THE TRUE EXPLANATION
OF THE
BIBLE,
REVEALED BY
DIVINE COMMUNICATIONS
TO
JOANNA SOUTHCOTT.

PART THE FIRST.

TO WHICH ARE ADDED
LETTERS
TO AND FROM
THE REV. MR. POMEROY.

No Prophecy of the Scripture is of any private Interpretation.
2 Peter, i. 20.

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PREFACE.

JOANNA SOUTHCO TT now affirms to the World, that she has the full Consent of the Bishops to publish that her Calling is of GOD; but if the Bishops should say nay, this is her answer to them: The Lord commanded me to send printed Letters to all the Bishops, that if they would bring forward twenty-four of the Clergy, to prove that my Visitation was not from the Lord, I would give up to their judgment whenever the cause was fairly tried and examined by them; but as they have kept silence to this Letter, their consciences must tell them, that the Calling is of God. And now I shall ask them, if a man were printing a Book, that was blasphemy against the Bible, and the world condemned that Book; suppose that man should appeal to the Bishops, and say, "If the Bishops will come forward and examine my Book, and prove before my face it is blasphemy, I will give up to their judgment, and destroy the whole." What must be their answer? Conscience must tell them—"We should be unworthy the name of Christians, and much more unworthy the name of Bishops, to be
the heads and guides of the Church, if we did not immediately come forward to put a stop to this man's blasphemy; we must despise the MASTER we profess to serve; and shew no regard for his HONOUR and GREAT NAME; neither can we have any regard for the people, by whose bounty our livings are supported, knowing that many weak minds might be hurt by such blasphemy." Therefore for the glory of God, for the good of mankind, and for their own honour, and a good conscience, they would say they should immediately come forward, if they saw that the man had written blasphemy. Now the same must be their answer to my Books. If they believed they were written from the Spirit of the Devil, in the name of the Lord, they would immediately come forward to put a stop to them, as they were offered for their judgment. So their silence gives full Consent, that my Calling is from the Lord. And this I now testify and affirm to the world, that there is no Bishop who can come forward against me.—" And as the Bishops are silent, let all the Clergy be silent: and know it is I the Lord that works in the heart of my people, to will and to do of my good pleasure."

Therefore 'tis I, who dwell on High,
Do send out this to man;
That as the Bishops silent lie,
Thy written word shall stand,
Ever to be as spoke by me;
And so the end I'll clear.—
The Bishops' silence, all shall see,
Proves I have spoken here.
Have I not one in love would come,
In honour to my Name !!!
If that from Hell the whole did swell,
And Satan did blaspheme?
Then they must be despis'd by me,
As me they must despise,
If they judge thine is blasphemy,
And say they'll blind their eyes,
Not to appear and see it clear—
"We care not what goes on,
"The minds of who are injur'd here,
"Nor what from Hell doth come,
"As long as we in grandeur be,
"'Tis all we wish for here"—
Then they shall see the mind of me,
In anger I'll appear;
Because no love they so can prove,
If they judge thou art wrong.
If they judg'd right before their sight,
Their silence leads thee on,
Forward to go, they all shall know,
For who shall thee prevent?
While all the Bishops silence shew,
Thou'st got their full consent.
So now for thee 'twould fatal be
If thou should'st here draw back;
Because the Bishops, thou dost see,
Ne'er tried thy hand to stop;
PREFACE.

So if 'tis sin what thou hast done,
It on their heads must fall.
If all be right, before their sight,
I'll surely screen them all,
If they will say this very way,
Like thee,—"We all did fear
"The Calling was from Heaven high,
"Then how could we appear
"To stop thy hand—when in the Land
"We see the Truth abound?
"And could we come to thee unknown,
"And e'er condemn the sound?"

So now appear my Bible here,
For it I'll all go through;
And so I say, thou'st nought to fear,
For I shall prove all true.

All taken from Joanna Southcott's mouth.

JANE TOWNLEY.
TRUE EXPLANATIONS

OF THE

BIBLE.

Sunday Afternoon, September 23, 1804.

Joanna began this morning, as soon as she had breakfasted, to read through Samuel, and could not avoid pondering in her heart, how David, that was such a chosen man of the Lord, and to whom such great blessings were promised, should have such wicked Sons; and yet she was clearly convinced in her own mind, that it was no cunningly devised fable of David's to say it; because our Saviour himself speaks so highly of him. She likewise thought upon Jacob's Sons; how great the Promise was made to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob; and yet what vices were in Jacob's Sons! All these things appeared marvellous in her eyes: but here comes

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Joanna, I shall answer the ponderings of thy heart. All these are Types of the Creation, Types of the Fall, and Types of the Redemption. Here are mysteries thou canst not understand; but I shall explain them unto thee; and begin with the Creation. What a Promise did I make to Man at first; and what blessings did I set before him! In whose likeness did I say I created him? and in what Paradise did I place him, if he had continued to obey my command? But where did Adam fall? and what followed the Fall? Was not Adam the original progenitor of all men that I created, to be fruitful, to multiply, and to replenish
the earth? and said, I had formed him in my own likeness? But after his Fall, what did Cain do? Then why dost thou marvel so much about David's sons? Was not Adam as greatly formed as David? Was not I his Maker? And do I not call myself the Father of all men? Yet what followed on in the posterity of the children, here I shall explain to thee, in the children of David. As David was the father of his children, that rose up in rebellion against him, just so am I the common parent of all men; and thou mayest as well marvel how men rise up in rebellion against their God, as marvel how David's sons rose up in rebellion against him: and thou mayest as well marvel how mankind can be so wicked, when every blessing they receive is from me; and yet see what rebellion there is in the world against me. Do not men rise up in open violence against me, and want to take the power out of my hand, if they could; as much as Absalom rose up against David, and wanted to take the throne from him? Now I shall answer thee from thy pondering heart. Thou thoughtest so great a promise, as was made to David, his sons must have been the best of men, he being anointed a chosen servant of mine; but I tell thee, No. These chosen servants shew the Type of Man in the Creation; what they were created for; and what their children departed from, like David's sons. How could I compare David with myself if it were otherwise? Is it not written, I have nourished and brought up children, and they have rebelled against me? And so did David's children rebel against him: for the children of David are throughout the land, and have been in every age of the world, as rebellious against me, that am the common parent of all men, as David's sons were against him; and their vices and cruelty one against the other, as David's sons were one against the other. So marvel not, if the children, where the promises were made great to the parents, whom thou judgest,
CONCERNING DAVID.

should be the best of men, and in thy heart thou sayest they are the worst of men. And —

Now thy folly I shall answer,

From the judgment drawn by thee,

If thou'rt look'd to thy Creator,

And the Land in sin to be.

If from me first the whole did burst,

And I did Man create,

And yet in sin they did begin

For to bring on their fate;

Then how can Man so upright stand,

Where Promises are made,

While Satan's roving through the land?

Thy wisdom weak was laid:

Had Abraham's seed in virtue stood,

And David stood the same,

Then surely I who dwell on high

Must be more weak than Man.

If Man had power to subdue

The folly of his child,

Then how can I be just and true

To let mankind be foil'd?

If Abraham's seed in virtue stood

I ask thee, why not mine?

If David's sons in virtue came,

And bright in wisdom shin'd,

I ask thee then why mine began

To fall away from me?

I tell you all, the things are plain:

These things compar'd must be

Now with the Fall, I tell you all—

Was David without sin?

Thou answerest, no: the truth is so;

Then how could he bring in

His children here for to appear

In virtue bright to shine,

When Men by me created were?

But Satan had his time

To baffle all, and Men did fall,

Like David, at the first.

For there his crimes you now must call,

How David's sins did burst;

Upon his head they first were laid—

Thou knowest Uriah's death:

And then his children did proceed

In deeper crimes come forth.

So first began the Fall of Man,

I say of Adam's Fall;

The sin first there did sure appear;

But now I tell you all,

The Promise see at first to be,

The Curse was cast on Man;

And so the offsprings you do see

In every age com' on;
TRUE EXPLANATIONS OF THE BIBLE.

Sin did abound in every sound,  
Where I did Promise make,  
Because the Curse was on the Ground,  
And so that Curse did break;  
I say on Man at first did come—  
So here stands David's Reign:  
The Promise great you may command,  
That I shall here explain:  
The Curse at first on him did burst,  
As 'twas pronounc'd on Man:  
The Blessings great they all did miss,  
But ne'er discern'd my plan,  
How it was plac'd, ye fallen race,  
Where Promise I did make;  
I tell you all, back to the Fall  
The truth of all must break;  
For while on Man the Curse do stand,  
No Promise I can free;  
But now I tell you every one  
My Promise all shall see.—  
A David's Reign I'll now explain,  
As I have said before;  
His children they were just like mine,  
And let the Jews appear:  
In every land see how they stand,  
And how they sought my Life;  
But in the end, 'tis my intend  
This way to clear the strife.  
A David's Reign I tell you plain,  
Hath follow'd from the Fall;  
And all my children you may see,  
Have been like David's all;  
Because that some in wisdom stand,  
Like Solomon appear;  
And other men in vice did come,  
As Absalom did there.  
So here my reign has been, like him,  
Children to disobey:  
And David, he did act in sin;  
The Fall of Man doth lay  
Upon their head, as I have said;  
Then how can man be free  
Before the promise, they will plead?  
And then the Curse must be  
Upon the first, as it was cast—  
The Woman cast it there,  
You know, upon the serpent's head.—  
And now I'll answer here,  
When this is done, I answer man,  
And Adam's truth shall burst:  
In my own likeness Man shall stand,  
As I made him at first!  
But was it so? you well do know,  
He did not stand like me;
CONCERNING DAVID.

No: he did fall, I tell you all;
Then now his offspring see:
Then David here you soon would clear,
His standing was the same—
The man did fall, I tell you all,
And so his offspring came
To follow on as he began,
So tainted by the Fall;
And worse and worse they still went on,
I now do tell you all.
So Adam see, the Fall of he,
Which was the Fall of Man;
But after him, you all do see,
A fataller Fall become;
Because that Cain—call to your mind—
A murderer did appear;
And so from David you do find
What murdering sons were there.
So all in sin they did begin;
The parents first did fall,
When I the Promise made to them;
Once more I tell you all.
While Satan stands in every land,
He hasty will pursue;
Like men of war he will appear;
All ages find it true;
Because on man the Curse did stand,
As I did say before;
And now I say, in every land
It strongly doth appear.
So marvel on as thou'st begun,
To think of David's Fall:
You see the Tempter still is strong,
I say, to cast down all,
Where Promise great to them I make;
But see they cannot stand.
Until my Sceptre I do shake,
To gain the promised land.
The Promise first for Man to burst;
The Serpent's curse appear;
Then all may say another way,
"We see the Promise clear:
"A David's Reign doth now begin.
"In happiness to burst;
"We see the curse remov'd from men,
"Upon the Serpent cast."
Then children free all men will see,
Like Solomon appear;
That is in wisdom great to be,
But not in sin to err:
No, no; I say to thee, that day
When I destroy the Root,
And every evil take away.
Then Satan must stand mute.
"I've had my time I now do find,
When God did promise Men,
That he unto them would be kind,
If they would worship him.
That is, to do, you all do know,
As I do them command.
But Satan he did find a way,
He would not let them stand:
For like the first, this sure did burst,
Like Adam's promise make;
And Satan then so strong did come
These promises to break.
Then of what use can I produce
A Promise great to Man?
They'll not obey what I do say;
I see they cannot stand,
While Satan here do strong appear—
Weigh every Promise through:
As Adam first I here have plac'd;
My Bible all go through:
And Moses see, I promis'd he
The land of Canaan there,
That I my children then would free;
But how did they appear?
Sin did abound in every sound,
And Satan did pursue,
Like Adam's Fall, I tell you all,
Was then their passage through.
Then how could I who dwell on high,
Preserve the life of Man?
I tell you, no: it was not so,
My Promise first must stand:
If men obey what I do say,
I shall fulfil my Word;
But men did not, judge every lot:
See how they fell from God:
Though Abraham here I mean to clear,
But Isaac he was bound;
And know the Promise I made there,
And see how soon was found
Then Esau strong from him to come—
And Esau's all may see;
While Satan's reign I do prolong,
Your murderer he will be:
So Jacobs here let men appear—
But know his sons did fall;
I say in sin they did begin—
The Promise stands for all:
I say, at first it there must burst,
As Man so strong is bound;
By Satan's chain they do remain,
Where Promises are found
So great to Man, he cannot stand,
While Satan's power do reign;
And so a David you command:
These Promises see plain;
How man did fall, I tell you all,
Where every Promise stood;
Then how to Adam can you call,
And all to him allude,
When you see plain, ye sons of men,
How all did fall like he?
Then like the Woman now contend,
That I may set you free:
From Satan's hand in every land
And from his artful power;
And then you'll see the reign of me,
When Satan can't devour.—
A David here I'll then appear
And bring my crown to Man:
And every promise then I'll clear,
And shew how all shall stand;
When from the first the promise burst
Unto the Woman made,
Then Satan shall receive his curse,
And men shan't be misled.
Like David here I did appear,
And like his words do cry;
Though he did never receive the spear,
But mark what he did say—
"O Absalom! my son! my son!
O that I'd died for thee!"
The shadow there that did appear,
The word fulfilled in me:
So I did die— I tell thee why:
Because my sons I'll save!
And yet I hear, like Absalom's cry,
My throne they now would have.
The ways are two before thy view;
Some wish me for to die,
That all their vice they may pursue,
Forgetting hell is nigh,
Where they must go, as he did do—
Such Absaloms are here!
Bring every thing before thy view,
And then thou may'st see clear;
How strong in sin men do go on,
Against my every word;
My kingdom they would sure unthrone
By mocking of their Lord.
Then now see clear, I tell thee here,
My children are like he—
The Absaloms are every where,
That soon cut down will be.
Yet still I grieve that men will live,
So much in Satan's power!
For reason here they will not bear,
Men's senses he devours.
After part of this Communication was given, that the ponderings of Joanna's heart were answered, Joanna said that the Light of the Lord broke in so strong and clear upon her, that she said she saw the Foundation was laid clear in the Fall; and if men took away that Foundation, it was like taking the foundation of a house: that if you go and dig round a house, and dig away all the foundation that it stands upon, where would your house be? must it not fall to the ground? And is it not likely to fall upon those that digged away the first foundation? Just so, Joanna saith, is the Bible. If you take away the Foundation the Lord laid in the Beginning, and the Promises he made in the Fall, you destroy your Bibles, like the house—

"Now, Joanna, thee I'll answer: Thou dost say the Wisdom's thine; But I tell thee, I'm thy Master, And the Wisdom it was mine: For I'll appear to answer here, The Parable thou hast made, They'll find in wisdom so clear, That men are all misled. If they will say another way—" "Our Bible is not so: Nor the Foundation so don't lay," What thou'st compar'd it to, I tell you plain, you sons of men, The Parable goes deep, And perfect true, you all shall know; For so the end shall break. Upon you all the house would fall, If you go on this way To undermine the every-wall, Where the foundation lay; You cannot stand, I say to man, A house to throw down so, Because upon you it would fall, That every soul dott know. So now to man the same I'll come— My Bible stands the same;"
THE OLD PROPHET'S DECEIT.

And the Foundation I have laid,
To free the sons of men.
But if you say another way—
It shall not stand so here:
"This Foundation we'll take away,
"Because we'll baffle her."
Then I'll appear to answer here:
Upon you it must fall;
The guilt of Man I cannot clear,
I now do tell you all.
So I'll end here and say no more,
But thou must ponder on,
'Till all the mysteries I shall clear,
For to be given to man."

Here ends Sunday night, September 23, 1804.—
Taken from Joanna Southcott's mouth, by me,

JANE TOWNLEY.

Monday, September 24, 1804.

JOANNA has been reading, since the morning,
through the first Book of Kings, and began the second; but could by no means help her feelings being provoked with the perverseness of men, after the great promises the Lord had made them, and the extreme grandeur the Lord had filled the kings with, and the promise he had made them, if they continued in his statutes; and the threatenings pronounced against them, if they departed from them. But with what perverse hearts they did depart, one king after the other, though they were warned by the prophets, what judgments should follow them, if they did depart from them; and yet they continued worse and worse. The more Joanna reads her Bible, the more she is convinced, that nothing will free men from sin and sorrow, and bring them to happiness and union with God, till the Power of the Devil is destroyed, which is the root of all evil. But one thing Joanna was afraid for herself, whether she did not commit sin in her heart, concerning the old prophet's deceiving the young prophet. 1 Kings, xiii. For Joanna could not
help thinking, the old prophet should have died as well as the young one; as, in her opinion, he appeared the greatest transgressor; because he deceived the other with the lie.

"Now Joanna I shall answer thee. Thou sayest thou fearest in thy heart, thou hast committed sin; because thy judgment was not like the judgment that I sent at that time. But as thou sayest in thy heart, the old prophet seemed most to blame, by telling the lie knowingly; and the young one did it innocently; yet he suffered for his disobedience, and the other's lie. Now I shall answer thee this from the Fall: for this is the way I shall clear all my Bible. Therefore I will not blame the anger that arose in thy heart against the old prophet, for deceiving the young one; and let no one blame the anger that ariseth in thy heart, to condemn Satan for betraying the Woman: for all these things stand in my Bible, to shew the likeness of the Fall, in men and devils. For as the old prophet deceived the young one, so did the old serpent, which is the Devil, deceive the Woman. But know, my command was given to the young prophet; and my command he disobeyed; therefore my honour could not save him, though the other lied unto him. But dost thou think nothing followed the old prophet after, to punish him for what he had done? I tell thee, Yes; but should I have slain them both in one day, then I could not bring it to the Type of the Fall. But now I shall bring it close to the Fall; for in perfect manner Satan betrayed the Woman, and lied unto her; therefore I do not blame thy anger at all. And now I shall go on with the Fall,

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{Just as the man to him did come} \\
\text{The prophet did appear.} \\
\text{That told the lie unto the man;} \\
\text{But Satan's arts were there,} \\
\text{For to betray, I now do say,} \\
\text{And then the man did blame:} \\
\text{For I do tell thee, every way} \\
\text{He tries for to condemn.}
\end{align*}
\]
THE OLD PROPHET'S DECREE.

