets with sudden and unexpected disgrace; one of high standing in the literary circle succumbs to the power of the stars. If I read the omens aright, it will be a month of great moment to thousands. There will be much violence displayed, and angry discussions fill the pages of our newspapers; internal commotions disturb the peace of nations, and the bayonet will glitter on the battle-field. The celestial harbingers have some reference to naval warfare; if with British ships, let us hope they will maintain the character of the British navy. Disease and violence go hand in hand, desolating nations under the dominion of Aries, Libra, and Cancer-a list of which is given in this work. Herschel will afflict the Sun's place in the nativity of Frederick William, King of Prussia; strange and unexpected events occur in the government of that country; I would advise that monarch to use precaution against sudden and serious outbreaks. From the sextile aspect of the Sun and Jupiter, and the transit of Mercury and Venus, advantages will accrue to parts of the globe ruled by Scorpio and Virgo.

# MET P上, <br> Cimely שelarnings, any malutary Precepts, 

> December, 1849.
> " And after him came next the chill December; Yet he, through merry feasting which he made And great bonfires, did not the cold remember; His Saviours birth his mind so much did glad: Upon a shaggy-bearded goat he rode, The same wherewith Dan Iove in tender yeares, They say, was nourisht by th' Jsan mayd; And in bis hand a broad deepe bowle he beares, Of which he freely drinks an health to all his peeres."

Saturn, the messenger of woe and of the worst of earthly evils, moves tardily in an onward course through Aries; the quartile aspect of Mars to that planet is complete on the 5th of December, when the evils enumerated last month will be at their height : this last-mentioned orb, in his retrograde movement, enters Gemini (London's ruling sign) on the 8th. $A$ great panic takes place in the mercantile world: let the Stock Exchange be prepared for evils; commercial men will be greatly oppressed ; banking companies receive a shock which only time can remove. Robberies to a great extent will be effected, and daring acts of fraud and violence occur. Clerical squabbles will be rife, and political discussions carried on with great warmth. Alas for Spain! that unhuppy land, which for many years has been rent to its centre, receives another shock. Raphael has travelled through the year 1849 with his precepts and warnings ; and, in conclusion, he grieves to add that the celestial harbingers, as the year wanes, are dreary and gloomy in the extreme. No bright ray appears to illumine their dark bodings; the month teems with configurations; the atmosphere will be turbulent, inundations fearful, shipwrecks prove greatly disastrous, and I fear we shall hear of awful convulsions of nature, sweeping away many of Africa's children, and inflicting evils on the people of Scotland and Holland.

> So Venus eeke, that goodly paragone, Though faire all night, yet is she darke all day : And Phobbus self, who lightsome is alone,
> Yet is he oft eclipsed by the way, And fills the darkened world with terror and dismay.

## CELESTIAL PHENOMENA IN 1849.

## FCLIPSES OF TEF SUN AND MOON.

In the year 1849 there will be two Eclipses of the Sun, and two of the Moon.

## 1.-An Annular Fclipse of the Sun.

February 22nd, 1849, invisible at Greenwich.
Begins on the Earth generally February 22nd, 11h. 7m. 6s. P.m. mean time at Greenwich, in longitude $108^{\circ} 55^{\prime}$ East of Greenwich, and latitude $12^{\circ} 56^{\prime}$ North.
Central Eclipse hegins generally February 23rd, Oh. 24m. 36s. a.m, in longitude $93^{\circ} 35^{\prime}$ East of Greenwich, and latitude $32^{\circ} 21^{\prime}$ North.
Central Eclipse at noon, February 23rd, 2h. lm. A.m., in longitude $\mathbf{1 5 3}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{g}$ East of Greenwich, and latitude $41^{\circ} 22^{\prime}$ North.
Central Eclipse ends generally February 23rd, 2h 50 m . 54 s . A.m., in longitude $148^{\circ} 55^{\prime}$ West of Greenwich, and latitude $62^{\circ} 39^{\prime}$ North.
Ends on the Earth generally February 23rd, 4h. 8m. 24s. A.m., in longitude $158^{\circ} 16^{\prime}$ West of Greenwich, and latitude $43^{\circ} 50^{\prime}$ North.
The central line passes over the points on the Karth's surface, whose positions are-


## 2.-A Partial Fclipse of the Moon:

March 8th, 1849, visible at Greenwich.


At these times respectively the Moon will be in the zenith of the places whose positions are-

|  | $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Longitude 2 | 28 | 27 E .1 |  | Latitude | 5 | 38 N. |
|  | 10 | 51 E. |  |  | 5 | 26 |
| - | 10 | 55 W. | of Greenwich. |  | 5 | 11 |
|  | 32 |  |  |  | 4 | 55 |
|  | 50 | 20 W. |  |  |  | 43 N. |

Magnitude of the Eclipse (Moon's diam. = 1) 0.738 on the Southern limb.

The first contact with the Shadow occurs at $144^{\circ}$ from Northernmost point of the Moon's limb towards the Rast.
The last contact at $109^{\circ}$ towards the West.

## 3.-A Total Eclipse of the Sun.

August 18th, 1849, invisible at Greenwich.
Begins on the Earth generally August 18th, 3h. 16m. 12s. A.m. mean time at Greenwich, in longitude $45^{\circ} 13^{\prime}$ East of Greenwich, and latitude $14^{\circ} \mathbf{8}^{\prime}$ South.
Central Eclipse begins generally at 4h. 28m. A.m., in longitude $32^{\circ} \mathbf{2 3}^{\prime}$ East of Greenwich, and latitude $32^{\circ} 22^{\prime}$ South.
Central Eclipee at noon at 5 h .59 m .42 s . A.m., in longitude $91^{\circ} 0^{\prime}$ East of Greenwich, and latitude $36^{\circ} 8^{\prime}$ South.
Central Eclipee ends generally at 6 h .52 m .30 s. A.m., in longitude $145^{\circ} 21^{\prime}$ East of Greenwich, and latitude $58^{\circ} 42^{\prime}$ South.
Ends on the Earth generally at 8 h .4 m .18 s . a.m., in longitude $138^{\circ} 6^{\prime}$ East of Greenwich, and latitude $41^{\circ} 13^{\prime}$ South.
The centre of the shadow passes over the points on the Earth's surface whose positions are-

|  | - | , |  | $\bigcirc$ | , |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Longitude | 32 | 23 | East of Greenwich. | 32 | 22 S . |
|  | 42 | 50 |  | 30 | 9 |
|  | 54 | 33 |  | 28 | 31 |
|  | 65 | 46 |  | 28 | 23 |
|  | 77 | 4 |  | 30 | 23 |
|  | 92 | 26 |  | 35 | 50 |
|  | 91 | 0 |  | 36 | 8 |
|  | 102 | 25 |  | 42 | 5 |
|  | 115 | 19 |  | 48 | 22 |
|  | 130 | 20 |  | 54 | 16 |
|  | 145 | 21 |  | 58 | 42 S . |

At the Cape of Good Hope the Sun will rise at 6 h .37 m . A.M. partially eclipsed.


Magnitude of the Eclipse (Sun's diameter $=1$ ) 0.555 on the Southern limb.
Angle from North Pole of $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { first contact } 840 \text { towards the West. } \\ \text { last contact } 1020 \text { towards the East. }\end{array}\right.$
Angle from Vertex of $\cdot$. $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { first contact } 380 \text { towards the East. } \\ \text { last contact } 134 \circ \text { towards the West. }\end{array}\right.$

## 4.-A Partial Fclipse of the Moon.

September 2nd, 1849, visible at Greenwich.

| First'contact with the Penumbra at | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { H. } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | M. 31 | s. 6 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First contact with the Shadow | - 3 | 47 | 0 | Mean time |
| Middle of the Eclipse . | - 5 | 10 | 0 | P.M. at |
| Last contact with the Shadow | - 6 | 33 | 0 | Greenwich. |
| Last contact with the Penumbra | - 7 | 48 | 54 |  |

At these times respectively the Moon will be in the zenith of the places whose positions are-
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { Longitude } & 141 & 0 \\ 122 & 38 \\ & 102 & 33 \\ 82 & 28 \\ 64 & 6\end{array}\right\}$ East of Greenwich.

| Latitude | 8 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 53 S. |  |
| 8 | 41 |  |
| 8 | 28 |  |
| 8 | 15 |  |
| 8 | 3 S. |  |

Magnitude of the Eclipse (Moon's diameter =1) 0.591 on the Northern limb.
The first contact with the Shadow occurs at $31^{\circ}$ from the Northernmost point of the Moon's limb towards the East.
The last contact at $64^{\circ}$ towards the West.
At Greenwich the Moon will rise at 6h. 49m. P.m. obscured by the Penumbra.

## HEET SPRIMG QUARTHER.

So forth isew'd the seasons of the yeare; First, lusty Spring all dight in leaves of flowres That freshly budded and new bloomes did beare, In which a thousand birds had built their bowres, That sweetly sung to call forth paramours; and in his hand a javelin he did beare.
And on his head (as fit for warlike stoures) A guilt engraven morion he did weare; That as some did him love, so others did him feare.

The Spring Quarter commences March 20th, at $5^{\text {h }} 13^{\mathrm{m}}$ P.M.


At the minute the Sun enters Aries, the 22nd degree of the sign Virgo ascends the eastern horizon, the 19th degree of Gemini culminates, while Saturn is fast setting in the western angle in Pisces, being within two degrees of the conjunction with the Sun; the lunar orb is in the 5th mansion, in conjunction with Mars, opposition to Jupiter, and quartile to Venus, which latter planet is in the 9th house. The configurations of the stellar orbs in the chart presented to our view are startling, and presage many of the evils which will be caused by the transit of Saturn through Aries, and some of which have been pointed out in the monthly warnings for the year. Mercury, significator of the people, in his detriment, and posited in the house of sickness, is an ill omen for the public health, and denotes affliction to some of the heads of the nation; the same effect is also pointed out by the near approach of Saturn to Sol at his ingress. The position of this malignaut orb looks ominous to the nation at large, and creates dis-
union in the House of Commons; he aymbolically represents the armed power, and, being in the bouse of war, I fear denotes a sea-fight; some display of naval tactics will certainly take place. The Moon is the symbolical significatrix of the wealth or exchequer of the government; sbe being in conjunction with Mars, and in opposition to Jupiter, portende a great falling off in the revenue : the pecuniary resources of the country will be at a low ebb; there will be a great draining of cash, and demand for gold : let us hope that it may not be to carry on an useless and expensive war. The Moon, with Mars in the 5th bouse, forebodes affliction to the youthful and rising generation. Small-pox, measles, and fevers will cause great mortality among children; for, observe! Mars governs the house of death. Violence will occur in theatres and other places of public resort. Venus is the significatrix of the ecclesiastical power, and, from the configurations she bears to other planets, it is mure than probable that some reduction or change in their financial department will be talked of; perhaps the aystem of tithes will be remodelled or undergo alteration; from the atrength of Venus being in her own dignity, the clergy will be strenaously opposed to these measures. Robberies in the post-ofice will be prevalent; and several railway speculations will prove total failures. The directors of lines should use every precaution to prevent mischief, for the celestial monitors portend frightful accidents. Herschel being in the 8th house foreshows much policy and the formation of many plans and intrigues in the privy council; they will be foiled in some of their efforts. Russia and Prussia will be the scenes of much violence; the Poles will struggle for freedom, and cause the rulers of those nations much embarrasment. Portugal is atill afflicted by the evil planet Saturn; and Germany continues to be in an unsettled state. This ingress is preceded by a partial eclipse of the Moon, the effects of which are mentioned under that head. Jupiter, in his progress through Leo, will benefit France; and the changes which bave recently affected Italy will be beneficially felt. The Italian people will sigh for liberty, an extension of which blessing they are deatined to enjoy.

The actual conjunction of Herschel and Saturn, which was hinted at in the Spring Quarter last year, will not take place till March, 1852. They approach within a few minutes of each other in September, 1851, but they then become retrograde, and meet in the 3rd degree of the sign Taurus: they will work vast and important changes in many nations of the world; and will be duly noticed in Raphael's Prophetic Messenger. I but give our rulers a timely hint not to lose sight of the condition of Ireland, for the day is not far distant when these two malign orbs meet-their influence severely afflicting the people of that land. Let us hope that wise measures will be adopted and every means used to avert the evils of 1852. The Sister Isle will then witness struggles and disasters, to which those of late are but the prelude.

## 

The Summer Quarter commences June 21st, at $\mathbf{2}^{\text {h }} \mathbf{8 m}^{\mathbf{m}}$ P.M.


In this map of the heavens we have Libra ascending, a conjunction of Mars and Herschel near the western horizon, and Jupiter in the culminating angle. The figure denotes a continuation of warlike feelings, which, however, may be softened by the trine aspect of Jupiter. Venus represents the people, and, being in the 8th house, I apprehend a great increase in the bills of mortality, and the demise of a female of exalted birth. Great and unexpected difficulties arise in the pecuniary resources of the country; the funds will be very fluctuating; and the ancient rights of royalty will be interfered with. The luminaries are afflicted with the quartile ray of Saturn. Let us pause to consider its signitication! may it not be sickness to the highest in the land? The ecclesiastical power is under the influence of malign rays; some of its members show a great obstinacy in affairs of importance; much scandal and ill-feeling will be directed towards them; their principles will be attacked by the periodicals of the day, and much cavil and heated discussion are denoted on religious topics. I foresee great changes pending in the political state of various nations; society seems unhinged and split into factions: great and unexpected events are about to be ushered forth in European states. There are signs of popular legislation being adopted by nations under the dominion of Leo; but evils are threatened to places ruled by Cancer.

## 




The above is a chart representing the appearance of the Heavens, with the positions of the various celestial orbs, at the minute of time when the Sun passes into the first point of Libra. Virgo occupies the eastern angle, with Jupiter just about to emerge on the horizon, conferring benefits on the people of England : he also denotes wise and liberal measures in the House of Commons, calculated to improve their condition, and which, from the emergency of the times, have become necessary. The opposition of the Sun and Saturn looks ominous and startling; pronouncing a mandate to some of high or regal power to prepare for death ? nor does the position of Mars add lustre to those of high authority: it denotes them as rashly consenting to the adoption of rigid measures. Mars also governs the 8th house, which confirms the events denoted by the opposition of the Sun and Saturn. Financial difficulties will exist. Mercury symbolically represents the highest dignity in the land; he is near the cusp of the 3rd house, in opposition to Herschel; let us hope that this will not cause mischief to the royal person while travelling; the sextile ray of Venus to her significator will probably prevent it. Some important discoveries will be made in science, especially in the medical department; some brilliant productions of art will appear. Mars, being in Gemini, will excite to acts of violence in London. Nations and towns under the dominion of Virgo receive various benefits by the transit of Jupiter through that sign. Some fair star will spring up in Italy, attracting public attention by her vocal powers. The two malefics still inflict evils upon those parts of the world ruled by Aries.

## 

The Winter Quarter commences December 21st, at $9^{\prime \prime} \mathbf{4 2 m}^{\mathbf{m}}$ p.M.


A remarkable coincidence occurs between this and the figure for the Autumn Quarter; within a few degrees the same sign ascends on both horizons; Mars culminates, and is within a degree of the zame zodiacal place in each map; the lunar orb is in opposition to him in one case, and casting a quartile ray in the other. When the Sun meets the frat point of Capricorn he is in conjunction with Mercury, and in quartile aspect to Saturn. This figure displays afficting configurations among all the celestial orbs. I can but reiterate my former remarks for December; all looks dark and dreary; no star appears to illumine the political or social hemisphere of nations; a continuation of evils predominates, and I fear that the year 1849 will fill a dark page in the annals of history. Acts of fraud and scandal will be prevalent. Mars, angular in the mid-heaven, and retrograde in the sign Gemini, presages much violence, and in all probability military movements, in the metropolis. The number of deaths registered during the Winter Quarter will be much above the average; consumption and disorders arising from colds and obstructions will prove very destructive, sweeping away both youth and age. Turbulence and disease reign triumphant in Greece, India, Mexico, and other parts influenced by the sign Capricorn; for it must be noted that Saturn shortly quartiles the place of the great mutation which was perfected in January, 1842.

## MAP OF THE HEAVENS

## AT THE

## PARTIAL ECLIPSE OF TFFE MOON,

March 8th, 1849. Visible in these Kingdoms.<br>"- Now beam'd the evening Star,<br>And from embattlod clonds emerging alow, Cynthia came riding on her ailver car, And azure mountain clifis shone faintly from afar."



This partial Eclipse of the Lunar orb occurs on the morning of the 9th of March, the ecliptical opposition being at two minutes past one o'clock. The Moon is in the 9tb house, being that part of the heavens representing the ecclesiatical and commercial power of the nation; and as the luminaries are afflicted by the malefic orb of Saturn, we may expect that planet to work disunion and various evils among the clergy; mach dissension is presaged from the true Protestant faith. The celestial harbingers point out some unsatisfactory decisions in our courts of equity ; a learned judge or divine is summoned to his account. The commercial state of the country will for a time be crippled; foreigners demanding gold for their commodities, and not exchange, causing great scarcity of cash. Some failures are denoted in railway speculations, many disasters from shipwrecks, and accidents in the steam department. The people become irritable and violent in their demands for popular measures. Ramsay, in his Astrologis Munda, says, "An eclipse happening in Virgo denotes a scarcity of the fruits of the earth and of corn ;" and again he states that "An eclipec of the Moon in the 2nd decanate of Virgo represents mischief to councillors, literary men, and those employed with the pen."

This being a partial eclipse, its effects will not be so powerful as if it had been total ; it will, however, produce evil to nations and towns under the dominion of Virgo; amongst which are Portugal, parts of Spain, and Alexandria. Acts of violence occur in Ireland, Persia, Poland, and Russia.

## MAP OF THE HEAVENS

AT THE

## PARTIAL ECLIPGE OF THE MOON,

September 2nd, 1849. Visible in these Kingdoms.


This Eclipse of the Moon takes place on the evening of the 2nd of September, the ecliptical opposition being at 18 minutes past 5 o'clock. The Lunar orb will rise partially eclipsed as the Sun sets in the western horizon. This phenomenon occurs in that part of the heavens which has a reference to the people at large, as also to the House of Commons. Mars is in the lower meridian, casting a quartile ray to the luminaries, an aspect of dire foreboding. The people become excited, and many violent declaimers will rise up in the metropolis of England, where military tactics will be put in requisition. The Government will do well to tranquillize the popular mind in the city of London; for when once the torch of discord is lighted, it becomes difficult to say how far the flames may reach. I would caution the creators of tumult and confusion not to rush headlong into danger, for, should acts of violence be effected, the Moon being in the ascendant, afificted by the quartile aspect of Mars, denotes destruction among the people. Let us hope that the British will use their enlightened powers of intellect, and prevent such evils as have occurred in other nations from gaining the ascendancy; for it must be observed, that the planets only influence, and man, by the use of his reason, is capable of warding off the evils by them pointed out, and this is where a knowledge of the future may be advantageously used. Ramsay says, "An eclipse occurring in Pisces presages the death and slaughter of the plebeian or common people; continual quarrels and seditions ; also damage to those who trade on the water." Nations influenced by Pisces, Virgo, and Gemini, will particularly feel the effects of this eclipse.

## RAPHAEL'S <br> ASTRO-BIOGRAPHY FOR 1849.

Astrological Remarks on the Thirtieth Solar Revolution following the Birth of our Most Gracious Sovereign

## QUEEN VICTORIA.

©nฤue ber plenteouslp with beabenly gifts; grant ber in bealty and fotaltit Long to libe.-Liturgy.

Pray for your Queen! Upon your Sovereign's brow Youth lingers still. Fair England's sceptre now Is borne by woman's hand. Oh! can it clasp That mighty aymbol with a steady grasp?
Dark clouds are low'ring o'er our sunny sky! If they should gather, can that fragile form " Ride on the whirlwind and direct the storm ?" Wisdom, strength, energy, are from on high : Wouldet thou enrich her with these blessings, pray!: One reigns above whom Heaven and Earth obey.


The Planets' places at Birth, $4^{\mathrm{h}} 4^{\mathrm{m}} 34^{\mathrm{s}}$ A.m., May 24th, 1819, and at the 30th return of the Sun to his place.

At Birth.

| 0 | D | H | $\boldsymbol{k}$ | 4 | $\sigma$ | \% | $\succcurlyeq$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| II | II | 7 | * | m | $r$ | $\boldsymbol{r}$ | ¢ |
| $\bigcirc 86$ | $\stackrel{\circ}{3} \mathbf{3}$ |  | ${ }_{28}{ }^{\circ} 8$ | $\stackrel{\circ}{16} 51$ | $1{ }^{\circ}{ }^{\prime} 8$ | $\stackrel{\circ}{26} 35$ | ${ }^{9} 18$ |

Planets' places, May 23rd, 1849, $5^{\mathrm{h}} \mathbf{6}^{\mathrm{m}}$ A.m.

| $\bigcirc$ | D | H | 12 | 4 | す | \% | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| II | II | $r$ | $r$ | $\Omega$ | $r$ | ४ | II |
| 26 | ${ }^{17} 50$ | -84 29 | ${ }_{5}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{P} 2$ | 1586 | ${ }_{8}^{\circ} 55$ | ${ }_{15}^{0} 526 \mathrm{~B}$ | $\stackrel{\circ}{29} 8$ |

The Sun completes his 30th revclution on the 23rd of May, 1849, at 9 h .56 m . A.m., when the 17 th degree of Leo ascends on the eastern horizon, with Jupiter just emerging above that point, and receiving the quartile ray of Venus, who is potent in the angle of the mid-heaven; there is a conjunction of the Moon and Mercury, and they are in sextile aspect to the radical place of Venus and Mars, and in trine to the radical place of Jupiter. The figure implies an active year for her Majesty ; her mind will be much directed towards the amelioration of those difficulties which are likely to befall her people. It would ill accord with my feelings to dwell minutely on the various directions which from time to time may take place in the horoscope of our Sovereign; I merely speak on the general events represented in the revolutional figure. The quartile aspect of Venus and Jupiter from the two most powerful points in the heavens denotes a certain class of events which those versed in astral lore will be able to discover. The conjunction of Mars and Saturn, in sextile aspect to the place of the luminaries at birth, presages grave and important matters introduced to the royal notice for bettering the condition of the humbler classes of the community, and for whom her Majesty has always expressed a deep concern; and this in 1849 is more particularly typified by the benevolent planet Jupiter rising on the ascendant. The cares of Government and the condition of the people may produce much anxiety of mind; in other respects the general tendency of the figure will be to cause a prosperous and happy year, and that a continuation of these may be long enjoyed by our beloved Queen is the humble but fervent wish of Raphael.

## NATIVITY OF HIS GRACE THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON.

Planets' places at Birth, midnight, May lst, 1769.

| $\bigcirc$ | D | H | \% | 4 | す* | 9 | $\underline{\square}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark$ | * | $\bigcirc$ | ¢ | m | ๑ | II | $\boldsymbol{r}$ |
| 이 4'8 | ${ }_{16} 8$ | ${ }^{8} 86$ | ${ }_{13} 17$ | ${ }^{19} 78$ | 710 | ${ }^{1918}$ | ${ }_{23} 17$ |

Planets' places at the 80th Solar revolution, May 2nd, 1849, at 8in 41" an.

| $\bigcirc$ | ) | 4 | 2 | 4 | $\delta$ | 8 | ¢ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ \mathrm{i}_{1}^{2} 8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 哩 } \\ 15{ }^{2} 85 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} r \\ 23^{2} 24 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{r} \\ \mathrm{~s}^{\circ} 19^{\prime} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \Omega \\ 1823 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 长 } \\ \text { ㅇ } 59 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 1088 \end{array}$ |

At the time of the Sun's 80th return to the place in the zodiac he occapied at the birth of this illustrious hero the 19th degree of Cancer ascends on the eastern horizon, the 18th degree of Pisces culminates, while Mars holds a prominent position on the mid-heaven, and casts a malignant opposition to the Lunar orb, and is also within a degree of her radical place, and she in the revolution is in opposition to that point: Jupiter quartiles his own and the Sun's radical position, and Saturn is approaching towards a square aspect to the place of Mars at birth. These are omens that bid the noble Duke prepare for evil; he will become very irritable and excited during the year, and may even be seen atill busying himself with military affairs. The configurations presage great danger to the person of his Grace; I would warn him against exposure to accident near his birthday. The figure also denotes pecuniary losees; and Herichel being on the radical place of Mercury shows that his mental faculties will be greatly on the decline, and the mind filled with strange and eccentric notions. Should the directions for 1849 accord with the revolution for the year, the Duke of Wellington may expect to encounter a very critical period.

## NATIVITY OF SIR ROBERT PEEL.

Planets' places the day of his Birth, February 5th, 1788.
(Hour unknown.)

| $\bigcirc$ | D | 4 | k | 4 | $\delta$ | \% | $\zeta$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| m | ${ }^{\circ}$ | ¢ | \% | II | ढ | * | ${ }^{20}$ |
| ${ }^{16} \mathbf{8 8}$ | $\stackrel{8}{284}$ | ${ }_{27}{ }^{\circ} \mathbf{3 0}$ | 2980 | 1636 | $8{ }^{8} \mathbf{5 6}$ | ${ }^{12}{ }^{2} 4$ | 118 |

Planets' places on the return of the Sun to his place on the 61st Birthday, 1849.

| $\bigcirc$ | D | H | $h$ | 4 | ¢ | \% | $\stackrel{\square}{7}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ 0 \\ 1810 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} r \\ i 9^{\prime} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} * \\ { }_{23} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \Omega \\ \text { i7 } 41 \mathrm{in} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 6 \\ 12 \quad 36 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & r \\ & i \prime \\ & i ́ \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & * \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \text { is } \end{aligned}$ |

At 7h. 41m A.m., the 5th of February, the Sun, for the 61st time since the birth of this eminent statesman, touches $16^{\circ} 28^{\prime}$ wis. The principal feature we can notice (the hour of birth being unknown) is the position of Jupiter, he being retrograde and in opposition to the Sun, which implies pecuniary difficulties, and embarrassments either in a private or pablic point of view. That independent spirit which has of late been so powerfully developed will continue with unabated energy; the stellar orbs denote umbrage and strong opposition from certain parties, and from whom Sit Robert will meet with but little respect or support. The powerful trixe
aspect of Jupiter to the Sun and Mercury at his birth shows a strength of mind and soundness of judgment which but few can boast of ; and enables him to take the helm of goverument and steer his bark to the desired haven, whilst others who set sail with fairer prospects would be lost among rocks and quicksands.

## NATIVITY OF LOUIS-PHILIPPE,

## LATE KING OF THE FRENCH.



I insert this figure for readers who have not in their possession the rophetic Messenger for 1843; also to show the power of planetary innence in directing the affairs of individuals in the highest ranks of life. a the nativity we find Saturn elevated in the mid-heaven, and casting a uartile ray to the Moon, an aspect which all authors agree in stating enotes the mind to be suspicious and frowardly stubhorn; and this posion typified his sudden downfall. It was also verified in the case of apoleon, who had Saturn in the same place in his nativity. I intend urticularly to draw the attention of those engaged in the investigation of e sublime truths of Astrology to the positions and configurations of the lestial messengers at the time of the great Eclipee of the Sun on the 9th October, 1847. By comparing the two figures, we find that the liptical conjunction of the luminaries took place within two degrees of - Sun's place in the King's nativity; Mars was on the western angle posing the ascendant, and Jupiter was quartiling the luminaries; whilst a malefic Saturn, to fill up the catastrophe, was on the lower angle, diting his influence by an opposition to the meridian-a point which rresents honour, dignity, and power. From this figure his doom was ded, as mentioned in our annual for last year. A more fatal combinan of influences was never seen, and the result proves the truth of astral ctrines to all who will take the pains to investigate their principles.