So at the first he there did burst,
Like the old prophet stood,
And then the Woman did condemn;
And this I shall allude,
The fault on him, as thou hast done——
The Woman felt the blow,
And so did Man in sorrow stand;
But now you all shall know,
My anger here doth now appear,
I tell thee, just like thine:
The old prophet thou canst not bear,
And this is now my mind;
Though on the first my fury burst,
As man did disobey;
But now at last he shall be cast,
That did with lies betray.
So do not fear thy pondering here,
That thy thoughts run to sin,
Because in anger thou didst appear
To see what he had done
For to deceive; though he believ'd
The words he spoke were true,
And so that day he fell away;
His death before your view
Did surely come that day to man,
The shadow of the Fall:
But Adam's life I did prolong——
For now I tell you all,
Had he died then, just like that man,
Satan would me defeat;
Therefore his life I did prolong,
Though dead to knowledge great
Adam came first; so men did burst
In knowledge dead to me.
That like the Fall, I tell you all,
The prophet there did die;
So I'll go on, from Types, to man,
Till I have plac'd all through;
Thy pondering heart they must command
For all's before my view;
What's in thy mind, they all shall find,
Is strongly work'd be me;
Therefore the ponderings of thy heart
They all must hear and see.
So I'll go on from man to man,
As thou didst ponder here:
The ways of all thou didst condemn
That did in vice appear;
Ungrateful men to thee were seen,
Thou judgest, from the first,
What Promise great I made to Man,
From David at the first;
Yet he began to fall by sin
But sorely did repent;
Yet Solomon did after come,
  That was in wisdom sent;
And yet that man thou didst condemn,
  In falling so from me,
After such Blessings I had sent.
I now shall answer thee,
That every way, I now do say,
I surely have tried Man
In Blessings great without deceit,
  But now the whole discern.
Did he abide; did he confide,
Strong in his Maker there?
Though at the first in prayer did burst,
A house he built me there;
But see the man, how soon he came
To fall away from me.
And wisely here thou dost discern,
These things would always be,
While Satan reigns, thou dost maintain
And I'll maintain it too;
See every Blessing of the men,
Bring all before thy view.
When Blessings there they did appear,
They did not me obey;
When Judgments sent they'd ne'er relent
But still in sin did lie;
Then how can Man the trial stand,
Bring all before their view?
To judge my Kingdom is at hand,
And Satan rule men so,
His power so strong to work in Man,
What Kingdom could it be?—
The Woman's Promise you condemn,
But now my Bible see;
I tell you plain, ye sons of men,
You've plac'd my Bible wrong;
And, from the judgment you do draw,
You never do discern
How Man at first in sin did burst,
And how he did go on;
And how I tried them every way,
To see if they would turn.
My Blessings first I there did place
To David, all may see;
And Solomon the same did come,
But wander'd soon from me;
Then Judgments next I soon did fix,
Yet Man went on the same.
So love or anger would not do,
For men despis'd my Name,
Whateuer way I them did try;
But now I'll try once more,
I know the Evil where't doth lie,
I'll rid him from the shore.
Then I'll try Man, what he'll become,  
And how he will appear;  
I'll send my Blessings o'er the land—  
But now I'll tell thee here,  
That from the Kings that thou hast seen,  
And in thy heart did blame,  
Them with the Prophet I'll compare,  
And so put all to shame;  
For, as the man like Satan stands,  
That did deceive at first,  
So all these Kings you may command,  
Like Satan they did burst.  
Because, by him they were led strong—  
And strong I'll lead the whole;  
For now I say the time's near come,  
He like these Kings shall fall;  
Because, like them, he's surely been,  
For to make sin appear;  
And if that Men I did not screen,  
Shall I their Tempter clear?  
I tell thee No.—I now shall go,  
As I did go before,  
When all these Kings I did destroy,  
And sent my prophets there  
To warn them all that they should fall,  
If they would not repent.  
And now I tell you one and all,  
My mind is fully bent  
To come again the same to Men,  
And tell them what I'll do,  
If Satan's ways they'll all condemn—  
Bring all before their view;  
My Bible here let men judge clear,  
But let them judge like thee,  
That Satan's arts are every where,  
And they do plainly see,  
No peace in Man can ever come,  
While Satan's power does reign—  
"Then why our God shall we condemn?  "For now we do see plain  
"The fault's in Men, they so did stand,  "All ways the Lord did try,  
"To see if they would turn to him—  "Our Bibles so did lie.  
"Can we blame God in what he said,  "Or what he does for Men,  
"If they'd obey what he did say?  "No: there we cannot stand,  
"Our God to blame; 'tis Man we shame,  "When he made Promise great;  
"And yet, that Man from him should turn,  "Then where lies the deceit?  
"It is in Man: we cannot stand,  "Or Satan us destroys.
We wish our God would send the rod,
That foe for to destroy;
For we see plain from ancient men,
What mischief he did do;
We see all lands the same do stand—
Bring all before our view:
Where grandeur here in men appears,
Like Solomon they be;
Their hearts are roving every where
From God, we plain do see;
Then how can men the trial stand,
If we blame men before?
A Solomon men do condemn;
But ne'er discern it here.
The Promise then unto the man
Was if he did obey.
If he did not, we see his lot;
Hear what the Lord did say:
The whole shall fall, was then the call;
Of God unto the man;
The House that he had built, we see,
He said should never stand.
And it did fall, 'tis known to all,
As Solomon acted wrong,
He took the kingdom then from all,
Which in the end did come,
When he'd tried men by different reigns,
In placing judgments there.
We see no way that God did lie—
No: it was Man did err.
Then can we blame our Maker's Name,
To try with cords of love
The hearts of men for to inflame,
That he their hearts might prove
In every way, mankind to try—
And all we see in vain?
How dare we give our God the lie,
Our Bibles to condemn?
Because that men in vice would stand,
And now they stand the same;
We see it strong in every land,
Then man we sure must blame;
And plainly see our destiny,
The root that caus'd our Fall
He will bring on our sorrows strong;
It now is plain to all.
So men in vain do here contend,
If they'll keep Satan up;
We sure shall see our destiny
"In Sin, till he doth drop."—
So now see plain, ye learned men,
The way I've plac'd the whole;
And with my Bible this contend,
And shew from Adam's Fall.
How men went on to live in sin:
   My love and anger see;
Yet all have been alike to men—
   Then can you answer me,
The Fault is mine? No: man, resign
   And plead a different way:
The enmity you plain do see,
   Doth in the Serpent lay,
To work in Man for to go on
   Against his Maker here.
Then to the purpose I shall come,
   And make my promise clear;
Though on these Kings I Curse did bring,
   That disobey'd my word;
But Satan's Curse shall now be worse,
   If you'll believe your Lord.
Rely on me, you all shall see,
   My promise I'll fulfil
On Satan's head, where it was laid,
   And my avenging heel
Shall there come on, I tell you, strong,
   Till I have caus'd his fall.
But, like these Kings, I know he's come,
   I now do tell you all;
To make you sin he doth begin,
   By every art appears;
But I shall rid him from the land—
   Like Ahab he may fear;
And Naboth's vineyard he doth crave;
   But I shall answer here:
Naboth was cast when I did burst
   To shed my blood for Man;
But now, I tell thee, at the last
   An Ahab's doom shall come;
On Satan's head it shall be laid,
   Because the bow is here
That at a venture men did draw,
   Then let the fool take care!
For Jezebel, the Type of Hell,
   Affirm'd what she would do:
But like her words her end did fall;
   And now I tell you true,
On Satan's head it shall be laid,
   As he did say before—
Mark in thy writings what is penn'd:
   And let him now take care!
So all is plain, if you discern
   How Jezebel did swell,
And in what manner I do warn—
   You know a Type of Hell
I plac'd in she, you all must see,
   And now I'll place it strong;
Mark thou the words thou'st read this day,
   That from her lips did come;
With Satan there you may compare—
For I'll compare the whole:
He said this Kingdom he would share
If he the votes could call
To vote for he, you all do see,
Or else he said he'd leave,
Thou knowest, all—behold his Fall—
Like Jezebel, believ'd
That he should come to conquer Man;
But this he could not do.
Like Jezebel, his crown doth stand—
Bring all before your view:
She said that she her end would be
Worse than her prophets there.
If she my prophet could not slay—
And so it did appear.
Then how can Hell in rage now swell,
To think they can get free?
For like her words, I now do tell,
Were Satan's words to thee.
So I'll go on in fury strong,
Till I've fulfill'd the whole,
And then a David's reign shall come,
I now do tell you all;
In love shall be, you all shall see,
And harmony unite.

What was alluded to of Jezebel is in 1 Kings, xix. 2. "Then Jezebel sent a messenger unto Elijah, saying, So let the Gods do to me, and more also, if I make not thy life as the life of one of them by to morrow about this time." This chapter Joanna does not remember she ever read before. But you may see, from the chapter, how true Jezebel brought her prophecies upon her own head, as she missed them that day concerning Elijah. But in the 2d Book of Kings, she brought on worse fate upon herself, than upon her own prophets, whom she lamented. See 2 Kings, ix. 33.

"Now, Joanna, I shall answer the ponderings of thy heart. Thou sayest, how great was the house built unto me, by Solomon, after the promise was made to David; and what was Solomon's Prayer? and what promises the Lord made to Solomon, if he abided in the laws of the Lord; and the threatenings made to him, if he departed..."
from them; and how soon he did depart; and how soon the whole house was cut off! Now I shall answer thee of this mystery: Know it is written, the first is last, and the last is first. Now the great promises that were made to David and Solomon, in the fallen state of man; they soon went on in their fallen state, to fall from the greatest happiness to the greatest misery, by the subtle arts of the Devil, and by their own ingratitude. But now, I tell thee, the first shall be last, and the last shall be first: for, as it is written of Satan’s head being bruised, before my heel; and I was first wounded for the transgression of Man, before Satan’s head was bruised for the transgression of the Woman. So the last was first, and the first was last; and so it shall be now; for I will go on to cut off all the powers of the Devil, as I cut off the house of Ahab; and his fall shall be like the fall of Jezebel, and all that join with him shall fall, root and branch that wish to prolong his reign. And then I shall come back to the Glory of Solomon: and my house shall be established in Righteousness, in Peace, and in Happiness, to all mankind; for what was not accomplished by Man shall now be accomplished by me; and the ends of the earth shall see the Salvation of the Lord; and say that a greater than Solomon is here. For how soon did it fall when established by Man? But my standing shall be secure.

Backward all now shall call, And backward all shall come, Until I bring you to the Fall, Then Man I will redeem.— So I’ll end here and say no more; But thou must ponder on; And I shall make my Bible clear, The way it back shall come.

All this taken from Joanna Southcott’s mouth, by me, Jane Townley.

And here we ended, Monday, Sept., 24th, 1804,
Tuesday Afternoon, Sept. 25, 1804.

Joanna has been reading through the first and second Books of Kings; and is astonished to hear what judgment men have drawn of their Bibles, concerning David and Solomon; as she has frequently heard the Bible taken to pieces on account of these men, that the Lord promised such great blessings to, and they condemned them for the greatest crimes. But let them now how the promise stood: It was entirely on conditions. Now, if David sinned, let them see his repentance; which I have weighed deeply. But now I shall come to Solomon. Hear what the Lord said to Solomon, after he had built the house. 1 Kings, ix. 4. The promise was made—

"If thou wilt walk before me, as David thy father walked."—Now go on to the 10th verse. The same words again in the 2 Chronicles, vii. 12. to the end. Now let them read through the Kings, and see how the promises stood; and see what Solomon did afterwards, in the 1 Kings, xi. Weigh deeply the 9th verse—"And the Lord was angry with Solomon, because his heart was turned from the Lord God of Israel, which had appeared unto him twice." Now weigh the chapter through; and see how the greatest part of the kingdom was rended from Solomon, and given to Jeroboam; and see what Rehoboam did, the son of Solomon.—In reading these chapters my heart pondered deeply, and in a different way from what I have heard the judgment of men. The more I read the more I admire the mercy, the goodness, and the condescension of the Lord in all ages; how he trieth to win men with love, with mercy, and with blessings, if they will not seek after other gods, to their hurt.—But here my heart seems lost in wonder, of the ingratitude of men; and the power and influence that the Devil has over them!—That after Rehoboam saw the Lord was angry with his father, for departing from the com-
mands of the Lord and the greatest part of the kingdom was rended from him; yet that he should go on in the perverseness of his heart, to harden his people against him; and to think of making war with the children of Israel, before the Lord prevented him by the Prophet. And as to Jeroboam, after the Lord had made him King, see what he went on to do; and how the Lord sent the prophet to rebuke him, in 1 Kings, xiii.

And see how all the judgments, that the Lord threatened, came upon them; yet how did they still harden their hearts, to pull down judgments upon their own heads! See how often the Lord sent the prophets to rebuke them; yet they would not hear. See 1 Kings, xviii. After there had been the famine, and the Lord sent Elijah to Ahab, and shewed such wonderful miracles before him, and brought the rain again upon the land; yet see, in the 19th chapter, how Jezebel's heart was hardened, and how they went on in the perverseness of their hearts, to bring down judgments upon their heads; yet, when they saw the Lord repented of his evil, if they repented of their ways; and the Lord turned unto them, if they returned unto him; yet see how soon they were weary of blessings; as though they were determined to provoke the Lord to anger; for the Lord tried them every way: and see what blessings he sent, when there came good kings, that made them walk in the statutes of the Lord. But how soon did the children depart from their fathers! How soon did Manasseh depart from Hezekiah his father, though he saw the blessings and the wondrous deliverance that the Lord worked for Hezekiah his father! yet how soon did he depart from all his father's steps in the perverseness of his own heart, as though he wished to provoke the Lord to anger against him! Here, in reading my Bible, it appeareth to me, the Lord hath tried men every way, to convince them of the
etol of sin, and shew them what blessings they should receive, if they would but walk in the fear of the Lord; but they themselves, by disobedience, brought all the evils upon their own heads: for all the old Testament stands upon conditions. Then how can man say, the Promises were sure, let men do what they would? I have not read such words through my Bible: but I find the words of the Lord have been true, what he spake by the prophets: and the fatal end of the kings came by their rebellion, as the prophets all had told them, one after the other. Then how can Man contend with his Maker? or how can Men find fault with their Maker, when they bring evil on their heads, by the hardness of their own hearts and their own unbelief? Then what have we to marvel now at the unbelief of mankind, seeing how the kings went on one after the other, after being warned by the prophets of the judgments that should follow? And the same judgments did follow; yet they still hardened their hearts. Therefore my opinion, from what I have seen of the Bible, is, that men would be the same now; if the sword, plague, and famine were to be in the land, it would not change the people for any continuation, if the powers of darkness remained; for, in reading through my Bible, I read the perfect language that is now in the world. Then where is the difference in men? are they not all of one spirit? While the powers of darkness are at enmity against God, they have power to work in man the same. See what wondrous miracles the prophets worked of old, and how true their prophecies came! And yet all thought they should miss them, before they came upon them unawares. Now, if that came to the Jews, who being hardened through unbelief, after seeing all the truths of the prophets fulfilled, yet still went on the same, till they were made entirely captives and the kingdom taken from them; yet again, when our Saviour
came to visit them, they despised his miracles, his words, and his working, as they had despised their prophets before; though some of their kings believed in their prophets, as did some of the people, and hid the prophets from the fury of their enemies; just so was it with the Jews, when our Saviour came. Witness the disciples, and many of the Jews that turned to the gospel. Then is it not plain, that these two different spirits will always be in the world, as long as there are two opposite powers to work; the power of God and the power of the Devil? These are my observations from the past ages, and the present; for I see them perfectly alike in the opposite spirits, that are now in the world: and this I am clear will never change till the power of God hath destroyed the power of the Devil: for how did the Jews stand out through unbelief? Though they saw the truth of our Saviour's words, the holy city of Jerusalem destroyed, and they themselves scattered throughout the face of the earth; yet all this doth not change their minds. But one observation I made in my heart, in reading over the reigns of the Kings, and meditating upon the reign of kings in all nations, that there is no government that has been so well established for the happiness of mankind, as the government that is brought in by the Gospel. This appeareth to me a shadow of good things to come; that perfect peace and happiness shall be established when the fulfilment of the gospel is accomplished. This is the pondering of my heart, from reading the Bible, which I am ordered to pen; and I think, instead of men's blaming the Lord, they ought in reading their Bibles to take guilt and shame to themselves, seeing what perverseness was in the heart of man; and they ought to look abroad and at home, and see what perverseness now is in the heart of man. So what the world now make a mockery of, is a truelooking glass for me, to see all faces in their true colours. My observation
went the deeper, as I have heard men make the greatest mockery of the Bible; and I know many abandoned wretches have not only written against it, but have taken pleasure to turn it into ridicule and fun. But let them look into their own hearts; then they may say the Bible is a looking glass for them to see their own likeness painted there; for there is every man's likeness in the Bible, both good and bad. And the mockery and unbelief of mankind do but strengthen my faith the more; because I see all these characters have been before; and the Gospel assureth us they would remain till the powers of darkness were destroyed. Therefore, my prayer is, that the Lord will hasten that happy time, to cut off Satan's reign; and bring in His own, whose mercy and goodness are over all his works.

But what mercy and goodness would it have been in the Lord to prolong the wretched reign of Manasseh! who appeareth to me a complete type of the Devil; and yet Hezekiah his father was so good a man! Thus it appeareth to me, it is not from the Fall of Adam, as the blood running in man; for then the child might be like the father; but it appears to me, by the heart and spirit that are in men, some give themselves up to be drawn by the Spirit of God, and others give themselves up to be drawn by the power of the Devil. But these are my own ideas from my observation of the Kings, that the sons did not all walk in their fathers' steps; for some turned to do good, and others turned to do evil; which brings my thoughts to our Saviour's words. "His servants ye are to whom ye yield yourselves to obey."—

"Now Joanna, thee I'll answer From the ponderings thou hast here, Let them judge who is thy Master; Let the sons of men appear. To answer man I shall begin; Let them thy pondering see, And then I say I'll answer men, If they can answer me; That say from Hell thy heart doth swell, Or Satan doth thee guide;"
Because thy heart I do know well—
The swelling of the tide.
How it is Man that thou dost blame,
Thy Maker thou dost free;
And all thy foes I'll put to shame,
There's none can answer me.
When I begin to plead with man,
My Bible then go through;
For I shall guide thy heart and hand;
Thy pondering all shall know.
So now read back what they have wrote.
Thy pondering's all from me,
And by my spirit thou art taught
The looking glass to see.
So all must come and so discern
All faces do appear,
As in the Bible thou hast read,
No man can answer here.
It is not so, I well do know;
No: there they must stand mute.
And from Manasseh I shall go
to strike the every root.
The thoughts of thee are known to me,
For I have plac'd all there;
Thy pondering heart they all must see.
And tell me when and where
A heart like thine could not be mine?
So now read back the whole.
And I shall further tell my mind,—
Those that can't stand shall fall.
So I'll go on to answer man,
From all the lines here penn'd;
And let the wise and learned come,
With all their learning bend,
And tell me plain if they'll maintain
This pondering came from thee;
If that from hell thy heart did swell,
And so led on by he?
I tell them no; they all shall know,
Thy heart and soul is mine;
Unto the standard I shall go,
And make them all resign.
The thoughts of thee, let all men see.
Thou'rt wisely judg'd the whole;
While Satan reigns, I will maintain,
The glass stands deep for all;
As thou dost see alike to be,
In every age that's past,
And with the present doth agree,
The looking glass is plac'd;
So strong for all, now judge the call,
Thy thoughts in all I'll clear.
'Tis not the taint of Adam's Fall
That brings sin every where.
No, 'tis the man, I say must stand,
And answer just like thee:

If Adam's Fall had tainted all,
And in the blood to be,
Then in the Man the Fall must stand,
And run through every vein;
For then the Father and the Son
Would both alike remain.

But 'tis not so, I well do know,
Then how can man appear,
To say it is by Adam's Fall,
You are so tainted here?
No: answer, man; you cannot stand
To prove it all this way;
And yet I say, from Adam's Fall,
In grief you all do lay;
Because the Man did ME condemn,
Which did prolong the reign
Of Satan there, I tell you here,
And this I shall maintain—
Your spirits free they surely be
To act which way you will:
Your hearts you may give up to ME,
Then Satan's heart I'll chill;
For now I'm come to tell his doom—
He like these Kings shall fall.
Manasseh here I now shall clear,
A Type goes deep for all;
Because that he, you all do see,
Did from his father go;
And Satan wander'd so from ME—
But now thy heart I know:
"Can Satan here like him appear?"
"How can he be a son?"
I tell thee. No: it is not so;
Yet still from shadows come;
Satan with ME his reign you see;
In Heaven he reign'd at first;
And had he stood in harmony,
He never would been cast.
But he did not; you see his lot,
How he was cast below;
And then my judgments he forgot—
Did like Manasseh go;
I say, in sin he did go on
To tempt men to this day,
Though all the angels I unthron'd,
That joined then with he.
Now, this before they'd all seen clear,
Just like the Type of man;
And when my Coming did appear,
Like Hezekiah stand;
Though not a son shall I name him,
But from the shadow go:
MANASSEH A TYPE OF SATAN.

The Jews he hardened then in sin,
   And then brought on their woe,
Till they were cast; and so did burst,
   For he did so appear,
Just like Manasseh at the first—
   But I shall answer here;
The Type in Man, I say was strong,
   And strong shall be for all;
For like Manasseh he did come
   To make my people fall.
Then I'll appear to answer here,
   If I did not spare Man.
Which way the Tempter shall I clear?
   These Kings you may command:
For as a king he does begin
   To war against his God;
And from the judgment thou hast drawn
   May now by all be draw'd.
For all may say, as well as thee,
   Sin ever will abound,
While Satan is your enemy.—
   The hearts too strong are found,
Are drawn by he, you all may see,
   If deeply you discern.
Sin in all nations you may see,
   The hearts of men he'd turn
To make them here for to appear,
   The Type stands deep for man.
From Hezekiah I shall clear,
   The shadow first must come;
Because the good you there allude
   Did surely come the first;
And after him the evil came—
   And see how this did burst.
Just so to man I now shall come,
   And your forefathers see;
The way my Gospel was brought in
   In strong belief to be,
That I should come again to them,
   My people to redeem.
This is the way they did believe—
   My coat without a seam.
If you see clear the shadow here,
   It must go through for all;
This is the way they did believe
   I should redeem the Fall:
But now is come Manasseh strong,
   And from them to depart:
These are the sons throughout the land,
   To wound your every heart,
That now will go, as he did do,
   Against your Father rise.
So now, Manassehs all take care,
   'Tis time for to grow wise!
For every way I now do say,
I've plac'd the shadow here,
For men and devils now to see;
'Tis time for all to fear,
That will not stand by my command;
As David stood at first;
Though he did sin, to me 'tis known;
But know his grief did burst:
He did repent, and did relent,
The crime that he had done.
And now, I say, with one consent,
If men like him return,
Their guilt I'll free, I now tell thee—
But I shall say no more,
I tell thee, till another day;
Then I shall answer here."

*Here ends Tuesday night, Sept. 25, 1804.

Wednesday Morning, Sept. 26, 1804.

We received Mr. Foley's books— and Joanna was deeply, affected in reading from the twelfth page to the nineteenth, as it called all the past to her remembrance: and she thought on the dreadful horror that she felt at that time, that she would not go through again for the world: but in what powerful manner the Spirit of the Lord broke in upon her, that she blesses the Lord for his abiding presence to this day. She feels every happiness is centred in him.

"Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee. The shadow of that day is a warning to thee and to all, as it came first from thy jealousy, fearing thou hadst done wrong, by disobeying my command; and now I tell thee, and all men, wert thou now to disobey my command, thy end would be more wretched and miserable, than it was for that hour; but by thy obedience thou shalt find my Spirit as strong to deliver, as it broke in upon thee that day.

So do not fear if danger's near,
For thou shalt safe go through;
My Bible by thee I shall clear,
And thy before their view.
So thou go on as thou'st begun,
To ponder through the whole;
And I'll appear to answer here,
And make the learned fall.
The ways of men must all be known,
From Adam at the first;
Because his Maker he condemn'd;
Then how can Man be plac'd,
The Promise claim that's not to Man?
No; there the Type stands deep;
For to the Woman it must come—
For I in her shall break;
And then you'll see the end to be—
For all a David's reign.
'Tis not for one, I say to man,
But you must all see plain,
When I do come your Prince and King,
Your Saviour to appear;
You'll find the power is not in men
The woman's guilt to clear.
No; 'tis in me, all flesh will see,
For I shall free the whole;
And from the Fall, I tell you all,
The Serpent he must fall.
The Promise there shall now appear,
And I shall make it good;
So men with thee they join'd must be,
And judge me as a God.
If I went on'to punish Man,
That me did disobey,
Shall I let Satan always stand,
When I before did say,
That he should not? I told his lot—
Now trace my Bible through:
The different changes you forgot,
That lie before your view.
So I'll go on the whole to change
Until I've chang'd the whole;
And Satan's doom is nearly come—
He like these Kings shall fall.
In them he swell'd, I do know well:
Shall I the Author free?
No! no! I say to thee this day,
My Bible true shall be;
For he shall fall, I tell you all,
As in my Bible penn'd;
And like these Kings, I tell you all
He'll surely find his end.
So Joab here thou didst see clear
How he went on with man;
And yet what sins in him appear'd,
And how his end did come!
On man at first the whole did burst,
The judgments did appear,—
I know the ponderings of thy heart,
When thou didst read it there.
That Joab met his awful fate,
That he did just deserve;
Because his sins, thou seest, were great,
How he in vice did live.
The blood of men on him did come,
That he by arts did slay;
Yet still with David he went on,—
Pretend his friend to be.
A mystery here thou canst not clear,
But I shall clear the whole,
And tell thee plain of David's reign,
By man did surely fall;
But now by me 't can never be;
I shall not act like man;
Nor with the Joabs will agree
In any murderous plan.
No, no! to men, I tell them plain,
In justice I'll appear,
When I bring in a David's reign,
'T shall be in spirit here.
Then it shall stand by my command,
Though man did surely fall:
The greatness here that did appear,
I now do tell you all,
To Solomon that did become,
Who built the House to me;
It is a type that's deep to Man;
Though I the David be,
It is by Man it must be done,
When I my sons do make
Like Solomon for to become,
The powers of Hell I'll shake.
Though he was cast, you know, at first,
'Twas but a shadow there;
But all shall see the end to burst,
The substance shall appear;
In every land my sons shall stand,
In wisdom great like he:
But not in sin for to begin——

No: I shall come, the type to man
That did from him appear,
When he the house had built to me,
Mark thou the number there
That he did slay of beasts that day—
And I shall slay the whole;
Then the burnt offerings all shall see,
In peace and joy shall fall,
Always to stand by my command,
And men shall all possess;
I'll fill with glory every land,
And I'll enthrone in peace;
In joy below shall blessings flow;
But, was it done by Man?
OF THE TEMPLE OF SOLOMON.

A Solomon, you all do know,
Did ne'er enrich his land;
No: 'twas to one the whole did come,
But I'll bring it to all
That do appear; my sons I'll clear,
When I have freed the fall.

1 Kings, viii. 63. "And Solomon offered sacrifice of peace offerings, which he offered unto the Lord, two and twenty thousand oxen, and an hundred and twenty thousand sheep. So the king and all the children of Israel dedicated the house of the Lord."

"Now I tell thee, this type goeth deep. The shadow of the Beast was slain by Man: but those beasts could tempt no one to sin; but when I come to establish my throne in righteousness, I shall slay the Beast, which is the Devil; therefore it is the number was so great."

After this Joanna went on reading her Bible: and from the last chapter of the second book of Chronicles, found the words of the prophets were perfectly fulfilled: And the vessels of the house of the Lord were carried into Babylon, and the children of Israel were made captives there: and the house of God was burnt and totally destroyed. Yet in reading on, in Ezra, chap. i. Cyrus king of Persia, the Lord stirred up to build the house of God, and Jerusalem again; but when they were going on in the buildings, in the fourth chapter, see how the Devil stirred up the people, by subtlety and arts, that it might not be built. There the work was deferred, until the second year of the reign of Darius king of Persia, and all their arts could not prevail on him to prevent the work; for, in the 6th chapter, he commanded it to go on; and, in the 11th verse, whoever went to prevent the building was to be hanged. So the building was completed. Now the ponderings of Joanna were these: The different spirits that were in men shew plainly the different masters they are led by; and by subtle arts the enemy.
went to prevent the building, by falsehood and lies, and discovers clearly what the Devil is in substance, by the shadow that appeareth in men. But I was deeply affected in reading how much the children of Israel were delighted, and how much they were affected, in building again the house to the Lord; in the 10th chapter they had consented to put away their wives, that they had taken from among the heathen; in Nehemiah, 9th chapter, how the children of Israel confessed their sins and repented; in the 13th chapter, that they completed the whole; and observed how Solomon's strange wives, or outlandish women, caused him to sin; so they determined not to follow after them. Then followeth Esther, by whose hand the Lord delivered the Jews, when Haman had designed for them all to be murdered. These wondrous workings of Providence deeply affected my heart, to see how the Lord delivered, when they turned unto him with all their hearts. But one thing strikes deeply upon me; the Lord only knoweth whether my thoughts are right or wrong: The first house that was built to the Lord by Solomon, appeareth to me in the pride of men; for though the Lord had commanded him to do it, yet certainly Solomon was swelled with pride by all the grandeur that he kept up; and that pride, and the love of women, made him fall, and the house fell also; but when the second house was built, it was through opposition, through persecution, through humbleness of spirit, through a love to God, through a fear to God, (for see how they lamented of their sins, and confessed it was their sins that brought all the judgments upon them, and they repented with fasting and prayer,) and then the house stood; and by Esther's petition the Jews had liberty to destroy all their enemies, that were in the land where they dwelt, that had decreed to destroy them. Esther, ix. and x. Here my thoughts went deeply two ways; the one to see the mercies of God, when
men turned humbly to him; and the other to see how humbly they did return, which makes me judge the Lord will do according to his promises, and pity the fallen state of men, when they humbly turn to him. But see the different spirits of men; one being hardened in the midst of judgments, and the other being humble and confessing their sins, and acknowledging the justice of God in their punishment, appears to me but a Type of Men and Devils: How Satan will be hardened and Man will be penitent. These have been my observations and reflections, and the ponderings of my heart, in reading; and that there is the same difference of men upon earth, as there was in the angels in Heaven; and this will continue while Satan reigns, as long as he has power to make a division on Earth, as he did in Heaven. These have been the ponderings of my heart, and the Lord pardon me if my thoughts have been wrong in any thing, as I am ordered to pen the feelings of my heart: and greatly did I feel in my heart for the Jews, at their sincere repentance at the second building of the house unto the Lord, which made me think he would have mercy upon them in the end, as he hath promised in my writings.

"Now, Joanna, I shall begin to answer thee. There is not a word in thy mouth, nor a thought in thy heart, but I know it altogether; and as thou hast faithfully spoken, there is not a thought in thy heart, nor a word in thy mouth, that I blame; for now I shall come to Solomon. As thou sayest the house was built in pride, as well as obedience; it is true; and the pride of man fell; but as thou sayest the other house was built in humiliation and in repentance, which stood till the pride of man began to swell again:—But here I tell thee the Type goes deep. When Esther delivered her people, know they were scattered throughout the earth, and their Kings were destroyed, and they were delivered by the hand of a woman. Here is a Type stands.
deep for all men. When I had destroyed their Kings, I delivered them by the hand of a woman, and made their enemies become their friends, by Darius, and by Ahasuerus, as neither of these were Kings of the Jews, but had declared themselves their great enemies; and the latter was stirred up by Haman; but see what became of Haman. Now thou knowest I have told thee all things stand for Types and Shadows of the End; and here is a deep Type of the End: when a man's ways please the Lord, he will make his enemies at peace with him. And now I will tell thee how men's ways may please me: when men begin to act like the Jews, who went the second time to build a house in my Name, they wept to see the ruins of the fall of what had been built and destroyed before—

So now to all I thus shall call—

The Type goes deep for Man;
Here is a shadow of the Fall,
When I at first began,
I say, to lay the house of clay,
That I did lay in Man;
But he from me did fall away,
Like Solomon become;
Soon tainted there he did appear,
As Satan's arts were so,
The Woman did his heart ensnare,
And that you well do know;
By Satan's art she felt the dart,
And did the Man betray:
Like Solomon he soon did come,
His glory fell away.
So thus at first the Man was cast
Then by the Woman there:
Like Solomon his fall did come—
There's no man this can clear,
To say 'twas not: I'll tell your lot—
This was the Fall at first;
By Satan's arts the Woman fell,
And so the Man was cast.
But now see plain, ye sons of men,
The mystery of the Fall;
For now I tell thee, from his reign,
A paradise for all
I made at first; but Man was cast,
By Satan's artful hand:
You see the Woman so was plac'd,
The Serpent her trepan'd,
Then sure the Fall, I tell you all,
Did much like his appear:
And by the Woman Men did fall,
As Solomon did there.
So all went on, I tell you plain,
Till things grew worse and worse;
As in the Temple you did see
How every thing was plac'd;
In grandeur there did all appear,
But see how all fell down!
This way the Fall I mean to clear,
If men can judge the sound;
For I'll go on from man to man,
Till Esther all must see:
She freed her People in the Land,
That was condemn'd to die.
Then now see clear the shadow here—
If Woman caus'd the Fall;
By Solomon the first did come,
And Esther freed them all.
The thing is plain, I say to men,
Though it may to them appear
Just like the mis-maze* thou hast made,
The paths no man can clear;
The way to go thou well dost know,
To tread thy paths all round:
And yet I see the eye of thee—
A straight path may be found
In every way, as it doth lay,
Unto the middle come:
All paths are straight before thy sight,
As thou dost here discern;
Though puzzling see the thing may be,
Which way will all go through,
To bring it straight before your sight,
And now the whole you view.
Now I'll go on from what thou'st done,
A trifling shadow here,
Yet to the purpose I shall come,
And prove my Bible here.
As many ways, I now do say,
As they work'd this to night,
So many ways, I now do say,
Men try to bring all straight;
But there's not one, to thee 'tis known,
That they did bring straight here;
The crooked paths to them were shewn,
Which they thought they must clear;
So they went round in every sound,
But all brought crooked through,
Just so the learned men are found,
And bring all to thy view:
Just so to men I now shall come—
My Bible I've plac'd there;
* This is explained further on.
And crooked paths they all bring in,
No straight path man can clear.
For all have done, as those began—
Came crooked every way.
It was to shew the Type of Man,
That I work'd so in thee,
To place it here to make it clear,
That crooked men do go;
Therefore their hands I did prepare,
That they should work it so:
But as to thee it was by me,
That I thy hand work'd straight.
The mystery round must so be found,
To bring all things to light:
You must bring round in every sound,
I say, my Bible here;
And then the straight path shall be found,
That I the whole shall clear.
The ways are two before thy view,
Which way to make it come;
The crooked paths before thy view
Were first work'd by thy hand;
Then all was straight before thy sight,
And so 'tis straight for all,
If men go through, as thou didst do,
And prove it from the Fall,
That crooked round have all been found,
I tell thee, to this day;
And as my handmaids here were found,
Men's wisdom works this way,
To bring all in as they began,
The paths were crooked there;
I said a straight path sure was seen,
And thou didst prove it clear:
But they did not behold the spot,
The way it straight must come;
Just so, I say to thee, this day
My Bible's work'd by man;
For crooked here they all appear,
And yet they judge 'tis straight
The way they work my Bible here;
But now before thy sight,
There was not one that by his hand
Did bring a straight path there;
Unless 'twas thee, they both did see,
Then how can they appear
To say 'twas straight before their sight,
The way they work'd it round?
And perfect so, they all shall know,
My shepherds all are found:
They work the same, as these began,
Till I did work in thee,
To have the straight path to appear,
The winding paths first see
CONCERNING THE MIS-MAZE.

For to go round in every sound,
Then come to a straight line;
I tell thee, here 't must so appear,
My Bible men must find.

Another day, to thee I say,
I'll place the Type once more:
And then my handmaids I will try,
If they can straight appear.

Here ends Wednesday night, Sept. 26. This taken from Joanna Southcott's mouth.

JANE TOWNLEY.

DEAR SIR,
Saturday, September 29, 1804.

My last letter must have appeared very puzzling, as I had not time to explain the Mis-maze. Since Joanna was ordered to drop her pen, she saith the words that are given her throw so great a light upon her mind, that while we were writing the lines that she spoke, she began to ruminate and ponder deeply in her own heart, which made her often forget the words that were spoken to her; for when she wrote her ownself, she had then no time to ponder, as she was engaged in writing. So that of late, to prevent any pondering with the words of the Lord, she has amused her thoughts in taking scraps of paper and doubling them to cut them in holes like diamonds. This she often did when in bed; and finding by this amusement her thoughts were so employed in what she was doing, she never lost a word that the Lord said to her. But since she has been up, she has often amused herself in bending these scraps of paper to make them stand upon the table; and, as she had seen a Mis-maze at Lord Rolle's, she now sits day after day, when the Spirit of the Lord breaks in upon her, amusing herself with making of Mis-mazes with the paper on the table; and then she has no thought of her own, only amusing her-
self with what she was doing; and as soon as we had written one line, she distinctly had another line given her, as fast as we could write them. In this manner she was amusing herself, when we were writing about Solomon. She had placed a large pincushion in the middle and made a mis-maze all round it, and then the words were spoken to her of what she had done. So Underwood and I were ordered to take a pencil, and work round all her scraps of paper, some of them the length of the line I have drawn *, some still longer, and some shorter, placed round like hedges in a mis-maze; and we were to try to work round them, so as to bring them into a straight line in the middle; but thinking we were to bring every one to the middle, by so doing we brought them all crooked, which were twenty-four in number. Then Joanna took the pencil and worked round the outward ones first, and when she came to the bottom, she brought them up in a straight line to the middle, and the same at the top; and so she worked the table round, and brought them into four straight lines, that we brought into twenty-four crooked ones. Now I have told you the sense, you will understand the meaning of what was written of the Mis-maze.

We were all ordered to draw our judgment, what was meant by the four straight paths. Townley’s judgment:—The word of the Lord—the light of the Gospel—the Salvation—and the Redemption of Man. Underwood’s:—The word of the Lord to Joanna—the light of the Gospel given through her—men’s wisdom to be thrown aside—and give themselves up wholly to be taught of the Lord. While we were drawing our judgments Joanna said, she would not think herself wiser than us, if she drew her judgment clearer; because a light broke in upon her, and told, that it was the Promise made of the Woman in the Creation—the Promise that was

* A line of about six inches in length.
made to the Woman at the Fall—Christ's death to clear the one—and his Second Coming to claim and fulfil the other.

"Now Joanna thee I'll answer:  
Though the first I will not blame;  
Yet 'tis I, that am thy Master,  
Work'd thy judgment, none can shame.  
Because at first it so was plac'd,  
And so I'll work all round;  
The others' judgments I'll not cast,  
Because my words are found  
To make all true before their view,  
The straight path to appear.  
The judgment that was drawn by you  
Shews how the wise do err;  
And yet I say the words of they,  
Though varied in the sound,  
They had a judgment I do know,  
That must mankind confound.  
The lines were here I now shall clear,  
Thou drew'st them straight at first,  
And in the end 'twas my intend  
Thy judgment right should burst;  
For it was I who dwell on high  
Did assist thee in the thought.  
Thy thoughts were right before men's sight;  
For so must all be wrote.  
I tell you plain, ye sons of men,  
My Bible you work so,  
That all is straight before your sight;  
And then the end you'll know.  
I shall bring in, as thou'st begun,  
I tell thee, from the Fall;  
No other way, to men I say,  
You can my Bible call,  
To make it straight before your sight—  
No: crooked men go on;  
The winding way there's none doth see  
How in the end 't must come,  
Till I've work'd round in every sound  
My Bible to appear;  
For every leaf men must work round,  
As I have work'd them here;  
And then my word that's on record  
Will make my Gospel true:  
The different judgments all did draw  
Be laid before your view."
We are commanded to insert the following letters, the reasons for which will be clearly seen hereafter by the public, as they are now by those who are diligently examining the writings of Joanna Southcott, to know the true meaning of the Bible concerning these latter days.

A COPY OF A LETTER FROM JOANNA TO THE REV. MR. POMEROY.

REV. SIR,

I have a message from God unto you. If you will not be a just judge, be an unjust judge, that I may be avenged of my adversary. Therefore rend unto Cæsar the things which are Cæsar's, and unto God the things which are God's: but the things that are God's you have kept back, and you say, committed to the flames. Then my answer is, out of your own mouth will I condemn you: and you will find you have a God to deal with; therefore you must give a satisfactory answer, why you burnt the letters? and what they contained?—You may say, I am he that troubleth Israel: but I have not troubled Israel; but I am troubling you and your father's house, which I mean are the Bishops, because you call them reverend fathers in God. They have acted just like you, to keep back the truths of the Bible, as you have kept back the truths of my writings; they have denied the truths of the Bible, as you have denied the truths of my writings; they have denied the promise made in the fall to the woman; that though they must own it was a promise made, yet they deny it to be a promise to be claimed; or a promise that ever the Lord will fulfil. Then what do men make
of their Bibles? It was to shew what mankind is; that the Lord ordered me to put the writings in your hands, and concealed from me, that you would go from your word, and not be as good as your promise. And now, sir, I must come to the purpose with you. You may think it strange, when I tell you, there is not one man upon earth, hath strengthened my faith so much to prove clearly my visitation from the Lord, as you have: you may ask me how? To this I answer: When I first sent to you concerning my prophecies, in 1796, you declared to me, they were never from the Devil; but have often pleaded with me, if they were not from myself? But I was the judge there; and knew they were not of myself; and as you affirmed they were not from the Devil, then I knew they must be from the Lord. Now, while you affirm my writings were not from the Devil, you acted as a worthy, religious minister; as a wise man, as a good man, and as one that seemed to wish to be clear in judging, before you condemned. You told me, in 1796, you was willing to receive any thing from my hands, that you might be a judge of the truth; and when the truth followed by the Bishop's death, you asked me in Mr. Taylor's house, and in Mrs. Taylor's presence, in January 1797, if I could put into your hands the events of the wars concerning Italy, or England; then you would believe my calling was of God? The week following I put in your hands what would happen to Italy, which took place within the six months you mentioned; as you asked me what would happen in three months, or six months. I put in your hands, England would seek for peace, but in vain; for we had involved ourselves in such tumults of war, that the wise men, with all their wisdom, would not be able to make a peace; and that large sums of money would be demanded at the end of the year: all these truths, you know followed. But I confess you simply asked me if I did not know
these things from myself; which, you know, I told you, I knew no more from myself than your table: At the same time there were in the writings events that were to take place in years to come, that now seem bursting out in all nations; and you told me yourself, you knew they would be true; yet for some time disputed with me, if it was not from myself, for my own knowledge; but when I assured you it was not from myself, and I had no knowledge of my own, you asked me, why I did not publish to the world? For, if you was clear you was called of God, you would fear no man. And now, sir, I am clear I am called of God; for the wondrous visitation that hath happened to me for the three months past, is impossible to come from any but a God; therefore I shall fear no man's words, neither shall I be dismayed at their looks: for little do men know what lieth before them. You know I put in your hands the truth of the harvests in 1799, and the 1800; and it has stood me in pounds to put writings in your hands, which you always promised faithfully to keep, and faithfully to deliver to me, whenever my trial was: and now my trial draweth near, and I shall hold you to your words, and to your promises; and if you go from them, I have more just grounds to publish you to the world, that the Devil has taken the advantage over you, than you could have to publish to the world that I was led by the Devil, to put your name in print, as the Lord had commanded me; but that command you said was from the Devil. Now, sir, reflect on the change of your conduct: how you acted before, when you said my writings were not from the Devil, how faithfully you promised to act. How you said you would meet with six, or with twelve to prove my writings. How you asked me, in Mr. Taylor's house, in 1801, to put the prophecy in your hands of that harvest, that I told you I had put in Mr. Jones's; for you said, in Mrs. Taylor's pre-
sence, if you was to be the judge, the writings ought to be put in your hands; which I complied with, and carried them to you. You promised to keep the whole safe; and told me you had every one of my letters in your bureau, that you would keep safely for me. But as soon as the Lord put you to the trial, to see if you could bear the mockery of men, and the ridicule of the world, for his sake, by having your name in print, how soon did the fine gold become dim! How soon did you begin to act like Pilate, fearing the Jews! and just so you began to fear men, that you should lose your honour amongst them. But know what our Saviour said: He that loseth his life for my sake, shall find it; but he that saveth it, shall lose it. Now you tried to save your honour amongst men; and that is the way you have lost it: for the honour of the world worketh death to the honour of God; and that death you soon fell into; for you began in the Spirit, but you ended in the flesh. Here your wrath began, by fearing the honour of men; and you let the sun go down upon your wrath; and so you gave place to the Devil. Then you sent to me to give in my sacrament ticket, to turn me from the altar, which I faithfully delivered up to you, at your request, as I well knew there were other ministers I could go to, to receive the sacrament; but after that your conscience seemed to reprove you, you sent me a note to come again, and invited me to come by Mrs. Taylor; then, after that, you sent for me to give up the second note; and because I had mislaid it, and could not find it directly, you seemed to be angry that it was not returned; but as soon as I found it I faithfully returned it to you. Then you came to Mrs. Taylor's, and told her and me how you was situated, and how the ministers were all plaguing you, that you could not go into company, if I would not sign that you had said my writings were from the Devil. Mrs. Taylor expostulated
with you, that you had never said they were from the Devil, but you had affirmed to the contrary; but you made answer, you had said it was from the Devil, my putting your name in print, which I confess was true; and as you cried, and said I should kill you if I would not sign it, I gave you the advantage of that word, as you thought it would re-claim your injured honour. But how did you yourself go on with principles to lose that honour, that you with subtlety went to claim? I returned to you every demand you had of me, by returning the sacrament tickets; though I never promised it before you demanded them, and then I returned them. But how unjustly did you deal with me? As soon as I demanded all my writings, you went from the promises of a man, refused to return me one of my letters, but told Mr. Taylor that you had burnt them, and that you was persuaded to do it; so you broke your word, you broke your promise, and you dealt unjustly with me. Now do you think the Lord is another such as yourself, to break all his words, all his promises, and to act unjustly, as you have done? This change of conduct in you truly convinceth me, that you gave the Devil that advantage over you, that you published to the world he had over me. And now I shall call to your remembrance the words I said unto you in Mr. Taylor's house, when Mrs. Taylor said to me, she feared your advertisement would hurt the cause; you know I made answer, that was impossible: for what was of men would come to nothing, but what was of God they could not overthrow, lest they were found to fight against God. You answered, that was true. And now I answer, you are fighting against God: but you cannot fight against God and prosper. See how soon your eyes were darkened; see how soon your understanding was hid, when you were seeking the praise of man more than the praise of God; and the
honour of men more than the honour of God. How did that honour you contend for come to nothing, by your own conduct, by not returning back my letters, according to your promise? This provoked the Lord to anger against you, and I was ordered to publish to the world all your conduct; so the honour you contend for, you yourself brought to nothing; but the honour of God, and the visitation of God, it is not you, nor all the clergy in England can overthrow. All the Bishops have been written to, that if they would come forward, or send twenty-four of their ministers, to meet the twenty-four whom the Lord has chosen, to have a fair investigation into all the writings for seven days, if they could, then prove they came from the Devil, they should be then given up to their judgment; but this the Bishops have declined, as they know it is a thing impossible for man to prove; so their silence gives consent that the writings are from the Lord. The Religious Society* have been appealed to likewise; and they are silent. So all their silence gives consent, that the calling is of God, and they cannot overthrow it. But this way that you acted to overthrow it was like throwing of oil into the fire, and make the flames burn the greater. So you have been the murderer of your own honour, and convinced me clearly that it was you and not me, that was deceived by the subtle arts of the Devil. And now I shall come to Mr. Jones. The Lord commanded me to send Mr. Jones unto you, to reprove you, as Nathan reproved David; but you refused to hear the reproof, and blamed Mr. Jones for obeying the command, and returning the answer you gave him. Now I shall come to reason. Mr. Jones believes my visitation to be from the Lord, and in obedience to his command he waited upon you. Now if you