# ASTROLOGY. 

> He enter'd, but he enter'd full of wrath; His flaming robes stream'd out beyond his heels, And gave a roar, as if of earthly fre, That acared away the meek ethereal hours, And made their dove winge tremble.

This little work being the result of astrological deductions, and as Astrology has been much reviled, and equally venerated, I purpose to make a few observations on the physical influence of the heavenly wanderers. I do not attempt to convince or convert those who oppose the science; I write to the liberal, and know I shall be listened to.

There is no doubt that the science of the stars is coeval with the human race; we have the most authentic records of its great antiquity. I could adduce a long list of philosophers who have taught its doctrines, and have been enlightened and guided by its precepts; this I forbear to do, as I need no authority but that of experience. I heed not the prejudices of those opposed to its doctrines; they have their favourite studie, I have mine. I do not despise their promulgation of science, valuing every atom gathered to the granary of knowledge, but I certainly am surprised to see men, otherwise intellectual, denounce in wholesale terms a subject of which they are totally ignorant. The vacillations of the mind are not to be accounted for. We frequently see men, liberal in one branch of knowledge, cramped and twisted to prejudice with regard to others. Cre dulity is more tolerable than scepticism ; continual doubt, without the effort to investigate, is a serious barrier to science. There are, seemingly, many inconsistencies in astrology, and one unacquainted with its practical will not readily yield to its theoretical parts.

What are the objections raised against Astrology? Do we see men of science exploding its doctrines by an analysis of its principles? Are any of the vital rules of the science adduced, and facts brought to bear against them? To say it is false-it is im-probable-it is inconsistent-it is ridiculous-amounts to nothing. To assert that it is not worth investigation is an unreasonable censure on the many great philosophers who have investigated it and believed in its truth. Who will dare to say that the Sun gives not light and heat, or that the Moon affects not the tides? There are variations in the degrees of heat, and in the heights of tides; why these changes?-why not continually one state of weather? Let the wisest philosophers propose any theory of atmospheric fluctuations so consistent as that of meteorology. Isit not obvious that the sun and moon are not the only disturbing influences? and if so, must we not go farther, and take in the whole of the machinery of the solar system? Attractive forces act in proportion to their magnitude and proximity. Each particle of matter in the universe is connected with each;
and there are other powers beside that of attraction emanating from every particle throughout

> " this wide and ample field, Whose dust is gold, and pavement stars."

Whether the heavenly bodies contract or distend the various vessels through which the fluids circulate, or affect the particles themselves, we do not pretend to say. That the moon has a power over the diseased mind is perceptible; and lunatic takes its name from Luna. Who would for a moment conceive that those unfortunate persons were the only ones affected by this influence? If the diseased mind be affected, the healthful must be affected also. There are phenomena in nature which no other theory than that of Astrology will account for. Magnetic and electric influences were unknown to the ancients, yet they astound the moderns.
We know it is useless to argue on the subject of Astrology ; many are so prejudiced against the science that they have neither the inclination nor the perseverance to investigate it. But all are not alike; and from Raphael's public position and connections he has had opportunities of advancing astral science, and of converting into substantial friends some of its most inveterate enemies. His motto has been Examins; and those who have yielded to it have been convinced. The outlines of Astrology are easily attained, and a few of its most palpable rules readily applied; for example, all agree in saying that Saturn and Mars are naturally inclined to evil, Jupiter and Venus to good. Let Jupiter and Venus be well posited in a figure in good aspect to the luminaries, that is, to the Sun and Moon ; and if a person be born at such a time, he will be eminently successful in his undertakings, will have many friends, be of a good disposition, and generally fortunate ; but if, at the birth of an individual, Saturn and Mars be on the meridian in ill aspect, that is, 90 or 180 degrees from the Sun and Moon, ill fortune and calamity will pursue him through life, in whatever sphere he may be. By plain trigonometrical calculation, when these evil planets approach the zenith, trouble and misfortune will occur o the native; when the good arrive there, prosperity and yeneral success. These are simple rules, which any person with noderate capacity may easily attain. The stars incline to a marticular influence, but do not compel : we do not acknowledge nevitable fate; but there is a constant stream of influence in peration which, if not resisted, produces a certain consummation f events. Truth is the same throughout the universe; its form s amiable, and its possession an advancement to the human aind, carrying with it the impress of the Divinity. When we onsider that the planet Herschel, or the still more remote Jeptune, yields to the attractive power of the Sun, is it surrising that our satellite, the Moon, operates so perceptibly $n$ the mind and constitution of Man? Mind and body are fected at certain periods, and swayed by traceable influences. Ve know that the magnet points certainly to the North; and om experience we ascertain that the planetary orbs influence ie terrestrial globe.

## ASTROLOGY AND MEDICINE.

A few centuries ago Astrology and Medicine were looked apon as twin sciences, and a Physician without knowledge of astral influences was judged incapable in his profession. The ancientu relied on the productions of nature for specifics in the cure of disorders-the moderns more on the productions of art. I parpose from year to year to instruct those who study Astrology how, by paying attention to simple rules, they may eradicate many of the evils and disorders to which the human frame is subject, improve weak constitutions, and ensure the advantage of good health. It is known to all who have studied stellar influences that the numerous diseases afflicting mankind are caused by the planetary bodies; and by observing the different significators in a nativity, the nature of the disorders to which the constitution is predisposed may be ascertained ; and, this fact once known, the cure is half effected. We will here also remark that, in addition to the nativity, or figure erected for the time of birth, which cannot always be procured, there are other methods of discovering the complaints afflicting individuals-first, by erecting a map of the heavens at the time of being taken sick, which is called a decumbiture; secondly, by constructing a chart for the minute the mind of the patient may be anxions, and propounding the question as to the nature of the sickness, its final termination, and the remedies most suitable for restoring health.

There are three important points to be observed in a Nativity, which in laying down rules for the guidance of those who stady the science it is necessary to observe whether the Sun be in an hylegical situation or not- that is, whether he be in the 1st, 7th, 10th, or 9th house, or in the first half of the l1th-if so he must be considered as the giver of life, and will be found to have great influence over the life and health of the individual whose nativity it is. Should the Sun not be in a situation to fill the office of hyleg, observe whether the Moon be placed in either of the before-mentioned houses; if so, she must be considered as having the chief rule over life and health. Should neither luminary be in the hylegical places, select the point ascending on the eastern horizon as possessing the principal power over these matters. But it must be observed that the ascendant and lunar orb have always much to do with the stamina or natural constitution of mankind; and it must be particularly observed how this orb and the point ascending are aspected by the malefic or benevolent planets, for on them greatly depends the strength of the constitution.

Having carefully considered what planets afflict the beforementioned significators, a correct conclusion may be arrived at by noting the following :-

Saturn denotes diseases which proceed from colds and ob-structions-as agues, nervous disorders, epilepsy, jaundice; and cold humours-atrophy, fistula, palsy, and dropsy.

Jupirer rules the lungs, blood, and internal viscera, and diseases.
either seated in those parts or arising from a plethoric habit and corrupt blood.

Mars.-The diseases peculiar to this planet are small-pox, jaundice, fevers, measles, eruptions, diabetes, strangury, burns, scalds, wounds, and bruizes, with all inflammatory diseases.

The Sun denotes faintings, palpitation of the heart, weak sight, fever, disordered brain, cramp, catarrhs, and disorders of the mouth and throat.

Venus, diseases of the loins, reins, spine, and generative system.

Mercury involves madness, apoplexy, vertigo, stammering, dumbness, cough, rheumatism, and gout.

The Moon influences consumption, palsy, cholic, apoplexy, vertigo, lunacy, scrofula, small-pox, dropsy, and diseases peculiar to young children.

It must also be observed in what signs the afflicting planets are, for according to their nature and the parts of the body they govern, so will the diseases be.
In the Prophetic Messenger for 1850 I will give a list of the various herbs, and the planets under whose government they are, with rules for gathering them (according to the doctrine of planetary hours, \&cc.), as also the method of applying them as practised by eminent physicians of antiquity. First, how can we account for the critical days in certain disorders? Let us endeavour to solve what is apparently a mystery. Critical days are caused by the Moon, and take place when she arrives at $45^{\circ}$, $60^{\circ}, 90^{\circ}, 120^{\circ}$, and $180^{\circ}$ from the part of the zodiac she was in at the period of the first attack of disease. Secondly, why does the medicine which acts powerfully at one period totally fail when taken by the same person at anóther? It may be said that it depends on constitution; granting this, why this daily change of constitution? Astrology is the only science which will elucidate this point, and students of stellar doctrines soon perceive that medicines given at a time when the Moon is in aspect with certain planets affect the system very differently from the same medicines administered when the luminary is in aspect with certain other planets.

We shall conclude this article with a caution to such as have Saturn afflicting the principal significators in their nativities, they being liable to take colds on slight occasions, such as exposure to a damp atmosphere; many persons with these configurations have perpetual colds, bringing on coughs, consumptions, and a train of evils. These disorders at certain periods of the present year will be more than usually prevalent.
My object in touching on this subject is to show the use which Was made of Astrology in the days of yore: even in the time of Aristotle, Hippocrates, and Galen the science of medicine was made subservient to the influence of the stars, and the lastnamed learned physician asserted that a man who did not possess a knowledge of stellar doctrines was rather a fool than a physician.

## COMETS.

> "Stars they are, wherein we read our history, As natrologers and boers of eld ; Yet not so wrapp'd about with anterery, Like the burning stars which they beheld.
> " Wonderous truths, and manifold as wonderous, God hath written in those stars above."

Astronomers and the public are anxiously looking for the reappearance of the great Comet of 1264 and 1556 , and some few observations on the influence of these bodies may be acceptable. particularly as several papers have hinted at the events recorded at the periods of this celestial messenger's visits. Historians relate many terrible calamities as befalling the nations of Ea rope during the year 1264; amongst other strange coincidences, it is related in Libri Chronicarum (printed at Nuremberg A.D. 1493), and confirmed by other writers in the middle ages, that, on the occasion of the first appearance of this blazing star, the Sovereign Pontiff, Urban IV., was seized with an alarming distemper, which confined his Holiness to his apartment during the entire period that the comet prevailed; and on the very night that it disappeared the Pope expired. In 1556 its reappearance was accompanied by similar strange events. The victorious Emperor Charles V., to the amazement of the world, suddenly resigned the crowns of Germany and Spain, and betook himself to a monastery, where he shortly died. Now that the attention of the public is drawn to these "strange coincidences," as they are termed, I hope the subject will meet with fair investigation, and I therefore add some particulars respecting these mysterious orbs. Cicero writes, that "in the civil war between Octavius Augustus and Mark Antony it was observed that comets were the harbingers of the miseries which then befel them." He was of opinion "that such appearances were prenunciations of great events," and which, he says," were confirmed by various instances from all antiquity." Of the same opinion was Plizy, who writes, " A fearful star this comet is, and not easily expiated, as it appeared by the civil troubles when Octavius was consul; as also a second time by the intestine war of Pompey and Cæsar; and in our days, about the time when Claudius Cæsar was poisoned, and left the empire to Domitius Nero, daring whose reign and government there was a blazing comet continually seen." Another writer, no less celebrated among the ancients, Seneca, exclaims, "Some comets are very cruel, and threaten us with the worst of mischiefs; they bring with them, and leave behind them, the seeds of blood and slaughter." Socrates records this passage on Gaina's besieging Constantinople: "So great was the danger which hung over the city, that it was pre signified and portended by a huge blazing comet which reached from heaven to earth, the like to which no man ever sal before." Cedrenus states, that a Comet appeared before the
death of Johannes Tzimicas, the emperor of the East. " It foreshowed the death of the Emperor, and those immediate calamities which were to befal the Roman dominions, by reason of their civil wars." In another part of his writings he states, that "a wonderful comet was seen in the reign of Constantine, which portended calamities to befal the world soon after." Thus also Josephus, after commenting on the wonderful blindness and wilful obstinacy of his countrymen (by which their ruin was preceded), remarks, "when they were at any time premonished from the lips of truth itself by prodigies and other premonitory signs of their approaching ruin, they had neither eyes, ears, nor understanding, but passed them over without heeding, or so much as thinking of them; for example, what shall we say of the Comet, in the form of a sword, that hung over Jerusalem for a whole year?" In addition may be named Machiavel, Milichius, Grotius, Ptolemy, Tycho Brahé, Longomontanus, Clavius, Pisco, and others. The great Comet in 1680, followed by a lesser one in 1682, were evidently the forerunners of those remarkable and disastrous events which ended in the revolution of 1688. It also presaged the revocation of the Edict of Nantz, and the cruel persecution of the Protestants by Louis XIV., followed by those terrible wars which continued to ravage the finest parts of E'urope for nearly twenty-four years. Many more instances might be quoted; we shall, however, name only two others. Thus the Comet in 1807, which appeared towards the south in September, presaged the troubles in Spain, the dethronement of its king, and the subsequent usurpation of his son Ferdinand, with the remarkable events which almost immediately succeeded its appearance. Lastly, we allude to the period when the French power under Buonaparte was at its meridian. To trace the almost miraculous coircidences from the origin to the end of the French domination would be incompatible with so slight a digest as the present. In this retrospect, however, we perceive that an obscure soldier elevated himself to an almost unprecedented pitch of human greatness. The empires and kingdoms of the European Continent had become vassals to his will; but what had elevated him in the estimation of the astonished world to the highest acmé of honour was his marriage with the Archduchess of Austria in 1810. One brother he had enthroned over the Spaniards; another over the Dutch; and another over Westphalia; the dominion of Italy placed under other relatives; his military dukes distributed to govern provinces, even to the regions of Turkey; scarcely any empire could appear more politically stable and secure than that of France at the end of 1810 . The state of servility to which his COnquests had reduced Austria, Prussia, Russia, Denmark, and Sweden at the beginning of 1811 left him without a rival, cept England.
We now proceed to deduce the Astrological significations placed before him at the meridian of his glory, or rather that Of the French Empire. It was in 1811 that a prodigious Comet Isited the northern regions. On returning from its perihelion
it was first obecurely perceptible in England at the beginnise of September, 1811. It did not assume a very lucid appearance for some weeks, at which time it had arrived at $26^{\circ}$ of celestial latitude. From this point it was daily vertical at the southers extremities of Spain and Italy, or at the southern verge of the French Empire. Its splendour and magnificence continued to increase until it reached about 48 of northern declination, when it became vertical about noon at Paris and its vicinity, having traversed the regions of Imperial France from the South, through every point of latitude, to the North. During the time it continued to make its meridional vertex over the city of Paris, is highest degree of lustre was exhibited, and it never passed so high northward as to be vertieal to any part of England. It is to be strictly noticed that this extraordinary orb, returning towards the south, retraced daily the latitudes of the French empire from north to south, when about the close of the year, at a degree of declination equal to that at which it first became visible, it diminished in splendour till its glory seemed to vanish where it was first distinguishable, or, in other words, after a reign of surpassing magnificence, to dwindle into its first state of insignificance. Might not this awful phenomenou have been takea as a warning to the Dictator of the French to repose himself on the high summit of fame which Providence had permitted him to attain? About the time this illustrious Comet appeared there was a remarkable conjunction of Saturn and Mars in Sagittarius, which, with the proximate position of the Georgian Planet, strengly admonished nations to concord; but France, to whom these warnings seemed principally directed, disregarded them, and war itself scarcely ever experienced such carnage and desolation as immediately followed this period.

To sceptics these examples should prove a leason, and teach them to regard these celestial wanderers as presaging vast and important events. In the return of this great Comet an opportunity will be afforded to notice the changes it is calculated to forebode.

A notice has been given by Mr. I. N. Hind of the discovery of a comet in the constellation Auriga, by Dr. Petersen, of Altona. The comet is described as small but bright, and easily discovered: its positions, as given by Dr. Petersen, were, in Altona mean time,-

which, at a mean obliquity of 23 deg .27 min .33 sec . for the ecliptic, give for

This is, in reality, the long-expected periodic comet of 292 years, concerning which so much has been written, and which has been so anxiously looked for by the whole body of astronomers. It
passed its perihelion in the last week in July, and is now descending to the southern hemisphere, which it will probably enter before the close of the present month. The earth and the comet are now gradually approaching, but will not come so near each other as in the year 1264, for the perihelion has this time preceded the autumnal equinox by a week less than it did in the year 1264, when its display was so terrific,-" great, bright, and spreading a long broad tail," as described in the Annals of Colmar. Their nearest approach this time will not be less than thirty millions of miles. In the year 1566 the distance of the comet from the earth was less than seven millions of miles, the comet being then in its ascending node, whereas it is now about to pass through its descending node, as it did in the year 1264. The comet will be visible after dark in the evening, if the weather permit, in the north-east, below the North Pole, not far from the stars Castor and Pollux, mounting towards the star Procyon. The apparent course of the comet will be nearly in the track of 1264, when "it was first seen," as described by Father Giles, "beyond the circle of the zodiac, towards the north, over Cancer, and afterwards towards the south from Gemini, between Cancer and Orion."

The following extract from "The Barons' War," by W. H. Blaauw, Esq., p. 251, relating to the comet of 1264, whose return is now expected, may not be thought out of season :especially since numerous foreign writers have been referred to as testifying to its appearance, while the quaint notice of it by our countryman Roger Bacon seems to have been overlooked: Matthew Paris, who has been cited as a witness, had been dead five years.
"An ominous interpretation was now given to the appearance of a great comet, which spread its light across half the heavens during several months this year. No phenomenon of this nature was remembered, and all manner of calamities were attributed to it by various parties. One chronicler supposes it to have presaged the Battle of Evesham; another observes with mouch simplicity that 'though it may have tokened many things in other parts of the world, this one at any rate is certain, that during its three months' duration Pope Urban began to be ill exactly at its appearance, and died the very night the comet disappeared.' Even the strong intellect of Roger Bacon was led astray by this natural wonder, and he reasoned of it in a strain not superior to the tone of his contemporaries. 'Whence in the year 1264, in the month of July, when there was the apparition of a terrible comet, it is proved to have been generated by the virtue of Mars; for as Mars was then in Taurus, and the comet arose in Cancer, it ceased oot to run towards its cause, that is to say, Mars, as steel runs to a magnet ; herefore, singe it moved towards Mars, and there lay hid, it must have been zaused by Mars. Since, therefore, the nature of Mars is to excite men to tnger, discord, and wars, so it happened that the comet also signified the ungers, discords, and wars of men, as wise astronomers teach, but more truly he experience of the whole Church, proved by the wars of England, Spain, taly, and other regions, which occurred then and afterwards. Oh, how nuch advantage might have been procured to the Church of God, if the |uality of the heavens at that time had been foreseen by wise men, and ade known to prelates and princes, so as to calm them by the desire for eace, for there would not then have been so great a slaughter of Christians,
nor so many souls placed in Hell!' This remarkable comet is described a a 'sterre with a launce,' red and clear inou, 'appearing from St. Margaret' day till near Michaelmas, and is supposed by astronomers to have reappeaved in 1556. Should this identity be true, it may be expected to recrur in $184 \$$, after completing its destined course of 292 years; and let thooe who may be curious in such omens then observe what illness of princes, what bloodsbed in war, or what downfall of political chiefs may then result.' "
M. Leverrier's Planet.-We extract the following from the account given by the National of the last sitting of the Paris Academy of Sciences on the 29th ult. :-
"That planet, how shall we express ourselves?-that wonderful planet, discovered in the height of the skies, without the use of the telescope, by the direct sight of the mind-that planet, the discovery of which had cansed a sensation in the world, diswension between two rival nations, had been an incentive to the imagination of poets, the liberality of chancellors, the passionate curiosity of women and even of children. Well! that planat does not exist. What ! will you say there is not in the skies a planet called Neptune? That astre was not seen on the 23rd of September, 1846, near the star Delta of Capricorn, by a German observer, named Galle, who was decorated for having made the discovery ${ }^{9}$ Since that epoch the ner planet has not been again seen by astronomera, who have observed its revolution and measured all its movements? Have astronomers then told a falsehnod ! No. Neptune exists, but it is not the planet announced by $M$. Leverrier." The truth of this amertion was admitted by M. Leverrier bimself.

## Poriods of the Tear 1849 when the Planets will be in the most favourable ponitions for Observation.

## NEPTUNE.

This Planet will require a telescope of considerable power to render it observable; after August it may be seen ascending above the eastern horizon a little after sunset, and continaing to approach the midheaven until midnight, and will, as the year advances, rise earlier every evening.

## URANUS, or " HERSCHEL."

This Planet takes the name "Herschel" from the great astronomer who discovered it on the 13th of March, 1781. Its distance from the Sun is about $1,322,000,000$ English miles, and its diameter 34,170 miles, performing its annual revolution roand the Sun in 30,445 days 18 hours; it will be in opposition to that luminary on the 17th of October, and on the meridian about midnight, consequently in the best place for observation; it may also be seen in January, 1849, from 6 in the evening until midnight between the meridian and the western horizon, and in June and July in the eastern part of the heavens before sunrise.

## SATURN,

Whose distance from the Sun is $907,089,032$ miles, and diameter 78,730 miles, and annual period 10.759 days 1 hour, will perfect its opposition to the Sun on the 27 th of September, at
vhich period it will be best observed near the meridian at midlight. Those who have a powerful telescope may observe a e-appearance of this Planet's ring about the 19th of January; $t$ may then be seen between the western horizon and the meridian an hour or two after sunset; in May, June, and July it will be in the eastern part of the heavens early in the morning.

## JUPITER.

This beautiful orb is $494,499,108$ miles distant from the Sun, its diameter is 89,069 miles, and its annual period 4,330 days 14 hours. This immense bulk and distance are sufficient to strike the mind with amazement, but when we compare this with the vast distance of Herschel, and still more with that of Neptune, we strive in vain to comprehend it. We may carry our contemplations yet farther, and reflect that this, our Solar System, is but one of many myriads of systems; for every star that we see glittering is a sun, and these suns no doubt have all worlds revolving around them; and even these suns revolve about a central point in the Universe. The mind at the thought becomes lost in the immensity of space, and at the infinite wisdom of the Great Architect who framed the mighty fabric. Jupiter will be in Opposition to the Sun on the 6th of February, when it can be well observed between the eastern horizon and the midheaven from sunset till midnight ; this orb, with its belts and satellites, will be a beautiful and interesting sight. In May and June, two or three hours after sunset, it may be seen approaching the western horizon; after September, in the eastern part of the heavens before sunrise.

## MARS

Is distant from the Sun $144,907,630$ miles, and its diameter 4,218 miles, performing its annual revolution round that luminary in 686 days 23 hours. At the beginning of the year it may be observed in the East a little before sunrise, and early in the morning in that part of the heaven until after August. It will be in opposition to the Sun on the 18th of December, when it will rise at sunset, and may be seen approaching the midheaven until midnight.

## VENUS

Is $68,791,752$ miles distant from the Sun; her diameter is 7,498 miles; her annual period 224 days 17 hours; she may be seen in January soon after sunset a little above the western horizon, and in September will rise a short time before the Sun.

## MERCURY.

This orb is seldom to be seen, being mostly hidden from our view by the rays of the Sun; it is distant from that body $36,814,721$ miles; its diameter is 3,108 miles ; he performs his annual revolution in 87 days 23 hours; by a careful observer he may be seen a little above the western horizon soon after sunset, during the last week in September and the first week in Oc tober.

## A. Int of Countries and Ottion under the influence of the variones sictes of the Fotiac.

Aries.-England, Germany, Demmark, Lesser Poland, Syria and Palestine, Naples, Capua, Verona, Florence, Padka, Marseilles, Saragossa, Burgundy, Cracow, \&c.

Taurus.-Ireland, Great Poland, part of Russia, Persia, Asia Minor, the Archipelago, Mantua, Leipsic, Parma, Nantz, Franconia, Lorraine, Leus, Bithynia, Cyprus, \&c.

Gemini.-West of England, America, Flanders, Lombardy, Sardinia, Armenia, Lower Egypt, London, Versailles, Brabant, Wittenburgh, Mentz, Bruges, Louvaine, Cordova, Nurembers.

Cancer.-Scotland, Holland, Zealand, Georgia, Africa, Algiers, Tunis, Tripoli, Constantinople, Amsterdam, Cadiz, Venice, Genoa, York, St. Andrew's, Vicentia, Milan, Lubeck, Berne, New York.

Leo.-Italy, Bohemia, France, Sicily, Rome, Bristol, Bath, Taunton, Cremona, Praque, Syracuse, Ravenna, the Alps, - Apulia, Chaldea as far as Bassora, and Philadelphia.

Virgo.-Turkey, both in Europe and Asia, Mesopotamia, all the country between the Tigris and Euphrates, Candia, Jerusatem, Lower Silesia, Ervatia, or Liburnia, Babylonia, Bagdad, Thessaly, Corinth, the Morea, Lyons, Paris, Toulouse, SwitzerJand, Basil, Heidelburgh, Reading, and Liverpool.

Libra.-Austria, Bactriana, Japan, China, Usbeck, Livonia, Upper Egypt, the vicinity of the Caspian, Vienna, Lisbon, Antwerp, Fribourg, Frankfort, Spires, Charlestown.

Scorpio.-Judea, Mauritania, Catalonia, Norway, West Silesia, Bavaria, Barbary, Morocco, Valentia, Messina, Franckfert.

Sagittarius.-Arabia Felix, Spain, Hungary, Moravia, parts - of France towards Cape Finisterre, Istria, Dalmatia, Tuscany, Sclavonia, Moravia, Avignon, Cologne, Buda.

Capricorn.-India, Greece, parts of Persia, Mexico, Khorasan, Lithuania, Saxony, Mecklenburgh, Albania, the Orkneys, -Dxford, Hesse, Styria, Bulgaria.

Aquarius.-Arabia, Prussia, Russia, Tartary, Poland, Lower Sweden, Westphalia, Hamburgh, Piedmont, Bremen.

Pisces.-Portugal, Galicia, Calabria, Normandy, Silicia, Alexandria, Ratisbon, Worms, Seville, Compostella.

These are the principal places at present known to be influenced by the signs of the zodiac; I have no doubt that many more will be discovered in a few years. To the student in Astrology this table will prove of utility, and the casual reader may watch the progress of the different Ptanets through the signs, and thereby observe how various nations and towes are likely to be affected.

## Astrology, Phrenology, and Mesmerism.

Why have there been any inaccuracies in astrological predictions? is a question that has frequently been put to astrologers: the answer is easily given. Every planetary body in the solar system has an influence on this terrestrial globe. To the ancients the only planets known were Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, Venus, and Mercury, with the Sun and Moon. The discovery of Herschel has been a wonderful acquisition to the stadent in astral science, and there can be no doubt but the influence of Neptune will add more light to the astrologers of the future age; his distance being so immense, his effects can be but trifling when compared with those of the old planets. The Asteroids, Juno, Vesta, Ceres, and Pallas, operate on this globe; bat time and experience must discover their nature. From the observations I have made, the asteroids have a sensible influence on the atmosphere, and at times will produce a different state of weather from that which we might expect, in considering only the configurations of the other planetary orbs. In predicting atmospheric changes, we do not pretend to account for every local alteration that may be effected in the weather; we merely aim at the general tendency throughout the climate. Comets have also great influence on the condition or state of the atposphere; and these bodies, no doubt, sometimes approach our system without our knowledge, being hidden from our view by the glaring rays of the Sun.