* The Society for the Suppression of Vice;
blame Mr. Jones for doing that, I must beg you will throw off your gown: what use is your mocking of God to go into your pulpit, and tell people to obey the commands of the Lord, and then to go out of your pulpit and abuse them for doing the very thing that they believed the Lord had commanded them? For it is by faith we must be saved. And now I shall ask you one question: Supposing a Jew, who never believed in Christ, but believed him an impostor, as the Jews do, yet if that man being a gentleman of great property, and wishing to have land like the Christians, and say I will turn Christian, I will turn to the Gospel, and I will take the sacrament to worship what I believe an impostor, because I will have a title and honour among men; would not that Jew be a greater sinner, that could thus mock God in his heart, than the other Jews who would not worship him as a Saviour, out of conscience to the Lord, because they did not believe he who was the Saviour—only trusted in one God? which, judge you, would be the greatest sinner? You must believe it to be him who mocked God with his unbelief; because it is from the heart man believeth unto righteousness; and the Lord judgeth not as man judgeth, by outward appearance; the Lord judgeth from the heart. So, from the faith of Mr. Jones, you must blame the man for doing what he judged was the will of the Lord concerning him. And now I shall come to my Brother. You say, my Brother ought to be horse-whipped, for claiming justice to be done to his Sister. Then what religion do you preach? or, how would you wish brothers and
sisters to be united together? Ought not brotherly love to continue? Doth not my Brother know the manner of my life, from my youth up to this day, better than you do? My Brother knoweth I should bring no lies before him; he knew he could depend upon the truth of all I told him, and the unjust manner that you had dealt with me, my Brother knows I should never have laid it before him, if it was not true. Then how can you judge my Brother a Christian, a man of tender feelings for his Sister, as a Brother ought to have, if he would not support my cause when he saw me so unjustly dealt with, knowing I had no Father living, nor no husband, to protect me? And now I must call to your remembrance your own behaviour to Mrs. Symonds, when you bid her go out of your house, in my presence, because you said, her husband had offended Mrs. Pomeroy, and said, you would sooner forgive an offence done to yourself, than one that was done to Mrs. Pomeroy, as you could put harm from yourself, but she could not. Then how can you justify in yourself a principle you condemn in another? Can you prove to the world, that Mr. Symonds's affront to Mrs. Pomeroy was a quarter so great as your's has been to me? I tell you, No; and your own conscience must condemn you. Your offence against me is ten thousand times greater than Mr. Symonds's was against Mrs. Pomeroy: for though Mr. Symonds might use harsh words, yet his offence was only to have her stand to her bargains she had made. Then where was the offence? Only you may say in harsh words, and what harsh words have you used of my Brother, when he acted in my principles, that you thought right to justify yourself in? But it is impossible for you to justify your cause, as much as it is for my Brother to justify my cause. So, if you would weigh these things together, with all
the conduct that you have acted since you said my writings were from the Devil, you would see there was more reason for you to fear that the powers of darkness had deceived you by temptations, than it was to believe that I, in all things, was obedient to the Devil, doing every thing that he commanded me. Does not our Saviour say, the tree is known by the fruit? Now, what fruit can you condemn in me? My life and character will bear the strictest scrutiny; and I have feared sin more than death from my youth up unto this day. And now I may say with Samuel, here I am before the Lord and before his anointed; witness against me, whose ox have I taken? whose ass have I taken? or from whose hands have I received a bribe, to blind my eyes therewith? But the Lord is my judge, and is witness against you: and as wrong as Pilate condemned our Saviour, much wronger you have condemned me; because Pilate confessed he was innocent; but he that tempted you to this evil has the greater sin. And now I tell you, as all your conduct is in public print, and the manner of your keeping back my letters, there is no way you can clear your honour, unless you come forward with the truth, and acknowledge every letter that was put in your hands, and the truth they contained; and assign your reasons why you burnt and destroyed them. The reasons you assigned to Mr. Taylor were, that you was persuaded to it. Then I answer, the person that persuaded you to burn them, persuaded you to injure your honour and a good conscience, as the world has tried to persuade me; but blessed be God, I never took their advice: and it would have been happy for you, if you had never neither; but went on as you began, till you could justify yourself before God and man; and shew it plain to the whole world, that you was clear in judging before you condemned. But you
burnt my letters, as you say, because you knew, if they appeared, you could not justify yourself in what you have done; but they being from the Devil, you would readily have produced them before the ministers, and said, I had never put any truths in your hands, and shewed the letters to prove it. But as you did not then let the truth appear, you must let the truth appear now; for it is not to say I am troubling you, but the Lord hath commanded me to trouble you till you acknowledge the truth. When I received your answer from Mr. Jones, the day following, I was as sick as death, which continued all the day; and was deeply answered, the Lord was as sick of your conduct and the clergy, as I was that day; but my sickness he would never remove, till my Brother had written to you a second time; and as soon as my brother had written, the Lord removed my sickness from me. Three months the Lord has taken my appetite from bread, or any thing made of the produce of wheat; and deeply are the words said to me, that if you and the clergy go on, as they are going on, three years the Lord will take bread from the nation, by bringing a total famine in the land; and my appetite he will never restore more to wheat, till I have demanded the truth from you. So must beg a satisfactory answer to this letter.

Taken from Joanna Southcott's mouth.

Witnesses,

Dated, Sept. 17, 1804.

JANE TOWNLEY,

FRANCES TAYLOR,

ANN UNDERWOOD.
COPY OF THE REV. J. POMEROY'S LETTER TO
THE REV. STANHOPE BRUCE.

Rev. Sir,

After near a fortnight's absence, I have found on
my return a most extraordinary letter from that de­
luded woman Joanna Southcott, who is now, I
presume, with you. Be so good as to assure her
again of what I assured her about two years since,
(that except her last) I have no letters, writings, or
papers whatsoever of, or belonging to her: if I had
I would certainly send them to her. Indeed I know
nothing of her, but from the insulting letters I re­
ceive, wherein I am treated with the most virulent
abuse, for not doing what it is impossible for me to
do.—The scandalous reflections she has made; the
misrepresentations of my conversation with her;
the false accusations and charges she has made in
her publications; the irreparable injury she has
done to my character; and returning the good ad­
vice I gave her with so much evil; confirm me
more than ever in my former opinion, that she is
under the influence of a deranged state of mind, or
the evil Spirit; for you must allow, that such in­
jurious, ungrateful, and malicious conduct, cannot
proceed from the holy and benevolent Spirit of
God. Surely, Sir, such behaviour cannot meet
with the approbation of yourself, or her other
friends; therefore I hope, that you and they will
endeavour to convince her of the impropriety and
sinfulness of it, and will prevail on her to desist
from troubling me with any more letters, and from
persevering in the diabolical practice of traducing
my character in print; for which illegal, as well as
unchristian conduct, God will certainly bring her
into judgment. Not having time to answer the
I cannot pen my astonishment on hearing the letter read, that you sent to Mr. Bruce, concerning me, which I am bound in duty to turn back upon your own head. If you have so far stifled conscience, as to let it come as a swift witness against you, I have living witnesses of all the letters I put in your hand. Reflect how many letters Mrs. Bou­cher hath delivered to you from me; how many letters Miss Bird hath carried you, six sheets of paper at once at the end of 1797; consider how many letters Mrs. Taylor hath sent you by her ser­vant; and how many Mrs. Symonds's children. Now I have living witnesses, as it is known to you, that copied off the letters that I put in your hands; and of a particular instance in 1796, the perfect truth of 1797, of Italy and England; the truth of the harvests of 1799 and the 1800; and the truth of the harvest of 1801; with many other weighty and true prophecies, that are now upon the Earth. All these you promised faithfully you would return, for me or against me; and you never told me in your life you had destroyed them; but you told me they were all safe. But, when I demanded them in 1802, you told Mr. Taylor you had burnt them; and said I had written you a severe letter for doing it. And
when Mr. Taylor reproved you, you said you were persuaded to do it. Now you say I desire of you what is impossible for you to do. I grant it is impossible for you to return the letters, if you have burnt them. But is it a thing impossible for you to act as an honest, upright man; to acknowledge your fault in burning the letters, and betraying the trust that was put in you; and to act with honour; to acknowledge the truth they contained? Have you given yourself up so far to the powers of darkness, to have such influence over you, that it is impossible for you to act with honour and honesty? Then I have more reason to say your senses are deranged, and that you are led by an evil spirit, than you have to say I am deranged, or that an evil spirit leads me. Know what is said, the 12th chapter of Proverbs, 19th verse—"The lip of truth shall be established for ever; but a lying tongue is but for a moment." And the letter you have sent to Mr. Bruce is full of lies: as you say I have published false accusations and charges against you. Now, Sir, I can bring forward ten living witnesses, that I have published nothing concerning you but the truth; and your own conscience is witness against you. For if I had published any thing that was false, the law is open, and you would appear to clear your own honour, if you could; but you know that is impossible, unless you come forward to acknowledge your faults. Trying to conceal them only brings you deeper and deeper into them. Now, as to your saying mine is malicious conduct, to contend for the truth, you must put your Bible out of doors; but I think you have acted with injurious and malicious conduct towards me: First, to advertise me as a woman being led by the Devil; and said nothing else would free you from trouble; then to burn all the letters I had put in your hands, because the truth should not appear for me. Now where could a man act
with greater malice and unjust principles than that? Now you say it is not consistent with a merciful and benevolent God, to visit you as I do, for your unjust dealing to me. Then what do you make of the prophecies of Jeremiah, 36th chapter 23d verse? where Jehoiakim—had read three or four leaves he cut it with a pen-knife and cast it into the fire that was on the hearth, until all the roll was consumed in the fire. Yet they were not afraid.—But know what the Lord said to Jeremiah, in the 28th verse: “Take thee again another roll, and write in it all the former words that were in the first roll, which Jehoiakim the king of Judah hath burned. And thou shalt say to Jehoiakim king of Judah, Thus saith the Lord: Thou hast burned this roll, saying, Why hast thou written therein, saying, The king of Babylon shall certainly come and destroy this land, and shall cause to cease from thence man and beast? Therefore thus saith the Lord of Jehoiakim king of Judah; He shall have none to sit upon the throne of David; and his dead body shall be cast out in the day to the heat, and in the night to the frost. And I will punish him, and his seed, and his servants, for their iniquity.” Now did the unbelief of Jehoiakim prevent the evils that the Lord had threatened against him? And did not the Lord command Jeremiah to warn Jehoiakim again, of the evil that he had done in burning the roll? Yet, when he did it, I suppose he judged Jeremiah as deluded a man as you judge me a deluded woman; but his judgment did not prevent the Lord from ordering Jeremiah to trouble him again; nor prevent the judgments that were threatened against him. Now the ridiculous judgment you have drawn of me, as being a deranged woman, does not make me so, no more than the unbelief of Jehoiakim made Jeremiah a false prophet; or the unbelief of Lot’s sons proved their father an old fool; or the unbelief of the Jews.
proved that our Saviour was not the Messiah that was prophesied of. I do not tell you what my judgment is of you; neither do I ask you what your judgment is of me; I only ask for equity, justice, and truth; and that you have denied me. So I do not marvel at the ridiculous manner you have spoken of me; for people often hate those they have injured. And now the words of the Lord concerning you, are like the words of the Lord to Jeremiah, concerning Jehoiakim. In three things you have provoked the Lord to anger against you: in turning me from the sacrament, in betraying your trust, in burning the roll wherein the words of the Lord were contained; and so you have done despite to the Spirit of God. Now judge for yourself; if you say your honour is gone, who robbed you of that honour, but your own wrong conduct? Why have you not done in the first place, as you now say you would do, if you had got them now, you would return them? But why did you not return them when you had got them? Why did you burn them? Your saying what you would do now, is like a man that has committed murder, and when he is called to take his trial, say if the man were now alive I would not kill him; and so I hope the judge will forgive me; because it is impossible for me now to bring the man to life; and so I know it is impossible for you to recall the wrong principles that you have acted with; but if you have any regard for the glory of God, or any regard for your own honour as a minister, you would now come forward to clear up every truth. I would not lie under the slander of your letter without coming forward to clear myself if you would give me a million of money. If I were to do so, I must disgrace my God and Saviour, whose servant I profess to be; and to know his will and obey it is the study and practice of my life: and the advice you gave me, in your
letter, is like the advice of the serpent to Eve, and much more fatal than her end was, my end must be if I take it. So now if you wish to clear your honour, you must come forward with every truth. You see your letter is in print, as your false accusations cannot injure my innocence; for by the answer I have sent you, every man upon earth, that hath a grain of sense must know you cannot clear yourself if you are silent now. The letter that I sent you before, I shall put in print likewise; and I have not printed a word concerning you but I can affirm to be truth, and can bring forward witnesses to prove it. And now I see the wisdom of the Lord, why he ordered me to take witnesses with me, when I went to your house on any deep and weighty subject, which you know I told you I was ordered to do. And now, Sir, if you will come forward, and acknowledge every truth, tell who persuaded you to burn the letters, assign your reasons for listening to such wrong advice, then you may clear that honour you say you have lost; but you cannot fight against God and prosper. I know my calling to be of God; and I want nothing of you, but to acknowledge the truth of what was put in your hands; every particular concerning you and me I was ordered to put in print. And shall I disobey the command of the Lord, to be a man-pleaser? I tell you No. Who ought we to obey, God or man, judge ye? Now, Sir, I shall conclude with saying, if I had put in print as false an accusation against you, as you wrote to Mr. Bruce against me, I should despise my name, and hate myself for ever. What do you make of that benevolent God, whom you mention, if you judge him another such as yourself, first to tell man he is in the right road, and at the end to tell him that road was destruction? For just so was your good advice to me; for you always assured me, my writings were not from the Devil, before I put
your name in print; but I confess you did give me good advice, to say it would be fatal for me, if my foreknowledge and my writings came from myself, and I had placed it to the Lord; but this advice I never wanted of any man, for I had a deeper sense of that sin than any man living could tell me; so I myself am the judge there. Now as you boast so much of your goodness, you have made all your good be evil spoken of, and the best of your goodness towards me, is the duty of every minister, upon earth; for when any one is strongly visited by a spirit invisible, it is the duty of a minister to try to search out what that spirit is. So if other ministers neglected their duty, is it any excuse for you to copy after them? You say, Sir, you wish my friends to persuade me to trouble you no more; at this I do not marvel, for if you owed a person 5000l. and you were not able to pay him, you would be glad to get a friend to prevail on the man not to trouble you for the money. You are now running yourself deeper and deeper in debt to treat me in this manner, to rob me of all truth and innocence. But I am sorry to say you began in the spirit, and end in the flesh. The Lord grant you may see your errors before it is too late. This is my answer to your insolent and abusive letter, that you cannot come forward to answer in a word, to justify the letter you have sent; for I tell you it is full of falsehood and lies.

From your injured friend,

JOANNA SOUTHCOTT,
TO THE REVEREND J. POMEROY,
BODMIN, CORNWALL.

Oct. 8, 1804.

As no letters go to Joanna Southcott, but through my hands, the letter you sent to the Rev. Stanhope Bruce, concerning her, was brought to me, and I read it to her, and saw the agitation of her spirit, being provoked to hear your letter, that she affirmed was entirely false; and I have every reason to believe it is false, from what I have heard from Miss Fanny Taylor, who was with me a quarter of a year, and said she copied many of the letters for Joanna to you; especially that of the 1797, foretelling the events of England, and Italy, and many other letters, that had come true; and she perfectly remembered hearing her mother say, all that Joanna had said of you was true, who knew more particulars of private conversation than she did. Now from this assertion of Miss Fanny Taylor, and the spirited manner Joanna immediately answered for herself, ordering your letter to be put in print, giving her answer so clearly to it, that she is ready to come forward to answer to every truth, and demanding your coming forward to answer for yourself; and having daily seen Joanna ever since the 20 of April, that she came to my house in London; and having seen in her the most perfect, upright, just, and innocent dealings; that she acts with no deceit, no falsehoods, or arts, and perfectly answers the character I had heard of her, from many respectable people, that she was truth, innocence, and simplicity: and perfectly so I have found her. This makes me think you, Sir, are the transgressor, and that she is innocent of what you have laid to her charge. But if you come forward, and can prove your assertions to be true, I shall be open to conviction; but you
must think you were writing to madmen and fools, if you think we should persuade Joanna to be silent to your slanderous letter against her; then you and the world might think we are supporting falsehood and deceit, for which I should despise myself; and as her books that are lately printed, have been taken by my hand from her mouth, I should disgrace myself if I were not to call you to an explanation of your letter, that I may know if she had told me anything false. If you can prove that, I have done; but I cannot rely on your words, except you come forward to prove your assertions. Joanna is ready to meet you at the trial, and demands nothing of you but the truth. Now if you are not ashamed to own the truth, you will certainly come forward to clear yourself. If you do not, what must you think of yourself, to injure the character of an innocent woman, to try to set all her friends against her; which you must do, if we believe your assertions to be true; but if you cannot prove your assertions, I have more reason to believe an evil spirit visits you than her; as I am convinced from the manner the words flow from her mouth, since she has given up her pen, and the beautiful manner that the Bible is explained, for the glory of God, and good of mankind, it cannot come from an evil spirit; and it is impossible for a woman of herself to go on with the explanations as she doth, as the words frequently flow faster than I can pen them. Now, Sir, what must the world think of me, after having so warmly espoused her cause, and asserted publicly my belief that her writings came from the true and living God, if, after perusing your letter to the Rev. Stanhope Bruce, I did not boldly step forward to clear her character, if she is innocent of your charges against her, and demand you to come forward and prove your assertions? It is a duty I owe to my God, to Joanna, myself, and all those friends who
are fellow labourers with me in the Lord's vineyard: for a cause like this cannot be trifled with; and for my own honour and credit, if you do not come forward like a gentleman, to clear up every truth, I shall compel you to do so. Now, Sir, you talk of Joanna's injuring your character. I must appeal to your own conscience, whether you have not injured it yourself? You must be assured, if Joanna's calling is of God, which I as firmly believe as my own existence, (and Joanna saith she is sure of it,) that the Lord will clear her innocence, and support me in vindicating her cause. Now I shall conclude my letter with the words, (6th chapter of Esther, 13th verse,) that Haman's wife and the wise men said unto him: "If Mordecai be of the seed of the Jews, before whom thou hast begun to fall, thou shalt not prevail against him, but shalt surely fall before him." So if Joanna's calling be of God, and your honour begin to fall before her, I know you will never prevail against her, but will assuredly fall before her; because you have turned the grace of God into a lie, by saying she is led by an evil spirit. Now, Sir, I must intreat an answer to my letter immediately, after you receive this, or your silence will prove you guilty, and then you must expect to hear from me again: for in support of innocence and truth I fear no man. As a Christian, you have my best wishes, that this letter may awaken you to a proper sense of your honour and duty to your God, Joanna Southcott, and yourself, and

I remain, Rev. Sir,
Your humble servant,
JANE TOWNLEY.

Please to direct to me at the Rev. Stanhope Bruce's, Inglesham, near Lacolade; Gloucestershire.
TO THE REVEREND MR. POMEROY,
BODMIN, CORNWALL.

No. 50, Titchfield Street, London; Sept. 28, 1804.

Sir,

It will give me particular happiness if you will attend to the subject of this letter, which is purely intended to save your character from that disgrace and ruin, which must inevitably happen, if you any longer persevere in treating with contempt the applications made to you, to restore to Joanna those papers and letters, that were placed in your hands, for some years past, as a sacred deposit, that the truth should be made known of her most extraordinary visitation, without any possibility of deception, and which yourself believed at that time to be of the most awful and serious nature; and you certainly urged her then to have an immediate examination, to prevent the rod of affliction from falling upon this land. This conduct of your's to Joanna arose from those honest dictates placed in your heart, and did you so much honour as a real minister of Christ, for you, as a clergyman, at this day to attend to the humble request of an honest, simple woman, when, according to the pride of human society, they are so neglected and despised as scarcely to be considered human beings. Now, Sir, by what I know of Joanna's grateful and feeling heart, she could not but place entire confidence in you; and she would have parted with her life rather than have deceived you; and believing, as she did, that her visitation was from her blessed Lord and Saviour, you appeared to be the man after her own mind, that would prevent her from being deceived, if there was any possibility. And in that case you would have done honour to yourself as a man to have stopped her in her progress; and would have prevented thou-
sands at this day from being deluded into error, whose numbers are daily increasing, believing with her, that her calling is from the Most High; and is also a powerful motive for her to be faithful to the truth, neither to deceive either her God or yourself, that she has placed confidence in. Now, Sir, I cannot, from these circumstances, but believe that the contents of the writings placed in your hands, of future events taking place, must, by your silence, have come to pass; but on the other hand as you have thought proper to treat her and her friends with the most silent contempt, you are departing from your duty to the world in suffering deception to go on; you are departing from your allegiance to your king, by bringing his church, which forms a part of his government, and the bishops, into contempt, at a time when we are threatened with every calamity from a powerful and ambitious enemy. But, Sir, if her calling is from Heaven, why deprive your king and country of the light of divine wisdom, at a time when we stand most in need of divine protection? If the cause is the cause of God, which your silence proves it to be, what line of conduct has Joanna to take, but to be obedient to divine command in all things, and follow the directions of the Spirit? Therefore, Sir, the laws of your king and country are commanded to be appealed to, according to human order; for her God is the God of order; and it is commanded for you to be compelled to be just, and the truth to be brought forth according to the English laws; and the advice of a gentleman of the law has already been obtained, and I am thus far permitted to inform you, that you will be compelled by a precept from the Court of King's Bench, or some other court of justice, to produce all papers and letters deposited with you in trust, and under your own promise, as a judge of the truth for her, in the
hour of confidence; and if you do not, you will be obliged to declare the whole truth upon oath, why you have refused; and give satisfactory answers to all questions that shall be demanded of you; and inform the court of what the papers contained. Happy shall I feel if I am an instrument to prevent you from disgrace and ruin; and I hope you will consider this letter as the letter of a friend; for I know it is said to Joanna, that the Lord will not permit you longer to contend against his will; for you once believed it to be of divine authority, and encouraged her to proceed, adding these words, "you will wait until you bring the sword, the plague, and the famine upon us." Now, Sir, these words are your own words to Joanna, and are published to the world at large; which words you would not have used, neither would you have had any interview with her at all, if you had not had some belief, at that time, of the truth of her visitation. You also added, you would meet with twelve persons; and advised her not to wait until the sword came upon us. Why, Rev. Sir, do you continue silent? Why will you suffer people to have the least cause to suspect you to be a traitor to your king and country? Why not invite the church to come forth, and vindicate the cause of God and man? I have already told you the church forms a part of our government, and you are one of its ministers; your opinion, as a minister, ought to be of consequence; and those gentlemen, whom you used to meet at the coffee-house at Exeter, ought to have some decency towards you. It was not for them to teach you what to believe, or whom you chose to converse with upon the subject of prophecy. They treated you with impertinence and disrespect; and, mark my words, these very men may be the first to condemn you, when they read in the public papers a true statement of what has
passed in a court of law. These very men will ex-
claim against you for being guilty of a breach of
trust. These supercilious coffee-house politicians
will be the first to cry out against you; so that
your character will be trampled on by those, whose
opinion, or rather ridicule, you have been such a
slave to, as to make you betray the confidence of an
innocent woman, who treated you with every re-
spect, and placed in you the most implicit faith.
You believed her to be a good woman; and an inno-
cent woman; now, you are trying to make her ap-
pear an impostor. But every one’s character in a
court of justice is of some value; and your conduct
has forced her to take this step. The publicity of
the proceedings in a court of justice must justify her
conduct; and her duty to her God is of too sacred
a nature to make her disobedient to his commands.
Had you, Sir, the fortitude to treat with con-
tempt the mockery and ridicule of ignorant peo-
ple, whether in a coffee-house or at any other place,
and considered your dignity, as a minister, in its
proper point of view, you would not have suspected
Joanna to have been led by the Devil, after having
encouraged her to proceed. You must remem-
ber, when myself and six other gentlemen first
came to Exeter, that the three clergymen
waited on you with Joanna: the Rev. Mess. Bruce,
Foley, and Webster. As soon as you heard that the
letter you had written to the printer in London, in
which you forbid him to print, or make public your
name in Joanna’s Book of Letters, was at Exeter, you
particularly desired that every letter to be returned
to you again. Now, Sir, as soon as your wish was
made known to me, I gave it up; and it was con-
veyed safely into your hands. I would ask you, Sir,
in the name of justice or honour, by what right can
you withhold the letters and papers that Joanna plac-
ed in your hands, which she had copied at a great
expense to herself, by your request, when she could
ill afford the money, even if you were under no express condition to return them to her when you was called upon? As a gentleman you ought to comply, as I did, when your request was made known to me. I was not bound to return you that letter. It could be no breach of trust on my part, if I had refused your request; my conscience would not have been wounded by such refusal: I was not in the situation you have been placed in, with an innocent woman. Your breach of trust with Joanna, no one can justify; and all persons who have read the account of this transaction condemn you; whether they believe in her visitation or not, all alike condemn you. And when the proceedings of a court of justice are laid before the public, what can the world say of your character as a man, your duty as a clergyman of the church of England? Your being afraid of the slander and mockery of fools, in order to have the praise of fools, must sink you very low indeed! You ought to be their spiritual teacher, and to have resisted their impertinent mockery. The character of a minister of the gospel they ought to have held in respect. Now view the conduct of Joanna towards you and the clergy on the one hand, and view the conduct of these men, whose praise you fear to lose on the other; then examine your own heart and mind to find out who is your true and faithful friend. I need say no more. The different pictures are before your view. Joanna has a duty to perform to herself; she has a sacred duty to perform to her God, and the truth she cannot give up; and when her trial comes there must be nothing withheld.

I am, Rev. Sir,

Your sincere friend and wellwisher,

WILLIAM SHARP.

P. S. It is not too late for you to withdraw yourself from your present unfortunate dilemma; you
may now pursue a noble line of conduct: throw off your chains of worldly applause, restore to Joanna her papers, and unite with her friends, with an independent mind, only to search out what is true.

MR. POMEROY'S ANSWER.

SIR, Oct. 4, 1804.

Though I have neither time nor inclination to answer the many strange letters I have received respecting J. Southcott, that you may not suppose me capable of treating any gentleman's letter with contempt, I take the first opportunity to assure you, that (except one just received,) I have no letters, or writings whatever of, or belonging to, that deluded, ungrateful woman. She herself knew this near two years since, so that to charge me with having any of her papers now, is to deceive the public, and wantonly to traduce my character. As to the menacing part of your letter I wish to observe, that though it is impossible to produce what I am not possessed of, I shall be ready at all times, and in all places, to bear my testimony to what appears to me to be the truth; to vindicate my aspersed and injured character, and to maintain my opinion, with respect to the farrago of sense and nonsense, of scripture and blasphemy, contained in her pretended prophecies; that such incoherent matter never could proceed from a sound mind, or from the pure spirit of wisdom. You are pleased to sign yourself my sincere friend and well-wisher; prove the sincerity of your profession, by exerting your influence to restrain her, and her printer, from the malevolent employment of exposing and vilifying my name, in such an unprecedented, and illegal manner, in direct violation of her own solemn promise; and by
prevailing on her to desist from publishing, with such misrepresentation and shocking perversion, the confidential conversation, which at the earnest request of her friends, and out of compassion to the disordered state of her mind, I was induced to permit her to hold with me. In short, Sir, if you are possessed of a Christian spirit, or even of humanity; if you have any regard for her, or her cause, you will immediately exert your interest and authority to prevent this unhappy woman from disgracing her own pretensions, and violating the laws of God and man, by thus continuing to add to the irreparable, and inconceivable injuries she has already done to the respectable name, and sacred character of

Sir; yours, &c.
J. P.

P. S. You will excuse my answering any future letters.

TO THE REVEREND J. POMEROY,
BODMIN, CORNWALL.

REV. SIR,
The Lord hath commanded me, once more, to write unto you from the words of Samuel, the following texts: First Book of Samuel, 15th chapter, beginning at the 22nd verse, to the end, "And Samuel said, Hath the Lord as great delight in burnt offerings and sacrifices, as in obeying the voice of the Lord? Behold, to obey is better than sacrifice, and to hearken than the fat of rams. For rebellion is as the sin of witchcraft, and stubbornness is as iniquity and idolatry. Because thou hast rejected the word of the Lord, he hath also rejected thee from being king. And Saul said unto Samuel, I have sinned: for I have transgressed the com-
mandment of the Lord and thy words; because I feared the people and obeyed their voice. Now, therefore, I pray thee, pardon my sin, and turn again with me, that I may worship the Lord. And Samuel said unto Saul, I will not return with thee: for thou hast rejected the word of the Lord, and the Lord hath rejected thee from being king over Israel. And as Samuel turned about to go away, he laid hold upon the skirt of his mantle, and it rent. And Samuel said unto him, the Lord hath rent the kingdom of Israel from thee this day, and hath given it to a neighbour of thine, that is better than thou. And also the strength of Israel will not lie nor repent: for he is not a man that he should repent. Then he said, I have sinned: yet honour me now I pray thee, before the elders of my people, and before Israel, and turn again with me, that I may worship the Lord thy God. So Samuel turned again after Saul; and Saul worshipped the Lord. Then said Samuel, bring ye hither to me Agag the king of the Amalekites. And Agag came unto him delicately. And Agag said, Surely the bitterness of death is past. And Samuel said, as thy sword hath made women childless, so shall thy mother be childless among women. And Samuel hewed Agag in pieces before the Lord in Gilgal. Then Samuel went to Ramah; and Saul went up to his house to Gibeah of Saul. And Samuel came no more to see Saul until the day of his death: nevertheless Samuel mourned for Saul: and the Lord repented that he had made Saul king over Israel." And now I shall send you the words of the Lord given to Joanna and sent to me, as I had sent her a copy of your letter to me, which she submitted to the wisdom of the Lord; who graciously speaks to her, the same as he did in times of old, like one man speaking to another. But whether you believe this or not, the consequence is to yourself. I believe it,
and the whole world will be made to believe it, I am afraid, to their sorrow; and, perhaps, the pride displayed in your letter, so enslaves your understanding, that you can neither believe it, nor the true sense of your Bible. Here are the words of the Lord to your blasphemy against him, and your abuse to Joanna:

"Now let the words of Samuel be sent to Pome-roy, in my Name, the Living God, and thus shalt thou say unto him, The anger of the Lord is kindled against you, because you have disgraced the Living God, and mocked and despised all his words; therefore, they that honour me, I will honour; and they that despise me, shall be lightly esteemed; for rebellion is as the sin of witchcraft, and stubbornness is as iniquity and idolatry; for you have rejected the words of the Lord, to give unto him the honour due unto his Name; therefore I have rejected to give honour to him; and he shall know it is I the Lord have spoken by thee. And now I will speak to him, in his own words. He said the Lord had no work to do, but he could find instruments to work by; now I have found instruments to work by, for thee to carry on my work; and as he saith, that work is blasphemy, a farrago of nonsense from the Devil, let him find instruments to work by to clear himself and come against thee. I have chosen for myself twenty-four, to be judges for thee; and let him choose twenty-four to come against thee; then if they can prove it to be a farrago of nonsense and the works of the Devil, thou shalt publicly ask his pardon in every paper, and the books that are against him shall be totally destroyed. So let him see I shall do him justice; and now with justice let him act. He is at liberty to gain ministers, and appeal to the bishops to gain them for him, or he is at liberty to gain other men, but he cannot have one of those ministers that the printed letters were sent to, who returned them back; but of all others he may choose for himself twenty-
three to come with him; for I do not desire him
to come alone, so many men against one; but let
there be an equal number. But as he hath disgraced
me the living God, and betrayed the trust I told
thee to put in him, and who burnt the truth that
was in his hands, he must appear to answer for
himself in November. If he can be ready by the
middle of November, thee and thy friends shall
be ready also to meet him in London, to have the
cause fairly tried for seven days. Then if he and
his friends can join together to prove it a farrago of
nonsense coming from the Devil, thou and thy
friends shall fall before him; then let him say, he
hath put a stop to the works of the Devil; but if
he finds it like the days of Pentecost, and they are
all convinced the Calling is of God, then let him
say, “blessed be the rod of the Lord! for how fatal,
must my end have been, if I had gone on in perse­
cution against the Lord, and doing despite unto
his Spirit! I know I could never appear before him;
for if I tremble to meet a woman I have injured,
how shall I tremble to meet a God whom I have
mocked and despised, and set at naught all his
councils, counting the words of the Lord unholy
things?” For he must know if thy calling be of God,
it is he that is committing the blasphemy that can­
not be forgiven without sincere repentance; there­
fore he must appear to answer for himself, lest I
destroy him and his house; neither shall he put it
off to a future day; for in November, this very year,
shall every thing be tried and proved; so let these
words be sent unto him in print with the other
letters; and he must send a satisfactory answer im­
mediately to Sharp.”

These are the words of the Lord to Joanna South­
cott, given this day, Thursday, 11th of October,
1804, taken from her mouth by me,

Witness,

Jane Townley.

Ann Underwood.
Now, Sir, after sending you these awful words, no person can, from reading them, say, they are from any other authority than the pure spirit of wisdom. In this proposal there is nothing but justice and equity: when the truth appears, the impostor is no more. And I should not presume to add a word from myself, but my character stands condemned by you, as well as all Joanna's friends, for having encouraged blasphemy and lies, unless you suppose us to be madmen or fools, and you have the exclusive possession of a sound mind. You desire me to prove the sincerity of my profession in signing myself your sincere friend, and wellwisher; which I have now faithfully done, not only in my endeavours to prevent you any further from degrading yourself, but begging of you to accept the gracious invitation, by coming forth with your friends to meet Joanna's friends. If you refuse, you stand condemned, as you condemn us by your letter, in casting on us the reproach of supporting Joanna in lies, and encouraging her to be an impostor. You say your own name is both respectable and sacred; I have a name also, which I will not disgrace; I have a character to lose, which I am not to be cheated out of by any arts that you may contrive by vain boasting words. That deceit and imposition may be exposed, your letter and others now are before the public; because you refuse the usual correspondence; and the sincere conduct of Joanna's friends will appear to the public, in consequence of your refusal; who are all condemned without trial. You have brought your respectable and sacred character into that situation from which you shall not retreat; for you declare, under your own hand, and here are your very words, "I shall be ready at all times, and in all places, to bear my testimony to what appears to me to be true." Now, Sir, instead of your letter being burnt, you have produced the opportunity of seeing yourself in
print, that we may all come to the standard of truth. I shall for the present say no more, as the rest of Joanna's friends, who perfectly understand the value of character, better than yourself, will vindicate their injured honour, and they will not be trifled with to pass over your conduct with impunity. I now expect your answer to this just proposal, and you will well consider, if you act in opposition to divine authority, your family has more claim to your compassion and tenderness, than your pride. These, Sir, are the concluding words of your sincere friend, and wellwisher,

William Sharp.

P. S. I particularly desire you to attend to the former part of this letter, as far as the name of Joanna's two faithful friends, for they are the words of the Lord to you. Your answer must be sent to me.

TO THE REV. MR. POMEROY, BODMIN, CORNWALL.

Rev. sir,


Your letters, dated the 1st and the 4th instant, sent to the Rev. Stanhope Bruce, and to Mr. Sharp, in consequence of their extraordinary contents were submitted to our consideration; therefore it is presumed that you will not be greatly surprised at receiving this address upon the subject; and as we are plain men, aspiring to no other pretensions than a zeal for honesty and truth, we trust that the simplicity and openness with which our animadversions may be made will have some effect with you.

It appears to us that the general tenor of your two letters is, in the first place, to avoid what might have the semblance of a candid answer to the appeals
made by those gentleman to you, as well as to with­
hold every information; then to make your letters
serve as vehicles of abuse against Joanna Southcott;
and ultimately to obtain the applause of the world,
by charging her friends with wilful dishonesty, and
with folly, in supporting her cause.

From the style in which you have written, we feel
no kind of disappointment, by seeing that you de­
signedly avoid to disclose truths that must be well
known to you; but that you should have recourse
to a quibbling evasion, in order to put on the ap­
pearance of candor and openness, we conceive to be
very unsuitable to your sacred character. We need
not point out to you what is alluded to; but to the
public, who cannot be supposed to be acquainted
with your conduct to Joanna, we shall explain
wherein you amused yourself in trying to find the
depth of our folly. Knowing that Joanna had evi­
dence of your saying in 1802, that you had burnt
her papers, you now come to assure us, that you
"have no letters, or writings whatsoever of, or be­
longing to, that deluded, ungrateful woman. She
herself," you also say, "knew this near two years
since; so that to charge you with having any of her
papers now, is to deceive the public." Thus it is
intended it should be understood, by the ambiguity
of your expressions, that you never had any of her
papers in your possession. And, you also insinuate
that you know nothing of her, but from the insulting
letters you have received; yet you contradict this
where you charge her with misrepresenting "the con­
fidential conversation, which at the earnest request
of her friends, and out of compassion to the disordered
state of her mind, you were induced to permit her
to hold with you." You then proceed by calling it
virulent abuse on her part for claiming her property;
and which you artfully say is impossible for you to
do; but you refrain, probably out of tenderness
of conscience, from saying that it *never was possible,* or how that possibility has been put out of your power.

What gratification it may have been to you, Sir, we know not, but your calumny against Joanna seems most cordially studied to wound her feelings. You intended, no doubt, that it should operate several ways, when you insinuate that she is deranged in mind; but your principal aim, by such an imputation, is to ridicule her friends for want of discernment, in not having made a similar discovery with yourself; and then to implicate them in a criminal collusion, for the purpose of deceiving others more ignorant than themselves.

Now, Sir, we think it highly incumbent upon you to reconsider the charges, which you have made; and also your conduct in various ways towards Joanna: for, be assured, they are of two serious a nature to be passed over by us in silence.

In the first place, what must you judge our principles to be, to support a cause as of divine origin, that we should abandon it, because you think it convenient to assert that Joanna has uttered falsehoods, and that she is an impostor; and in the same breath, with very little consistency, that she is deranged in mind? Then we must be the most arrant fools indeed, to believe your malicious report, before you come forward to prove your assertions. For thus we should do violence to our own understanding, by condemning the innocent, or clearing the guilty, without evidence. And again, how are we to know whether any falsehood can be attributed to Joanna, if we follow your advice? and, should we either acquit our consciences, or have any pretensions to honesty, by so doing? No, Sir; our reason must inform us, that for our own honour we can in no wise give up the cause in such a manner; neither will we relinquish you, Sir, until we have cleared our honour from the injurious aspersions contained
in your letters. And we shall further observe to you, that if we did not believe Joanna's calling to be from the Supreme Being, we must certainly be guilty of the most atrocious crime, and your slanderous charges must then be well-founded; but, as this is our firm belief, we are compelled to act as we are commanded; whether it be to print any thing concerning your most deceitful conduct to her; or to be under the necessity of noticing your malicious, though impotent, insinuations against her friends.

To come more immediately to the purpose of our addressing you, we say, that your accusations, if they are false, must reflect great dishonour upon your sacred character; but if true, they throw disgrace upon Joanna, and upon her friends. We therefore solemnly call upon you, Sir, to clear up your honour, if it be in your power, by proving the assertions and insinuations, which you have made. For we are now determined to investigate the matter thoroughly; and to find out whether the fault is to be attributed to Joanna, or to yourself; because that one or the other must clearly be guilty of falsehood. We have characters to support, Sir, as well as you, and hitherto unimpeached; therefore we will not dishonour our pretensions, by supporting falsehood. We have done nothing artfully, nor deceitfully; neither will we consent thereto, nor conceal it where we find it done. This cause, in which we are engaged, we consider as a cause of honour; and in it we know of neither fraud nor collusion. The object of our pursuit is truth; and the truth we are determined to stand by; and to expose whoever makes lies his refuge. We contend for the honour of Joanna, and of ourselves; and that no folly may be laid to our charge, through any base and interested motives, or through prejudice; we contend for justice, and for truth; we contend
for the glory of God, and for the good of mankind. You are a christian minister, and to our astonishment, you contend that on your bare word, and without examination, we should desert a much injured woman, who is prepared with evidence to prove that you withhold her just right from her; and to prove that you have vilified her good name: and what is still more awful, you contend that the verity of her mission should not be examined into, so that it may not be refuted if unfounded, nor established if it be true. Thus on the one hand, you uphold a continuance of delusion among thousands of simple and well-meaning people; or on the other, that the author of sin may triumph in his fall, in the ruin and misery of millions of human beings.

Again: we call upon you, reverend Sir, to take a retrospect of your conduct. We have what we judge to be indubitable evidence of your having expressed very different sentiments respecting the mission of Joanna, compared with the artful, opprobrious, and insulting tenor of your late letters. You may imagine, Sir, that they may be well suited to screen you from the ridicule of the world, by appearing to do away the imputation of your having been formerly more attentive to the pretensions of one whom you now call a poor, deluded woman. But it may be worthy of your consideration, that the cause at issue between you and Joanna claims a different mode of conduct; for the only way remaining for you to act honourably is to bring your charges forward; and we are ready to meet you to examine them, and to exhibit our evidence upon the subject.

To conclude: you must be sufficiently aware, reverend Sir, that at all times, when any great good has been designed for mankind, the evil power has never failed to gain over human agents to counteract it; and now that universal blessings are promised, and the destruction of that power threatened, that
he will make more than usual exertions to avert his destiny; let us all therefore watch and pray, that he may not be able to uphold his reign by means of any respectable name and sacred character!

(Signed,

Rev. Stanhope Bruce.
Rev. T. P. Foley.
Rev. Tho. Webster.
George Turner.
W. Jowett.
William Harwood.
E. Carpenter.
John Wilson.
Peter Morison.
William R. Wetherell.
William Sharp.
Charles Taylor.
William Belk.
Charles Abbott.
John Torin.
Thomas Stephens.
John Young.
John Morris.
Richard Law.
George Stocks.
Elias Jameson Field.
William Layton Winter.
William Owen.
John Hows.

* The reader is referred to Mr. Pomeroy's letters, where the asperity, which seems to pervade this address will be found in his own words.
We here subjoin an extract of a letter from the Rev. T. P. Foley, to shew that our friends in the country agree in our sentiments; and to sanction the insertion of his name with ours, agreeably to his desire.

"I must confess that Mr. Pomeroy’s letter provoked my indignation in a great degree. Can he foolishly suppose that we have no characters or honour to lose as well as himself? I trust that we shall shew him that ours are as dear to us, as his own; and that we shall contend for them to the last moment of our existence.—He calls Joanna a deluded woman; and that she is deranged, or led by an evil spirit. If Mr. Pomeroy would only weigh the matter coolly and honestly, he might think, as so many persons of strong understanding and clear judgment do believe in the divine mission of Joanna Southcott, that he himself might be deluded, and not her; and if he were to try the spirits by the scripture rule, he would have some solid reasons to believe that the spirit which guides him was an evil spirit, as truth, honour, nor honesty, guides his own proceeding; and he would see that the spirit which guides Joanna is full of truth, honour, and wisdom. Were he to act in this fair way, there would be no difficulty in drawing the right inference; and he would be put in the right road to establish his own peace and happiness."
Here we shall also add a part of a letter from Miss Townley to Mr. Sharp, containing some remarks by Joanna, and words of the Lord, respecting the conduct of Mr. Pomeroy.