Astrology is a science, not, as phrenology and mesmerism, of modern date; it is of great antiquity: Josephus the Jewish historian asserts that it was understood by Seth; and we have abundant proof that astral dectrines were known and studied by the Antediluvians. Notwithstanding phrenology has of late made rapid strides, and by its aid professors can give a tolerably accurate description of the character and propensities, it cannot be compared to astrology; for by a knowledge of the various influences of the planetary orbs, the future character, disposition, and propensities of an infant may be ascertained to a great exactness; and the advantages attending a foreknowledge of these circumstances must appear obvious to every one.

Those who have attentively investigated astrology and phrenology cannot have failed to observe the harmony existing between the two sciences. Individuals who have shown forth to the world as brilliant specimens of exalted intellect, on examming their brains, will be found to have the mental faculties largely developed; and on examination of the heavens at their birth, the planet Mercury will be observed to hold a prominent position, configurated in accordance with the rules as laid down by. authors in the earliest known records. Again, a person having a large development of the organ of benevolence, will be found also to have Jupiter prominently situated or aspected in their
horoscope, or chart of the heavens, erected for the minute of birth; which chart portrays an exact description of the positions of the celestial bodies. The same may be said of Venus, with those who have ideality, tune, \&c. full. Also of Saturn, with those possessing a large development of destructiveness, secretiveness, \&c.; and Mars, combativeness; the sun, veneration and love of approbation. These are merely a few outlines, pointing out the connexion between astrology and phrenology, which, being founded on the principles of nature and truth, the more we investigate the more beauty and harmony do we discover.

Mesmerism, or animal magnetism, is also another principle or operation of nature, and will, no doubt, in connexion with other subjects, lead to important results. It first attracted public attention in the year 1778, by some operations performed by Dr. Mesmer in Paris; and to show the extent of its practice in those days, I subjoin an extract by a correspondent in the 'Astrologer's Magazine' ( published 1793).
"A French officer, named Mefont, who had supported his opinions in favour of magnetism in a large company, where every person denied its power, offered to practise it on any one they would choose; for this purpose they applied to a physician in the town, who suffered Mr. Mefont to practise on one of the girls in the orphan-house in Rotterdam, who was much reduced by fits, with which she had been afflicted for fourteen years. She usually had one every two or three days, and the physicians had tried in vain to render her any service. She was magnetised once a day for three weeks, and occasionally afterwards, and the physicians have pronounced her perfectly cured.
" Mr. Mefont performed his operations in public; any person desirous of being present was admitted. The first morning that I attended the girl was seated in a chair; Mr. Mefont asked her if she felt any inconvenience from the crowd, to which she replied in the negative. He then began to operate, and in about three minutes the girl was in a doze; in two minutes more she was fast asleep, her eyes closed, her bosom heaving, and soon afterwards snoring.
" Dr. Van Noorden, a physician of great respectability in this city, was present; he asked her various questions, all which she answered with great clearness. Among others, how long she had slept, and how long she would sleep; both which she answered to a minute. They asked respecting the diseases of several persons, to which she gave such answers as surprised the faculty more than they did the other people who were present. She continued in this state about an hour, and then awoke.
" About a week after this I attended again. The girl had been asleep about ten minutes. Dr. Van Noorden told Mr. Mefont he wished to ask some questions for me, but did not mention what they were. Mr. M. having hold of one of the girl's hands, and one of mine, Dr . V. N. asked the following questions :-
"" What is the disorder of the gentleman now before you?"
"' 'He has for some time past had a pain in his bowels, and they are at present in a weak state.'
"This answer. I must observe, very much surprised the loctor, to whom I had not mentioned any thing on the subject; 1d though exactly the case, no one in the room knew anything - the matter, except the girl and myself. I had told a friend the ay before, but who was not present, nor had he seen any one ho was, that I could not account for it, unless it was the ad weather, but that I had not been free from a complaint in iy bowels for a month past. I then assured the doctor that that the girl had said was strictly true. I requested him to roceed.
"• Is anything else the matter with him?'
"، He has a heaviness in his head, which causes him to be ceaf; but it is sometimes worse than at others, owing to the reather.'
"، Will any thing relieve him?'
"، Possibly the best thing he can do is to have his ears syringed vith milk and honey, and to wash his ears and neck every norning with cold water.'
"This was all that passed relative to myself. The following puestions, with many others, were also put the same evening.
" ' What ideas have you passing in your mind ?'
"، " None.'
" ، What are you thinking about?’
"، Nothing.'
"، What do you perceive?'
" ' A bright light.'
"' 'Do you see anything else ?"
" "No.'
"While Mr. M. was magnetising his patient a gentleman who sat close by him suddenly became ill, so that he was obliged to be led out. The girl, fast asleep, stretched out her hands, then pat them to her bosom, and showed various signs of agitation. She was asked if anjthing ailed her; she replied, there was a gentleman in the room taken ill.
" ' What is the matter with him ?'
"، The magnetism has affected him.'
" 'What will relieve him?'
"، Let him drink a few glasses of orange-flower water, and he will be cured of his sickness by to-morrow.'
" Mr. M. sent word to the gentleman, that he had caught some of the magnetic fluid, but if he followed the girl's directions he would soon be well. He did so, and the next day he was as well as ever.
"One of the Governors told me, she had no other education than reading and working, and that her reading was confined to the Bible and Catechism. Her answers, however, were scientific, and conveyed in the best language."

The article contains several other interesting questions, with their answers, and other remarks on this mesmeric patient, but which for the want of space we must omit.

## Scraps and Memoirs.

It will be difficult to disprove a moral connection between the different parts of any system, if one that is physical be allowed; every wheel in a clock has its meaning, as well as its motion and action.

What were the first astronomers ?-Astrologers.
What were the first physicians?-Astrologers.
What were the first law-givers?-Astrologers.
What were the first Christians, the worshippers of an infant Saviour ?-Astrologers.
Such a character as Guido Bonatus Forliviensis must be useful. Being at Forli, in Italy, at a time when it was closely besieged, he elected a proper day for Guido, Earl of Montferrat, to make a sally, rout his enemies, and obtain a complete victory, but not, without receiving a slight wound on the knee. And that the Earl might be more assured, Bonatus marched out with him, carrying the necessary articles to dress the wound. The event corresponded accurately and fully with the prediction, for the enemy was vanquished totally, and the Earl wounded punctually, as foretold.

## Williak Lilly.

William Lilly, as attested by the notes and journals of the House of Commons, is an illustrious and unequivocal instance of verified predictions. Among a series of hieroglyphics relative to the English nation, and to last for many hundreds of years yet to come, published by him in 1651, were two immediately succeeding each other; the first of which represented several dead bodies in winding-sheets, a churchyard with sextons employed, and cart-loads of dead emptying into the graves. The second was a view of London in flames. After the fire, and when Lilly had for some time retired from business, and lived at Richmond, the House of Commons sent him an order to attend at their bar; where appearing, the Speaker informed him that as he hado fifteen years before, predicted the plague and fire, the House of Commons wished to ask him, if he could give them any intelligence concerning the cause or authors of that fire? He answered, that the House might readily believe, that having predicted it, he had spared no pains to investigate the cause, but that all his endeavours had been ineffectual; from whence be was led to attribute the conflagration to the immediate finger of God. What Lilly was unable or unwilling to discover, every one else has failed in.

## Michael Nostradamus.

Michael Nostradamus, a physician and famous astrologer in the sixtcenth century, was born at Salon, or, as others say, at

St. Remy, in Provence. It is said that his grandfather by the mother's side, who was of the same town of St. Remy, made him in love with astrology. He studied first at Montpelier, and after having finished his studies, travelled to Toulouse and Bordeaux, and upon his return to Provence in 1555 , published his prophetical centuries, which were at that time in so great esteem that King Henry II. of France could not be satisfied without seeing the author of them. Upon notice thereof, the Count of Tende, governor of Provence, sent him up to Paris, where the King was so well pleased with his company that he bestowed several gifts upon him, besides two hundred crowns of gold ; and not content to have seen him himself, sent him to the princes, his sons, at Blois. Charles IX. also honoured him with marks of his favour as he passed through Provence. He died the 2nd of July, 1566, being 62 years 6 months and 17 days old, at Salon, where he was buried in the church of the Cordeliers, with his epitaph engraven on marble.

## Michael Scot.

Michael Scot, a mathematician of the thirteenth century, much esteemed by the Emperor Frederick II. He had the character of a magician. It is said that he told the Emperor Frederick that he should die at Florence; which prediction was answered in the event. He likewise foretold that himself shoudd die by the fall of a stone, which happened accordingly, for being: in a church, a stone fell from the roof, which gave him a mortal wound. But notwithstanding this blemish, which it may be was nothing but the ignorance of the common people, Pitzius and others treat his memory with respect, and report him a man of learning, and a great divine. He wrote a tract on physiognomy, another upon the sphere, and the history of animals. Vide Pitzius de Script. Angl. Nudeus, his Apology for great men accused of being magicians.

The general penny postage came into operation on the 10 th of January, 1840. The gross revenue of the Post-office for the year ending the 5th of January, 1840 (the highest year of any) was 2,390,763l.; its nett revenue, $1,633,764 l$. The same items for the following year were $1,359,466 l$.; and 500,7891 ; so that the gross revenue fell nearly one-half, and the nett revenue more than two-thirds. The same items for the year ending on the 5th of January last were 2,181,016l., aud 984,996l.; so that the gross revenue of 1839-40 has been overtaken within about a 23 rd part-a halfpenny in every shilling-of its highest former amount. The nett income has doubled since 1841, but it is still only about 12s. in the $1 l$. of the nett income of 1839-40. This last circumstance is a consequence of the increased annual "cost of management;" which, with the immense increase of public accommodation, has risen from 756,999l. in the year 1839-40 to $1,633,764 l$. in the year ending on the 5 th of January last. The letters conveyed have increased from about a million and a half in 1839-40, to six millions and a half in 1847-8. The money-orders have increased from 40,763, for a total sum of $67,411 l$., in 1839-40, to 881,553 for a total sum of 1,782,6051., in 1847-8.-Post-Ofice Returns.

## An Eacy inethod of discovering any Pexson's future wife or Eusband.

Rapharl, anxious to cater for the amusement of his readers, presents the following curious system for ascertaining the description of a person's future partner in life.

In the first place, draw at random sixteen rows of strokes in the following order, taking care not to count the points as they are made:-
HHHHI OO
HHHHI OO
HHHHI OO
HHHHI O

| HHHHII OO |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| HHHHI | O |
| HHHHI | 0 |
| $H H H H H I$ | $O$ |



This being done, join each two points together, and if an odd number be left place one dot, if an even number two dots, and we shall obtain the first four of the following figures:-

| 8. | 7. | $\mathbf{6 .}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{4 .}$ | $\mathbf{3 .}$ | $\mathbf{2 .}$ | $\mathbf{1 .}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 00 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 00 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

The 5 th, 6 th, 7 th, and 8 th are derived from the first four, by taking the top row, $1,2,1,1$, for the 5th figure ; the second row for the 6th, and 80 on.

Observe what figure is placed as number seven, which will point out, by a reference to the following table, the description of the future wife or husband :-

Represents one of a middle stature, full face and eyes, fair complexion, and light hair ; modest, and of a good disposition and temper.
A mean stature, fleshy body, large head and shoulders, small eyes, pretty mouth, and a broad forehead ; of a gay and lively turn.

A handsome stature, large body, broad breast, a comely complexion; fickle mind, being fond of changes, travelling, and romancing.

Tending to tallneas, long neck, full face, great head, little mouth, and broad shoulders; full eyes, sanguine complexion, and brown hair.

A short atature, neck long, head small, and body thick, a sharp look, hot temper; one who loves quarrelling and fighting.

A tall person, long neck, large face and head, slender body, swarthy complexion, and of a mild disposition.

A long face and dark complexion, large nose, slender body and legs, a crafty person, apt to flatter, having a great flow of speech, and is merry in company.

A thick and heary made person, pale complexion, short arms; one subtle and reserved.
 long or great nose, a wide month, much hair on the head, upright body, a little grose, good complexion and behaviour.
Middle stature, tight body, fall face and eyes, sanguine complexion, lofty miad, in actions honeat and just.

Middle stature, large face, great hands, lofty and proud, grey eyes, one delighting to be in authority or place of honour.

A comely body, indifferently tall a round face, eyes somewhat large and dark, sanguine complexion, modest, and honest in actiona.

Tall stature, long face, a cloady complexion, lowering look; envious and malicious.

Above the middle stature, a white complexion, large head, clear eyes, a compact body; good understanding, a lover of honest dealings, lively and merry disposition.

A mean stature, high coloured. fat, sharp look, strong voice, red hair, broad face ; hasty temper, yet is an coward and a scoffer, having also a dangerous tongue.

A mean stature, full face, little head, swarthy complexion, and lowering look; one proud, and given to all kinde of immorality and vice.

## ASTROLOGY.

## NATIVITIES AND HORARY QUESTIONS.


#### Abstract

"Well, rest be with him! he instilled into me enough of knowledge for erecting a scheme of nativity, and therefore I will presently go about it. So aaying, and having noted the positions of the principal planetary bodies, Guy Mannering retnrned to the house."-Author of Waverley.


The advantages of Astrology are too obvious to need enumeration; and Raphael's friends can testify to the beneficial results attending his Astrological information. With pride and confidence be is enabled to state, that the Divine Science of Astrology has gained that position which it deserves. The pages of antiquity are fraught with Astro-Science; for be it remembered that Astrology and Astronomy were only divided as two parts of one science; and the names were synonymous. Astrology should not be despised, if it were only for the illustrious persons connected with its bistory. The distant stars that radiate the by-gone days of literature, and shine in the intellectual bemisphere, were illumined by the rays of this science: the literati of antiquity were all Astrologers ; and it will ere loug again shine forth as in the days of Pythagoras, Aristotle, and Ptolemy.
Letters and communications intended for Raphael to be addressed strictly as below : those requiring a Nativity to enclose a Post-Office Order for 1l., for a question 10s. The most inviolable confidence observed on all occasions.

> Edwin Raphael,
> No. 17, Warwick Square, London.

## Raphael's Twenty-ninth Yearly Address.

Courteous Reader,
Another year has passed with its wonderful changes and revolutions. Monarchs have been hurled from their thrones, and society convulsed. These events the phenomena of the heavens clearly indicated, and were foretold by Raphael: many changes are still in the womb of futurity. The Stars err not!-Let Monarchs and Statesmen take warning. To you, my friends and correspondents, I address the parting word-farewell!

RAPHAEL,
The Astrologer of the Nineteenth Century.

# $\mathfrak{a}$ ©able of Celestial $\mathfrak{I n f u e n t e s}$, 

## TOE THE TEAS 189.

IN WHICE TEE GOOD OR EVIL BIGNIFIED BY THE LUNAR AND METUAL ABPBCTS OF THE PLANETS IB NOTRD POR EACH DAY.

What though in solemn silence all
Move round this dark terrestrial ball;
What though no real voice or sound
Amid their radiant orbs be found?
In reason's ear they all rejoice,
And utter forth a glorious voice;
For ever singing as they shine,
"The havd that made us is divine."

| Day* | JANUARY. | 48 | for the execution of deeds. | Days | and for applying to those in power from |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | A void litigations and law-suits; do not engage in literary undertakings. | 11 | A favourable day for money transactions, also for surgical operations. | 27 | 11 h .30 m . A.M. till 1h. P.M. <br> No matnal or lunar aspects of conse- |
| 2 | Disappointment will attend applications to persons in authority ; seek not favours from the fair. | 12 | Expect no favours from ladies. <br> Shun this day as ominous. <br> Void of lunar aspects. | 28 | quence. <br> Let the fair nex gaad against the intrigues which Saturn denotes; those who |
| 3 | A fortunate day to engage in husiness, or speculate in money transactions; marriages will prove advantageous. | 15 16 | Affairs commenced this day will fail. <br> Craft and deceit will lurk in the minds of those thou hast dealings with. | 29 | seek pleasure this day will reap dienppointment and pain. Shun surgical operations; expect no suecess in dealing with |
| 4 | Favourable for business, travelling, applications to high persons, and literary pursuits. | 17 18 | Favourable for courtship and marriage, for amusements and pleasure. <br> Expect no pecuniary | 30 | military men. <br> Apply thyself to basiness, and success will crown thy efforts. Begin nothing of im- |
| 5 | An ill day to sue the fair for favours; agricultural pursuits prosper ; wed not. | 18 19 | advantages to accrue from business begun this day. <br> Fortunate for literary | 31 | portance which thou canst defer. |
| 6 | Do not depend on this day; decidedly unfavourable for pecuniary speculations. | 20 | pursuits and under takings; engage with clerks and lawyers. <br> A mixture of contend. | 1 | FEBRUARY. <br> The morning will be unfortunate for |
| 7 | A mixture of good and evil influences; engage not with surgeons or elderly persons. | 21 | ing influences at work this day ; defer thy business till a future time. <br> Dealings with martial |  | money transsetions; from noon till 6h. P.M.thou mayest bargain for land and with elderly persons. |
| 6 | A singularly evil day; enter upon no new business ; avoid jour- | 22 | men will succeed. Remain quiet and contented this day. | 2 | Applications to persons in authority will be successful. |
|  | neys; nothing done this day will prosper. | 23 | Affairs commenced this day will fail. Applications may be | 3 | Business commenced in the morning may succeed; the aspects |
| 9 | Speculations in build. ings and lands may succeed this day, also engagements with elderly persons. | 25 26 | made to persons in office. <br> Evil, especially to females. | 4 | towards the afterpart of the day are ominous. <br> A treacherous day for |
| 10 | Fortunate for entering into engagements with landlords, and | 26 | The mutual aspects are ominous; very unfortunate for business ... transactions, | 5 | the fair; avoid courtship and marriage. The forenoon unfortonate; after 12 appli- |

## A Table of Colestial Infieonces.

Days cations may be made to landlords and elderly persons.
6 Speculate not in money affairs.
7 The influences are conflicting; do nothing thou canst postpone to a future day.
8 Beware of litigations; use thy pen cautiously; engage not with servants, nor take journeys. -
9 A fortunate day for martial men.
10 Commence nothing new the early part of this day.
11 The omens are ill and denoteatrife between lovers; those who wed this day for wealth will have cause to repent.
12 After 10 A.M. the sidereal omens are fortunate, except in matters of courtship and marriage.

The bankersand clerks. dubious; those born on the 9th April, 12th July, 12th October, or 9th January will find their efforts frustrated, meeting with unexpeated difficulties.
This day we can expect little success.
6 Favourable for marriage contracts and money transactions; seek favours from those in high life. Travel and embark in literary pursuits; applications to clergymen will succeed.
18
The configurations are of little moment. The omens are lowering; pay little heed to promises; the fair are warned of evil; beware of marrying if thy wish be happiness.
20 No aspects of importance.
21
However promising affairs may appear, if thy desire be

## Days for riches, speculate

 not.22 No lunar aspects.
28 Favourable for dealing with bankers, and for great and noble undertakings.
84 Commercial men will find this a favourable day; good to deal with elderly persons, and to purchase or hire farms and lands.

## 25 Void of aspects.

26 A day for strange marriages; the good influences preponderate.
27 Avoid contention.
28 Favourable for purchasing lands or houses; and to deal with the aged.

## MARCH.

1 Military enterprises are successful; applications to persons in high life will not succeed.
2 The omens bid thee speculate in money matters, and purchase railway shares.
8 The quartile ray of Saturn renders it advisable to postpone business.
4
Circumspection is necessary in all thy undertakings.
5 Unfortunate for courtship and marriage.
6 Favourable for entering on business and for trade in general.
7 Evil to engage with servants, but moderately good for courtship and marriage.
8 No lunar or mutual aspects.
9 Greatly evil ; incur not the displeasure of those in authority; many mishaps attend this day.
10 Favourable for milltary persons.
11 The aspects.are conflicting.
12 The sidereal omens are evil for marriage and pleasure-parties; also for hiring female servants.

18
Unfortunate for money transactions; roib-

## Days beries abound; look cautiously to thy purse.

14 Much cunning and craft will be resorted to.
15 Speculators in railway shares must take advantage of the stellar influences now in operation.
16 Conflicting.
17 Evil aspects are prevalent; persons born about the 1st February or 5th August will meet with pecuniary losses and difficulties.
18 Those born about the 18th March or 21st September will suffer in health or meet with trouble.
19 The omens of this day are of minor importance.
20 Evil for wooing and wedding.
21 A day of strife and discord.
22 Fortunate for matters of business, engaging with clerks and servants, travelling, and literary pursuits.
23 The fair Venus bids thee marry, or make love, and take pleasure.
24 Misfortunes attend the pursuits of this day.
25 The conjunction of Herschel makes this day not to be depended on.
26 Void of aspects.
27 May promise fair, but end ultimately in loss and discord.
28 Favourable for hiring or purchasing lands or honses; also for dealing with elderly persons.
29 A prosperous day, partieularly for- dealing with persons in high life; keep aloof from lawyers.
30 The aspects bode evil.
31 Fortunate for literary pursuits.

## APRIL.

1 Neemingly promising, but beware of sudden evils.
2 . Benign aspects rule t!

A Tabk of Celestial Infinences.


11 Kely not on new faces; have a regard that thou art not robbed while travelling.
12 Settle accounts with bankers, and speculate in money affairs. Those born ai:out the 12th April and 15th October meet with sudden evils and loss of relatives.

Dnyy'
22
2 The especte dencte much craft at work this day.
23 Pecuniary losses are among the effects produced by the planetary contigurations.
24 Deal with elderly penple; hire or purchase land and houses ; but defer transacting business with lawyers.
25 However promising affairs may appear, the equare aspect of Mars denotes treachery.
26 Favourable for settling accounts and engaying in literary pursuits.
87 Commence nothing new this day.
28 Sudden interraptions affect courtship and marriage.
29
80 A day of little import.

$$
\overline{\mathrm{MAY}}
$$

1 A favourable day for travelling, signing deeds, and setting accounts; aleo for hiring eervante.
2 An evil and unpromising day; conflde not in new faces; and avoid quarrels.
3 Evil; make no bargains for land, nor deal with aged people; defor business of importance.
4 Money transactions of this day will end in loses. Seek not favours.
5 Strange and unexpected resultes attend the affairs of this day. Avoid travelling.
6 Void of lunar aspects.
7 Evil for courtship, marriage, and engaging - with servants. Be careful of putting thy signature on paper.
8 Bargain for land and houses; deal with elderly persons; make contracts, and nettle affairs with lawyers.
9 Favourable for money speculations, and soliciting fivours. Ex-

Das. $\begin{aligned} & \text { ert thyself in matters } \\ & \text { of bosiness and comat }\end{aligned}$ of bosiness, and coont upon sacces.
10 Sudden interraptions will mar nodertakings commenced this day.
11 Be cantious of engesing in matters of business.
12 Favourable for wooing and wedding till 5 P.M., after which the aspects are strange and uncertain.
13 A propitious day; dificult operations in surgery may be performed with succem
14 Speculators may thin day reat quiet if they wish to avoid lomes. Enter upon no new buaines, nor apply for favours to persons of rank.
15 Avoid courtehip and marriage; engage in no pleasure-partien, nor seek amusement except in thine own house.
16 An unfortanate day for literary pursuite, also for hiring servants and travelling. marriages perfected in the early part of this day ; in the evering applications for favours from persons of rank will be attended to.
18 Deal with elderly per sons, surgeons, and military men.
19
Business may be commenced the early part of this day with every prospect of success ; the after part $\alpha$ the day will be attended with strange events.
20 No lunar or mutual opects this day.
21 Raphael advises the Ais not to marry this day, and to guard against the machinations of the evil disposed.
22 Pursue thy vocation with confidence if it be connected wifh land or houses.
23 The aspects are favoarable for all businem.
24 Rvil; nothing proppers

## A Table of Celestial Infivences.

Days which is begun under the influences now in operation.

7 Good for transactions in money; but evil for courtship and marriage.
28 Favourable for travelling, literary undertakings, and to treat with booksellers and lawyers.
Fortunate for courtship and marriage. All elegant occupations will be prosperous this day.
80 Avoid dealing with lawyers, booksellers, bankers; sign no deeds, nor travel.
31 The aspects of this day are extremely evil, and denote a continuation of misfortune to affairs now commenced.

## JUNE.

1 Favourable for martial men; unsuccessful after noon. ravel with confidence; apply for orders; engage in literary undertakings.
3 Neither woo nor wed this day.
4 Void of aspects.
5 Make bargains for land and houses in the forenoon.
6 Success will attend thy efforts in business the early part of this day; after which the aspects are not propitious.
i Evil ; make no contracts, nor hire land or house; the aspects are unfavourable for most undertakings.
8 Travelling to be avoided. A day noted for fraud and deception; sign no papers of consequence, and give no credit.
9 Persons born near the 10th or 11th of August will be success-

Days ful in their employ. ments.
10 Unfavourable for courtship and marriape; avoid those advanced in years.
11 Let nothing induce thee to part with money, except in acts of charity.
12 No lunar or mutual aspects.
13 Enter on matters of courtship or marriage; but P.M. seek no favours from the great.
14 Void of aspects.
15 Successful in matters of business and money.
16 Unfavourable for most undertakings ; defer matters of importance.
17
18 No lunar or mutual aspects.
19 Speculate on houses and land; and apply steadily to business.
20 Favourable for pursuing chemical and surgical studies.
21 Afternoon travel, make love, or marry. Those born near the 15th April and 18th October will meet with sudden and unexpected evil.
22 The stellar orbs forebode misfortunes in most undertakings this day. A time for unex pected quarrels.
23
The aspects are of no moment.
24 Fortunate, excepting for courtship and marriage.

25
Literary undertakings prosper ; good for engaging servants, and for travelling.
26
Favourable for wooing and wedding.
27 Beware of treachery; avoid taking journeys; sign no deeds: transact no business of importance in law.
28
Seek to enrich thyself by pursuits of an honourable nature, and thou wilt succeed.
29 Rest quietly at home under the existing influences.
$\left|\begin{array}{c}\text { Days } \\ 30\end{array}\right|$ The aspects of this day are of little importance.

## JULY.

1. No riches or happiness will attend marriages of this day. Money transactions will not prosper.
2 Favourable for agricultural pursuits, and dealing with elderly persons.
3 Persevere in pursuit of great and honourable matters ; and specu. late in money affairs.
4 Surgical operations may be performed with success, and chemical experiments made; good for travelling.
5 Expect no favours from high persons, or success in thy undertakings.
6 Strange events occur connected with love affairs.
7 Take no journeys, and avoid contentions; the omens are evil.
8 Evil.
9 Unfavourable for courtship and marriage; good for travelling or transacting business if connected with books.
Fortunate for military men and surgeons.
No lunar or mutual aspects.
Avoid a miser; if he tempt thee, part not with thy money.
13 Till 1 P.M. the aspects will favour most undertakings; after that hour be circumspect in thy transactions.
14 In the morning transact business and travel; beware of the afternoon, evil is then threatened.
15 Void.
16 A favourable day for courtship and marriage; elegant pursuits will succeed.
17 Deal with bankers, clergymen, and persons of rank.
18 Nothing prospers this day; make no con-

4 Table of Catretial Infanences.

Dayo $\begin{aligned} & \text { tracts with landlords; } \\ & \text { dent }\end{aligned}$ tracts with landiords;
deal not with elderly persons.
19 Take no journeys or engage in undertakings of importance.
20 This day bide fair for wooing and wedding; but the omens are particularly evil for other contracts, engaging in literary pursuith, or travelling.
Disputes mark the evente of the morning ; but in the evening busineas will prosper, and money speculations prove advantageous.
22 Write letters or travel.
23 The aspects are deceptive for courtship; rely not on promises.
Applications made to persons in authority before noon may succeed; in the evening nothing commenced will prosper.
A.M. evil for business, travelling, or literary parsuits; p.M., favourable for courtship. to misfortunes.
8 Fraud and deceit will be the characteristics of this day ; take no journeys, avoid speculations in money matters. are of little moment.
No lunar or mutual aspects.
Favourable fur dealings with bankers, tradesmen, landlords, but not with ladies, towards whom the omens are unpropitious.

## AUGUST.

Evil for most undertakings; mechanical purssits prosper.
2
Unexpected misfortanes attend
those

who journey ; sign no deeds ; avoid litigation; evil for business. Strange marriages ; age with youth and riches with penary ; favourable for dealing in land or houses.
4 The morning evil ; P.M. the aspeots of little moment.
5 The configarations conficting.
6 Pavourable for the fair cox.
7 Favourable for military opeculations, travelling, and surgical operations.
8 The quartile aspect of Satarn is ominous.
9 Defer business of importance till to-morrow.
10 Marriages will be happy; seek an audience with ladies of rank; tavourable for courtahip.
11 Expect no fivours from the great, or success in thy undertakings.
12 Ladies! listen not to the volice of flattery.
13 Transact business, travel, sign documents, and pursue literary employments.
14 Numerous and conficting are the aspects to the fair sex; the intuences are ominous; to the speculator tempting, and to the merchant propitious.
15 No lunar or mutual aspect.
16 Favourable for dealing with military men and surgeons: also for mechanical pursuits and inventions.
17 The trine aspect of Herschel and Mercury will favour the pursuits of the antiquary and chemist.
18 Bright and prosperous are the omems for travelters, merchants and speculators ; applications for favours from persons of rank will succeed; but let all thinge be commenced before the evening.

| Days |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 19 | Woo and wed. |
| 20 | Authors will find this | Authors will find this:

good day for cons mencing any per work.
trom femalies.
trange dificulties at ${ }^{\text {to }}$ tend transactions of this day.
Apply for Arvours to persons in mathority; the omens are fotitnate for business, bat avoid traveling. marriage or making overtures to the firi sex.
Losees attend speculstors; soek no favour from thoee in mare exalted station.
Those born near the 26th of Augnast wiih be prosperous.
27 Void of aspect.
28 The quartile sspect of Saturn frustratea all hope. employment; engage with servants or clerks.
Inimical to courtship; abounds with strange marriages.
Neither woo nor wed; speenlate in houses and lands; procesd in matters of business.

## SEPTEMBER.

1 Favourable for dealing with the aged.

3 No lunar or mutual aspects.
In the morning woo or wed; but the inflinences P.M. evil.
Fortunate for maxtial and surgical men.
If thy deaire be happiness, defer thy marriage; but If riches, thoa mayeat spechlate.
7 The influences hare little effect.
Engage servants ; settle with bankers. lavyers, and merchants; the aspects are fa-

## A Table of Colocial Inganonces.

vousable for travelling. The configurations are numerous and conflicting; let those born near the 29th of September and 27th of March guand well their actions.
Evil for martial and surgical men.
Artists and the literati must bewave of disappointment; the aspects are deceptive.
Void of aspect.
To authors and artists a fortunate day; to those who wish to enter the matrimonial state the aspects are propitious.
Fortunate for scientific pursuits and surgical operations.
Seek to improve thy pecuniary circumatances; the day is one denoting prosperity.
The configurations are violent; avoid contentions.
To be avoided as evil. Select this day for scientific and literary parsuits; also for courtship, marriage, musical, or antistical speculations.
The transeation of this day will not prosper.
Commence thy business early in the morning.
For coustahip and marriage the omens are -vil.
Expect to proat by speculations.
Void of aspect.
The aspects are avil ; defer thy buainess until a more favourable opportunity.
Warly in the morning the influences are propitions.
Avoid travelling.
Persons born near the 27th of September and the 25th of March will experience many difficulties; their reputation will likewise suffer.
The aspects of this day influence but little.

| Days | $\begin{array}{l}\text { and peasevere in liter- } \\ \text { ary pursuits. }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- |

30 The oraens of this day are evil.

## OCTOBER.

1 The stellar! influences are decidedly evil: undertake nothing of importance; avoid exposing thyself to danger.
2 In the morning the aspects are evil.
3 Strange interruptions affect the transactions of to-day.
4 Favourable for court. ship and marriage; speculations in money matbers will succeed.
5 Fortunate for literary persons and those connected with the polite arts.
6 Unfavourable.
7 Heware of contentions.
8 In the morning the quartile of Saturn denotes evil ; but PrM., thou mayest travel, and parsue thy business with every chance of succoss.
A void snares.
10 Avoid travelling or engaging with servants; those born about the 6th of September will be prosperous.
11 The influences will favour applications made to persons in authority.
12 Favourable to prosecute mathematical studies and scientific pursuits; surgical operations will succeed; journeys will prove advantageous. Marry, if thy desire be for wealth or happiness; Raphael advises his friends to take ad vantage of this bright and cheering day, and enter with zeal on the various pursuits of life.
14
15
15 No lunar or mutual aspects.
16 The aspects are of a mixed nature; defer

| Dayo | $\begin{array}{l}\text { matters of importance } \\ \text { until the following }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- | day.:

17 A day noted for violent accidents and sudden deaths; let those born near the 17 th October, and 14th of April guard against these evils; those born near the 23rd of March, 24th of June, 26th of September, and 24th of December will experience various tronbles, accidonts, and sickness.
18 pavourable for wooing or wedding, and all light and elegant employments.
19 Deal with elderly persons; hire or purchase lands and houses.
20 Money transactions will prove unsuccesstul; expect no favours from those in high life, or success in effairs of business.
21 Evil for courtship, marriage, and, general affairs.
22 Towards the after part of the day the omens are propitious.
23 Affairs meet with sudden and strange interruptions.
24 Not to be depended upon.
25 Void of lunar aspects.
26 An evil day for the fair sex.
27 The influences towards the after part of the day are favourable for business.
28 The day is evil for courtship and marriage ; ladies, beware of new faces and the promises of lovers.
29 A day greatly to be avoided for wooing and wedding; thé omens are decidedly treacherous and evil, and thou wilt do well to avoid all kinds of risks.
30 Expose not thyself to disappointments: the aspects of the day are evil.
31 Seek not promotion from the great.

A Table of Cekstial Infinences.

| D.s | NOVEMBER. Afrairs commenced the | 1 | Travel not; transactions avoid with books and papers. | Day2 | men; P.X., aroie speculations. void evils. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Affairs commenced the early part of thie day | 22 | - books and paper | 15 | Avoid |
|  | will prosper ; it is a day to be recom- | 23 | Fortunate for wooing and wedding ; aleo for | 17 | The aspects are corr |
|  | mended for dealing with bankers, and making application to pertons of high rank. | 24 | pursuing ang ; also for employment. <br> The omens are evil for money transactions. The configurations of | 18 | Noted. for robberies, fraud, and violence; sudden evils overtaise those born near the 18th of December and |
| 8 | Sign agreements; purchase lands and houses. |  | this day are very evil; violence and robberies abound. | 19 | the 17th of Jane. <br> Expect not to prosper <br> in affairs commenced |
| 3 | Speculate not in money matters till P.M., when engage in buainess or travel. | 27 | No lunar or mutual aspects. <br> The aspects infuence little to good or evil. | 20 | this day. <br> Early in the morning the omens are favoor able. |
| 4 | The aspects are violent and dangerons. | $\underset{00}{28}$ | Void. | 21 |  |
| 3 | Evil for courthhip and marriage; favourahle for money spocula. tions. |  | not wealth or honour; in the after part of the day agricultural pursuita will prosper. |  | to literary men : the configurations are adverse; let them defer their efforts. |
| 6 | Deal with elderly percons; pursue agricultural alfaira. <br> A day for courtahip and marriage. | 30 | $\mathrm{No}^{\text {No aspects. }}$ - | 22 | For all undertaking avoid this day; sel dom do we see sach a combination of evil aspects. |
| 8 | Favourable for mathematical and scientific stadies, surgical operations and chemical experiments. | 1 | Fatal for most undertakings ; thoee born near the 23 rd of De . cember, 24th of September, 23rd of June, | 23 | Those born near the 23rd of December, 24th of September, 23rd of June, and $2:$ nd of Mareh, will |
| 9 | Apply to those in high life for favours; speculate in money matters. |  | and 2ynd of March, will be involved in difilculties and trou- | 24 | suffer grave misfor tunes. <br> The traveller will meet sudden disasters, and |
| 10 | The aspects are ill. |  | To |  |  |
| 11 | A void quarrels. | 3 | To clerks, travellers, |  | expected difficulties |
| 18 | A day for strange marriages, and the omens are equally strange for courtship. | 4 | and men of businesa the aspects are promising. For ladies the configura- | 25 | Write letters to thowe in authority for vours; to the literati the omens speak of |
| 13 | Propitious for travelling and all scientitic pursuits ; surgicul operations prove successful. | 7 | tiong are propitious. <br> The aspects not to be depended $\rho \mathrm{n}$. <br> Void. <br> Marriages may be at- | 26 | success. <br> A moderately good day for money trangetions; but I fear Jupiter is too close to |
| 14 | Pursue affairs of business, and applications for situations. |  | tended with riches, but interruptions will occur to mar happi- |  | the quartile of Mars to bring permaneat good. |
| 15 | Favouring mathematical and surgical studies ; also dealings in lands and houses. | 10 | ness. <br> Void. <br> The influences are evil. Favourable for travel- | $\begin{aligned} & 27 \\ & 28 \\ & \$ 9 \end{aligned}$ | Evil. <br> Ladies ! beware. <br> Many will rue the $2-$ pects of this day; |
| 16 | No lunar or mutual aspects. |  | ling, scientific and medical pursuits. | 30 | sign no deeds. Brighter prospects |
| 17 | In the evening engage in courtship. | 11 | Void of lunar and mutual aspects. |  | ensue; honourable deeds prove success |
| 18 | The aspects are evil. | 12 | Purchase or hire lands and houses; sue the | 31 | ful. Being the last day of |
| 20 | In the morning apply to those in high life for favours; but in the evening avoid pressing thy suit to the fair sex. | 14 | No lunar or mutual aspects. <br> The omens before 10 A.M. will favour tra. vellers and literary |  | the year, defer matters of importance until thou consalk the - Prophetic Messenger' for 1830. |


IN THE

# PROPHETIC MESSENGER, 

During the last Twolve Months.

> Ye Stars ! which are the poetry of Hearen,
> If in your bright leaves we would read the fate
> Of men and empires, $t$ is to be forgiven
> That in our aspirations to be great,
> Our destinies o'erleap this mortal state,
> And claim a kindred with you; for ye are
> A beauty and a mystery, and create
> In us such love and reverence from afar,

That fortune, fame, power, life, have nam'd themselves a star.
" Multe terricolis lingua-coelestibus una."

## PREDICTIONS.

## FULFILMENTS.

OCTOBER, 1847.

The month opens with a multitude of aspects. The Moon on the lat instant quartiles the Sun, Venus, and Mercury; Herschel being in direct opposition to the latter. On the 2nd Jupiter is in quartile to Mercury, and on the 3rd Venus meets the Sun by retrograde motion. $\Lambda$ period $s o$ replete with important configurations rarely occurs. That the "times" will prove unhinged in most of the relations which bind society together, scarcely admits of doubr.

The conjunction of the Sun and Moon on the 9th coustitutes an eclipse of the former lnminary, of unusual magnitude-remarks upon which the reader will find under a separate head; I would, however, further notice that this phenomenon falling not far distant from a quartile of the great conjunction of Saturn and Jupiter in 1842, its effects may be expected to manifest themselves with the greater force.

Church matters are likely to undergo a severe revision. Jupiter in exaltation on the cusp of the 9th house, in square to the eclipse, shows mighty contentions on these subjects. There are also indicatiods aloft of adrantage on the side of the Romish establishment, for it may well claim the application of that term to its growth and spread. An involvement of great personages and affairs connected with rule and gorernment in difficulties, not to say dauger, is signified by Solar Eclipses.
About this time the records of mortality will include several of high rank und professional dignity. Deaths, remarkable in the fullest sense of the word, may be expected.

The multitudinous questions of interest which now occupy the priblic attention, of various foreign countries, have forced journalists at home to devote much attention to foreign affairs. Hence, we find a very large portion of the columns of our daily contemporaries devoted to the discussion of these topics.
The peace of Europe-certainly the peace of Italy-seems at this moment to hany upon a thread of gossamer. If the powers who contributed to the Congress of Vienna, will adhere to the spirit and letter of treaties, we entertain litte doubs that the efferrescence in Italy will subside. and that the system which, in reference to Italy at least, has lasted for three and thirty years, will continue to endure for our generation. But ir Anstria be so illadvised as to go beyond the letter and spirit of the treaty of Vienna, and to coerce weaker States, then we say, that not only is war imminent, but the interest of the house of Hapsburgh, in the LombardoVenetian kingdom, is not henceforth worth a pin's purchase.-Daily Press, Octuber.
Much discussion arises ns to the power and revenues of the Cburch.
Preparations for opening the new Catholic Cathedral in St. Ggorge's Fields with great pomp and ceremony.
In consequence of the perplexed state of public affairs, it is determined that Parliament will meet in November-an unusually early period.

The reader need only refer to the melancholy record of the casualties of this period to see the truth of this prediction. They are too numerous to be particularized here. .

## PREDICTIONS.

"Nifit, aine Deo et Solf."
See Pro. Mess., p. 41.
For Europe at large this Solar Eclipse is ominous of immense changes in old institutions. . . . . Differences arise amongst the great ones of the earth; the soldier shall hide his weapon in the day of bittle, and power shall pass from the hands of his chief. In England the three fortheoming years will ba marked by extraordinary propositions in the legialature. tending to an extension of popular immu-nities.-" Great Annular Fclipee of the Sun, 9th Oct. 1847."-See Pro. Mess. p. 45. * * * The peace of Ireland is threatened by malignant rays. Let the influential among her sons look intently to the maintenance of that blessing.-Ibid.

England may a boon receive, Hut the Star of Prance will grieve.
France will share, nay, outatrip, neighbouring kingdnmas in examples of chungeful policy. The lond of life eclipeed near the degree in which he shone brightly at the birth of his Momarch, bores ill, and whose loss will probably be the pree lude to events which, calling into action the refractory spirits of the age, may supplant the mild attributes of peace by the devices and stralagems of war.-Ibid.

## FULFILMENTS.

The limits assigned for this portion of the Almanac will not permit treating so much at length on this most impnitas: Eclipec as the subject admits of. The re-markabl- confirmations will readily prosent themselves, on perasel, to every mind. I hope to notice them more particulariy, if space will allow, in a separate article; in the meantime a few remarks on the mow important facts may be iuteresting.

A General Thanksgiving to Almighty God is ordered throughout the United Kingdom for the blessings of an abundant harvest! A melancholy inconsistency presents itself! A portion of the Empire is threatened with tamine, pestilence, and death, at the very moment we are commanded to offer our thanksgiviugs to the Most High for having "changed our dearth into plenty, and our apprehensions and sorrows into thankfulness and joy;" Anarchy is stalking fearfully through the Sister Isle, and threatens the social system with disruption.

At this period the political state of France begins to foreshow that the throwe of Louis Phillppe is shaking to its foue dations, which the events of the following February fully confirm : and by a stranfo coincidesee, the same hospitable lad which sheltered Louis Philippe in youth received him again an exile and a wimderer in his old age.

## NOVEMBER, 1847.

The present tarrying of Mars in Taurus will be long remembered; * retrograde in that sign during the whole of November, he will arm the subjugated Pole, and the native serf of Russia; whet the rengeance of the wild tribes of the Caucasus, and may carry retribution even within the precincts of palaces. Ireland, too. is under this influence.

Happily, at New Moon, on the 8th, at 3h. 10 m . A.M., we have indications of timely measures; Venus on the eastern horizon in Libra, and Jupiter stationary in Cancer on the mid-heaven in trine to the Sun and Moon, gives earnest of liberal and popular acts on the part of the government. Numerous manifestations will also occur of devotion to an upholding of social order.

Strong efforts are agaiu made by the Poles, through their friends in this country and iu their own land, to thror off the Russian yoke.

Ill-fated Ireland! would that thy soas could be impressed with the value of the old French proverb, "Aide toi! ef Dies t'aidera!"

The new Parliament met on the 18th of November, and every disposition was manifested for the improvement as well as the maintenance of existing institutions.

The Government is determined to up hold the law with a strong arm, if re quired, against the mischievous and designing men who are now agitating the country.

## DECEMBER, 1847.

The positions and long-enduring quartile aspect of the superiors, Herschel and Jupiter, denote division of opinion in the councils of the state.

There is a great career opening on him who, placed by Parliament and the Queen foremost in the Ministry of England, in a period of acknowledged peril, would riak offending a few for the grateful applanse of the many, - who would dare be what the age requires ; fearleasly and willingly propose, amid the assembled representatives

## PREDICTIONS.

Fhus draws to its close a year memoraa for diversity of feature. Trying as it sy have been to those whose lot it is to vern; fearful as may have been the thering of hosts, or the clash of arms, yond the broad waters that encircle itain, her power remains undiminished; id equalled only by a forbearance springg from consciousness that she holds it in ust for the maintenance of peace.

## FULFILMENTS.

of the people, thome real reforme of abseses that prey upon the vital principles of a mation and the healthful growith of its industry. A time has arrived in which all the elements of discord, ripened by the accumulating infuences of want and disease, are hovering over the white embers of a fire smouldering into a flame, which may burst over Europe with the fury of a volcamo.

This has been indeed a most eventfud year, and dark, ominous clouds gather round its cloee.

Still Great Britain maintains its proud supremacy; it may be said tiguratively, with eyes
" Which melted in lore and wonld kindle in war."

JANUARY, 1848.

Operationes Planetarum nxnquam cessant -the influences of the Stars cease not. et us inquire what may be their portents or the present year. At the firat New Ioon on the 6th, at seven minutes past oon, the scheme of the expanse is startling - * the sidereal monitors are indeed eplete with threatenings, as if to confirm nd bear out the impress of the late Solar iclipse upon human affairs. Distracted, lecause difficult, times appear to be seting in ; and old laws by which the multiude have been governed, to be yielding o new circumstances.

The opposition of the luminaries and Jupiter, ruler of the 3 th and 12 th , from Tropical Signs, denotes speedy events, and from concurrent aspects I gather that haste in the adoption of public measures to meet emergencies will occur early in the year. Mars in Taurus, seated upon the cusp of the ascendant, urges on the work of strife in Ireland, his sextile to Saturn adding subtlety to the more daring projects instigated by the former.

Among domestic events some special delinquency, or affliction, of a churchman will be heard of.

This prediction was made from the conEgurations at the New Moon on the 6th of January : it munt not be expected that the effects of a lunation will cease in one month. Every nation in Europe exemplities its fulfilment. Old laws, indEED, have yielded to new circumstances.

Plainly denoting the approach of revolutionary movements in France and throughout Earope.
Mars in Taurus did truly affect unhappy Ireland. The cold-blooded murders and violent outrages committed When Mars was in that sign, from ; 5th August, 1847, to the 24th March, 1888, are proofs of the power which that planet possesses of exciting the evil passions of mankind.
The serious dispute arising from the selection of Dr. Hampden to fulfil the office of a bishop may be noticed as confirmatory of this prediction.

## FEBRUARY, 1848.

I have in some other pages entered so mach into detail as to events likely to happen about this poriod, that I take speoe to call the attention of my readers to the protracted stay of the planet Mars in Taurus, in which sigu (direct or retrograde) he has remained since the 5th of August last year, quitting it only on the 24th of the present.month. I do so to make mention of the effects produced by this malific Star when for any considerable time near the earth. Individual crime, loss of life by accident, cand national evils, have during this interval been greatly more prevalent thau usual; so much 30 that I purpose giving a record of them nest year.

Yet the elements of other changes a wait bat the moment that shall awaken them

The reader need only refer to the recent eventful occurrences in France particw larly, and in other continental states, to perceive how strictly and accurately has been the fulfiment of these important predictions.
Paris, with its hundred citadels, did indeed witness dreadful struqgles, to which Louis-Philippe fell a victim.
When will monarchs profit by the lessons of the past? Have Charles I. and Louis XVI. bent their hends on the scaffold in vain! Both amiable and estimable in every private relation of life, they fell, the atoning sacrifice of a long system of misrule and abuse, which they wanted either the, energy or the power to remedy.
Even so Louis-Philippe, the child and the sovereign of a revolution, unwisely and selfishly seeks the aggrandisement of

## PREDICTIONS.

to action; and Paris, with its many citadols, may witness struggles as violent as those that in deatroying the kingly office opesed a vista wherein we may trace succescive phaees and usurpations of power, and of which Louis-Phillippe is the terminatiog point or object.

The ligure before me is of a martial cast, showing a determined reliance upon armed forces for secumplishing his plans. - Herschel from Aries hovering over the opposition of the San at birth, and Saturn in a like configuration to his radieal place from Pisces (whether happening in the nativity of prince or subject), donote grave minfortunes. Evil will also manifest itself nmong the family of Louis Philippe, and derangement in the rich fortunes of the house of Orleans.-"Nativity of Louis-Philippe," p. 48.

MARCH, 1848.
The Sun suffers Eelipee * while joined with Baturn, and Jupiter halts in his celostial career through Cancer, as if to ponder upon impending woee. Theee highly-fraught condigurations are to hens of the vacation of a thrume, and it may be the annihilation of sovereign power in a family.

Rumours of a martial kind will he prevaleut, with movements of armed forces; and though Britain still holds the balance among nations with a firm and steady hand, its equilibrium is endangered. This month is likely to be productive of much occupation to those intrusted with the preservation of peace and order; violence and fraud will be rife in the great City and surrounding districts.

## FULFILMENTS.

his own family at the expese of be country he was called upon to goves, and the people have "dashed hia tre his high estate," and have drivea tin and his, exiles and wanderers on the fue of the earth. "Sic transit gloria made."

The confirmation of the warning of the preceding month are most remartalith Loouis Philippe lands in Engtese, tio asylum in "life's morn," and nor ind age, esclaiming, "Thank God, I II ence more on English ground !"

This month has been marked hy got events in Germany ! Metiernich ws fallen, and Austria is free!
Much alarm excited by the Charis movements throughont the kingdin (ive metropolis not excepted), and by in mischievous demagogues in the sive Country.

APRIL, 1848.

If I am right in my interpretations of the symbols alon, we shall about this time have strange intelligence of the state of political afiairs in France, and unexpected fluctuatious in the fortunes of many persons of note there.

The approaching quartile of Mercury and Saturn to Mars should awaken care for the maintenance of public trauquillity and safety ; crime, insubordination, and many casualties affecting life and property, usually attend the transit of the Intter through Gemini, the ruling sign of London.

This subject has already been so tily adverted to, that it is almost idle to rete more at length to the sad fluctuatioes which have occurred in the fortunes of those great ones of the Earth-who probably considered themselves securty harboured from the waves of advenjity.

Chartist meetings in Trafalgar Square, Clerkenwell, and Kennington Connon, threatening serions results. The prowntionary measures adopted by the Gonfr ment, combined with the zeal and loyalty of the middle classes of the commanity, effectually suppressed them.

MAY, 1848.
On the 1st Venus is joined with Herschel; on the 6th and 13th, the Sun sextiles Jupiter and Saturn respectively. Mercury, disposed by Venus, salutes in succession Mars, Jupiter, and Saturn with a similar ray ; thence he passes into his own domal dignity in Gemini, where, devoid of evil influence or aspects, he gives promise of sound policy on the part of our legislators, especially in the passing of some important measures respecting Ireland, \&zc.

This will prove a season of public gaiety, or display, attended by promotions

The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland $p$ e sided at the Privy Council in Dablis Castle; when proclamations were agred to, extending the act for the preveativan crime. The arrest of Mr. John Mitchell was effected; and the State prosections commenced agaiust W. S. O'Brien and T. F. Meagher.

[^2]
## PREDICTIONS.

- offices and dignities; though very proably clouded by the demise of a female thigh rank.

On the 5th Jupiter quartiles Herschel ; configuration denoting affliction to one igh in the church or law; on the lift re Sun and Saturn bear the same hostile elation-a great politician, or magistrate. effers in person, or vacates his official eat.

During June we have the Sun, Jupiter, Mars, Venus, and Mercury, in various legrees of the Summer Tropic ; the comnercial world will seem undecided in :heir operations, seeking with anxiety for well-founded foreign intelligence on which to shape their course of action. ** * Both the National and Mercantile Navies of Britain will ride securely on the main; aud however distracted may be the state of other countries, trade flows hither in a copious stream.
The quartile aspect of Herschel and Mercury on the 18th is an argument of the death or disability of an individual high in eatimation in the scientific or literary circles.

## FULFILMENTS.

Sophis, daughter of his late Majesty George the Third. and Aunt to the Queen. who expired at half-past six o'clock on Saturday afernoon the 2ith of May, at her residence at Kensingtom.
1848.

Monsieur Blanqui, one of the members of the Provisional Government of Frinco in February last, was arrested and conveyed to Vincennes, one of the state prisons of France.

Some of the passing events, as noted in the predictions for the month of June and for the Summer quarter, may be brielly adverted to.

The critical state of Spain may also be noticed, when the Ambassador of Great Britain was compelled to resign his official seat.

While France, and indeed almost every country throughout Continental Europe. are shaken to their foundations, and commerce, with all the social relations of life, are almoat paral yzed, Grent Britain, and its dependencies with little exception, " keeps its high estate."

James Watt, Esq., the last surviving son of the illustrious inventor of the steam-engine, died at Birmingham in his 80th year. He inherited a large share of the powerful intellect of his father.

## JULY, 1848.

" The condition of Naples is such an to render the future fate of the kingdom extremely doubtful. The result of the attempt to procure a parliament, animatel by a different spirit from the last, has nut been favourable. Some of the provinces, as the Calabrias, have risen in open insurrection ; Apulia and tha Basilicata have refused to elect deputies; others have re-elected the former deputies. The Calabrian insurrection had assumed a formidable character, the insurgents not only being animated with a desperate enthusiasm, but also consisting of large numbers."-Daily News, July 7, 1843.
" Dheantul Storm.-The fearful storm which visited Kent on Saturdny morning has not been equalled in that district for many years. Not a village in the neighbuurhood apparently has escaped its fury. and the destruction umongst the cattle is very considerable. The crops in many districts have also suffered, and numerous farms were fired by the electric fluid. Near Canterbury many heads of cattle were atruck dead. At Faversham, Snoad Street Farm, in the parish of Throwley, the property of Lord Sondes, was fired by the lightning, and a large quantity of this year's grain was consumed. The farm of Mr. Coleman, at East Street, Ash, was set on fire, and much of the property destroyed. Near Lenham a labouring man was killed by the lightning. In the vici-

Mars steadily progressing through Leo, though increasing his distance from our planet, and without additional stimulus to mischief, io yet potent in keeping ulive the spirit of the lialian people; and Jnpiter touching that regal sign on the 16th, will give power and dignity to their efforts for emancipation from despotic sway. The conjunction of the Sun, Jupiter, and Venas, on the 22nd and $24 t \mathrm{th}$ (also in Leo). - ill give rise to some great public act, or decleration, going lar to originate a new order of things among the numerous States heretofore but shadows of the ascient puissance of Rome.