Joanna says, that Mr. Pomeroy's conduct has made her quite sick and bad, which has opened all her wounds afresh. His subtle arts, two years ago, appear more lively before her than ever; for she saith, he acted like a man that would dip a razor in oil to cut her throat; first to come with such subtle arts, pleading it would be his own destruction, if she would not sign, that he had said it was the Devil that told her to put his name in print; and as soon as he had drawn her in to free him from the ridicule of the world, then he burnt all her letters, wherein the truth of her prophecies had stood for so many years; because the truth should not appear for her. And now he is going on with more subtle arts, to be her complete murderer if he can. Joanna was again highly provoked when she saw in the newspaper what was said of Spain, which she prophesied of in January, 1797, and put it in Mr. Pomeroy's hands, with many other prophecies, that she did not then keep the copy of, as he had it in her own hand-writing, and in Miss Panny Taylor's hand also; as Joanna did not then suspect he would act so deceitfully; and the Lord concealed it from her, but charged her to have with her concerning them. And now the Lord will call him into judgment, to shew him that such artful and deceitful dealings are never consistent with the Spirit of God. The words of the Lord now broke in upon Joanna. "I shall answer thee of what thou sayest of Pomeroy. Pomeroy shall know, that such artful and deceitful dealings as he hath dealt with to thee,
never came from my Spirit; therefore he shall know he hath disgraced his God, to say that he is led by my Spirit to act with arts, deceit, and lies; and to say thou art led by the Devil, that dost act with every true, just, and upright dealings towards God and towards man. Let them see thy upright dealings, to put the prophecies in his hands, when thou knewest, if they were not of God they would not come to pass; then he would have had it in his power to convince thee thy calling was false. So all the world must see, that thou hast acted with honour, and with honesty towards God and towards man; for thou couldst not deceive the world, if the prophecies that thou didst put in his hands had not come true. Now when he published it was from the Devil, he ought to have acted with justness and honesty, to have brought forward the letters and proved his assertion. But if he could not prove it by the letters, how dare he affirm it, and burn the letters, that shewed the truth, from whence thy writings came? So let not Pomeroy say, he that acteth with arts and deceit is led by the Spirit of the Lord; and they who act with every upright dealing, in perfect obedience to their God, are led by the Devil! So by the different principles, let men judge of the Spirit. I am thy judge, and witness against him, that thou canst come forward with truth and with innocence; but he cannot; therefore he shall find he is deceived, and is deceiving, and the truth is not in him; to say thy writings are from the Devil; for they are no more from the Devil, than thou hast printed lies against him, but hast put the truth in print, as I commanded thee: and I shall be a swift witness against him in his trial, that thy writings are from ME the LIVING GOD, and not from the Devil, as he said.
The following Letter from the Rev. T. P. Foley to Mr. Pomeroy, being ordered to be printed, is inserted here, as it came too late to appear in order among the other Letters.

TO THE REVEREND MR. POMEROY,
BODMIN, CORNWALL.

Old Swinford, Worcestershire, Oct. 16th, 1804.

Rev. Sir,

I must confess I read a copy of your letter, either to Mr. Bruce or to Mr. Sharp, with the keenest sorrow and indignation; I was grieved most bitterly, to see a clergyman of such respectable ability and general character as yourself, so far lost to every honourable and religious feeling as to declare positively, with a view to impose upon and deceive the friends of Joanna, that you have no letters, or writings whatever, belonging to Mrs. Southcott, whom you are pleased to term "a deluded and ungrateful woman, and that she herself knew that you had no letters or writings of hers near two years since, so that to charge you with having any of her papers now was to deceive the public, and wantonly to traduce your character." But will you permit me, Sir, to ask you, what is become of those letters, which she sent you, from 1796 to 1801, and those writings of "three sheets of paper," that were put in your hands in 1797, upon your promising, faithfully and honourably, to bring them forward, either for or against her, when they should be demanded? Can you, with a safe conscience, lay your hand upon your heart and say this is an untruth? I do not believe you dare do it: for I can assure you, we have full and decided proof to the truth of this statement. And we shall be happy to meet you, in the face of an assembled world, and will try the cause with you,
whether we are supporting Lies and an Impostor; or, whether your accusations can be established. Allow me to tell you, that our honour and characters are as dear to us, as yours can possibly be to you; and we will contend for them (the Lord giving us strength) to the last moment of our existence; nor are we afraid to meet yourself and any twenty-three men in this kingdom (except those who have received letters from Miss Townley, and have returned them back, or destroyed them; for with such, we have sworn unto the Lord. that we will not meet) to decide this serious and most momentous cause; for it is either the cause of the Most High God; or, it is the cause of error and delusion—and therefore, it is high time to be decided which. For if it should prove to be a delusion, thousands and tens of thousands will be ruined—and how can the bishops and clergy, who have been appealed to, answer for themselves to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe for not having diligently searched into this cause, which I know to be one of the first importance that ever came before mankind, and second only to that of our blessed Lord, when He was tried at Pilate's bar. What will be the astonishment and confusion of the Shepherds of Christ's Flock, when they have demonstrative proofs, that this is His blessed and glorious work? Will they not, think you, be almost ready to call upon the mountains and the rocks, to fall on them, and to hide them from the Face of Him that sitteth upon the Throne, and from the wrath of the Lamb? For they will find the day of His wrath is come: and who will be able to stand? I tremble for their situation, as well as your own; and I do most faithfully believe, that without a hasty and hearty repentance, that many will ere long be swept away, by the just judgments of the Lord. I sincerely hope, and pray, that your eyes may be opened, before it is too late, that you
may be sensible of the evil one, who has deceived you, and not Joanna; and that you may turn unto the Lord with deep contrition, and be forgiven—and come forth boldly in this glorious and divine work of the Lord; and I shall hail you with much joy, as a brother snatched from the burning.—The proposal that is now made to you, is so fair and just, that you cannot possibly shun accepting it, without you will sit down with all possible infamy upon your own head. We shall then take it for granted, as you yourself have declared, that you “will be ready at all times, and in all places, to bear testimony to what appears to you to be truth, and to vindicate your aspersed and injured character;” that you will come forth next month, with twenty-three proper persons to meet the twenty-four that we believe to be chosen by the Lord; and then, after seven days Trial, it will be proved to the world, whether you have acted with truth, honour, and justice; or, whether we (the friends of Mrs. Southcott) have acted with truth, honour, and justice, to the world, for the glory of God, and the good of mankind—and let the final result stamp our character, either with infamy, or crown us with the palms of victory.—I cannot pass over the following charge without a few words: you say Mrs. Southcott “is a deluded and ungrateful woman.”—I have had the happiness of knowing her for near three years, and I have lived great part of that time in the same house with her, and I do declare, that I never met with any person in my life of a clearer and more sound understanding, than what she possesses. And as to her ingratitude, I do not think there is that being now in existence, who deserves less the accusation than she does; for in all her transactions, which I have witnessed, piety, charity, honesty, and the strictest honour, have ever borne the supreme and only sway;
and therefore, you must allow me to believe, that you are deceived in your accusations; and so I am persuaded you will find it, when all matters come to be fairly and honestly investigated. I shall conclude with heartily wishing you may weigh everything with candid and impartial justice; and that honour and truth may hereafter guide you: for we know, “The Lip of Truth shall be established for ever.” I am,

Reverend Sir,

Your sincere and faithful Brother
in the Lord’s vineyard,

THOS. P. FOLEY.

Monday Evening, Oct. 15, 1804.

The following is an answer to a person who has been reading Joanna’s Books, and who having come to the part where Joanna is mentioned as the Bride in the Revelations, was afraid to read any further. Joanna sent her a letter to explain this, so as to remove her fears. In that letter arguments were brought forth to show, that it was not more wonderful for the Lord to visit the Virgin Mary to bear a Son, than to visit a Woman by His Spirit to claim the Promise made in the Fall to bruise the Serpent’s head.

Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee.

Thy letter here let men see clear,
What arguments thou ’st us’d;
But I do tell thee I was here—
And perfect like the Jews
Do men begin in every thing,
  For all they judge too high;
And so my mother they condemn'd,
  And judg'd that she did lie;
And me the same they did condemn,
  That I too highly spoke.
Now this hath been the way of men—
  But can the Gentiles mock
My spirit strong to thee it's come,
  If I did come before?
The wondrous manner that is nam'd,
  The Holy Ghost appear,
To her did come, it must be known,
  Let men judge as they will;
Though from that truth are many gone—
  The Arians' hearts I'll chill,
Who this deny; then I must lie,
  And like mankind appear;
But if they say I came that way,
  The Holy Ghost was there;
Then can men blame, or will they shame,
  If at first I stoop'd so low,
Of the mean Virgin to be born,
  And strongly visit so?
My mother here for to appear
  Should I call her at first,
Though surely I her maker were
  When the creation burst?
In unity, all flesh must see
  The Father and the Son,
That so in Heaven they do agree
  In heart and mind as one.
The mystery there no man can clear,
  The Unity in Heaven—
And when the Holy Ghost appear'd
It in one mind was given.
So I was born, it must be known,
From her I did appear;
And though the Maker of you all,
I call'd her Mother there.
Then Mother see if she must be,
The Mother plac'd by Heaven,
If you weigh deep the Trinity,
The Woman must be given;
To free you all from Adam's Fall,
Her Promise she must claim.
I made a Mother for you all,
And called so to Man;
Then know, the Bride must be applied,
That I have known so here,
To claim the Promise as I've said,
And then the perfect Heir
She makes of me, all flesh shall see,
A Mother then for all!
So I'll appear the Son and Heir,
And now my Brethren call
For to go on as I began,
The Woman's truth support,
And say our Mother now is come;
For who her call can hurt?
When Christ before did so appear,
She's honour'd by the Son;
Then sure the Bride can't be denied
To be receiv'd by Man.
So now see plain, ye sons of men,
The Wisdom in the Fall.—
You know when I did here come down
I did her Mother call;
But how could she a Mother be,
If every thing stop there?
To bring such fatal grief on me,
My Mother none could clear,
To say that I who dwell on high
Should call a Woman so,
Who first did cause my agonies,
And then no further go,
Without a Bride to be applied,
For to avenge the whole
On Satan's head, as I have said—
My Tyrant so must fall.
So Brethren here you must appear,
And your own Mother see.
If I do make you Sons and Heirs,
And so Joint Heirs with me,
Then she must come your Mother strong,
That I have nam'd the Bride;
Because by Heaven it first was done—
Now can she be denied?
Her Promise claim, I tell you Men,
It is to free you all;
So now grow wise, I'll not disguise,
But tell you from the Fall,
If I at first the Woman plac'd
A Helpmate then for Man;
Though she by Satan's arts was cast,
I did your Helpmate come,
From Her at first, and now at last
Your Helpmate I will be,
If you go on as she 'th begun,
The Promise claim of me;
Then sure the Bride must be applied
The Mother of you all.
CONCERNING THE BRIDE.

When I redeem from hell and sin,
   Her Promise she must call;
So she must claim, and I'll redeem,
   As I did say at first;
The curse pronounc'd upon him there
   Shall on the Tyrant burst.
So now to Man I bold shall come:
   If I, that come from Heaven,
Did condescend for to come down
   To have a Mother given,
I say, from Man my Mother came,
   Then now my Bride you see.
Will you not condescend the same,
   To stoop as low as me?
I rais'd her up, then Man must hope
   I shall not leave her here,
Until I've made her Foe to drop,
   And all her Promise clear.
So now discern how I do warn—
   I honour'd her at first:
And if my sons you now will come,
   My brethren so must burst,
To say the same—"we'll gladly come;
   "We see the Promise clear:
"The Woman's Promise must be known,
   "She is our Mother here!
"Her Promise see the whole must free—
   "Our God did stoop so low,
"To make a Mother first of she:
   "How dare we proudly go
"To swell so high, and her deny,
   "When God did so submit?
"We say, from Heaven the Son was given,
   "And she did sure bear it:
ANSWER TO SCRUPLES

"Then God above did shew his love,
To call her so at first."—
So now let Men the Trial stand,
And they like me must burst.
The Mother here they must see clear,
The true Mother is come,
To claim the Son to be the Heir,
And free the whole for Man.
The lines are deep that I do speak—
I made her the Mother first;
But if the Bride she's now applied,
To have her Lord be plac'd;
Lord over all is now her call,
Your every Foe to free;
Then now my Brethren, you see all,
Your Mother she must be.
So now 'tis come to God and Man,
The Woman doth appear
A Mother now for both become,
The Fall in all to clear;
Because by lies he did disguise,
Deceiv'd her at the first;
And I should surely act unwise
Had I the Woman cast,
Never to free from misery,
But still support the Foe,
That did by subtle arts betray—
And shall I let him go?
Unpunish'd here shall he appear?
No: I her cause will plead;
And now his Guilt he sure shall bear,
I'll bring it on his Head.
So ponder on as thou'st began,
In all my Bible through;
CONCERNING THE BRIDE.

For as a chain the whole doth stand,
When plac'd before your view:
So I'll appear, the chain is here
That now must join the whole;
The Woman's Fall I now shall clear,
And make her Foe to fall.
Then see the chain that must remain,
The Mother and the Bride!
To bring in Man with me to stand,
For so't must be applied.
A Mother here she must appear,
A Mother now for all;
For Satan's guilt he now shall bear,
And I shall free the Fall.
Then at the first as she was plac'd
You'll own it for your good,
That on the Serpent it was cast,
And so the Promise stood—
Made strong to she, you all must see;
And I have rais'd her here,
To be a Mother first to me;
And so must Men appear,
To say—"the Bride must be applied
"A Mother for us all;
"For she is ready, as 'tis said,
"To claim it from the Fall:
"Her Promise there, that did appear,
"Her dying Lord to free,
"To bring him in the perfect heir."—
The Kingdom is for me,
When Satan's head, as I have said,
Is bruised for the Fall;
Then men I'll free from misery—
The marriage stands for all,
That now will come with her to join—
But know she is the first,
That thought the promise e'er to claim,
Then see how she is plac'd,
The first of all to hear the call,
My spirit here is come;
As at the first, it must be known,
When I the virgin warn'd:
In person here I might appear,
But now it is not so;
It is in spirit I am here,
That every soul shall know.
Then judge the two before your view—
The mother and the bride
Came both from me, you all shall see,
The holy ghost applied,
As at the first, 'tis now at last,
Though 'tis a different way;
Because in flesh I then did burst,—
But now, to thee I say,
In spirit strong I'm surely come
To claim my kingdom here;
And from the bride, it must be known,
Her promise all must clear.
So now discern, ye sons of men,
And weigh the matter deep:
How dare you longer to contend?
My bible speaks of it.
If I stoop'd so, you all must know
That you must stoop the same,
To prove the serpent's overthrow,
The woman's promise claim.
Then mother she must surely be,
A mother so to man.
CONCERNING THE BRIDE.

The same as Mary was to me,
Though flesh from her did come;
In spirit here the end must clear,
My kingdom for to see;
And then alike you'll say, we are,
And made joint heirs with me.

And now I shall tell thee in plain words. If I, that was the son of God, who came down from heaven, did not take upon me the form of angels, like as I had sent them to warn Lot, and who they judged were men; in that manner I might have come to men, and died for them the same; but as I did not come that way, but was born of the woman, that was condemned by the man, for the transgression of the fall, when I condescended to raise her up, by making her the mother of the son of God, men must now raise her up likewise, by joining with her in the promise that was made in the fall; then know, that she is the spiritual mother for all men, as Mary was a temporal mother for me: yet know, she had a spiritual son, by whose spirit and power, the redemption of man must be brought in. So now the temporal mother is become the spiritual mother, by the visitation of the Lord unto her, and must bring in her spiritual children. And they that will not acknowledge her as a true mother for man, by claiming her promise, to fulfil one part, as Mary was my mother, to fulfil the other part; those that will not thus acknowledge her, have no share nor lot in my kingdom; for by my birth, being born of her, to take from her the guilt that Man cast upon her, know that she must take from me the guilt that was cast upon me, by claiming the promise. Now I have shewed thee, how by the spirit I made the woman the mother at first, by the power of
the HOLY GHOST, a Mother to GOD as well as to MAN; and now I have shewed you by the visitation of my SPIRIT, how I have made her a TRUE MOTHER to MAN.—And this was the WISE of God, to clear his honour, in making the Woman; that no man might charge God foolishly, nor that Satan might proudly boast his arts were greater than my wisdom; therefore, he shall fall by the PROMISE, and by the Woman's Petition, who never knew her Promise till I revealed it. And now he that will not honour her, to own her Promise just, doth dishonour me; but he that doth it knowingly doth despite unto my SPIRIT; then let them judge for themselves what must be their end; but he that does it through unbelief, as the Jews through unbelief denied my MOTHER, and were cast out of my favour, so will the others be cut off from the earth, as enemies of mine through their unbelief. So here are words deep for the learned, if in seeing they can see, or in hearing they can understand; but if they cannot, let them answer me, why I made the Woman my Mother, if I never designed in the end to make the Woman a true Mother for Man?—And now go, on, with thy Bible.

THE EXPLANATIONS OF THE BIBLE continued in the SECOND PART.

S. ROUSSEAU, Printer,
Wood Street, Spa Fields, London.
TRUE EXPLANATIONS
OF THE
BIBLE.

PART THE SECOND.

CONCERNING JOB.

Sunday Afternoon, Sept. 30, 1804.

Joanna has been reading through Job; as she is
to read her Bible through, and draw her own observa­tions, and her own judgment from what she reads.
But as she wished, if it was the will of the Lord, to
answer Mr. Maudesley's letter, she desired it to be
read again, to see if the Lord would be pleased to
answer it.—"Now, Joanna, I shall answer this letter
after thou hast drawn thy judgment upon the Book
of Job: and when thou hast drawn thy judgment, I
shall answer thee again." Now Joanna's judgment
upon the Book of Job is very different to what it'
ever was before. When we come to weigh the 1st
chapter, and the 8th verse—The Lord said unto Sa­tan, Hast thou considered my servant Job, that
there is none like him in the earth, a perfect and
upright man, one that feareth God and escheweth
evil? Here the Lord justifieth Job's conduct, as
being an upright and good man; but Satan goes on
to condemn him; and the Lord gave Satan leave
every way to try him; and when Job's trial was
put to the utmost, and his wife condemned him, in
chap. ii. 9; but Job reproves her in verse 10.—Thou
speakest as one of the foolish women: shall we re­
receive good at the hand of God, and shall we not receive evil? In chap. i. 21. he saith—The Lord gave, and the Lord taketh away; blessed be the name of the Lord.—In all this Job sinned not, nor charged God foolishly. Yet, in chap. iii, we hear Job complaining, and wishing the day to be dark, wherein he had been born. After his complaining his friends reproved him. But no man, without experience, can be a judge of Job in this case. Consider the affliction he lay in, when his grief seemed more than he could bear. He might have this sorrow of heart without murmuring against God. This is my judgment drawn from experience; for though I had never Job's afflictions in a manner like him; yet a similar case was mine in 1792, when I judged myself visited by the Lord, and the powers of darkness broke in upon me, and every friend was entirely against me. This made me miserable and unhappy, fearing I might do wrong, and not knowing how to do right; having the threatenings of the Lord on the one hand, if I did not obey; and Men and Devils tormenting me on the other hand, of the fatal destruction I should meet with, if I did obey. This has often made me wish, with Job, that I had died in my cradle; or that I had been drowned, when an infant that I fell into the river *; and yet at the same time, Heaven is my witness, I had not one thought to murmur against God; and only thought I was a short-sighted creature, fearing I might act wrong; therefore, I wished sooner never to see life, than to live to offend the Lord; which in that confusion and difficulty I was afraid I might offend him. And this appears to me the case of Job; but when I come to Job's friends, it appeareth to me, Satan worked strongly in them, to try to persuade Job to acknowledge he had been a very wicked man, which Job refused to do. This appeareth to me to be the arts of the Devil, to make
* See the Answer to the Disputes with the Powers of Darkness, p. 79.
God the liar, when the Lord had justified Job: and by Job's words he affirms the truth of what the Lord had said concerning him. Hear what Job says, chap. xxix. to chap. xxxii. But hear what answer Elihu made him; and how he goes on to chap. xxxviii. Then the Lord answered Job out of the whirlwind. In the last chap. 7th verse, the anger of the Lord was kindled against his friends: for he said, "They have not spoken of me the thing that is right, as my servant Job hath." Now, though Job's friends were, as he said, cruel tormentors and miserable comforters; yet they did not speak against God: yet by their judgment they denied the Lord, like the Devil, that when the Lord justified Job, Satan condemned him; and when Job justified himself, his friends condemned him; they told lies to him; and wanted Job to affirm they were true. See chap. xx. 19. what they upbraid Job with; and how false was their accusation; therefore, though they justified God, and condemned Job for justifying himself, yet they did not justify the truth of the words of the Lord, that he had spoken of Job, as Job by justifying himself did. This is my judgment in reading the Book of Job. Wherein I err I trust the Lord will forgive me, as I am ordered to draw my own judgment, and cannot deceive the Lord with the thoughts of my heart.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now I will answer thy thoughts of Job. I shall not blame thy judgment that thou hast drawn: for though I bid thee draw thy own judgment, yet thy ideas come from me; and it is I that work them in thee. And now I tell thee of Job's friends: Satan worked strong in them to make Job confess himself guilty of crimes he had never committed; then Satan might accuse me, out of Job's own mouth. Therefore Job contended with men as I con-
tended with the Devil; and Job justified himself, as I justified him.—So

Here's a mystery deep of Job
That I shall now explain.
I did with Satan first dispute,
And he did then maintain
That Job was not what I had spoke,
And so he tried the man;
And on his friends he strong did work
To bring the likeness on;
That Job with man might so contend,
Himself to justify;
And like thy judgment, in the end,
Satan might give the lie,
I say, to me, if words from he—
Were spoken like the rest.
This is a mystery none did see,
Till I had fill'd thy breast,
For to discern how I do warn
From shadows plac'd before;
This is the way, I now do say,
Thy thoughts do so appear.
So now let men the same begin
To copy after thee;
Then, I do tell them, in the end
Aright they all will see.
And now to clear the End that's near,
From Job I shall begin;
And from thyself I will appear,
As thou hast form'd the thing:
For with thyself thou him compar'd,
And so I'll place the line;
For men like them have greatly err'd,
That every soul will find.
Just like Job's friends have thine gone on,
And like them still they be;
But to the purpose I shall come,
And let men answer me,
If they can clear their sayings here,
What they against thee spoke?
I tell them, no: they all must know,
Like Job's, they wrong have writ;
And so their tongues have all been wrong;
But thec I'll justify.
When to the purpose all do come,
Will they their God deny,
That lies all through, they'll prove it so
And lies from me appear,
Because thy life I've justified?
Then let Men answer here,
If they can come and prove it wrong?
But let the truth be spoke;
CONCERNING JOB.