Saturn, Mercury, and Herschel becoming stationary during the month, many, and probably violent, atmospheric changes may be expected, with a prevalent dampness affecting the general health; catarthal complaints are likely to be common.

PREDICTIONS.

## FULFILMENTS.

nity of Mnidstone the most fearful havoe was produced. Had we spece we might give a frightful catalogue of the darape done in all directions. The storm did great mischief on the borders of Surrey. At Woodcut as many as thirty sheep were killed in a flock.'-Hampskire. Advertiser July 22, 1848。

## AUGUST, 1848.

The orb of light and life, accompanied by the benefics, holds on his majestic course through the celestial Lion, shedding benefits on many lands. Not so the stars that poseses the temporary dominion in Aries and Pisces, where, retrograde, they inflict additional evils. Mars, too, has ingressed Viryo, the sign ruling Paris and other chief cities of Prance, where wo shall hear of tumult and demonstrations of popular strength; the Eclipee of the Sun in that sign on the zsth, though invisible, will excite struggles againat the ruling power in that country, with odium and disasters to those in official capacities.

On the 14th the Sun trines Herachel; and, on the following day, Mercury, in his rapid transit through Leo, joins Jupiter, trining Herschel on the 24th. These aspects in signs of power indicate wise and determined counsels in the conduct of our own public affairs, and the upholding of order with $a$ strong but considerate hand.

Although the fall of rain during the summer months is, in my judgment, likely to exceed an average quantity, the weether towards the close of the last month will prove favourable for the continental harvest, and the latter half of August propitious for gathering the corn in this country.

France is still all agitation, as the swell of a mighly ocean aiter the storm ; and events forthcoming still appear must sarious and doubtful in that disturbed and turbulent land.

The Government determined to carry mesures for the security of the penceable and well disposed (which we believe eorstitutes the majority of Her Majesty's subjects) by adoptiuy the most stringent proceedings. The Habeas Corpus Surpension Act passed through ite stages in the Howe of Lords in one day-the standing order being suspended for the purpose.
The weather proved exceedingly wet during the entire season; but a most $f$ avourable change takes place at the latter part of this month, dispersing the gluomy clouds which appeared to hang over the proopects of the forthooming harvet.

## SEPTEMBER, 1848.

-     - Deatha amang those colebrated for rank or talent, will be numervus; indeed the mortality among persons of atation, of both sexes, may be expected to exceed the average.

This total obecuration of the Moon hapWens on the 13 th of September. times; witnessing changes none living could have expected to see; the bulk of the people suffering * * * from the doubtful issue of questious of great domestic importance, the agitation of neighbouring nations, and other minor causes. But we have reason to rely that the patriotism and wealth of the comparatively few and favoured will again and again combine in sustaining and directing the energies of Britain, whose halt in an onward course of commercial and political greatness would be the signal of disaster to the world."Nativity of Queen Victoria," Pro. Mess. p. 39.

On the 21st Lord George Bentinck diel suddenly, of spasm of the heart. Captain Polhill, a prominent member of the lower House and author of several publications of merit, died on the 20th.
Whilst mighty Empires, which were es teemed almost as stable as the Univense, are shaken to their very foundations; when monarchs and prinoes are "fillen from their high estate," and driven into exile and poverty, our own Queen Victais still pursues "the even tenor of her way." In this month she procseded in the usual state to prorogue her Parliament. and vas received by Tens of Thousands of her people with calm respect and affection.
For many, many years, may our Sorereign be spared to ameliorate and improre the condition of the vast Empire which Providence has called her to govern, availing herself of the counsels of the wise and the good.
May she continue to reign in the hearts of a high-minded and generous people! then will she be seated more securely on her Island Throne than if encircled with walls of adamant;
"And when old Time shall bring her to her end
Goodness and she fill up one monumeat."

# Explanation of the Scenes in the Fieroglyphic for the Year 1848. 

> With what an awful world-revolving power Here first the unwieldy Planets launch'd along The illimitable vold I there to remain Amid the flux of many thousand years, That of have swept the toiling race of men And all their labour'd monuments away!

The Illustrations in the Hieroglyphic of the year 1848 will require little xplanation from the pen of the Astrologer; they are so obvious and explicit, hat the most casual observer cannot fail to understand their signification, is truly prophetic of the startling events of the year.
In the centre of the Plate is a figure representing Time, who is trampling upon a shield bearing an eagle, the emblem of Austria, foretelling and :xemplifying the changes about to occur in that empire, and the defeat of he Austrians by the Italians. In close approximation with Time is the orm of a Prophet, grasping in his left hand the emblematic sign of thePlanet Herschel, and pointing to the wondrous changes in various Enropean states which that orb would effect in his passage through Aries. In the shadowy distance is seen an assemblage of Crowned Heads, the aged and the young, most pointedly alluding to the abdication of Louis-Philippein favour of his grandchild, and, finally, the changeful and uncertain condition of kingly power throughout the various countries of Europe; and, indeed, it may be said, of the "world we live in."
In the left-hand corner the Revolution in France is typified-the soldier and the citizen mingled together; the French tricolor floating over the immense rush of soldiery and of people, forcibly marks out the Revolution of 1848.
In the upper corner a crowded populace is assembled, with the leaders raised aloft and haranguing the people-the soldiers looking quietly on; this has reference to the numerous Chartist Meetings held in London and throughout the United Kingdom, and to the important movements of the military in the metropolis and elsewhere.
In the right-hand corner the English soldiery are attacking the Chinese: it will be recollected that six Englishmen were murdered by the latter, and that the British authorities were compelled to resort to arms for due satisaction in this sad affair.

The steamers and vessels in the upper part of the Hieroglyphic represent he general shipping interest of Great Britain, and have reference to the proposed alterations in the navigation laws.

Time, the great unfolder of all sublunary things, will soon make manieat the portions of the Hieroglyphic still unexplained-as it embraces the whole of the year 1848.

May that portion of the year still in the dark shadow of futurity, "prove ropitious, and the horrors of domestic or foreign discord be far averted rom this favoured land. We are in the hands of an allwise Providence, md will say, in the words of one of the wise and good of the olden time,

[^3]
§anuary XXXI 国ans.

| D$M$ | Mars ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  | Venus |  | Mercary's |  | Moon'sNode. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Latitude. | Declin. | Latitude. | clin. | Latitude. | Declin. |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | - |  |
| 1 | 017 S | 236 S | 147 S | 1622 S | 127 S | 2446 S | 15m229 |
| 4 | 019 | 2319 | 142 | 157 | 134 | 2439 | 1520 |
|  | 020 | 2331 | 136 | 1348 | 151 | 2419 | 1510 |
| 10 | 022 | 2340 | 129 | 1227 | . 158 | 2345 | 1511 |
| 13 | 024 | 2348 | 122 | 112 | 24 | 2257 | 1451 |
| 16 | 026 | 2353 | 114 | 936 | 26 | 2156 | $14 \quad 42$ |
| 19 | 028 | 2356 | 15 | 87 | 22 | 2040 |  |
| 22 | 030 | 2357 | 055 | 636 | 154 | 199 | 1423 |
| 25 | 032 | 2355 | 044 | 55 | 140 | 1726 |  |
| 28 | 034 | 2352 | 032 | 332 | 123 | 1531 | $14 \quad 4$ |
| 31 | 036 | 2346 | 020 | 159 | 057 | 1327 | $13 \quad 54$ |




平ebruary XXVIII 建ans.


1849.] RAPHAEL'S PROPHETIC ALMANAC. 81
\&flarct) XXXI 用avs.

| M | Mars' |  | Venus' |  | Mercury's |  | Moon's <br> Node. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Latitude. | Declin. | Latitude. | Declin. | Latitude. | Declin. |  |
|  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 056 S | 2055 S | 211 N | 1232 N | 311 N | 831 S | 12 m 22 |
| 4 | 058 | 2026 | 228 | 1352 | 235 | 947 | $12 \quad 13$ |
| 7 | 10 | 1956 | 246 | 1510 | 153 | 1048 | 123 |
| 10 | 12 | 1923 | 34 | 1625 | 111 | 1129 | 1154 |
| 13 | 14 | 1849 | 322 | 1736 | 029 | 1151 | 1144 |
| 16 | 16 | 1813 | 340 | 1844 | 08 S | 1154 | 1135 |
| 19 | 17 | 1735 | 358 | 1948 | 042 | 1140 | 1125 |
| 22 | 19 | 1656 | 414 | 2047 | 111 | 119 | 1116 |
| 25 | 111 | 1615 | 431 | 2143 | 135 | 1023 | 116 |
| 28 | 113 | 1533 | 446 | 2234 | 156 | 924 | $10 \quad 57$ |
| 31 | 115 | 1450 |  | 2320 | 211 | 811 | $10 \quad 47$ |


| h's | \%'sLong. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Long. } \mathrm{s} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ¢ong's. } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { quys } \\ \text { Long. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mutual } \\ \text { Aspects. } \end{gathered}$ | Lunar Aspects. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 방 | W) 2 | 4 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 |  | $4 \Omega 40$ | 0\%\%4 | 4627 | 27 r 12 | 29M\%57 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 214 | 4 R .34 |  | 3228 |  | 29 R .11 |  |  |  | * |  | * |  |  |
| 26 | 914 | 428 | 17 | 1729 |  | $28 \quad 30$ | ¢ * |  |  |  |  |  |  | * $\Delta$ |
| 26 | 1614 | 421 | 3 | 30 | $0 \times 12$ | $27 \quad 55$ |  | $\triangle$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 526 | 2314 | 4 | 48 | 481 | 110 | $27 \quad 27$ |  |  |  |  | $\Delta$ |  |  |  |
| 626 | 3014 | 4 | 33 | 33 | 28 | 27 |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |
| 726 | 3814 |  | 18 | 183 | 36 | $26 \quad 52$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\Delta$ | 8 |
| 826 | 4513 | 3 | 4 | 44 | 43 | $26 \quad 45$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 926 | 5213 | 3 | 50 | 504 | $4 \quad 59$ | 26 D. 44 |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| 1027 | 013 | 347 | 36 | 365 | $5 \quad 56$ | 2648 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1127 | 713 | 342 | 21 | 216 | 6 | $26 \quad 59$ |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |
|  | 1513 | 3 |  | 77 | $7 \quad 47$ | $27 \quad 15$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\triangle$ |
|  | 2313 | 3 | 53 | 38 | 841 | $27 \quad 37$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ |  |  |
| 27 | 3013 3813 | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 28 \\ 3 & 24\end{array}$ | 38 | 38.9 | $9 \quad 35$ | 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ |
| 27 | 4513 |  |  | 1011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17.27 | 5313 | 3 | 1256 | 5612 | 212 | 2950 |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | * |
| 28 | 3 | 3 |  | 13 | 3 | $0 \times 33$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 4 \square 0 \\ 0 \delta b \end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\Delta$ |  |
| 1928 | 13 |  |  | 713 | 353 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2028 | 1613 |  | 1513 | 314 | $\begin{array}{ll} 0 & 32 \\ 4 & 42 \end{array}$ | $2 \quad 12$ |  |  |  |  | 8 | 8 |  |  |
| 2128 | 2313 |  | $15 \quad 59$ | 915 | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & 31\end{array}$ | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2228 | 3012 | 257 |  | 4516 | 19 | $4 \quad 0$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ठ |
| 2328 | 3812 | 24 |  | 317 |  | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |
| 2428 | 4512 | 21 |  | 617 | 752 |  |  | ¢ |  |  | $\delta$ |  |  |  |
| 2528 | 5212 |  |  | 218 | 37 | $7 \begin{array}{ll}7 & 7\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | $\triangle$ | $\triangle$ |  |  |
| 2629 | 012 |  |  | 4819 | 921 | $8 \quad 14$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2729 | 712 |  |  | 3420 | - 4 | 9 |  |  |  |  | $\square$ | $\square$ | - ठ | * |
|  | 1512 |  |  | 920 | 461 | $10 \quad 34$ | $\mathrm{H} *$ ot |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |
|  | 2212 |  |  | 521 | 271 | 1148 |  |  |  |  | * | * |  |  |
| 29 | 3012 |  | 2251 | 122 |  | 13 |  |  |  |  | $\square$ |  | $\Delta$ |  |
| 29 | 3712 | 236 |  | 3722 |  | 14.22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| 82 |  | APBARL's | s | PHETIC | c almana |  | 1848 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mpril XXX ${ }^{\text {mans }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\underset{\mathbf{M}}{\mathbf{D}}$ | Sun's | Herschel's |  | Saturn's |  | Japiter's |  |  |
|  |  | Letitude. | Declin. | Latitude. | Declin. | Letitude. | Decli |  |
|  |  | $\bigcirc{ }^{\circ} \circ$ |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |
| 1 |  | 035 S 7 | 754 N | 24 S | S 205 | ON |  |  |
| 4 | 16 0 | 0357 | 758 | 24 | 152 |  |  |  |
| 7 | 1559 | 0358 | 82 | 24 | 143 | 059 |  |  |
| 10 | 1558 | 03518 | 86 | 25 | 135 | 059 | 18 |  |
| 13 | 1557 | 0348 | 810 | 26 | 127 | 059 |  |  |
| 16 | 1557 | 0348 | 814 | 2 | 118 | 059 | 175 | 59 |
| 19 | 1556 | 034 | 818 | 26 | 110 | 058 | 17 | 57 |
| 22 | 1555 | 0348 | 821 | 26 | 13 | 058 | 175 | 55 |
| 25 | 1554 | 0348 | 825 | 26 | 055 | 058 | 175 | 52 |
| 28 | 1554 | 0348 | 829 |  | 047 | 058 | 17 | 49 |
| $\begin{array}{\|c\|c} \mathbf{n} & \mathbf{y} \\ \mathbf{M} & \mathbf{w} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { cqu. of } \\ & \text { c. } \\ & \text { Time. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Declin. } \\ & \text { Declin } \end{aligned}$ | ©ong. | Long. Pat | ${ }_{\text {Declin }}^{\text {Di }}$ |  |  |
|  | R. ${ }_{\text {R. }}$ |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - 04629 |  | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 4 \mathrm{~N} 37 \\ \mathbf{5} \\ \hline \end{array} \right\rvert\, 11$ | 2 38 <br> 3 37 | $10 \Omega 572$ |  | 42141 |  |
| 3 Tv | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 50 \\ 0 & 5 \\ 0\end{array}$ | 8320 | $\begin{array}{llll}5 & 23\end{array}$ |  |  | 35115 | 5421 | 56.21 |
| 4 W | O 05346 | 46.32 | 5461 | 1436 | $\begin{array}{r} 24191 \\ 7 \mathrm{~m} 280 \end{array}$ |  | 2421 |  |
| 5 TH |  | 5 | $\begin{array}{lr}6 & 8115\end{array}$ | $15 \quad 3520$ |  | N46 | ${ }_{28} 2121$ |  |
| $6{ }^{6} \mathrm{~F}$ | ( $\begin{array}{cccc}0 & 57 & 25 \\ 1 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | $4{ }_{4}^{2} 26$ | $6 \quad 3116$ | $6 \quad 34$ | 3^101 | 530 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 & 4\end{array}$ | 43.2989 | $\left.\begin{array}{lll\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \hline 6 & 54 & 17 \\ 7 & 16 \end{array} \right\rvert\, 8$ |  | $\begin{array}{rrrr}15 & 432\end{array}$ | 543 S 3 | ${ }_{31}^{28121}$ |  |
| ${ }_{9}^{8} 8$ | 1823 | 231527 |  | $\left.\begin{array}{ll} 18 & 32 \\ 19 & 31 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  | 4571 | 822 |  |
| 10 | 1122 | 2135 | $\begin{array}{lll} 7 & 16 \mid 18 \\ 7 & 38 & 19 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \mathrm{~m} 204 \\ 22 \quad 244 \end{array}$ | 2510 | 4422 |  |
| ${ }_{11} 10$ | $\begin{array}{rlrl} 1 & 19 & 22 & 1 \\ 1 & 23 & 2 & 8 \\ 1 & 0 & 4 & 8 \end{array}$ |  | $8 \quad 120$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{cc} 52 \mid 13 & 40 \\ 7 & 16 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| $12 \mathrm{TH}_{\mathrm{H}}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll}8 & 23 \\ 8 & 45\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \nmid 225 \\ 16 \\ 165 \end{array}$ | 8173 | 82 |  |
|  | 1264 | 43030 | 8 45 <br> 9 62 <br>   <br> 1  |  | $28 \quad 84$ | 56183 | 122 |  |
| 14.5 | 13025 | 25015 | 9 28 <br> 1  | 425 | 104934 | 3118 | 22 |  |
|  | $12 \frac{1}{\text { Add. }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 M | 13748 | $\begin{array}{r\|rr:r} 6 & 0 & 1 & 9 \\ 48 & 0 & 15 & 10 \end{array}$ |  |  | 4, 4183 | 54174 | 112 | 22 |
| 17 Tu | U 1413 | 3003010 | 132 | 2720 | 16482 | 813 | 4722 | 22 |
| 18 W | 1451 | 1304310 | 15328 |  | 29391 | 210 | 382 | 22 |
| 19 TH | 1485 | 5605711 | 142 | 2918 | $12 \times 550$ | 9 | 52 | 22 |
| 20 F | 1523 | 3911011 | 134 | $0{ }^{4} 16$ | 26 38'1 | 22 | 362 | 22 |
| 21.5 | 156 | 2312311 | 155 | 15 | $10 \times 482$ | 321 N 5 | 562 |  |
| 22 \% | 20 | 813512 | 215 | 13 | $25 \quad 223$ | 346 | 2922 |  |
| 23 M | 235 | 5214712 | 1235 | 311 | 108134 | 2310 | 432 | 22 |
| 24 Tu | 273 | 3815812 | 1255 | 10 | $25 \quad 144$ | 5514 | 192 | 22 |
| 25. | 2112 | 23.2913 | 1315 | 8 | $810 \square 155$ | 6116 | 58 |  |
| 26 TH | H 2151 | 1021913 | $13 \quad 34$ | 7 | $25 \quad 74$ | 5618 | 26 |  |
| 27 F | 2185 | 5622913 | $3 \quad 53$ | 5 | 9®8424 | 2718 | $40 \cdot 2$ |  |
| 28. | 2224 | 4423814 | 1212 | 3 | 23573 | 4217 |  |  |
| 29 $\mathscr{B}$ <br> 30  | 2263 | 3124714 | 1431 | 9 | $7 \Omega 492$ | 4515 | 4023 |  |
| $30 / \mathrm{M}$ | M 2301 | $19 \mid 255.14$ |  |  | \|21 19,1 | 40,12 | 4923 | 23 |



| 84 |  | RAPHAEL＇ | ＇S PROP | PEETIC | almanac． | ． | ［1849． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| f成的 XXXI 思aps． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\underset{M}{\text { D }}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Sun's } \\ \text { Semidiam. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Herchel＇s |  | Saturn＇s |  | Japiter＇s |  |  |
|  |  | Latitude． | $\frac{\text { hel's }}{\text { Declin. }}$ | Latitude． | Declin． | Lstitude． | Decin． |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \circ & \prime \\ \hline 0 & 40 \mathrm{~S} \end{array}$ |  | －1 |  |
| 1 | 15530 | 034 S 8 | 833 N | 28 S |  | $057 \mathrm{~N}$ | 1745 N |  |
| 4 | 15520 | 0348 | 836 | 2 |  | 057 | $\begin{aligned} & 1741 \\ & 1737 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 7 | 15520 | 0358 | 840 | 29 | 026 | 057 |  |  |
| 10 | 15510 | 0358 | 843 | 2 | 019 | 056 |  | 737 |
| 13 | 1550 | 0358 | 847 | 210 |  | 055 | 1732 |  |
| 16 | 1550 | 0358 | 850 | 210 |  | 055 | 1721 |  |
| 19 | 1549 | 0358 | 853 | 210 | 0 0 | 05517 | 715 |  |
| 22 | 1549 | 0358 | 857 | 211 | 0 5 0 N | 054 | $\begin{array}{ll}17 & 8 \\ 17 \\ 1\end{array}$ |  |
| 25 | 1548 | 0359 | 90 | 212 | 011 | 054 |  |  |
| 28 | 1548 | 0359 |  | 212 | $\begin{array}{lll} 0 & 16 \\ 0 & 21 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll\|l} 0 & 54 \\ 0 & 54 \end{array}$ | 1654 |  |
| 31 | 1547 | 35 9 | 9 | 213 |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{l\|l\|} \hline \mathbf{p} & \mathbf{D} \\ \mathbf{w} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline \text { Equ. of } \\ \text { Time. } \end{array}$ | Decelin． | $\begin{aligned} & 0^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{s} \\ & \text { Long. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Long．R＇ | ${ }_{\text {Declin．}}$ |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{lll} \text { H. } \\ 2 & 3 . & 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{cc} \circ \\ 10 & 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline 0 \\ 23 r \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 1 Tu |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 W | 23757 | 57 3 11 15 | 52611 |  | 412929 7 22 0 |  | 423 |  |
| ${ }^{3} \mathrm{TH}$ | 24147 | $47{ }^{3} 1715$ | 54312 | 254 | 시 113 |  | 42 |  |
| 4 F | 24537 | 3732416 | 6113 | 35212 | 2924 | 42 LS 2 | 23 |  |
| 5 S | 24928 | 2832916 | 61814 |  | 4733 | 3361 | 82 |  |
|  | 25320 | 2033516 | $6 \quad 3515$ |  | 7574 41 | 1495 | 123 |  |
| 7 M | 25711 | 1133916 | 65216 | 646 | 1442 | 421258 | 82 |  |
| ${ }_{8}^{8} \mathrm{Tu}$ | $\begin{array}{llll}3 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | 434317 | $7 \quad 817$ | 744 | f04 58 | 581530 | 23 |  |
| 9 W | 3457 | 5734717 | 72418 | 84212 | 545 | $117 \quad 23$ | 2323 |  |
| 10 TH | 3851 | 5135017 | 74019 |  | 474 | 5118 | 1123 |  |
|  | 31245 | 45035117 | 75520 |  | 勺¢39 428 | 2818 | 5023 |  |
|  | 31640 | 4035418 | 81121 |  | 33353 | 53181 | 123 |  |
| 13 ¢ | 32035 | 3535518 | $8 \quad 25$ |  | － 2343 | 8161414145 | 923 |  |
| $14 . \mathrm{M}$ | 32431 | 3135518 | $8 \quad 4023$ | 31 | 46｜ 214 |  | 124 |  |
| 15 Tv | 32828 | 2835518 | $8 \quad 5424$ | $4 \quad 2925$ | 13112 | $12 \mid 12$ |  |  |  |
| 16 W | 33225 | 25.35419 | 9825 | 527 | P 00 | 5 | 3124 |  |
| ${ }_{17} \mathrm{TH}$ | 33623 | $23-35319$ | 92226 | 62521 | 1115 | 2 | 2924 |  |
| 18 | 34022 | 2235119 | 93527 |  | － 51213 | 3 | 724 | 414 |
|  | 34420 | 2049919 | 9 48 |  | 0315 | 5 4N2 | 2624 |  |
|  | 34820 | 2034620 |  | 918 | 8374 7 | 785 | 5124 |  |
| $21 . \mathrm{M}$ | 35220 | $20.342{ }^{20}$ | O 130 | 0II 1518 | 36443 | 3125 | 5024 |  |
| 22 Tv | 35621 | 11.338120 | O 251 | 113 | II505 | 016 | 124 |  |
| 23 W | 4022 | $22{ }_{2} \mathbf{3} 34420$ | 0 | $2 \quad 1119$ | 8455 | 518 | 624 |  |
| ${ }_{25}^{24}{ }_{2} \mathbf{T H}$ | 4423 | 23.32920 | 048 | 381 | ¢174 40 | 0185 | 5424 |  |
| 25. | 4826 | $26{ }^{3} 2320$ | 059 | 4619 | 8347 | 7182 | 2124 |  |
| 26 | 41228 | 88 31717 | 19  | 543 | ת35 250 | 016 | 3724 |  |
| 27 | 41631 | $1{ }^{3} 101021$ | 206 | $\begin{array}{llll}6 & 1 & 17\end{array}$ | 36144 | 413 | 5524 |  |
| ${ }_{29}^{28} \mathrm{M}$ | 42035 42439 |  | 1296 | $6 \quad 59$ | m 90035 | 510 | 3224 |  |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l\|l\|} 29 & \mathrm{~T} \\ 30 & \mathrm{~W} \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 42439 428 4 |  | 1 39 7 | $7 \quad 5614$ | 18 0N35 | 54 | 4324 |  |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l\|l\|l\|} 30 & \mathrm{~W} \\ 31 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | ｜l｜lll $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 4 \\ & 4\end{aligned}$ | 4324821 | 18 <br> 18 | $8{ }^{8} 515427$ | 5141 | 124 | 4224 |  |

ffay XXXI 囬ays．

| D | Mars＇ |  | Venus＇ |  | Mercury＇s |  | Moon＇s <br> Node． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Latitude． | Declin． | Latitude． | Declin． | Latitude． | Declin． |  |
|  | －， | － |  |  |  |  | －＇ |
| 1 | 129 S | 622 S | 518 N | 2454 N | 030 S | 1347 N | 9 似 8 |
| 4 | 130 | 530 | 455 | 2413 | $0 \quad 1 \mathrm{~N}$ | 1616 | 859 |
| 7 | 131 | 437 | 427 | 2321 | 033 | 1836 | 849 |
| 10 | 132 | 343 | 353 | 2221 | 12 | 2040 | 840 |
| 13 | 133 | 250 | 314 | 2114 | 130 | 2225 | $8 \quad 30$ |
| 16 | 133 | 156 | 233 | $20 \quad 4$ | 150 | 2346 | $8 \quad 21$ |
| 19 | 134 | 13 | 150 | 1854 | 26 | 2445 | $8 \quad 11$ |
| 22 | 134 | $0 \quad 9$ | 17 | 1748 | 213 | 2521 | $8 \quad 2$ |
| 25 | 135 | 044 N | 026 | 1648 | 215 | 2537 | 752 |
| 28 | 135 | 137 | 013 S | 1555 | 28 | 2536 | 743 |
| 31 | 135 | 230 | 049 | 1512 | 155 | 2520 | $7 \quad 33$ |


| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{D} \\ & \mathrm{M} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { h's } \mathrm{s} \text { s } \\ \text { Long. } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H's } \\ & \text { Long. } \end{aligned}$ | $\xrightarrow{\text { Long．s．}}$ | $\xrightarrow{\text { Long }}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Mutual } \\ \text { Aspects. } \end{array}$ | Lunar Aspects． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 번 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 rl 13 | 313 | $3 \Omega 19$ | 917 $\times 19$ | 928 8 | 8¢13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\Delta$ |
|  | 320 | 013 |  | 2318 | 527 r． 35 | 351021 |  | $\Delta$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 326 | 613 |  | 271851 | 1278 | 81230 |  |  |  | 8 |  |  | $\Delta$ | $\Delta$ |
|  | 32 |  |  | 321936 | 62640 | 401440 | $\bigcirc \square 4$ |  |  |  | ＊ |  |  |  |
| 5 | 38 | 813 |  | $3620 \quad 22$ | 226 | $816 \quad 50$ |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 44 | 413 | 1341 | 4121 | 725 | 5519 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 51 | 113 | 1346 | 462153 | 3251 | 12111 |  |  |  |  | $\square$ | $\Delta$ | $\Delta 8$ | 8 |
| 8 | 357 | 5713 | $13 \quad 52$ | 22238 | 82426 | 2623 20 |  |  |  | $\Delta$ |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 4 | 313 | 1357 | 5723 | 42350 | 502530 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 4 | 914 | 143 | $324 \quad 10$ | 02313 | 32738 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | $4 \quad 15$ | 514 |  | 82456 | 62235 | 352944 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | 421 | 211 |  | 142541 | 12158 | 581 1п50 | $\bigcirc$ ¢ 9 |  |  |  |  |  | $\Delta$ | $\Delta$ |
| 13 | 426 | 2614 |  | 202626 | 62119 | 19354 | 々＊¢ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\Delta$ |
| 14 | 432 | 3214 |  | 262712 | $220 \quad 42$ | 42555 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 438 | 3814 |  | 322757 | 720 | $\begin{array}{llll}5 & 7 & 54\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | $4 \quad 4$ | 4314 |  | 382843 | $319 \quad 29$ | 29.951 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | $4 \quad 49$ | 4914 |  | 452928 | 81853 | 331146 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | 55 | 551 | 1451 | $10^{1} 13$ | 31819 | 1913 |  |  |  | ठ |  | ठ |  |  |
| 19 | 50 | 01 | 1458 | 58058 | 81746 | $4615 \quad 25$ | $2 *$ ¢ |  | ठ |  |  |  |  | ＊ |
| 20 | 5 | 615 | $15 \quad 5$ | 51144 | $417 \quad 15$ | 151711 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | 11 | 1115 | $15 \quad 12$ | 12.29 | 916 | 451855 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |  |
| 22 | 16 | 1615 | $15 \quad 19$ | 19314 | 416 | 1720034 |  | ठ |  |  |  |  |  | ठ |
| 23 | $5 \quad 2$ | 2215 | $15 \quad 27$ | 27359 | $915 \quad 50$ | 02211 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | $5 \quad 27$ | 2715 |  | 3445 | $515 \quad 27$ | 272346 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 3 | 3215 |  | 42.530 |  | 52516 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 537 | 3715 |  | 49 6 14 | 41446 | $4626 \quad 43$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\triangle$ |  |  |
| 27 | 54 | 4215 | $15 \quad 57$ | 5765 | 91429 | $2928 \quad 7$ | $\bigcirc *$ ¢ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | 46 | 4616 | 16 | 574 | 4141 | $1429 \quad 28$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | 5 | 5116 | $16 \quad 13$ | 13829 | 914 | 10 g－ 46 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | 55 | 5616 | $16 \quad 21$ | 21.914 | 4135 | 5120 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6 | 116 | $16 \quad 29$ | 29.95 | 81343 | 43 3 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


1849．］RAPHAEL＇S PROPHETiC ALMANAC． 87

Sune XXX 国ans．

| $\underset{\mathrm{M}}{\mathrm{D}}$ | Mars＇ |  | Venus＇ |  | Mercury＇s |  | Moon＇s <br> Node． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Latitude． | Declin． | Latitude． | Declin． | Latitude． | Declin． |  |
|  | －＇ | －＇ | －＇ | －＇ | － | － | $\bigcirc$ |
| 1 | 135 S | 247 N | 10 S | 150 N | 147 N | 2511 N | 71430 |
| 4 | 135 | 339 | 131 | 1430 | 124 | 2440 | 721 |
| 7 | 135 | 431 | 159 | 149 | 054 | 240 | 711 |
| 10 | 135 | 522 | 222 | 1358 | 017 | 2314 | 72 |
| 13 | 135 | 612 | 242 | 1355 | 026 S | 2225 | $6 \quad 52$ |
| 16 | 135 | 72 | 259 | 1359 | 113 | 2135 | 642 |
| 19 | 135 | 750 | 314 | 14.9 | 22 | 2047 | $6 \quad 32$ |
| 22 | 134 | 838 | 325 | 1425 | 249 | $20 \quad 3$ | 623 |
| 25 | 134 | 925 | 333 | 1446 | 336 | 1925 | $6 \quad 13$ |
| 28 | 133 | 1011 | 340 | $15 \quad 9$ | 412 | 1857 |  |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { F's } \\ \text { Long. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Y's } \\ \text { Long. } \end{gathered}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {Long．}}^{\text {L＇s }}$ | ¢＇s <br> Long． |  | $\xrightarrow{\text { ¢ ¢ \％}}$ L | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Mutual } \\ \text { Aspects. } \end{array}$ | Lunar Aspects． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | H ${ }_{\text {H }}$ F ${ }^{\text {F }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\bigcirc$ | ＇ |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $6 \times 7$ |  | $6 \Omega 38$ |  | $10 \times 43$ |  |  |  | $\bigcirc * *$ |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | $6 \quad 10$ | 1016 | 647 | 4711 |  | 1336 |  | $5 \quad 22$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 14 | 1416 |  | 5512 | 1212 | 1336 | 66 | $6 \quad 23$ | h |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 18 | 1817 |  | 412 | 257 | $13 \quad 38$ | 87 | $7 \quad 20$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 23 | 2317 |  | 1313 | 311 | 1342 | 28 | $8 \quad 12$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\Delta$ | $\Delta$ |  |
| 6 | 28 | 817 | 722 | 2214 | 426 | 13 | 89 |  |  |  |  |  | $\Delta$ |  |  |  |
| 7 | 31 | 3117 | 731 | 3115 | 510 | 1356 |  | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 47\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 34 | 4417 |  | 4015 |  | 147 |  |  | $\bigcirc * 4$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 38 | 3817 |  | 4916 | 6 | 420 | 011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 42 | 4217 | 758 | 817 |  | 1435 | 511 | 137 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | 46 | 4618 |  | 818 |  | 1451 | 112 |  |  | $\Delta$ | $\Delta *$ |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| 12 | 50 | 5018 | $8 \quad 17$ | 718 |  | $15 \quad 10$ | 012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | 53 | 5318 | 827 | 2719 | 1935 | 15 | 112 | 250 |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | 57 | 5718 | 836 | 362 |  | $15 \quad 52$ | 213 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 0 | 018 | 846 | 4621 |  | 1617 | 713 |  |  |  |  |  | $\triangle$ |  |  |  |
| 16 | 3 | 318 | 856 | 521 | 146 | 1642 | 213 | $3 \quad 22$ | $\bigcirc *$ 㚗 | ＊ | ＊ 6 |  |  |  | ¢ |  |
| 17 | 6 | 619 |  | 722 | 2230 | 1710 | 013 | 3 R .24 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ¢ |  |
| $18$ | 10 | 1019 | 917 | 1723 | 2314 | 17 | 713 | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 21 \\ \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | $7 \quad 13$ | 1319 |  | 2723 | 23 | 18 | 713 | 313 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | $7 \quad 16$ | 1619 |  | 3724 |  | 1840 | 013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | 719 | 1919 |  | 4825 |  | 1913 | 312 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |
| 22 | 22 | 2219 |  | 5826 |  | 1946 | 612 |  | 4口 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | 25 | 2520 |  | 926 | 261 | $20 \quad 23$ | 12 | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | 27 | 2720 |  | 1927 | 735 | $20 \quad 59$ | 911 | 136 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 29 | 2920 |  | 3028 | 28 | 2136 | 611 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | $7 \quad 32$ | 3220 |  | 4129 | 291 | 2216 | 610 | 034 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $27$ | 34 | 3420 |  | 5229 | 944 | 2255 | 510 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 736 | 3621 |  |  | 0827 | $23 \quad 37$ | 79 | 925 |  |  |  |  | ＊ |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 29 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | 738 | 3821 | 114 | 14. | 110 | 2418 | 88 | 849 |  |  | 8 | 8 |  | 8 | 8 |  |
|  | 740 | 4021 | 21 | 24 | 153 | 25 | 8 | 812 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


1849.] RAPHAEL'S PROPHETIC aL
July XXXI 驮apg.

|  | Mars' |  | Venus' |  | Mercary's |  | Moon's Node. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Latitude. | Dec | tude. | Declin | Latitude | Declin |  |
|  | $\bigcirc$ | ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 133 S | 1056 N | 3 43S | 1536 N | 438 S | 1838 N | W54 |
| 4 | 132 | 1140 | 345 | 164 | 448 | 1832 | 45 |
| 7 | 131 | 1223 | 347 | 1634 | 446 | 1837 | 35 |
| 10 | 130 | 135 | 345 | 17 | 429 | 1854 | 26 |
| 13 | 128 | 1345 | 343 | 1736 | 4 | 1921 | 516 |
| 16 | 127 | 1424 | 340 | 186 | 329 | 1953 | 57 |
| 19 | 125 | 152 | 335 | 1835 | 250 | 2028 | 57 |
|  | 124 | 1538 | 329 | 19 |  | 212 | 48 |
|  | 122 | 1613 | 322 | 1928 | 122 | 2129 | 38 |
| 28 | 120 | 1647 | 314 | 1951 | 038 | 2144 | 29 |
| 31 | 118 | 1719 |  | 2012 | 1 N | 2142 | 419 |


|  | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{\text {Y's }}$ L |  |  | ${ }^{\text {coses }}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { ¢ } \\ \text { Long. } \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | Long. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mutual } \\ & \text { Aspects. } \end{aligned}$ | Lunar Aspects. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 이밴 |  | $4 \underline{4}$ |  | $p_{0}$ |  |
|  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 & \\ 25 & 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $8$ |  |
| 17 m 4 | $221 \Omega$ | $\Omega 36$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ¢ 35 |
| 274 | 421 | 47 |  | 18 |  |  | 7 R .1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74 | 521 | 58 |  |  | 27 | 16 | $6 \quad 28$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74 | 722 | 9 | 4 | 42 |  | 25 | $5 \quad 57$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\Delta$ | 8 |
| 74 | 822 | 21 | 5 | 25 |  | 495 | $5 \quad 29$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75 | 022 | 33 | 6 |  | 29 | 375 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 122 | 44 | 6 | 49 | 0II2 | 274 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 222 | 56 | 7 | 31 | 1 | 164 | 426 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 323 | 8 | 8 | 13 | 2 | 64 | $4 \quad 14$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75 | 423 | 19 | 8 | 55 | 25 | 574 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75 | 55 | 31 | 9 | 37 | 4 |  | $4 \mathrm{D}, 4$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75 | 523 | 43 | 10 | 19 | 44 | 41 | $4{ }^{4} 8$ |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |
| 75 | 723 | 55 | 11 |  | 3 | 34 | $4 \begin{array}{ll}4 & 13\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75 | 724 |  | 611 | 42 | 2 | 26 | $4 \quad 27$ |  |  |  |  | b |  |  |
| 75 | 8824 | 18 | 12 | 23 | 1 | 18 | 47 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 824 | 30 | 13 | 34 | 81 | 15 | 5 | 々 * + |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 592 |  | 13 | 45 |  | 10 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 594 |  | 14 | 426 | 10 |  | $6{ }_{6} 17$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | ¢ |
| 7 | 5925 |  | 715 |  | 11 | 16 | 57 | - |  | \% |  |  | * |  |
| 7 | 5925 | 19 | 15 | 48 | 11 | 58 | $7 \quad 44$ | , |  |  | $\Delta$ |  |  |  |
| 7 R .5 | 9925 | 31 | 16 | 629 | 12 | 5 | 8 86 |  |  | $\Delta$ | $\Delta$ ठ | ठ $\square$ |  |  |
| 7 | 5925 |  | 17 |  | 135 | 529 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{23} 47$ | 5925 | 56 | 617 |  | 14 | 4910 | $10 \quad 37$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\Delta$ |  |
| 7 | 5826 |  | 918 | 830 | 15 | 4711 | $11 \quad 45$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 267 | 5826 | 61 | 119 |  | 16 | 4612 | 1257 | H $\triangle 4$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 267 | 5726 | 634 | 19 |  | 17 | 451 | $14 \quad 15$ |  |  |  | 8 * |  |  |  |
| 2877 | 5626 |  | 620 |  | 18 | 4415 | $15 \quad 38$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 287 | 5526 |  | 82 |  | 19 | 4317 | $17 \quad 6$ |  |  |  |  | - 8 | 8 | $\Delta$ |
| 29 7 <br> 30  | 5427 |  | 12 |  | 20 | 4318 | $18 \quad 38$ |  |  | $\Delta$ | $\Delta$ |  |  |  |
| 30 <br> 317 <br> 17 | 5327 |  | 32 |  | 21 | 442 | $20 \quad 13$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{ll} 21 & 54 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\odot \Delta \boldsymbol{h}$ |  |  | $\Delta \Delta$ | $\Delta$ |  |  |

思的ust XXXI (2aps.

| $\underset{\mathbf{M}}{\mathbf{D}}$ | Sun's Somidiam. | Herschel's |  | Saturn's |  | Jupiter's |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Latitude. | Declin. | Latitude. | Declin. | Letitude. | Declin. |
|  | , " | - , | - 1 | - | - |  | 01 |
| 1 | 1547 | 037 S | 936 N | 230 N | 050 N | 052 N | 13 4N |
| 4 | 1547 | 037 | 936 | 230 | 047 | 052 | 1251 |
| 7 | 1548 | 037 | 936 | 231 | 045 | 053 | 1238 |
| 10 | 1548 | 037 | 936 | 232 | 041 | 053 | 1224 |
| 13 | 1549 | 037 | 935 | 233 | 038 | 053 | 1211 |
| 16 | 1549 | 037 | 934 | 234 | 034 | 053 | 1157 |
| 19 | 1550 | 037 | 933 | 234 | 031 | 053 | 1143 |
| 22 | 1551 | 037 | 932 | 235 | 026 | 053 | 1129 |
| 25 | 1551 | 036 | 931 | 236 | 022 | 053 | 1115 |
| 28 | 1552 | 036 | 930 | 236 | 017 | 054 | 111 |
| 31 | 1553 | 036 | 928 | 237 | 012 | 054 | 1047 |


| - | W |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Equ. of } \\ \text { Time. } \end{array}\right\|$ | ${ }_{\text {Declin. }}$ |  | ¢'s. | Long. | R's. | D ${ }^{\text {celin. }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | W |  |  |  |  | $9 \Omega 3$ | $39 \% 18$ | N13 | , |  |
| 2 | TF | 849 | 557 |  | 4510 |  | 02119 | 2918 |  |  |
| 3 | F | 85340 | 52 |  | 3010 | 058 | 8 3 | 3616 |  |  |
|  | S | 85732 | 547 |  | 1411 |  | 51547 | 341 |  |  |
|  | \$ | 9122 | 542 |  | 5812 |  | 22816 |  |  |  |
|  | M | $9 \quad 513$ | 535 |  | 4113 |  | $010 \times 56$ | 44 |  |  |
|  | Tv | 99 | 528 | 1625 | 2514 |  | 72349 | 52 | 102 |  |
|  | W | 91251 | 521 |  | 815 |  | $56 r 56$ | 56 | 32 |  |
|  | Th | 91640 | 513 |  | 5016 |  | $320 \quad 183$ | 52 | 21 |  |
| 10 | F | 92028 | 54 | 153 | 3317 |  | 0 3>55 | 36 |  |  |
| 11 | S | 92415 | 455 |  | 1518 |  | 881747 | 512 |  |  |
| 12 | \% | 928 | 446 |  | 5719 |  | 1 II 56 | 1615 |  |  |
| 13 | M | 3149 | 435 |  | 3920 |  | $3316 \quad 17$ | 581 |  |  |
|  | T | 3535 | 425 |  | 2121 |  | 31008504 | 40.18 |  |  |
|  | W | 939 | 413 |  | 222 | 22 | $815 \quad 273$ | 541 |  |  |
|  | TH | 9 |  |  | 4323 |  | 2605 | 5217 |  |  |
|  |  | 94649 | 349 |  | 2424 |  |  | 4014 |  |  |
|  | S | 95033 | 337 |  | 525 | 52 | 22856 | 2211 |  |  |
|  | \% | 95416 | 323 |  | 45.26 |  | $012 \mathrm{~m} \times 57$ | N55 7 | 332 |  |
|  | M | 95759 | 310 |  | 2527 |  | 72637 | 73 | 172 |  |
| 21 | Tu | 10141 | 255 |  | 528 | 815 | 5 9^55 | 111 |  |  |
| $22$ | W | $10 \quad 523$ | 241 |  | 4529 |  | 322514 |  | 58 |  |
|  | Th | 109 | 2 |  | 25 | OmPl | 15 m 27 |  |  |  |
|  | F | 101245 | 210 |  | 41 | 19 | 91745 | 6 |  |  |
|  | S | 1016 | 154 | 10 | 442 | 7 | $729 \quad 51$ | 171 |  |  |
| 26 | 8 | 1020 | 137 | 1023 | 233 | 5 | $511 \pm 48$ |  |  |  |
| 27 | M | 102345 | 120 | 10 | $2{ }^{2} 4$ | 4 | 323414 | 5718 | 22 |  |
|  | Tu | 102725 | 13 | 941 | 415 | 51 | $1.5 \cup 9344$ | 42818 | $8 \quad 532$ |  |
|  | W | 1031 | 045 | 19 | 195 | $5 \quad 59$ | $5917 \quad 323$ | 34618 | $8 \quad 342$ |  |
|  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | 103442 | 027 | 858 | 586 | 657 | 72938 | 25517 |  |  |
|  | F | 3820 |  | 36 | 367 |  | 511 mum | 5415 |  | 2558 |


#### Abstract

1849. raphael＇s prophetic almanac． 91


Gugust XXXI 退ays．

| M | Mars＇ |  | Venus＇ |  | Mercury＇s |  | Moon＇s Node． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | itude． | Dec | Latitude． | Decl | Latitude． | Decl |  |
|  | $\bigcirc 1$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 118 S | 1729 N | 3 LS | 2018 N | 014 N | 2137 N | 4 m 16 |
| 4 | 116 | 1759 | 251 | 2034 | 047 | 217 | 47 |
| 7 | 114 | 1828 | 241 | 2047 | 112 | 2012 | 57 |
| 10 | 112 | 1855 | 230 | 2055 | 131 | 1855 | 48 |
| 13 | 110 | 1921 | 219 | 210 | 142 | 1718 | 38 |
| 16 | 17 | 1945 | 27 | 210 | 146 | 1525 | 29 |
| 19 |  | 208 | 156 | 2055 | 143 | 1321 | 19 |
| 22 | 12 | 2029 | 144 | 2046 | 135 | 11 | 10 |
| 25 | 059 | 2049 | 132 | 2032 | 124 | 853 |  |
| 28 | 056 | 218 | 120 | 2014 | 19 | 635 | 250 |
| 31 | 053 | 2125 | 18 | 1950 | 050 | 416 | 240 |


| $\begin{array}{l\|l} \hline \mathrm{D} & \begin{array}{c} \mathrm{k} \mathrm{k}^{\mathrm{s}} \\ \mathrm{M} \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lunar Aspects． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Long． | Long． | Long． | Long． | Asp |  | H | 12 | 2.4 |  |  |  |
|  | －＇ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1$ | 7 r 5 |  | $27 \Omega 48$ | 83848 | 823 ［14 | 4 23のூ37 |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |
| 2 | ． 5 | 1 |  | $124 \quad 27$ | 72446 | $625 \quad 25$ | $\mathrm{H}^{\mathrm{H}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 49 |  |  | 4256 | 62548 | 82716 | $6 \mathrm{H}_{\text {米 }}$ |  |  | ＊ | ＊ |  |  |  |
| 4 | 47 |  |  | 2545 | $55.26 \quad 50$ | 0298 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 46 |  |  | 926 | 42751 | $11 \Omega 5$ |  |  |  |  | 8 | $8 \square$ | $\Delta$ |  |
| 6 | 4 |  |  | 227 | 22854 | 4312 | 2＊＊ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 74 |  | 29 | 52741 | 12956 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 4 |  |  | 82819 | 9 l 150 | 0 |  |  |  |  | ठ |  | － |  |
|  | 3 |  | 2931 | 12857 | 723 | 39 |  | $\triangle$ | ¢ ${ }^{\prime}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 3 |  | 2944 | $429 \quad 35$ | 53 | 611 | 7 2ロ |  |  |  |  |  | ＊ |  |
| 11 | 3 |  | $29 \quad 56$ | 6 O 13 | $\begin{array}{llll}3 & 4 & 10\end{array}$ | 01310 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | 3 | 32 | 0m | 9050 | 0514 | 41513 |  |  |  |  | ＊ |  |  |  |
| 13 | $7 \quad 2$ | 29 | $0 \quad 22$ | 2． 127 | 7 6 2 <br>  7 2 | 71715 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | 7 | 27 | 0 － 3 | 525 | 5723 | 331917 | 7 々 |  |  | ＊ |  |  | ठ |  |
| 15 | 7 | 4 | 48 | 8242 | 42828 | 82120 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | 72 | 21 | 11 | $1{ }^{1} \mathbf{3}$ | $9{ }^{9} 93$ | 23231 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | 71 | 19 | 14 | $4{ }_{4} 3 \quad 56$ | $610 \quad 38$ | 382520 | $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{H}} \triangle$ ¢ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | 1 | 17 | 27 | 74 | 331143 | 32719 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ठ |
| 19 | 77 | 14 | 41 | 159 | 91249 | 92918 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | $7 \quad 1$ | 11 | 5 | 54.6 | 451354 | 5417214 | 4 |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | 7 | 7 | 20 | 7 6 21 | 2115 | ${ }^{0} 5$ |  |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | 7 | 3 | 20 | 10 | $5716$ | ${ }_{6}^{6} 5$5 | 3 h＊${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 23 \\ & 24 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}7 & \\ 6\end{array}$ | 57 | $\begin{array}{ll}2 & 3 \\ 2 & 45\end{array}$ | 7 7 3 <br> 8 8  <br> 8   |  | 2 6 56 <br> 9 8 47 | 6 すロ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 65 | 55 | 258 | 884 | 441926 | 261038 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 65 | 11 | 312 | 2918 | 1820 | $3312 \begin{array}{ll}12 & 27\end{array}$ | $\bigcirc \bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | 7 | 47 | 325 | 5953 | 532140 | $4014 \quad 14$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | 8 | 43 | 338 | $810 \quad 28$ | $2822 \quad 47$ | 716 |  |  |  |  | $\square \triangle$ |  |  |  |
| 29 | 9 | 40 | 51 | 111 | 22355 | 551745 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | 6 |  | 4 | 41136 | 3625 | 31930 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |
| 31 | 6 － |  |  | 71210 |  | $10\|21 \quad 12\|$ | 2 H 뭉 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



| 1849．］ |  | raphael＇s prophetic almanac． |  |  |  |  | 93 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| September XXX 酔ays． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D ${ }_{\text {M }}$ | Mars＇ |  | Venus＇ |  | Mercury＇s |  | Moon＇s Node． |
|  | Latitude． | Declin． | Latitude． | Declin． | Latitude． | Declin． |  |
|  | －＇ | $\bigcirc$ | － | －， | 01 | －＇ |  |
| 1 | 052 S | 2130 N | 14 S | 1941 N | 044 N | 330 N | 2 m 37 |
| 4 | 048 | 2146 | 052 | 1911 | 024 | 114 S | 28 |
| 7 | 044 | 220 | 040 | 1836 | 02 | 10 | $\begin{array}{ll}2 & 18\end{array}$ |
| 10 | 040 | 2213 | 028 | 1757 | 021 S | 311 | 29 |
| 13 | 036 | 2225 | 016 | 1713 | 045 | 517 | 159 |
| 16 | 032 | 2236 | 05 | 1624 | 19 | 718 | 150 |
| 19 | 028 | 2246 | $0 \quad 6 \mathrm{~N}$ | 1531 | 132 | 913 | 140 |
| 22 | 024 | 2254 | 017 | 1435 | 154 | 111 | 131 |
| 25 | 019 | 233 | 027 | 1334 | 216 | 1241 | 121 |
| 28 | 014 | 2310 | 036 | 1230 | 237 | 1412 | 122 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lunar Aspects． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M | Long． | Long． |  | Long． | Long． | Long． | Aspects． |  |  | 星 | $\underline{2}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $6 r^{29}$ | 4 m 30 | 3012 |  | 7 s 18 | 22 收54 |  |  |  | ＊ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6 R .25 | 43 | 4313 | $3 \quad 18$ | $28 \quad 26$ | 2433 |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 21 | 56 | 513 |  | 2934 | $26 \quad 12$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $6 \quad 17$ | 9 | 914 | 424 | $0 \Omega 43$ | $27 \quad 50$ |  |  |  | ठ | b |  |  |  |
|  | $6 \quad 13$ | 522 | 2214 | 457 | 152 | $29 \quad 26$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 535 | 3515 | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & 19\end{array}$ | 30 | $1 \Omega 1$ |  |  |  | ठ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 548 | 4816 | 61 | $\begin{array}{lr}4 & 9 \\ 5\end{array}$ | 236 |  |  | $\Delta$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $6 \quad 0$ |  | 116 | $6 \quad 34$ | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & 18\end{array}$ | 49 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 556 | $6 \quad 14$ | 1417 |  | $6 \quad 26$ | 540 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | $5 \quad 52$ | $6 \quad 27$ | 2717 | $7 \quad 37$ | $7 \quad 36$ | $7 \quad 12$ | t |  |  | ＊ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 547 | 640 | 4018 | 8 | 845 | 841 | ＊ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 543 | 652 | 5218 | $8 \quad 39$ | 955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 539 |  | 519 |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll}11 & 37\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 534 | 718 | 1819 |  | 1215 | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 525 | 731 | 3120 |  | 13 | $14 \quad 28$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $5 \quad 25$ | 744 | 4420 |  | $14 \quad 34$ | $15 \quad 52$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 520 | 757 | 5721 |  | 1544 | $17 \quad 14$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 16 | 810 | 1021 |  | $16 \quad 55$ | $18 \quad 35$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12 | $8 \quad 22$ | 2222 |  | $18 \quad 5$ | 19 55 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 57 | 835 | 3522 |  | 1916 | $21 \quad 10$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 52 | 48 | 4823 |  | $20 \quad 26$ | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7 |  | 023 | 3312 | 2137 | $23 \quad 46$ | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 452 | $9 \quad 13$ | 1323 | 3359 | 2248 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $9 \quad 25$ | 2524 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4 | 938 | 3824 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 88 | 50 | 5025 |  | $26 \quad 21$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 33 |  | 225 | 545 | $27 \quad 33$ |  |  |  |  | ＊ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1526 |  | $28 \quad 44$ | $0 m^{45}$ |  |  |  | ＊ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $10 \quad 28$ | 2826 |  | $29 \quad 55$ | $1{ }^{1} 48$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 420 | 1040 | 4027 |  | 17217 | 249 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

94 raphabl's prophetic almanac. [1849.
(3ctober XXXI \#Bans.

| $\underset{\mathbf{M}}{\mathbf{D}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sun's } \\ \text { Semidiam. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Herschel's |  | Seturn's |  | Jupiter's |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Latitude. | Declin. | Latitude. | Declin. | Latitude. | Deckin. |
|  | - | " | - ' | - ' | - | - | - | - 1 |
| 1 | 16 | 1 | 037 S | 96 N | 239 S | 045 S | 056 N | 822 N |
| 4 | 16 | 1 | 037 | 94 | 239 | 050 | 056 | 89 |
| 7 | 16 | 2 | 037 | 91 | 239 | 056 | 057 | 755 |
| 10 | 16 | 3 | 037 | 858 | 239 | 11 | 057 | 742 |
| 13 | 16 | 4 | 037 | 856 | 239 | 16 | 058 | 729 |
| 16 | 16 | 5 | 037 | 853 | 238 | 111 | 058 | 716 |
| 19 | 16 | 5 | 037 | 850 | 238 | 116 | 059 | 73 |
| 22 | 16 | 6 | 037 | 848 | 238 | 120 | 059 | 6 31 |
| 25 | 16 | 7 | 037 | 845 | 237 | 124 | 10 | 639 |
| 28 | 16 | 8 | 037 | 842 | 237 | 128 | 10 | 627 |
| 31 | 16 | 9 | 037 | 840 | 237 | 132 | 11 | 615 |