Would they wish thee for to condemn,
Thy God in all to mock?
Had Job denied, then I must lie,
And prove his God unjust.
Now I'll explain what I do mean,
The way he me might cast:
His friends see clear, they did appear
Against him strong to burst;
And they condemn'd his every hand,
In guilt he must be found.
If Job the same himself had blam'd,
Then Satan must be crown'd,
To say that he, more just than me,
Did sure condemn the Man.
The crimes that they did lay on he,
I tell you all discern.
No Justice there they then did clear,
That in the Man was found;
But his accusers he did hear,
And by his conscience crown'd,
The words of me were spake for he,
To prove it in the end.
So Men and Devils both you see
Must to my sceptre bend.
But had the Man himself condemn'd,
He must condemn his God,
To justify him from on high,
The paths that he had trod.
So, if that he had done like they,
The truth denied all there:
And said in sin his life had been;
And his accusers were
More just than he, then I must lie!!!
Now see the mystery plain;
Because the truth he must deny;
Could I his cause maintain
From first to last, if Job had burst,
Just like his friends appear,
And say in sin his life had been,
As they condemn'd him there?
Then they might swell with arts from hell,
The man I could not f.;
He must be cast, if he had burst
In lies spoken like they,
Could I appear the man to clear,
That was such sinner great.
When I had boldly said before
In him was no deceit?
No, no: to man I thus shall come,
And answer so for thee;
I've plac'd thy life throughout the land,
That men thy life might see;
How every way men would betray,
And Satan work'd the same.
Then now to Man I so shall come;  
The truth from thee it came,  
Like Job before, I'll answer here;  
I did him justify;  
And if his life he had condemn'd,  
His God he'd give the lie;  
And so denied what I had said,  
If he'd denied the whole.  
But the first lines call thou to mind—  
Thy word did hasty fall:  
Had he denied then I must lie  
That upright he appear'd.  
And so to Men I now do say,  
The same I'll answer here—  
Thy life hath been, to me 'tis seen,  
Then fearing of thy God,  
Which Men and Devils both condemn'd,  
But let them fear my rod:  
Because from thee the truth they'll see;  
But Job's friends thou hast found.  
I know they've spoken so by thee,  
But let them hear the sound,  
When at the last the truth do burst,  
And I in power appear;  
I shall condemn thy every friend,  
That act as Job's did there.  
My Bible so all flesh shall know,  
I plac'd it for the end;  
These wondrous things I order'd so,  
Because 'twas my intend,  
When at the last the whole did burst,  
To work my Bible through,  
To shew the shadows from the first  
The way I shall go through,  
'To clear the whole: and Men must fall,  
That will with me dispute;  
The likeness I have shew'd in all  
So let mankind stand mute.  
For God or Man they must condemn,  
In what was said before:  
And will they answer from thy hand;  
That Job the most did err?  
If they say no: I'll answer so,  
That silent all must stand;  
Because with he do all agree,  
And Men alike condemn;  
As thou say'st here, I now shall clear,  
The truth in all I know.  
Sufferings that no one here could bear,  
That thou hast all gone through,  
Unless that I who dwell on high  
Had strengthen'd thee in all.  
Therefore thy friends at first did lie,  
When I to thee did call;
Because thy friends they did pretend
To act like Job's before;
And thought to see it in the end,
That thou would'st answer here.
Some sin in thee must surely be;
That I'd afflict thee so:
For many ways I so disguis'd,
Thou knew'st not how to go;
Yet still in me thy trust I see,
And so thy foes I'll shame;
Because the end 'tis my intend
That all shall know my Name.
The mystery hereof Job I'll clear—
Should I afflict one Man
With grief too great for he to bear,
By Satan's artful hand?
I tell thee no; it should not be so,
Had I not ends behind,
Another day to shew the way
The Tempter I should bind.
So from the word that's on record,
Satan did try the man,
Then every way for to betray;
But see how he did stand,
With words appear himself to clear,
As I had clear'd before;
And though he thought my rod was there
The grief that he did bear
Came all from me, was judged by he,
And yet he did submit:
But now I'll chain the enemy,
And lay him at Men's feet.
One chapter there to thee I'll clear,
I say, the following day:
And other mysteries will appear,
I shall before thee lay;
Because to Man all Types must come—
The Type of Job stands deep:
After his fall, which came by Hell,
He did in grandeur break;
And from his friends see what is penned,
They surely did repent;
Their boasting soon was at an end—
And so my mind is bent;
The just I'll free, as I did he,
And make their foes to turn;
Because the end, they all shall see,
It just like Job's shall come."

The xxxviii chapter, ver. 11. Hitherto shalt thou come, but no further; and here shall thy proud waves be stayed.—The 13, 14, 15, verses. That it might take hold of the ends of the earth, that the wicked might be shaken out of it, it is turned as
clay to the seal: and they stand as a garment; and from the wicked their light is withheld; and the high arm shall be broken.

"Now, Joanna, thee I'll answer: Mark the words were written there;
That were spoken by thy Master,
When the whirlwind did appear.
Disputes at first, 'twas I that burst,
With Satan for a time;
Disputes with Men did then come on,
But no one knew my mind;
For silent there I all did hear,
But then my silence broke
In thunder there for to appear;
But men discern'd it not,
That for the last the thing was plac'd,
To shake the whole away.
And from the Seal now shall burst:
This is the House of Cain,
That I am come to seal in Man,
For Satan I'll destroy;
For his proud waves have been so strong,
My friends cannot enjoy
Their peace in me, I plain do see,
But now I'll shake the whole;
For his high hand shall never stand,
I'll make the foe to fall.
If he at first on Man did burst,
Then now I'll burst on he,
And plead like Job, to have him cast—
A mystery none do see.
So I'll end here, and say no more,
The lines for all go deep.
The Type of Job doth here appear,
To make thy friends to weep;
Though some began, as they had done,
And presents send to thee.
This is a shadow deep for Man,
That every soul shall see;
So if they turn, as some have done,
I shall forgive them all
That do repent, and now relent,
They e'er condemn'd thy call.—

I shall reason with thee on the morrow."

Here ends Sunday night, Sept. 30, 1804.

* On Sunday morning we received a hamper with poultry, from Mr. Cole, a farmer in Devon, who was Joanna's great opposer, and said she ought to be hanged, when she was in Devon; but now all the family are come in strong believers; as the harvest in Devon has awakened many.
And now I shall come to answer the man, who wished thee to enquire of me concerning him; let not his heart be cast down, nor his spirits grieved, at any arts or subtlety that the Devil may try to blast his comforts. But let him weigh deep the Book of Job, and see the judgment thou drawest from it, and the answer that I have given thee. For now I tell thee, Satan will try many, as he tried Job; but let men stand out like Job, and I shall arise to plead for man, as I pleaded for Job. But he that falleth by temptations, will fall on the corner stone, which is the foundation that was laid in the Fall; and then that promise will break him off from obtaining it. But now is the time for that corner stone, and that promise to fall on the head where it was laid, which was on the head of the Serpent, that is, the Devil: and it shall grind all his power, like powder. So now let men take care they do not fall on that promise: that meaneth, not to believe it, and stumble at its fulfilment; for then they may fall to be broken off, when the stone falls on the head of the woman's betrayer, and men's accuser. But now let the man stand steadfast in his faith, and he shall live for ever in me, whether in this world, or that which is to come. Now let him weigh deep the xli. ch. of Job: My answer to Job was never discerned by any man; neither was it ever understood by man, what I meant in the following words—"Canst thou draw out Leviathan with a hook, or his tongue with a cord, which thou lettest down? Canst thou put a hook into his nose, or bore his jaw through with a thorn?" These are the words men never understood. The Leviathan meaneth the Devil; and by his contending against Job, I drew him out with the hook of his words, and by the cord that I let down to give him the power, then I put the hook into his nose, and bored his jaw through with a thorn, that he could never more condemn Job. But now do men vainly suppose this
was done for Job only? I tell them no: it stands a
true for all men; and like the Leviathan in the sea
is the power of the Devil against man, which man
of himself can no more destroy, than he can destroy
the Leviathan in the sea. But by my wisdom I
shamed the Devil concerning Job, and confounded
the Devil concerning Job, and I took Satan's power
from: Job that he could no more accuse him, and
no more confound him; as he tried to the utmost,
and found Job what I said he was.—And now I am
come the same to justify all men, that are longing
for my coming; and shew Satan, it was their being
dead to knowledge that made them clamour for my
Blood, and put me to death: and so I fell on the
corner stone of the promise: and though I was
broken at that time to be put to death, yet when the
fulfilment of the promise comes, know it must fall on
him, to get him to powder. This is the fulfillment
of the fall: But if men fall on that promise, as
the Jews did, they will fall to be broken off, But
let them know, that I fell to rise again, to throw all
his power, and cast the corner stone on him: for
all men must know that that corner stone mean-
eth the promise that was made in the fall. Now
let the learned answer, what they make of that cor-
ner stone? But I answer, they can no more explain
it, than they can draw out the Leviathan with the
hook: neither can they explain the mysteries of my
Bible, in what manner, and for what purpose, all
Types and Shadows were placed, and all those words
were spoken.

So now to Man I hold shall come:
Read all my Bible through,
And just like thee, to ponder on
What's laid before their view;
And let them see as deep as thee,
My wisdom's hid in all,
That to the end, 'tis my intend
To bring you to the Fall;
Then I'll draw out with every hook
The tempter that stood there.
CONCERNING JOB.

But how by Man can this be done?

Now see my Bible clear;
As I did say to Job that day,
I now may say to Man.
The Leviathan, none can stay.
The way I said to him.
And now the same I say to man—
Can you destroy your foe?
That, like that fish, is surely strong,
And doth a fishing go?
I know for man his power is strong,
They cannot him destroy;
But I'm a God shall send a rod;
For man I will enjoy.

Ch. xli. last verse.—He beholdeth all high things;
he is a King over all the children of pride.

Now from the verse that there is mention'd
Let the wise and learned see;
Then they must drop all contention,
Know the fish was nam'd by Me;
What I compar'd, they all must hear.
A Type of Satan stood:
How can men say another way
I do the fish allude,
To be the whole when I do call
My children from distress?
As I did there to Job appear,
His sufferings to redress,
His grief to Hee, I now tell thee,
The fish I did compare,
There was no wisdom brought in he
For to destroy him there,
And so to Man I now shall come—
You can't destroy your foe;
For as I said the fish was strong,
So Satan's arts I know;
But as a king can you now bring
That fish upon the sea,
That all the children here of pride
His power do cast away?
In power there can he appear,
O'er all them that are proud?
I tell thee, No; he cannot go;
Nor can you this allude,
To make it plain by learned men.
The way I mention'd there,
Nought but the fish did I allude
That did in power appear.
No: twas to Hee, the truth I tell,
Though like a fable penned;
For Satan's arts they so did swell
Against my every friend;
So unto he I then did say,
   Could he destroy his Foe,
Who like that fish in power did lie?
   But now the truth you know,
'Twas drawn from he, the end you see,
   Because you know 'twas great;
And I did turn his enemies,
That judg'd there was deceit
Found in the Man, his grief did come,
   But I did turn the whole;
And now the end 'tis my intend,
Though Satan first in rage may burst,
   My friends for to condemn;
But I do tell them at the last
   My thundering voice shall come;
For to condemn in every Man
   My friends I'll free, I now tell thee,
As I speak Job before.

But first, you see, condemn'd they be
   By false friends to appear,
Who say, 'tis wrong they do go on
   My friends they would confound;
And strong the tempter pow is come
   I say, in every sound,
For to condemn in every Man
   That upright wish to be,
And wish the Serpent was destroy'd
   That they might live in me.
Then these to Job I shall allude—
   And here the lines go deep:
Because they wish for to be good,
   That they my laws may keep;
Sin to be gone, and I may come
   To be the guide of all;
Then all may see they upright be
   Or they'd reject the call.
So unto Job I allude,
   That wish my Kingdom near;
But I do say to thee this day,
   False friends do now appear,
As his did come, I see in Man
   They daily do abound;
Hypocrisy they do condemn,
   But their words will be found,
I say, at last, as Job's did burst—
   It fell upon their heads:
And in the end 'tis my intend,
    That back their words ill lead,
Upon them all, when I do call;
   'So let the words be penn'd.
This is a warning deep for all;
   For so they'll see the end.
CONCERNING JOB.

In chap. viii. Job is deeply condemned by his friends, verse 13—And the hypocrite's hope shall perish—Chap. xi. 2, 3, Job is again reproved by his friends—Should not the multitude of words be answered? And should a man full of talk be justified? Should thy lies make men hold their peace? And when thou mockest, shall no man make thee ashamed? Chap. xv. Job is again reproved by his friends, verse 4, 5—Yea thou castest off fear, and restrainest prayer before God: For thy mouth uttereth thine iniquity, and thou choosest the tongue of the crafty. Chap. xx. Job is again reproved by his friends, verse 6—The triumphing of the wicked is short, and the joy of the hypocrite but for a moment. This they laid to Job, that his triumph was the triumph of the wicked, and his joy, the joy of the hypocrite, which they said should perish like his own dung; and they which saw him, should say where is he? Therefore Job might well say, in chap. xxi. 27—Behold I know your thoughts, and the devices which ye wrongfully imagine against me. But how do his friends reprove him, in chap. xxii. 5, 6, 7—Is not thy wickedness great? and thine iniquities infinite? For thou hast taken a pledge from thy brother for nought, and stripped the naked of their clothing: Thou hast not given water to the weary to drink, and thou hast withheld bread from the hungry. But see what Job answers for himself, in chap. xxix. 12, 13—I delivered the poor that cried, and the fatherless, and him that had none to help him. The blessing of him that was ready to perish came upon me: and I caused the widow's heart to sing for joy. Now let God be true and every man a liar: for in the same manner that the Lord spoke of Job to the Devil, in the same manner he justified Job to his friends. So, blessed be God, a good conscience is better than ten thousand witnesses. For so Job was able to justify himself; and their boasting as fools was but for a moment; and thus
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will be the boasting of all those who judge of things they know nothing about, as Job's friends judged him. "They neither knew the cause, nor his life; and therefore they drew a proud and ignorant judgment; but were soon cut down in their own boasting, and brought upon themselves what they blamed Job for—that they had judged a hypocrite, condemning the innocent, and clearing the guilty. For though they did not discern what they were doing: yet in the manner they condemned Job, they joined with his accuser, which was the Devil, who condemned him to me. Now remember what I told thee in 1792: thy cause was like Job's cause; and thy friends were like Job's friends; and because they could not account for my wondrous working with thee, they were sometimes silent; and when they spoke, they spoke wrong; for when they drew their judgment, they drew it from the Devil. And now I will prove they are perfectly like Job's friends; for while they are boasting of their great goodness to me, and the great merits of their Savior, they are just like Job's friends, that wanted to make their God the liar, by denying the knowledge that was made in the Fall; and by denying the fulfillment of the Merit of my Death. Now, if I said by Job, I say by thee: if Job had said of himself, what his friends said of him, he could not have said he was a perfect and upright man; for, then he must have given his God the lie, and denied the truth of what I said to Satan concerning him. And just the same, I say of thee: shouldest thou speak after the manner of the world, to say thy writings were from thy own invention, thou must give the Spirit the lie; as I have said through thy writings that they came from me. Now, if thou sayest they are from the Devil, then thou must be openly obeying him. But here in thy heart thou hast often pondered like Job, when confusion has filled thy mind, and knew not from whence they came. How often has this been thy
firacfftfasxnrc job*

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ii

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Therefore our hearts were led astray,
"Our Bibles to condemn."
But let them see the lines of thee,
Which way can Man appear,
I ask them now, to answer thee,
The way thou'st work'd it here?
If by thy hand they say 'tis done;
Then by it they shall fall.
Let these pretended Christians come
To answer one and all:
When men appear, as they have here,
You know, throughout the land;
My Bible's mocked everywhere—
Then let these Christians stand
To answer men, as thou hast done—
'Tis more than Man can do.
My honour they do try to shun;
My words I'll prove them true.
My honour here can men now clear—
Ne'er to support my word?
Can I be honour'd by their prayers,
While they deny their Lord?
And while then here men do appear
My Bible to disgrace,
My honour they'll not try to clear—
Then judge, ye fallen race,
If honour due is brought from you?
I tell you, you bring none;
Just like the Friends of Job were penn'd,
My honour you unthroned;
For they appear'd, I tell you here,
As Satan did at first,
That way my honour tried to clear—
See how the end did burst:
When I did come I did condemn—
My thunder will appear,
I'll make men tremble in this land:
Like Job's friends, men shall hear;
That right of me, they all shall see,
Like thee they have not spoke:
And if they say 'tis done from me,
Let them no longer mock;
For they must see a mind in thee
My honour all to clear;
But can men say 'tis done by they,
Because they meet in Prayer?
I tell them, No; it is not so;
Though thou dost pray the same;
But if no further thou dost go,
Could'st thou exalt my Name?
I tell thee, No; they all shall know,
Their Prayers are all in vain,
If they no further will go through,
My honour to maintain.
OP THE PSALMS.

So let them see the end of thee,
When I have all work'd round,
And then their boasting they will see,
Like Job's friends they are found.
So I'll end here, and say no more;
But to the Psalms I'll come:
What in thy pondering heart appear'd
Must now be penn'd by them:
Then I'll explain what all do mean,
When thou hast all gone through;
For now with men I shall contend—
'The End is in my view.'

THE PSALMS.

Monday Evening, October 1.

Joanna has been reading the Psalms all the day,
wherein her heart has been pondering.

And now I shall give the thoughts of my heart,
from the words of David. His heart has often been
like mine; and mine joins with him in complaining
against my enemies; and relying only on the mer-
cies of God. But from my judgment of David,"
whatever was his fault, concerning Uriah, he ap-
ppears, by the Psalms, to have a warm zeal and love
for God; and a desire for his honour and glory, as
far as my heart ponders upon the Psalms; and I do not
read of any one in the Old Testament, that seems
to have more of a heart to honour and glorify God
than David. Hear what he says, Psalm xix. 14—
Let the words of my mouth and the meditation of
my heart, be acceptable in thy sight, O Lord, my
strength and my redeemer. And how strong is his
Faith. Psalm xxiii. 4—Yea, though I walk through
the valley of the shadow of Death, I will fear no
evil: for thou art with me; thy rod and thy staff
they comfort me. Psalm xxv. 14—The secret of
the Lord is with them that fear him; and he will
shew them his covenant. Psalm xxvii. 8—When
thou saidst, seek ye my face, my heart said unto
thee, thy face Lord will I seek; hide not thy face from me. Ver. 14—Wait on the Lord: be of good courage, and he shall strengthen thine heart: wait, I say, on the Lord. Psalm xxx. 4, 5—Sing unto the Lord, O ye saints of his, and give thanks at the remembrance of his holiness: for his anger endureth but a moment; in his favour is life: weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning. Psalm xxxvii. 4, 5—Delight thyself also in the Lord, and he shall give thee the desires of thine heart. Commit thy way unto the Lord; trust also in him; and he shall bring it to pass. Ver. 11—The meek shall inherit the earth; and shall delight themselves in the abundance of peace. Ver. 28, 29—For the Lord loveth judgment, and forsaketh not his saints; they are preserved for ever: but the seed of the wicked shall be cut off. The righteous shall inherit the land, and dwell therein for ever. Psalm lxxiii. 25—Whom have I in heaven but thee? and there is none upon earth that I desire beside thee. Psalm lxxiv. 10—O God, how long shall the adversary reproach? Shall the enemy blaspheme thy name for ever? Ver. 22—Arise, O God, plead thine own cause; remember how the foolish man reproacheth thee daily.

Here ends Monday Night.

Tuesday, October 2, Three o'Clock.

Joanna has finished reading the Psalms through; and from pondering them in her own heart, she can see the manner of her own life through all David's. Sometimes he writes strong in faith, and his whole confidence and rejoicing in the Lord; other times he writes in despair, being overpowered by his enemies. The different manner of David's writing, no man can be a clear judge of, but those that can
judge by experience, the different manner that our
own spirits may be led: for though my life has not
been like David's, yet it has been similar to it in
another way; therefore in the Psalms of David I see
the different feelings of my own heart placed every
way. But one thing David and I differ in: Psalm
lix. 21. Though he speaks of himself, he prophesies
of our Saviour—They gave me also gall for my
meat; and in my thirst they gave me vinegar to
drink. In the following verse, he prays for utter
destruction upon his enemies, without shewing any
mercy to man; and in the same manner he writes
in Psalm cix. Fatal judgments without mercies on
his enemies. Here David and I widely differ, on
the one hand, and yet we join together on the other:
Now I shall explain my meaning: I never could
feel that anger and indignation against the greatest
enemy I had in this world, but always felt in my
heart to pray for my enemies, that the Lord would
turn them from the evil of their ways. And though
I have been provoked to see the hardness of men's
hearts, and have been angry with them; yet I al-
ways wished to see them turn from their evil, that
they might not perish everlastingly. This is my
heart, in a temporal sense, that I cannot join with
David there; yet I can join with David in a spi-
ritual sense. When I come to reflect on all the mi-
sery and sufferings, that the Devil has brought on
mankind, from the Fall of Adam to this day, and
the dreadful blasphemy he has come to me against
the Lord, and against his anointed, who is full
of mercies, goodness, and truth; but Satan's
malice has been full of blasphemy. Here I
can join with David, against the Devil. Psalm
cix. 17, 18—As he loved cursing, so let it come
unto him: as he delighted not in blessing, so let
it be far from him. As he clothed himself with
cursing, like as with his garment, so let it come
into his bowels like water, and like oil into
his bones. Now this is the spirit of the Devil, from his own confession to me. Then if it be his delight, let his delight come upon him; and let him not make others miserable with the wretchedness that he delights in. Here, in a spiritual sense, my heart joins with David: and the feelings of my heart, in various different ways, are perfectly penned by David in the Psalms. And the Spirit of the Lord must be with David, or he would never have had such strong love for the Lord, as he expressed. But the prophecies of David go deep to the establishing of Christ's kingdom. Psalm cx. 1—The Lord said unto my Lord, sit thou at my right hand, until I make thine enemies thy footstool. Here David in spirit calls our Saviour Lord: and he adds, in ver. 3—Thy people shall be willing in the day of thy power, in the beauties of holiness from the womb of the morning: thou hast the dew of thy youth. Psalm lxxxix. 19, 27, 28, 15—Thou speakest in vision to thy Holy One, and saidst, I have laid help upon one that is mighty; I have exalted one chosen out of the people. I will make him my first born, higher than the kings of the earth. My mercy will I keep for him for evermore, and my covenant shall stand fast with him. Blessed is the people that know the joyful sound: they shall walk, O Lord, in the light of thy countenance. Psalm lxxxv. 9, 10, 11—Surely his salvation is nigh them that fear him; that glory may dwell in our land. Mercy and truth are met together: righteousness and peace have kissed each other. Truth shall spring out of the earth; and righteousness shall look down from Heaven. Psalm lxxxi. 8—Arise, O God, judge the earth: for thou shalt inherit all nations. Psalm lxxvii. 2, 6—I will open my mouth in a parable: I will utter dark sayings of old. That the generation to come might know them, even the children which should be born; who should arise and declare them unto their children. Psalm lxxvi,
9, 10—When God ariseth to judgment, to save all
the meek of the earth: surely the wrath of man
shall praise thee: the remainder of wrath thou shalt
restrain. Psalm lxxv. 10—All the horns of the
wicked also will I cut off; but the horns of the
righteous shall be exalted. Psalm lxviii. 18—Thou
hast ascended on high, thou hast led captivity cap­
tive: thou hast received gifts for men; yea, for the
rebellious also, that the Lord God might dwell
among them. Psalm lxvii. 7—God shall bless us;
and all the ends of the earth shall fear him. Psalm
lxvi. 4—All the earth shall worship thee, and shall
sing unto thee; they shall sing to thy name. Psalm
xlvi. 9, 10—He maketh wars to cease unto the
end of the earth; he breaketh the bow, and cutteth
the spear in sunder; he burneth the chariot in the
fire. Be still and know that I am God: I will be
exalted among the heathen, I will be exalted in the
tearth. Psalm xL 6, 7, 8—Sacrifice and offering
thou didst not desire; mine ears hast thou opened:
burnt offering and sin offering hast thou not requir­
ed. Then said I, Lo, I come: in the volume of the
book it is written of me I delight to do thy will;
O my God: yea, thy law is within my heart. Psalm
ix. 5, 6—Thou hast rebuked the heathen, thou hast
destroyed the wicked, thou hast put out their name
for ever and ever. O thou enemy, destructions are
come to a perpetual end: and thou hast destroyed
cities; their memorial is perished with them. Psalm
viii. 5, 6—Thou hast made him a little lower than
the angels, and hast crowned him with glory and
honour. Thou madest him to have dominion over
the works of thy hand; thou hast put all things un­
der his feet. Psalm ii. 6, 7, 8—Yet have I set my
king upon my holy hill of Zion. I will declare the
decree: the Lord hath said unto me, thou art my
Son; this day have I begotten thee. Ask of me,
and I shall give thee the heathen for thine inherit—
I IS THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee. From the manner thou hast brought backward the Psalms, so shall I bring all things backward. Now remember Psalm ii—Ask and receive thy full demands; then will I give thee the heathen for thine inheritance, and the uttermost parts of the earth for thy possession. Then goes on what the prophecies are; and that help should be laid upon one that was mighty, to receive gifts for men. Now all things thou hast worked backward, for me to ask and demand them all. But what are the gifts I am to ask for men, but to give them the gift of my spirit, and to destroy their enemy, the Devil? Now as thou hast worked backward the prophecies of me, to ask and receive, I have worked backward the Bible, for thee to ask and receive thy full demands, that the Woman's betrayer might be cast, and the Woman might be freed. This is the help that is laid upon one that is mighty: that is able to save unto the utmost all them that long for his coming.