## Qctober XXXI 国ans.




Hobember XXX 鳥ags.

| D | Sun's Semidiam. | Herschel's |  | Saturn's |  | Japiter's |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Latitude. | Declin. | Latitude. | Declin. | Latitude. | Dedia |
|  | " | ${ }^{\circ}$ ' | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - , |  |
| 1 | 169 | 037 S | 839 N | 237 S | 133 S | 1 l | 6 llN |
| 4 | 1610 | 037 | 836 | 236 | 137 | 12 | 60 |
| 7 | 1610 | 037 | 834 | 236 | 140 | 12 | 549 |
| 10 | 1611 | 037 | 832 | 235 | 142 | 13 | 539 |
| 13 | 1612 | 037 | 829 | 234 | 144 | 14 | 529 |
| 16 | 1612 | 037 | 827 | 234 | 146 | 15 | 519 |
| 19 | 1613 | 036 | 825 | 234 | 148 | 15 | 510 |
| 22 | 1613 | 036 | 823 | 233 | 149 | 16 | 51 |
| 25 | 1614 | 036 | 821 | 232 | 150 | 16 | 453 |
| 28 | 1614 | 036 | 819 | 231 | 150 | 17 | 440 |


| $\underset{\mathbf{M}}{\mathbf{D}}$ | $\underset{\mathbf{W}}{\mathbf{D}}$ | ©'s <br> Right Aec. | Equ. of Time. | ©'s Declin. | 0's <br> Long. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D's } \\ & \text { Long. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D's } \\ & \text { Lat. } \end{aligned}$ | D's <br> Declin. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | $\begin{array}{lll}\text { H. } & \text { M. } \\ 14 & 26 & 22\end{array}$ | Add. M. M. 1616 | $14 \text { S } 30$ | 8m59 | $9 \times 56$ | $4 \text { S } 57$ | $12 . N 58$ |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 4 |  | 116 |  |
|  | 4141617 | 810 | 59 | 451 |  |
|  | 1116161 | 2711 | 59 | 10 |  |
|  | 4298161415 | 4513 | 01847 | 2018 |  |
| 6 Tv | 144688161216 | 314 | $03 \Omega 02$ | 1717 |  |
| 7 W | 14508816816 | 2115 |  | 814 |  |
|  | 16 | 39 | 0mb34 |  |  |
|  | 11155916 | 5617 | 11356 |  |  |
| 0 S | 13155317 |  | 27 | 18 |  |
| 1 | 5616154717 | 2919 | 10^0 | 15 |  |
| 1 | 510211539 | 46 | 22244 |  |  |
|  | 151426153018 | 221 | $35 \mathrm{ml8}$ |  |  |
| 14 W | 151832152118 | 1822 | 31743 | 5412 |  |
| 5 T | 152238151118 | 3323 | 429585 | 15 |  |
|  | 2646145018 | 482 | 412 f 44 | 17 |  |
| 7 S | 54144819 | 3 | 242 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}35 & 4 & 14 & 19\end{array}$ | 172 | 5 5 $\downarrow 95$ | 5919 |  |
|  | 153914142219 | 3127 | 61742 | 1619 |  |
|  | 154324148819 | 4528 | $7{ }^{29} 3030$ | 2517 |  |
|  | 154736135219 | 5929 | $711 \times 23$ | 2715 |  |
| 22 T | 155149133720 |  | $823 \quad 250$ | 2513 |  |
|  | 155622132020 |  | $95 \geqslant 410$ | - |  |
|  | 601613 320 | 36 | 918171 | 45 |  |
|  | 6430124420 | 48 | 101 r192 | 46 |  |
|  | $16 \quad 846122621$ |  | 1114493 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{llllll}16 & 13 & 212 & 61\end{array}$ | 11 | 1228494 |  |  |
|  | 161719114621 | 22 | 12138184 |  |  |
| 9 Tr | 162136112521 | 32 | 1328105 | 114 |  |
|  | 2554 |  |  |  |  |

1849．］RAPHARL＇S PROPEETIC ALMANAC．
说obember XXX 羽ans．

| $\underset{\mathbf{M}}{\mathbf{D}}$ | Mars＇ |  | Venus＇ |  | Mercury＇s |  | Moon＇s <br> Node． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Latitude． | Declin． | Latitude． | Declin． | Latitude． | Declin． |  |
|  | － | $\bigcirc$－ | － |  |  |  | －${ }^{\circ}$ |
| 1 | 057 N | 2417 N | 140 N | 227 S | 128 N | $8 \quad 6 \mathrm{~S}$ | 29ת24 |
| 4 | 15 | 2424 | 141 | 352 | 159 | 741 | 2915 |
| 7 | 113 | 2432 | 142 | 518 | 215 | 83 | 295 |
| 10 | 121 | 2440 | 142 | 642 | 219 | 859 | $28 \quad 56$ |
| 13 | 130 | 2449 | 141 | 85 | 212 | 1019 | $28 \quad 46$ |
| 16 | 139 | 2459 | 140 | 927 | 20 | $1] 51$ | $28 \quad 36$ |
| 19 | 148 | 259 | 138 | 1047 | 144 | 1329 | $28 \quad 26$ |
| 22 | 157 | 2519 | 134 | 125 | 126 | 158 | $\begin{array}{ll}28 & 17\end{array}$ |
| 25 | 25 | 2529 | 130 | 1321 | 15 | 1644 | $28 \quad 7$ |
| 28 | 214 | 2540 | 126 | 1433 | 045 | 1815 | $28 \quad 58$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mutua | Lunar Aspects． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M | Long． |  |  | Long． | Long． |  | Long． | Aspects． |  | 标 | W |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $2 r 7$ | 716 | 6m43 | 59 | $10 \sim 2$ |  | $4 \bumpeq 24$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 2R． 3 | 316 | 53 | 549 | 1116 | 624 | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $4$ | 20 | 017 | 7 | 54 | 41230 | 3024 | $4 \quad 20$ |  |  | ＊ | ＊ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 157 | 717 | 713 | 558 | 813 | 424 | $4{ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 154 | 417 | 23 | 61 | 1145 | 8824 | 448 |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 151 | 117 | 732 | 6 | 41612 | 225 | 532 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 149 | 4917 | 42 | 6 | 617 | 27 | 2614 |  |  | $\Delta$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 146 | 4617 | 75 | 6R． 6 | 6184 | 4127 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 143 | 4318 | 82 | 6 | 6195 | 55 | 8 |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |
| 10 | 141 | 4118 | 810 | 6 | 21 | 929 | 9 | $\bigcirc * 4$ |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | 138 | 3818 | 819 | 6 | 422 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | 136 | 3618 | 89 | 6 | $123 \quad 3$ | 391 |  | H8 8 |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | 134 | 3418 | 88 | 558 | 245 | 532 | 235 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | b |
| 14 | 132 | 3218 | 846 | 54 | 426 |  | $3{ }^{3} 54$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $15 \mid$ | 130 | 3018 | 85 | 49 | 9272 | 235 | 515 | ¢ $\Delta$ ¢ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $16$ | 128 | 2819 | 9 | 543 | 328 3 | 376 | 6 38 <br> 8  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $17$ | 126 | 2619 | 912 |  | 6295 |  | 8 |  |  |  | $\Delta$ |  |  |  |  |
| $18$ | 12 | 2419 | 921 |  | 81 m | $7{ }^{7} 9$ | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 30 \\ 0 & 58\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | 123 | 2319 | 929 | 518 | 92 | 2110 | 12128 <br> 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $[20]$ | 122 | 2219 | 97 | 5 | 93 | 3612 | $12 \quad 28$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\left[\begin{array}{l} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}\right.$ | 120 | 2019 | 945 | 459 | 945 | 5113 | 1358 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $22$ | 119 | 1919 | 953 | 448 | $8{ }^{6}$ | 515 | $15 \quad 29$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $23$ | 317 | 1720 | 0 | 436 | 67 | 2017 |  | $\bigcirc \Delta$ h |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $24$ | 416 | 1620 | 0 | 423 | 38 |  | 18 32 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\left[\begin{array}{l} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}\right.$ | 5115 | 1520 | 015 | $4{ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | 4＊ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 26 \\ 27 \end{array}\right\|$ | 6115 | 1520 | － 23 | 355 | 911 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 27 \\ 28 \end{array}\right\|$ | $7{ }^{1} 114$ | 1420 | 130 | 3 | 3912 |  | 23 43 |  |  |  |  |  | $\Delta^{*}$ |  |  |
| $\|29\|$ | 91 | 1420 | （ 44 | 3 | 6145 | 5026 | $26 \quad 17$ |  |  |  |  | ＊ |  |  | 8 |
| 30 | 0112 | 1220 | 051 |  | 916 |  | $27 \quad 50$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



路ecember XXXI 驮ans．

| D | Mars＇ |  | Venus＇ |  | Mercury ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |  | Moon＇s Node． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Latitude． | Declin． | Latitude． | Declin． | Latitude． | Declin． |  |
|  | $\bigcirc 1$ | $\bigcirc{ }^{\circ}$ | $\bigcirc{ }^{\circ}$＇ | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{\prime}$ |
| 1 | $223 N$ | 2549 N | 122 N | 1543 S | 023 N | 19 40S | $27 \Omega 48$ |
| 4 | 231 | 2559 | 117 | 1649 | 02 | 2057 | 2739 |
| 7 | 239 | 267 | 112 | 1750 | 018 S | 225 | $27 \quad 29$ |
| 10 | 247 | 2615 | 16 | 1848 | 038 | 234 | $27 \quad 20$ |
| 13 | 254 | 2621 | 059 | 1941 | 056 | 2352 | $27 \quad 10$ |
| 16 | 30 | 2626 | 053 | 2029 | 112 | 2429 | 271 |
| 19 | 35 | 2629 | 046 | 2112 | 128 | 2455 | 2651 |
| 22 | 310 | 2631 | 039 | 2149 | 141 | 258 | 2642 |
| 25 | 314 | 2632 | 032 | 2220 | 153 | 259 | 2632 |
| 28 | 317 | 2631 | 025 | 2246 | 21 | 2456 | $26 \quad 23$ |
| 31 | 319 | 2630 | 017 | 235 | 26 | 2429 | 2613 |


| D | 万＇s Long． | $\begin{gathered} 4 \text { 's } \\ \text { Long. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Long． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Y's } \\ \text { Long. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Y's } \\ \text { Long. } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Mutual } \\ \text { Aspects. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Lunar Aspects． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | © |  |  |  | H | $\underline{1}$ |  | た |  |  |
|  | －， | －， |  |  | －＇ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | $1 r 11$ | 20 mL 57 |  | 2ธ30 | 17 m 20 |  | 29m23 |  |  | ＊ | $\square$ | $\square$ | ठ |  |  |
| 2 | 111 | 21 | 4 | $2 \mathrm{R.11}$ | $18 \quad 35$ |  | $0 \ddagger 57$ | 万 $\triangle$ ¢ |  |  |  |  |  | $\Delta$ |  |
| 3 | 110 | 2110 | 10 | $1 \quad 52$ | 1950 |  | 230 |  |  | $\square$ | $\Delta$ | ＊ |  |  |  |
| 4 | 110 | 2116 | 16 | 133 | 21 | 5 | $4 \quad 4$ | $2 *$ ？ | $\triangle$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 110 | $21 \quad 2$ | 22 | 112 | $22 \quad 2$ | 15 | $5 \quad 38$ | ち口 ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |  | $\Delta$ |  |  | ＊ |  |  |
| 6 | $1 \quad 11$ | $21 \quad 28$ | 28 | $0 \quad 50$ | 23 35 | 57 | $7 \quad 11$ |  | $\square$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | $1 \quad 12$ | 213 | 34 | $0 \quad 29$ | 2450 |  | $8 \quad 45$ |  |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |
| 8 | $1 \quad 12$ | 213 | 39 | $0 \quad 7$ | 26 |  | $10 \quad 19$ |  |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 113 | 214 | 45 | 29］45 | $27 \quad 21$ | 11 | 1152 |  | ＊ | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | $1 \quad 13$ | 215 | 502 | 2922 | 2836 | 613 | $13 \quad 26$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | $1 \quad 14$ | 215 | 562 | $28 \quad 59$ | 295 | 115 | 150 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | 114 | 22 |  | $28 \quad 36$ | 07 | 716 | $16 \quad 34$ | h $\Delta$ ？ |  |  | $\Delta$ | ＊ |  |  |  |
| 13 | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 15\end{array}$ | 22 | 52 | $28 \quad 12$ | $2 \quad 23$ |  | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 16\end{array}$ | 22 | 92 | $27 \quad 49$ | $3 \quad 3$ | 719 | $19 \quad 43$ |  | 6 | $\Delta$ |  | $\square$ |  |  |  |
| 15 | 117 | $22 \quad 1$ | 132 | $27 \quad 25$ | 45 | 22 | $21 \quad 17$ |  |  |  | $\square$ |  | 8 |  |  |
| 16 | 119 | 221 | 182 | 271 | 6 |  | 2251 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | 120 | $22 \quad 2$ | 222 | $26 \quad 37$ | $7 \quad 23$ | 32 | $24 \quad 26$ |  |  | $\square$ | ＊ | $\Delta$ |  |  |  |
| 18 | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 21\end{array}$ | 22 | 262 | $26 \quad 14$ | 839 | 926 | 26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | 123 | 22 | 292 | $25 \quad 51$ | $9 \quad 5$ |  | $27 \quad 36$ | $\bigcirc$ ¢ |  | ＊ |  |  | $\Delta$ |  |  |
| 20 | 125 | 223 | 332 | $25 \quad 27$ | 11 |  | 2911 |  | ＊ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | 127 | 223 |  | 254 | $12 \quad 2$ | 4 | $0 \vee 46$ | ヶ口 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | $1 \quad 29$ | 223 |  | 2441 | $13 \quad 40$ | 0 | $2 \quad 22$ |  | $\square$ |  | ठ | 8 | $\square$ |  |  |
| 23 | 131 | 224 | 42 | $24 \quad 19$ | 1455 | 5 | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 58\end{array}$ | －口 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | $1 \quad 33$ | 224 | 45 | $23 \quad 57$ | $16 \quad 10$ | 0 | $5 \quad 34$ |  |  | ठ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 135 | 224 | 48 | $23 \quad 35$ | $17 \quad 25$ | 5 | $7 \quad 10$ |  | $\Delta$ |  |  |  | $k$ |  |  |
| 26 | $1 \quad 37$ | 225 | 502 | $23 \quad 14$ | $18 \quad 4$ |  | $8 \quad 47$ |  |  |  |  | $\Delta$ |  |  |  |
| 27 | 140 | 225 |  | $22 \quad 53$ | 195 | 610 | $10 \quad 24$ | 2 ロ |  |  | ＊ |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | 142 | 225 | 54 | $22 \quad 33$ | 2112 |  | 12 |  |  | ＊ |  | $\square$ | d | 8 |  |
| 29 | 145 | 22.5 | 56 | $22 \quad 13$ | $22 \quad 28$ | 13 | $13 \quad 39$ |  | 8 |  | $\square$ |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | 147 | 225 | 58 | 2154 | 234 | 315 | $\begin{array}{ll}15 & 16\end{array}$ | － |  | $\square$ |  | ＊ |  |  |  |
| 31 | 150 | 22 | 592 | 2135 | $24 \quad 5$ | 716 | $16 \quad 54$ |  |  |  | $\Delta$ |  |  |  |  |

THE

## 

## THE QUEEN.

Victoria, born May 24, 1819 ; succeeded to the throne, June 20, 1857; married Feb. 10, 1840.-(Victoria Adelaide Mary Louisa, Princess Ropl, born November 21, 1840.-Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, born Nor. 9, 1841.-Alice Maud Mary, born April 25, 1843.-Alfred Ernest Albert, born 6th Aug. 1844.-Helena Augusta Victoria, born May 25, 1846.Louisa Caroline Alberta, born 18th March, 1848.)

THE HUBBAND OF THE QUEEN.
Prince Francis Albert Augustus Charles Emanuel, brother of Rimest the reigning Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, born August 26, 1819.

TEE QUEEN DOWAGER.
Adelaide Amelia Louisa Teresa Caroline, widow of King William IV., sister of the reigning Duke of Saxe-Meiningen, born August 13, 1792

EOYAL PRINCES AND PEINCESA.
Ernest Augustus (King of Hanover), Duke of Cumberland, born June 5, 1771; married May 29, 1815, Frederica Carolina Sophia, daughter of the Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz (Widow of Fred. William, Prince of Solmp Braunfels), born March 2, 1778, died June 29, 1841. Lssue-George Prderick, born May 27, 1819; married, on Feb. 18, 1843, the Princess Mary of Saxe-Altenburg; and has Issue-a son, and heir to the crown of Hanore, born at half-past 3 P.m., Sept. 21, 1845.

Adolphus Frederick, Duke of Cambridge, born February 24, 1774; married May 7, 1818, to Augusta Wilhelmina Louisa, daughter of the Landgrave of Hesse, born July 25, 1797. Issue-George William, born March 26, 1819 ; Angusta Caroline, July 19, 1822, married June 29, 1843, Frederick, Hereditary Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz; Mary Adelaide, Nov. 27, 1833.

Mary, Duchess of Gloucester, bom April 25, 2776.
HER MAJESTY'S MOTHER.
Victoria Maria Louisa (Princess Dowager of Leiningen), Duchess of Kent, widow of Edward, Duke of Kent, sister of the King of the Belgians, born Auguet 17, 1786.

## 

AUSTRIA ; chief city, Vienna.-Ferdinand I. Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary, \&c.; born April 19, 1793; succeeded his father, Francis 1. . March 2, 1835 ; married Feb. 27, 1831, Maria Anne Caroline, daughter of Victor Emanuel, late King of Sardinia, born Sept. 19, 1803.

## BROTHERS AND SISTERS OF THE EMPEROR.

Maria Louisa, Grand Duchess of Parma, born Dec. 12, 1791 ; Maris

Carolina, Princess of Salerno, born March 1, 1798; Francis Chas. Joseph, born Dec. 7, 1802; Mary Anne Frances, born June 8, 1804.

MOTHER-IN-LAW OF THE EMPEROR.
Charlotte Augusta, daughter of Maximilian, late King of Bavaria, born Feb. 8, 1792.

PRINCES OF THE BLOOD ROYAL.

1. Charles, born Sept. 5, 1771 .-2. Joseph, born March 9, 1776 .-3. John, born Jan. 20, 1782.-4. Rainier, born Sept. 30, 1783.-5. Louis, born Dec. 13, 1784.

BELGIUM.-Leopold, King of the Belgians. Inaugurated July 20, 1831 ; born Dec. 16, 1790; married, 1st, Charlotte, only child of George IV. of Great Britain, who died without issue, Nov. 6, 1817; 2nd, August 9, 1832, Louisa, eldest daughter of Louis-Philippe, King of the French, born April 3, 1812; has issue, Leopold, born April 10, 1835; Philip, born March 24, 1837 ; Mary, born June 7, 1840.

DENMARK ; chief city, Copenhagen.-Christian, King of Denmark, succeeded his cousin Frederick VI., Dec. 3, 1839; born Sept. 18, 1786; married, lst, Feb. 18, 1806, Charlotte Frederica, Princess of Mecklenburg ; 2nd, May 22, 1815, Caroline Amelia, daughter of the Duke of Holstein, born June 28, 1796. Issue-by the lst marriage, Frederick, born Oct. 6, 1808.

FRANCE; chief city, Paris.-Louis-Philippe was deposed in February, 1848, and a Republican Government formed. He was born Oct. 6, 1773, elected King on the deposition of Charles X. Aug. 7, 1830 ; married Nov. 25, 1809, Maria Amelia, sister of the King of Sicily, born April 26, 1782. Issue-1. Ferdinand, born Sept. 3, 1810; married May 30, 1837, Helen, Princess of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, died July 14, 1842. Issue-Louis, born August 24, 1838 ; Rob. Louis, born Nov. 9, 1840 .-2. Louisa, Queen of the Belgians.-3. Louis Charles, born Oct. 25, 1814.-4. Clementina, born June 3, 1817.-5. Francis, born Aug. 14, 1818.-6. Henry, born June 16, 1822.-7. Antoine, born July 31, 1824.

## GERMANY.-Confederated Independent States:-

1. Austria, Ferdinand, Emperor.
2. Prussia, Frederick William IV., King.
3. Bavaria, Louis Charles, King of Bavaria, born Aug. 25, 1786.
4. Saxony, Frederick, King of Saxony, born May 18, 1797.
5. Hanover, Ernest Augustus, King, born June 5, 1771. (See Great Britain.)
6. Wurtemberg, William, King of Wurtemberg, born Sept. 27, 1781.
7. Baden, Charles, Grand Duke, born Aug. 29, 1790.
8. Hesse Cassel, William, Elector, born July 23, 1777.
9. Hesse Darmstadt, Louis II., Grand Duke, born Dec. 26, 1777.
10. Holstein, Christian, Grand Duke, King of Denmark.
11. Luxembourg, William, Grand Duke, King of the Netherlands.
12. Brunswick, William, Duke of Brunswick and Lunenburg.
13. Mecklenburg, George, Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz.
14. Nassau, Adolphus, Duke of Nassau, born July 24, 1817.
15. Saxe Weimar, Charles Frederick, Grand Duke, born Feb. 2, 1783.
** There are 19 other smaller independent principalities, which, with the 4 free towns, amount in all to 38 States.

GREECE.-Otho, second son of the King of Bavaria, born June 1, 1815, elected King Oct. 5, 1832, ascended the throne Jan. 1833 ; married Nov. 20, 1836, Amelia, daughter of the King of Oldenburg, born Dec. 21, 1818.

NETHERLANDS.-William II. King of the Netherlands, Prince of Orange Naseau, \&c., born Dec. 6, 1792, succeeded by the abdication of his father William I., Oct. 1840 ; married Feb. 21, 1816, Anna, sister of the Emp. of Russia. Issue-William, born Feb. 19, 1817 ; Alexander, Aug.2, 1818 ; Frederick, June 13, 1820 ; Sophia, April 8, 1824.

## brother and sister of the king.

Frederick Charles, born Feb. 28, 1797; Marianne, born May 19, 1809.

## PATHER OF THE EING.

William, K.G., born Aug. 24, 1772 ; married, lst, Oct. 1, 1791, Wihelmina, daughter of King William II. of Pruasia, who died 1837; 2nd, Feb. 17, 1841, the Countess of Oultremont.

PARMA.-Maria Louisa, Grand Duchess, born Dec. 12, 1792, sister of the Emperor of Austria, and widow of the late Napoleon Bonaparte.

PORTUGAL ; chief city, Lisbon-Maria da Gloria, Queen of Portugal and Algarve, born April 4, 1819; attained the throne by the abdication of her father Pedro d'Alcantara, Emperor of Brazil, son of the late King, May 2, 1826 ; married lst, Nov. 1834, Augustus Charles Eugene Napoleon, Duke of Leuchtenburg, horn Dec. 9, 1810, died March 28, 1835; 2nd, Prince Ferdinand of Saxe Coburg, born Oct. 29, 1816, nephew of the Ducbess of Kent. Isue-Pedro, born Sept. 16, 1837 ; Louis-Philippe, born Nov. 4, 1838; a son, born March 16, 1842.

PRUSSIA ; chief city, Berlin. -Frederick William IV., King of Prusuis, and Margrave of Brandenburg, born Oct. 15, 1795 ; succeeded his father June 7, 1840; married Nov. 29, 1833, Louisa, sister of the King of Bavaris

## BROTHERE AND SISTERS OP THE EING.

William Louis, born March 22, 1797 ; Charlotte, Emprest of Ruaia; Charles, born June 29, 1801 ; Alexandrina, born 1803; Louiee, born Feb. 1, 1808 ; Robert, born Oct. 4, 1809.

ROME.-Pius 1X.
RUSSIA ; chief cities, Petersburg and Moscow.-Nicholas, Emperof $\boldsymbol{\sim}$ all the Russias and King of Poland, born July 6, 1796 ; married July 13, 1817, to Princess Charlotte of Prussia, born July 13, 1798. Inaue-Alexander, born April 29, 1818; Constantine, born Sept. 21, 1827 ; Nicholes, born Aug. 1831 ; Michael, born Oct. 25, 1832 ; and two daughters.

PRINCES OF THE BLOOD ROYAL.

1. Maria, borm Feb. 16, 1796; 2. Amma, Queen of the Netherlands; 3. Michael, born Feb. 9, 1798 . .

SARDINIA.-Charles Albert, King of Sardinis, born Oct. 2, 1798; succeeded his uncle May, 1831; married 1817, Theresa, sister of the Grand Duke of Tuscany. Iscue-two sons.

TWO SICILILS.-Ferdinand II., born Jan. 12, 1810, succeeded his father, Nov. 1830 ; married 1st, Nov. 21, 1832, Christina, daughter of the late King of Sardinia, died Jan. 1836. Issue-Francis, born Jan. 1856;
id, Jan. 9, 1837, Theresa, daughter of.Archduke Charles of Austria, born nly 31, 1816. Issue-Louis, born Aug. 1, 1833, and two other sons.

SPAIN ; chief city, Madrid.-Isabella II. Queen of Spain and the Indies, mrn Oct. 10, 1830 ; succeeded her father, Ferdinand VII., Sept. 29, 1833 ; ıarried, Oct 10, 1846, her cousin, Don Francisco de Assis Maria de ourbon.

MOTHER OP THE QUEEN.
Christina, sister of the King of Sicily, born April 27, 1806.

## sister of the queen.

Louisa Fernanda, born Jan. 30, 1832; married, 10 Oct. 1846, to Intoine Duc de Montpensier, son of Louis-Philippe, King of the French.

PRINCES OF THE BLOOD.
Don Charles Isidor, Infant of Spain, born March 29, 1788; Francis de Paula, Infant, born March 10, 1794.

SWEDEN and NORW AY; chief city, Stockholm.-Joseph Fran. Oscar, King of Sweden and Norway, born July 6, 1799, succeeded Charles John XIV., March 8, 1844.

SWITZERLAND.-His Excellency Jean Jacques Hess, President of the Diet.

TURKEY; chief city, Constantinople.-Abdul Medschid, born April 20, 1823, Grand Signor, succeeded his father Mahmoud, July l, 1839.

TUSCANY.-Leopold II., Grand Duke, born Oct. 3, 1797, married, lst, 1817, Maria Anne of Saxony, died March, 1832. Issue-two daughters; 2nd, Antoinette, sister of the King of Sicily. Issue-Fred., born June 10, 1835; Charles, born April, 1839 ; and two daughters.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.-President, __ Polk, Inaugurated 1845.

## HER MAJESTY'S MINISTERS.

## OF THE CABINET.



NOT OF THE CABINET.

| Postmaster-General | Manguis Clanica |
| :---: | :---: |
| Woods and Forests | Lord Morpeth. |



## IRELAND.



## QUEEN'S HOUSEHOLD.

| Lord Chamberlain | Marquis of Breadalbane. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lord Steward | Earl Fortescue. |
| Master of the Horse | Duke of Norfolk. |
| Master of the Stag-hounds | Earl Granville. |
| Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard | Viscount Palkland. |
| Captain of the Gentlemen Pensioners | Lord Poley. |
| Vice-Chamberlain | Lord E. F. Howard. |
| Treasurer of the Household | Lord Marcus Hill. |
| Comptroller of the Household. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Right Hon. W. S. Lascelles. <br> Lord Rivers. <br> Earl Ducie. <br> Earl of Listowel. |
| L | Lord Waterpark. Earl of Morley. Lord Camoys. |
| Mistress of the Robes ................................... <br> Principal Lady of the Bedchamber. | Duchess of Sutherland. <br> Viscountess Jocelyn. Countess of Desart. Countess of Mount Edgcambe. |
| Larlies of the Bedchamber........................... | Viscountess Canning. Lady Portman. Countess of Charlemont. Countess of Sandwich. |


| Receipts. |  |  | 8TANEP |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | . d. |
| £5 and under $\ldots$ ¢ 0 O |  |  | $\underline{10}$ | .. 0 | 3 |
| 10 | " | .. .. | 20 | .. 0 | 6 |
| 20 | " | -••• | 50 | .. 1 | 0 |
| 50 | " |  | 100 | .. 1 | 6 |
| 100 | " |  | 200 | .. 8 | 6 |
| 200 | 9 |  | 300 | 4 | 0 |
| 300 |  |  | 500 | .. 5 | 0 |
| 500 | " |  | 1000 | . 7 | 0 |
| 1000 and upwaeds ... .. .. 10 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | nds | .. .. |  | 10 |  |

N.B.-Receipt stamps not necessary, if money be paid by promissory notes, \&c., provided the receipt be written on the back of the note.

Persons receiving the money are compelled to pay the duty.

## Bills, Drafts, and Promissory Notes.

| Not exceeding 2 months after date, or 60 days after sight. |  |  |  |  |  | longer period |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\boldsymbol{8}$ s. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ex |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 3 |  | " | , | 200 | 16 |  | 2 |  |
| 20 |  |  | ", | 300 | 20 |  | 8 | 6 |
| 30 |  | 9 | " | 500 | 26 |  | 3 |  |
| 50 |  | ,9 | " | 1000 | 36 |  | 4 |  |
| 100 |  | " | " | 2000 | 46 |  | 5 | 0 |
| 200 | 0 | " | " | 3000 | 50 |  | 6 | 0 |
| 300 |  | " | " | 5000 | 60 |  | 8 | 6 |
| 500 | 0 | " |  | 10000 | 8 |  | 2 | 6 |
| 1000 |  | 3 | " | 20000 | . 18 |  | 5 | 0 |
| 2000 |  | 0 | 0 | 30000 | . 150 |  | 5 | 0 |
| 3000 |  |  |  |  | 25 |  | 30 |  |

Penalty for post-dating Bills of Exchange, 100 .
N.B.-Promissory Notes on Demand made out of Great Britain, shall not be negotiable in Great Britain, whether they are payable in Great Britain or not, unless they have the above duties.

Foreign Bills of Eechange, in sets.


Apprentioes' Indonnurces.
When the premiuma is under $\mathbf{E 8 0} \ldots \boldsymbol{E I}$ If 犬'S0 $^{3}$ and under


If no preminm, 12 ; or $\overline{\mathrm{i}} \mathbf{i}$. $158 . \ddot{\text {. if more }}$ than 1080 words.
Indentures of Apprentices for the Seaservice exempt from duty.

Comveyasces.

To Children \& their descend., $\mathbb{E l}$ per cent. Brother or Sister
Uncle or Aunt Gt. Uncle or Aunt ", $\begin{array}{cc}8 & \\ 5 & " \\ 6 & " \\ 10 & "\end{array}$ strangers $\qquad$ Husband, Wife, and Royal Fanily exempted.
Probates of Wills, and Letters of Administration.


## Agreoments.

Of the value of 201. and upwards, containing only 1080 worde, $1 l$.; more than 1080 words, 1 L .158. ; and for every further 1080 words, 11.58.

## Lease for a Year.

Where Purchase Money chall
not amount to
chall amount to 590 . $50 \quad$. $150 . .110$ ., . 150 or upwards .. 115 Licences.
For Marriage in England (apecial) $£ 50$ ". $\because$ (ifnot special) 210
For Bänkers . . ....................... 300
For Pawnbrokers, within London and Westminster, or limits of London District Post

150
Elsewhere................................ 710
For Appraisers .......................... 010

## Appraisement.



Sundries.

A wards ... .................................. 1130
Bills of Lading ..................... 0 of
Deeds . . . . ........................... 1150
General Release ..................... 1150
Powers of Attorney . . . . . . . . . ....... 1100
With a progressive duty of 11. for eval 1080 words.

Spoiled Stamps.
The days for claiming the allowance at Somernet House are Tuesdays and Thardays, from 12 to $20^{\circ}$ clock. Persons residing within 10 miles of London must apply within six months from the time when the stamps became spoiled. Persons not residing within ten miles of London ze required, within 12 months after the stamps are spoiled, to make an aiderit before a Master Extraordinary in Chascert, which affidavit must be stamped, and the same left at the Allowance Ofice on Monday or Wednesday, and called for on the Monday following, when an Allomane Ticket will be given for the same dexipr tion of Stamps,

## ASSESSED TAXES.

The following Tables are drawn up in conformity to the late Act of Parliamenth, 3 Vic., cap. 17 ; the operation of which commenced April 6th, 1840.]

CARRIAGES WITH FOUR WHEELS.
No. Total per Year. No. Total per Year.

and an additional 9l. 19s. 7d. for every other carriage. Forevery additional body used on the same carriage, 3l. 9s. 3d.

## CARRIAGES WITH LESS THAN

 FOUR WHEELS.For every such carriage, when drawn by one horse, 3l. 11s. 6d. Drawn by two or more horses or mules, $4 l .198$.
For every additional body, successively used on the same carriage, $1 l$. 14s. $7 d$.

CARRIAGES KEPT' FOR HIRE,
Whether with two or four wheels, are to pay the reduced annual duty of $3 l$.

HORSES FOR CARRIAGES OR RIDING.

| No. | Total | per | Year. $1 d$. | No. | $\underset{L}{\text { Total }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & d . \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 11 | 7 | 11 | .. 38 | 8 | d. |
| 2 | . 5 | 3 | 11 | 12 | .. 41 | 18 | 2 |
| 3 | . 8 | 12 | 5 | 13 | 45 | 11 | 7 |
| 4 | - 12 | 2 | 0 | 14 | 49 | 1 | 9 |
| 5 | 15 | 6 | 7 | 15 | 52 | 11 | 10 |
| 6 | . 19 | 2 | 9 | 16 | .. 56 | 2 | - |
| 7 | . 23 | 0 | 0 | 17 | .. 59 | 16 | 9 |
| 8 | .. 26 | 5 | 7 | 18 | .. 63 | 17 | 1 |
| 9 | .. 30 | 1 | 5 | 19 | 67 | 18 | 6 |
| 10 | .. 34 | 18 | 6 | 20 | 72 | 12 | 0 |

and an additional $3 l$. 12 s .7 d . for every other horse.

Horses let for less than one year, so that
the Stamp-office duty payable on hoose let to hire shall not be payable, the sure of 11.8 s .9 d .; race horses, 3 l . 17 s . each.

Waggoners' and carriers' horses, llsic.
Butcher, for one horse used wholly in his trade, 1 ll .11 s .7 d . But for a second hose, 11s. $6 d$.

Horses not exceeding 13 hands high, 1l. 3s. 1d. Horses or mules for laboor, 13 hands high, 11s. 6d.

EXEMPTIONS.
One horse, male, gelding, or male, kept for riding or drawing any carriage not chargeable with duty, by any person oc. cupying a farm or estate at rack-rent under 500\%. a year; or kept for the like parpose by the owner, or by any tenant no at rack-rent of any farm or estate, the ro lne of which shall be under 2501 a y yeur; provided the occupier-shall not keep more than one such horse, which, but for this exemption, would be chargeable with duty, and shall obtain his livelihood pris. cipally by husbandry on such farm. 000 horse kept by any clergyman or disenting minister, the latter not following any ${ }^{2}$ cular occupation except that of a schoolmaster; provided neither derive any proft or income above 120l. a year, whether fiver their ecclesiastical preferment or other wise. One horse kept for the use of any bailiff, shepherd, or herdsman, on any farm, and horses used in trade by murket gardeners. Horses employed in hasbend. ry, although occasionally used in draving burdens, or let for hire or profit. Hores used by any postmaster, duly licensed; be may use the same for parpoies of hat
andry, or drawing fuel and any descripon of fodder.

## ERVANTS IN OR OUT OF LIVERY.

| o. | Total per Year. | No. Total per Year. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | . $i^{6}{ }_{4}^{4}$ | $7$ |  | 20 | . | ${ }_{3}^{a}$ |
| 2 | $\cdots 38$ | 8 | .. | 2412 |  | 9 |
| 3 | 654 | 9 | - | 30 | 3 |  |
| 4 | 9114 | 10 | . | 36 |  | 6 |
| 5 | 1399 | 11 | .. | 46 |  | 7 |

ad an additional 4l. 4s. 1 d . for every other srvant:
Bachelor's servant, the further sum of l. 25.

For every coachman, groom, postilion, r helper, kept to be let for hire, for any eriod exceeding 28 days (being the peiod for which the Stamp-office duty on orses let to hire is payable), and less han one year, each 1l. 7s. 6d. Also for tage coachmen and guards, 1l. 7s. 6d.
Every person employed in any of the bove-mentioned capacities, and not being s servant of his employer or employers, there such employer shall be chargeable o the higher duties on servants and cariages, or for more than one horse, 1l. 6 s . d. And whereas such employer or emloyers shall not be chargeable to the lastnentioned duties, 10 s. $6 d$.

## EXEMPTION8.

Male servants retained solely for the surposes of husbandry, manufacture, or rade, and not employed in any of the caacities before mentioned; and parish aprentices, not exceeding two ; or any apprentice bound for the term of 7 years, without premium.
Servants under 18 years of age, having I settlement in the parish where occupied.
Roman Catholic clergymen are exempt from the additional 1l. 2s. chargeable on bachelors for each servant.

WINDOW DUTIES.


No windows deemed stopped, unless with stone, brick, or plaster.

## EXEMPTIONS.

Farm-houses occupied by a tenant at a rack-rent less than 200l. per year, or in any dwelling-house, being a farm-house, occupied and used as aforesaid by the owner or by any tenant of a farm or estate at rack-rent, the value of which shall be under 1006. a year, provided he does not derive an income exceeding 100l. a year from any other source. Hospitals, charity-schools, and poor-houses (except. ing the apartments for officers or servants); places for divine worship; one window in a dairy or cheese-room, if "Dairy" or "Cheese-room" is over the door. Three windows in the shop, or warehouse, if on the basement story. The windows of a room used solely for a manufactory, if not communicating with the dwelling house.

## DOGS.

For every greyhound kept by any person, 11. 2s.-For every hound, pointer, setting dog, spaniel, lurcher, or terrier, and for every dog, of whatever denomination the same may be, except greyhounds, where any person shall keep two or more dogs for his own use, or the use of any other person, the annual sum of 15s. 4d.-For every dog not being such as aforesaid, kept by any person having one such dog and no more, whether the same be kept for his own use, or the use of any
other person, the anual sum of other person, the annual sum of 8 s .9 d .

## EXEMPTIONS.

Dogs not six months old, and dogs bona fide kept for the care of sheep or cattle.

## INCOME TAX.

From and after April 5th, 1842, the duties mentioned in the following Schedules are to be levied :-
Schedule A. For all lands, tenements, and hereditaments in Great Britain, in respect of the property thereof, for every 20s. of annual value, the sum of $7 d$. By annual value is to be understood, except in certain cases specified in the Act, the annual rack-rent.
Schedule B. For all lands, \&c., in Eng. land, in respect of the occupation thereof, for every 20s. of annual value, the sum of 3 $\frac{1}{d}$. In Scotland, $2 \downarrow d$.
Schedule C. Upon all profits arising from annuities ordividends, payable out of any public revenue, for every 208 . of the amount thereof, the sum of $7 d$.
Schedule D. Upon the annual profits accruing to any person residing in Great Britain, from any kind of property whatever, or from any profession, trade, employment, or vocation, whether in Great Britain or elsewhere, for every 20s. the sum of $7 d$. The same is to be levied upon the
annual profits arising to annual profits arising to any person not residing in Great Britain, whether a subject of Her Majesty or not, from any property situated in Great Britain, or from
say trade, 8.an, carried on therein. The duty to be computed upon an average of the prolits in the three years preceding the year of ascessment.

Schedule E. Upan every public oflice or employment of proit, and upon every anmuity, pension, or stipend peyable by Her

Majenty, or out of the pablic revense, (oxcept annuities charged in Schedule C), for every 20s. the sum of 7d.

The duties are to be under the management of the Commiscioners of Stamps and Taxes, and to be assessed and raised under the regulations of the Assessed Taxes Aet.

TRANSFERS AND DIVIDENDS OF THE PUBLIC FUNDS.


Tickets for preparing the Transfer of Stock must be given in at each ofice befort One o'clock. - At the India House before Two.

Private Transfers may be made at other times than as above, the books not being shut, by paying, at the Bank and India House, 2e. 6d. extra for each Transfer.-At the South Sea House, 3s. 6d.

Expense of Transfer in Bank Stock for 25l. and under, 98.; above that sum, 12 s . India Stock for 10l. and under, 16. 10s.; above that sum, 1l.14s. South Sea Stock, if under 100l., 9s. 6 d. ; above that sum, 12 s .

Powers of Attorney for the Sale or Transfer ofStock to be left at the Bank, \&ec., for examination one day before they can be acted upon; if for receiving Dividends, present them at the time the first Dividend is payable.

Probates of Wille, Letters of Administration, and other proofs of decease, most be left at the Bank, \&ec., for registration, from two to three clear days, exclusive of holidays.

TABLE TO CALCULATE WAGES AND OTHER PAYMENTS.

| Y. | Per Mo. | Pr.Week | Pr. D. |  | Per. Mo. | Pr.Week | Per D. | Y. | PerMo. | Pr.Weel | Pr.D. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\pm$ | \&. 8. d. | c. 8. d. | s. d. | 2 | E. 8. d. | c. s. d. | 8. d. | E. | E s. d. | 2. 8. d. |  |
| 1 | 018 | 0 | 0 0 0 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 11 | 0184 | 0 | ${ }_{0} 0$ | 30 | 2100 | 00116 | 7 |
| 2 | 034 | 0 |  | 12 | 100 | 0 0 4 7t | 08 | 40 | 36 | 8015 |  |
| 3 | 050 | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 14\end{array}$ | 02 | 13 | 118 | $0 \begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 11 \\ 0\end{array}$ | 0 0 8 8t | 50 | 434 | 4017 | 2 |
| 4 | 068 | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 6 t \\ \\ \\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 29 \\ 0\end{array}$ | 14 | 134 | $0 \begin{array}{lll}0 & 5 & 4 t\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 9 \\ 0 & 9 \\ \\ \\ \end{array}$ | 60 | 500 | $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 3 & 0 t\end{array}$ | $3{ }^{34}$ |
| 5 | 084 | 0 | 0 3t | 15 | 150 | 0 | 0 Ot | 70 | 5168 | $81610 t$ | 3104 |
| 6 | 0100 | $\mathrm{llll}_{0} \mathbf{2}$ 8t | 4 | 16 | 168 | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 6 & 14\end{array}$ | 0 10t | 80 | 613 | 1108 | 4 4 |
| 7 | 0118 | $\mathrm{llll}_{0} 2888$ | 0 4t | 17 | 184 |  | 0 11\% | 90 | 7100 | $1146 t$ | 411 |
| 8 | 0134 | O 3 3 $0 \frac{4}{3}$ | 0. 5 \% | 18 | 1100 | $\begin{array}{llll}9 & 6 & 104\end{array}$ | 0 115 | 100 | 868 | 118 4t |  |
| 9 | 0150 | 0 $\begin{array}{llll} & 3 & 5 \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 3\end{array}$ | 6 | 19 | 1118 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{lll}0 & 7 & 31 \\ 0 & 7 & 1\end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 0168 | 10310 | 6t |  | 1134 | 107 | $1 \text { 1t }$ |  |  |  |  |

If the Wages be Guineas instead of Pounds, for each Guinea add One Penny to each Month, or One Farthing to each Week.

RAPHAEL TO HIS READERS.

17, Warwick Square, Londox, 13th March, 1848.

## Twerty-eighth Year. [18\&8.] Twenty-eighth Year.

> "What, if amidst the shining stars serene Man's fate be written ? What, if each circling spheare Disclose to mental view the far and dark unseene! This seemeth strange, yet DOTH тo some appeare."

RAPHAEL with becoming pride refers to the following recent fulfilments of his predictions. I. As to the abdication of LOUIS PHILIPPE and the total fall of the ORLEANS dynasty. II. The futility of the PARIS CITADELS, and the French Armies, when opposed to the public will. IIL. The French Revolution and the establishment of a Republican Government. IV. The omnipotence of popular opinion, as seen in the withdrawal by Ministers of the attempted increase to the Income-tax. V. The master mind of Sir Robert Peel. VI. Railway improvements. VII. More equal taxation; together with numerous other instances, in course of accomplishment.

The following talinted Critique from the DAILY NEWS of tee 8th March, 1848, is worthy of an attentive perusal :-

## Raphanl's Prophetic Almanac for 1848.

"The 'Times' and 'Morning Chronicle' have been propounding with most exquisite self-complacency theories explanatory of the causes which have restored the Comte de Neuilly to the calm shades of private life. With all due deference to these sages, we may be allowed to remark that they are, like the Scotchman, 'wise ahin' han',' while a philosopher, whose political wisdom is about equal to theirs, foretold the event, besides detecting its causation. Yes, Raphael, the astrologer of the nineteenth century, predicted in October last the overthrow of the late King of the French, and accounted for it by a theory at least as tenable as that maintained by either of the authorities we have named. According to Raphael, the stars have done it all, and the Ulysses of the great modern revolutionary epic may put in the same plea in mitigation of his errors, which the poet has assigned to certain fair sinners-

> 'When weak women go astray, Their stars are more in fault than they.'
" 'The Sun suffers eclipse,' says the mystic sage, 'while joined with Saturn, and Jupiter halts in his celestial career through Cancer, as if to ponder on impending woes. These highly-frought configurations are tokens of the vacation of a throne, and, it may be, the annihilation of power in a family.' The prophecy, it is true, indicates the month of March as the time of these catastrophes; but perhaps the stars, like mortals, have invented an electric telegraph for communicating the decrees of destiny, and astrologers have not yet learned to make allowance for the increased celerity with wh:
their celestial messages reach our earth. The warning voice was repeated more than once. What we have quoted relates to the month of March. Among the vaticinations of the brumal quarter (21st December to 20th March) we read: 'There are symptoms of an outburst of the general voice in favour of some alteration or innovation, and an embroilment no way beneficial to those classes whose advantage lies in the maintenance of things as they are.' And in 'the Nativity of Louis Philippe' we are told that this year 'Evil will manifest itselfamong the family of Louis Philippe, and derangement in the rich fortunes of the house of Orleans.' Nay, more, 'The figure before me is of a martial cast, showing a determined reliance upon armed forces for accomplishing his (Louis Philippe's) plans.' And, finally, 'Paris, with its many citadels, may witness struggles as violent as those that in destroying the kingly office opened a vista wherein we may trace successive phases and usurpations of power, and of which Louis Philippe is the terminating point or figure.'
" And all this the ex-King and his minister might have known in October last 'for the small charge of half-a-crown,' whereas ignorance of it has cost the former a whole one. Let it not be said that the foreknowledge would have been of no avail against desting. The sage Raphael assures us, on the contrary, that 'The heavens invite or dispose to good or evil, but do not compel to either.' Surely since events have set their seal of corroboration upon Raphael's prescience, his 'Prophetic Messenger' will be ordered for every Government office: bound up in the Foreign-office with the 'Almanac de Gotha;' at the Admiralty, with the ' Nautical Magazine;' and at the board over which Mr. Strutt presides, with the 'Railway Guide.' A propos of this latter department, we learn from Raphael with mingled pleasure and regret that, in the autumn quarter, 'the moon applying to Jupiter' prognosticates that 'the prospects for the great interests involved in railways are more favourable; improved management and fewer casualties are among the desiderata which will become evident during the interval under notice.' Not to flatter Jupiter and the Moon, we expect at least as much assistance in these matters from their conjunction as from the conjunction of the wise men in Whitehall.
"To put Downing-street on the alert, we need only hint that in the month of June 'Jupiter quartiles Herschel,' and 'the Sun and Saturn bear the same hostile relation,' foreboding that 'a great politician, or magistrate, suffers in person, or vacates his official seat.' Our first fear was for Lord Palmerston: in our mind's eye we sam him prostrate before Chisholm Anstey. But, on second thoughts, the personal suffering appears to point to Lord John's influenza; and this view is corroborated by the concluding sentence of Sir Robert Peel's nativity: ' In my judgment he will be found leading public opinion in financial matters; shining forth when crises arrive, which less experienced and far-seeing statesmen will fail to combat successfully, and thus, in all probability, again be called to assume the helm of state.'
"Our readers will believe us that our very first dip into futurity, after our faith in Raphael had been confirmed by the late events in
'rance, was to inquire after the prospects of financial reform. Durng the summer quarter, we are happy to learn-'unexpected proositions tending to a more equal system of taxation will emanate rom the ruling powers.' The summer quarter does not commence efore Lady-day, but as the French revolution broke out before $t$ was due, so may this reform of taxation. Mr. Bright had better e on the alert with his motion about legacy and probate duties, or he Ministers, who so quickly gave up the main feature of their udget, may forestal him, and grant his request before he makes it."

Rapiake cannot but feel highly gratified at the trouble and care hown in the above article, and the pains taken to peruse his little vork, and to draw such correct inferences. Yet Raphael, in comaon with all true believers in the Celestial science, could have vished the subject to have been treated with the great solemnity its ruthful character warrants. However, it is refreshing to find that ;reat political writers can find time, amidst the whirlwind of change, 0 consult his humble pages, and have relish to descant thereon, ounded as they are upon the unerring indications of the heavenly nonitors.

## MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED OF THE PROVINCIAL PAPERS CONCUR IN EULOGIZING THIS LITTLE ANNUAL.

For example:-
the first to draw public attention to the EXTRAORDINARY FULFILMENT WAS

The Liverpool Journal, March 4, 1848.
" True Prophecr.-In 'Raphael's Almanac for 1848' a prediction is put forth that a revolution would take place in February, in one of the continental countries, resulting in the overthrow of a royal family. At the same time the title-page had an engraving representing an attack on the Tuileries."

Then followed the Liverpool Albion, March 6, 1848.
"Singular Fulfilment of a Prophecy.-In 'Raphael's Prophetic Messenger for 1848 , a prediction is put forth that a revolution would take place in February, in one of the continental countries, resulting in the overthrow of a royal family. At the same time the title-page has an engraving representing an attack on the Tuileries. The singular passage alluded to is-' Jupiter halts in his celestial career through Cancer, as if to ponder upon impending woes. These highly-fraught configurations are tokens of the vacation of a throne, and, it may be, the annihilation of sovereign power in a family.' Some interesting foreshadowings of the events that have just occurred appear also in the remarks on the scheme of Louis Philippe's nativity in the same work."

## 112 rapharl's prophetic mesgenger for 1849.

## Liverpool Chronicle, March 11, 1848.

"The Propiet Raphazl.-An eminent astrologer, who passes under the name of Raphael, has astonished the world by his podictions relative to recent events in France, the leading incidens of which have all been foretold in his Prophetic Messenger for 1848; in which work also will be found some interesting matter on the tenure of office of some of the big-wigs at Downing-street. Within the last few years this study has revived, and assumed a certin degree of the attention given to it a couple of centuries ago. A fer fortunate predictions on subjects of such eminent importance as those alluded to here, would certainly re-establish it amongst the sciences. However this may be, the Prophetic Messenger is a curious and interesting work."

## Preston Chronicle.

"Raphail's Pbophetic Almanac.- In this curious prodection for the present year, the occurrences of the past are clearly shown 2 s having been foretold, no doubt to the satisfaction of all the purchasers of this extraordinary work. Readers, curious in ascertaining fatare events, will find plenty of amusement in this little volume."

Liverpool Mercury, March 7, 1848.
" Rapharl's Prophetic Messenger.- Except for amasement we rarely dip into prognostications of weather or dynasty convulsions, but in this Messenger for 1848, at page 43, there is a passage too striking to be overlooked. It is as follows:-‘The King of the French, notwithstanding far-reaching visions of the greatness and permanence of his dynasty, has been an instrument in the hands of Providence for realising to us that momentous petition contained in the Liturgy of the Church of England, 'Give peace in our time, 0 Lord, and in that light has been a benefactor to the world. Yet the elements of other changes await but the moment that shall awaken them to action; and Paris, with its many citadels, may witness struggles as violent as those that in destroying the kingly office opened a vista wherein we may trace successive phases and usurpations of power, and of which Louis Philippe is the terminating point or object.' "

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\text { Nottingham Mercury, April 7, } 1848 .
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Rapearl's Prophetic Almanac. 28th Year. (Wright, Pa-ternoster-row.) -" This almanac has lately acquired an addition of no mean rank to its hitherto high reputation by the circumstance of its containing a prediction of the French Revolution of last February; the seer alluded to having actually had the audacity to represent in his hieroglyphic the attack upon the Tuileries much as it actually occurred."

Raphael's Prophetic Almanac is published by William Charlton Wright, London, and sold by all Booksellers.

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[^0]:    lst, mild: 2nd, a fall of temperature; 3rd, rain; 5th, a change, weather unsettled; 9th, cold ; 13th, cold rains; 15th, milder; 17th and 18th, stormy and unsettled, with rain and a gloomy atmosphere; 21st, dashing rains; 24th, brisk winds; 28th, temperature falls. The weather will not be so boisterous as it usually is in March.

    FAIRS.
    March 1. Bristol; 2. Leicester; 4. Stockport; 8. Truro; 10. Andover; 11. Hertford ; 18. Worcester ; 23. Norwich; 25. Huntingdon; 28. Colchester; 29. Darham ; 29. Barnard Castle.

[^1]:    The month opens with thunder, rain, and hail storms, continaing till after the 3rd; 4th, a change ; 6th, fair pleasant weather ; 8th, cool breezes; 10th, heat increnses; 14th, dashing rains: 16th and 17th, refreshing winds; 18th, temperature increases; 20th to 23rd, the air charged with electricity, producing meteors and thunder ; 24th, Ine seasonable weather ; 26th, fair and pleasant. Farmers must exert themselves in removing their crops between the 24th and 28th of this month.

    FAIRS.
    Avaust 1. St. Neots; 2. Dartford; 2. Kingaton; 5. Chichester; 5. Hexham; 7. Palmouth; 12. Newcastle; 18. Camberwell; 26. Carlisle; 26. Coventry.

[^2]:    * The Solar Eclipse alluded to will not be visible in these kingdoms.

[^3]:    

[^4]:    N.B.-There is a re-rssue of the numbers for 1846, 1847, and 1848, singly, at halfcrown each; and at the same time are formed into a handsome pocket volume, price 8s. in cloth, containing three coloured hieroglyphics, three woodcuts, and 3M pages of letter-press.