Now I'll begin from what thou'st done,
To trace the Psalmist back,
And then, I tell thee, in the end
They'll find how all must break.
Wisely the words were judged by thee
Of David's prophecy:
It was in spirit he did see
The words that here do lie;
Because the Lord with one accord,
Placed Judgment at the first,
That at his right hand I should sit,
Until the end did burst,
That I did come for to fulfill,
As it is said before—
You know it was my Father's will,
In the Creation here,
The Woman's Seed should bruise the head
Of him that did betray;
For so the Promise first was laid,
And backward, now I say,
The whole shall come, as thou hast done;
For backward I shall go,
Till on the Serpent I shall turn,
I say, the every blow.
Let Men see clear what’s written there,
And trace the Psalms-like thee,
And then I bid them answer here,
How they the whole can free?
What vision first can they now place,
That did of me forget;
That help in me should surely be,
The mighty one excel?
Or what First Born was judged by men,
To be excused so,
Higher than earthly king to come
Above them, you do know?
Let men appear and answer here,
How they do judge the thing?
Because the words are written here—
Higher than earthly kings.
This sure to Man can never come;
Then it must come to me;
Who shed my Blood then in Man’s stead;
As there the fault you see,
Was cast by Man: so I did come;
But now I’ll bring it back,
I say, upon the Serpent’s head,
And he shall feel the rack.
Because that long he did blaspheme;
And does it to this day;
But he shall know my every Name—
The Promises do say
For me to come again to Man,
And plead my promise here;
And as a God I’ll now awake,
I’ve told thee so before;
When I at first to thee did burst,
In Spirit to appear,
I said the Serpent should be cast—
The second Psalm was near;
That I’d fulfill my Father’s will,
And my demand I’d claim;
And now this day, to thee I say,
I will the whole maintain;
My cause I’ll plead, as I have said—
Remember all before:
How the reproach of wicked men
Doth daily here appear;
But I’ll go back to bring the stroke,
I tell thee, now on Man;
If that my Bible still they’ll mock,
When I have shewed them plain,
How it doth appear my Bible clear,
That no Man can deny.
But if they now begin to fear,
And see how all do lie;
Then they'll see plain in every line,
When I was murdered here,
That I ascended up on high,
To make my Bible clear:
And gifts for men I said I'd bring,
And so 't shall now come down;
I said the Comforter should come—
The Holy Ghost be found,
That in my Name should surely come,
And in my Name 'ts done:
And as thou say'st of David's Psalms—
His mind was like thine own;
Only in one thou canst not join,
Then now I'll join with thee:
As to the Serpent thou art come,
In Spirit join'd with he;
That's David here I mean to clear,
That wish'd it to the man:
My enemies he could not bear—
The shadows from him come.
But thou dost say another way,
That Satan is the Foe:
Mankind he daily does betray,
And that thou well dost know;
In blasphemy he came to thee,
And did blaspheme my Name;
Thou wish'd it now to fall on he—
So all thy foes I'll shame,
If they will say another way,
"We do not wish it here;"
"Though he the Woman did betray,"
"Her guilt we will not clear,"
"To have it laid on Satan's head,"
"But let her guilt go on."
Then as the Psalm mankind do read,
They could not bear for Man;
But now the same I do discern,
'Tis to the Serpent plac'd:
And in like manner men are come,
Their Lord for to dii-grace;
Then surely I, who dwell on high,
Have shed my Blood in vain,
If men go on my enemies,
And Satan's cause maintain.
But if they turn, in sorrow mourn,
And all begin like thee—
"On Satan's head it might be laid,"
"His blasphemy, we see,
"Will never cease, to bring in peace"
"We wish him for to fall,"
Then their rebellion let them turn—
For I shall answer all,
That gift for them shall surely come,
Their pardon I'll implore;
And give my Kingdom unto them—
And I shall give them more:
My Spirit strong on them shall come,
In blessings to abound,
When Satan's power is overturn'd,
And I have chain'd him down.
Then men may say from day to day,
"We benefits receive,
"Strong from our God, what he hath said—
"His words we do believe;
"He loads us here, as doth appear—
"Our Bibles here are true;
"We know the Spirit cannot err—
"Bring all before our view:
"Our Bibles here we see them clear,
"This Promise made at first,
"And now the mystery we see clear,
"How plain the truth must burst—
"On Satan's head, as she hath said,
"It must be laid by she;""Because by Man 'twas never done—
"Adam at first, we see,
"Cast it on God, who felt the rod,
"And suffer'd here for Man;
"And David here did so appear,
"To cast it back on them.
"But now from she we plain do see,
"She cast the whole on Hell;
"Can we appear in conscience here
"Her wisdom to condemn,
"When for our good we know she stood;
"Though Man blam'd her at first,
"And to her weakness all allude,
"Though he as weak was cast ?"
Did he appear more strong than her?
Was he not soon betray'd?
But was his justice then as clear,
To cast it on my head?
So now let Man the trial stand,
And answer from thy word;
How they'll appear to answer here,
Still to condemn their God?
They've still blam'd Man in all they've done,
And David they blame here;
They judg'd it cruelty in Man
To speak in words severe;
But now 'tis come to thy weak hand,
Thou speak'st a different way;
Then how can men the whole condemn?
Unless they boldly say—
"'Tis on our God we wish the rod
"For ever to remain:
We wish not to avenge his Blood
On Satan's head nor Man.
No; blasphemy we wish to see
Against his holy Name;
We do not wish for to be free
From Satan's cursed chain.
Then surely I, who dwell on high,
Like David must appear,
To be their fatal enemy,
Unless they'll answer here—
By thy weak hand we wish to stand—
The Woman's pleading's just:
We cannot wish the curse on Man,
Nor wish our Saviour cast,
Such grief to bear as he did here,
And ne'er avenge the deed;
The Woman's pleading, we see clear,
Brings all on Satan's head.
Then like the first we see the last—
Our God we now see true:
He made the Woman at the first,
And said he this would do,
A helpmate here for Man to appear—
He was not good alone;
And from our Bibles we see clear—
Could it be good in Man
To cast the blame, as by Adam done,
The Serpent's guilt to free?
And David here there's few will clear,
To praise the curse of he,
So strong on Man to have it come—
His anger there went deep.
And now we see a different way
The Woman here doth break:
We now see all join'd with the fall—
Then how can we complain?
If we refuse the Woman's call,
For wishing to free Man,
Then we must blame, ourselves to shame,
Our Bible to condemn,
If God a helpmate made of her,
And in the volume come,
As written there for to appear,
His words for to make good;
His Father's will for to fulfil,
And in her weakness stood
A help for Man—shall we condemn,
Because he doth appear
To prove at last his word at first,
And be our helpmate here?
The stronger come the weak to bind,
In hand and heart to he?
That the strong man he now may find,
And may his fetters see?
"Though strong to man we know he's come,
And us in sorrow bound;
The stronger here will now appear—
Then let his works be crown'd,
To bind the whole that caus'd the Fall—
From Satan's arts it came:
Our God and Saviour now we'll call,
That he may chain him down."

So thus let Men the trial stand,
And I'll stand strong for all;
But if they'll not, I'll tell their lot,
That down they all must fall.
So I'll go back as thou hast wrote,
And bring it to the first:
The second Psalm shall now be known,
In truth and power shall burst;
The Heathens here shall surely fear,
And all the earth shall see,
That to the ending now 'tis come,
That my Name prais'd shall be
From sea to sea, I now do say;
And so from shore to shore,
I'll bring my blessings down to men,
That wait the truth to hear.
For all to see it so shall be,
I'll make the wars to cease,
When I have gain'd the Victory
I'll bring a Lasting Peace;
In every land it so shall stand—
Then see my Bible true,
I'll break the Bow, they all shall know,
That doth in war pursue;
In sunder here I'll cut the spear,
And so it down shall fall;
And as a God I'll send the rod,
Till I have conquer'd all.
Then I'll be known a God to come,
And bring my Glory here;
Exalted then I'll be by men,
That do me love and fear;
Because the Earth when I bring forth
A Paradise for Man,
I know that they will worship me,
And in my Temple come,
With praises great, without deceit,
When harmony abounds;
And Righteousness together meet
And Love in every sound
Will then begin, the hearts of Men,
That now the Truth embrace,
They'll say that all is joined sweet,
And Man return the Kiss:
That is my Word, that's on record,
They will embrace it here,
And say, "With pleasure now we see
The truth in all is clear.
Burnt offerings here they did appear,
We find they did not do;
Their sacrifices none can clear,
For Solomon, we know,
He offer'd up, but all did drop—
The Beasts, we see, were slain;
But still in Hell the Beast doth swell,
And there he doth remain,
Till Christ shall come to be our King,
And then destroy the Foe:
Lo, in the volume of the Book,
We know 'tis written so;
That he did come, his blood was slain—
But must his blood stop there?
No; in the Spirit, I'll maintain,
I must again appear,
My Father's will for to fulfil,
The Helpmate at the first;
And then you'll find my avenging heel
Must on the Serpent burst.
For I'll make good, as first it stood,
The Promise in the fall
Will bring at last, as first was plac'd,
I now do tell you all.
Another day, to thee I say,
The Psalms I'll all go through:
And thou may'st ponder in the way;
Thy heart I well do know,
Like David's here it did appear,
Because I plac'd it so,
For thou to live in faith and fear,
That thou like him might go;
Sometimes went on, thy faith was strong
Relying on thy God;
Another day in tears did say,
In bye-paths thou hast trod.
So just like him thy life hath been,
But not in sin appear'd;
Because by me thy heart, they'll see,
Was always guided here;
For when I come in Spirit strong,
The carnal man must die;
So 'tis by thee, all flesh may see,
Thy history doth not lie;
The truth is shewn, to me 'tis known,
And so I'll end it here,
Until, I say, another day,
My Spirit shall appear.

I will reason with thee on the morrow."

Here ends Tuesday night, Oct. 2, 1804.—All taken from Joanna Southcott's mouth,

Jane Townley.
Wednesday morning, October 3, 1804.

On the Tuesday night, Joanna felt a heavenly joy, and said she was obliged to keep back what she felt in the explanations of the Psalms, or her eyes would have been drowned in tears of joy; and the feelings of her heart too great to bear, to see in what a clear and beautiful manner the Psalms were explained. But in the night she was distressed with dreams—and dreamt that she lay upon the floor dying; and her mouth was almost cleaved together; but she awaked and found it a dream. She then went to sleep again, and dreamt that she was disputing with many people about her writings. They told her she was prophesied of in the Psalms to be a false Prophet. She asked them where? and said, if they could point it out and shew her where it was in the Psalms, she would give up her writings. In this confused manner she awaked in the morning, and found her spirits greatly oppressed; her heart seemed swelled too big for her body; and all her joy and happiness seemed fled. Her head felt as though it was filled with rivers of water; but cannot shed a tear. So that she is now jealous for herself, whether she was not in a sin, to keep back the feelings of her heart, and amusing herself with nonsense, because she would not discern the beauty of the Psalms, in what wondrous and clear manner they were all explained; and how true and clear the Psalms stand for the fulfilment of Christ's Kingdom, which she tried to stifle, when she was giving the lines in the evening, fearing the joy of its being at hand would be too great for her; and in the morning she awoke with a load too great for her to bear. And now her enquiry is—Lord, let me know my transgression, and wherein I have offended! When she opened her Bible in the morning, it was at Psalm xl. She cast her eye on ver. 2—He brought me up also out of an horrible pit, out of the miry
clay, and set my feet upon a rock, and established my goings. He hath put a new song into my mouth, even praise unto our God; many shall see it, and fear, and shall trust in the Lord.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee. The shadow to thee is the substance to the nation. I do not blame thy amusing thyself to keep back the ponderings of thy heart; because I know, if the eyes of thy understanding were clearly opened, and thou discernedst clearly the days that are come, and gave thyself up to the fulness of joy, it would be more than thou couldest bear, to go through all my labour. But though I do not blame thee, I brought this shadow upon thee, to bring it to the nation. If they say like thee, "We will amuse our ourselves in any worldly nonsense, to keep ourselves from discerning the Truth. If it be so, we will not see it; neither will we discern it; therefore we are resolved never to see the Truth, nor to believe it, nor attend to things that are for our eternal happiness. If they are so, they are too great for us; therefore we are determined not to discern them, So we will amuse ourselves in vanity and pleasure, that are of this world, to stifle the whole." Then I tell thee their pleasures and amusement will turn, like thine, into the greatest heaviness and sorrow. For if they will not delight themselves in the joy of my Kingdom, they shall feel the sorrow that is approaching; for their worldly amusements will bring sorrow upon them, too great to bear: for if they refuse the joy of the one, they shall feel the sorrow of the other.

So now from thee the Type they'll see,
Is hastening fast for all;
But I the shadow plac'd in thee,
That men might know their call.
So now thy dream I shall explain,  
And bring it out to Man:  
Thou saidst thy joy thou didst keep back,  
Fearing thy eyes would run,  
I say, with joy, for to destroy  
Thy perfect labour here;  
Because in love thy heart thou'west prove,  
It was too great to bear  
The whole to see, was said by thee—  
And all my words discern;  
And thy confusion soon would be  
Too great to hear my tongue;  
Or words were spoke, thou fearest thy lot,  
Could not them both go through;  
Therefore thy joy thou didst keep back—  
Then I brought to thy view  
A death was near for to appear,  
In agonies to come.  
And so your land like thee doth stand,  
If they this way go on,  
'To say like thee—" we will not see  
" Our Bible to appear;  
" That Christ is come the whole to free,  
" 'Twill drown our senses here;  
" So we'll go on as we have done,  
" And still keep back the whole,"  
Then soon, like thee, their end they'll see  
In agonies to fall.—  
Now I'll explain the other dream,  
And to the purpose come:  
The people that did dispute with thee  
Did wrongly turn the Psalms,  
And said that there thou didst appear  
A prophet wrong to be;  
But I shall boldly answer here;  
And let men answer ME,  
If they can say another way,  
They'll make the Psalmist good,  
It was not David's prophecies,  
The way that I allude.  
The Psalmist here then let them clear  
The whole before their view;  
And let men answer when and where  
They'll prove the Psalmist true;  
Or how 't can come as plac'd by man,  
Then I'll give up the whole?  
There's not that earthly man can stand  
To prove my words must fall;  
That I shall say to thee this day—  
The lines for all go deep.  
Thy sorrows I shall take away,  
And bring thee from the pit  
Of horror here that did appear:  
Upon the rock thou'lt be;
And so thy feet I'll ever keep;
Thy standing is in me.
I'll take thee from the mire and clay,
That is so strong in Man;
I'll guide thee in the perfect ways,
And thou shalt ever stand;
To praise my name the end shall come;
And thou thy God shalt bless.
The liars I shall all unthrone;
Though many do profess
They trust in me, I plain do see,
And yet they turn aside,
And trust in lies—I'll not disguise,
The field is open'd wide,
I say, for all to judge the call;
My Bible to go through;
And strong in spirit now I call,
That every soul shall know.—
So, from thy dream, let men contend
To prove thou'st plac'd it wrong;
Then they must say the same by me
As they by thee have done—
"Our Bible here we now will clear:
"No prophecies can be,
"For him in spirit to appear,
"The nations all to free."
Then I'll appear to answer here,
As thou didst say before,
My Bible I will all give up,
If men can prove it here—
The second Psalm has ever come,
The heathens for to free;
When did I govern every land?
Then let Men answer me,
When it was done, be spoke by Man?
But this they cannot do.—
The secrets of the Lord are come,
That every soul shall know,
For to reveal and not conceal,
The end for all draws near;
The covenant is come to Man,
That I shall now make clear.
So Men discern how I do warn,
And weigh my Bible deep,
You'll find the end for all is come—
The second Psalm shall break,
I say, for all: 'tis I did call
And visit at the first:
In ninety-two, thou well dost know,
I told thee so 't should burst.
Now mark all lands, how they do stand
In tumult and in war;
And I do say to thee this day,
Much stronger 'twill appear;
OF THE PSALMS.

Till I've brought low, they all shall know,
   The nations, like my word;
And then the gleanings men may shew,
   That they will turn to God.
Then all I'll free from misery;
   Their swords in sunder break;
And then the spear, they need not fear,
   I shall in sunder cut.
Then men with me in peace shall be;
   For I'll enjoy them all,
That now in heart will turn to me;
   But know, the rest must fall;
For I'll put out their every name;
   They shall no longer stand.
But evermore can men appear,
   To answer my demand,
To say 'twas done in any land?
   Then how can men appear,
To prove my Bible true doth stand,
   If I the truth don't clear?
So how I call, to warn them all,
   The heathens I'll destroy,
That will not flee, and turn to me—
   For man I'll now enjoy,
That looks to me the truth to see,
   My Bible to appear.
The eliding, every soul will see,
   For man is drawing near;
For now, like thee, they all shall see,
   My Spirit it is come;
And the destroying enemy
   I'll now destroy for man.
Because the end 'twas my intend
   To bring his ruin here;
His vice is drawing to an end,
   Though he doth strong appear.
Perpetually, I now do say,
   He's working here with men,
Their innocence for to betray—
   But long he cannot stand.
My Bible through I now shall go
   And will fulfil the whole:
I'll bring the ending of the foe,
   And that he'll surely know.
So now see clear the Psalmist here;
   And thou go to the end;
Then the New Song shall all appear;
   For now 'tis my intend,
New Songs of praises shall begin,
   I say, in every heart;
That wish my kingdom for to win—
   Satan shall feel the dart,
That he on Man hath brought so long—
   So trace my Bible through:

R
From the ponderings of Joanna's heart, in reading the Psalms, she took notice how much they changed after they came to Psalm cxvii—O praise the Lord, all ye nations, praise him all ye people. For his merciful kindness is great toward us: and the truth of the Lord endureth for ever. Praise ye the Lord. Then followeth, Psalm cxviii, how all is to praise the Lord:—The house of Israel, and the house of Aaron, now say his mercy endureth for ever. Ver. 16, 17, 18—The right hand of the Lord is exalted: the right hand of the Lord doeth valiantly. I shall not die, but live, and declare the works of the Lord. The Lord hath chastened me sore: but he hath not given me over unto death. Now this is a prophecy, by my judgment, of the Kingdom of Christ, at his second coming: for he was chastened sore; and though he was put to death by man, yet the Lord did not give him over to that death; for his body did not see the grave; neither did the holy one see corruption; but he arose again from death, perfect in his own body, to declare to his disciples the wondrous works he should do at his second coming. So this appears to me the prophecies of David, in Psalm cxviii. Then, if we follow to Psalm cxix, it goes on to a change: of man wishing to come to a perfect knowledge of God. Weigh the Psalm deeply through, Ver. 103. 105—How sweet are thy words unto my taste! yea sweeter than honey to my mouth! Thy word is a lamp unto my feet, and a light unto my path. Here David goes through with a full desire to come to the perfection of God; and complaining of every thing that kept him from God: But he says—My lips shall utter praise, when thou hast taught me thy statutes.
ver. 171. Then David goes on to shew the happiness of those who are in favour with God, in Psalm cxlv. 4—One generation shall praise thy works to another, and shall declare thy mighty acts. Ver. 11, 12, 21—They shall speak of the glory of thy kingdom, and talk of thy power. To make known to the sons of men his mighty acts, and the glorious majesty of his kingdom. My mouth shall speak the praise of the Lord: and let all flesh bless his holy name for ever and ever. Psalm cxlvii. 14, 15—He maketh peace in thy borders, and filleth thee with the finest of the wheat. He sendeth forth his commandment upon earth: his word runneth very swiftly. Psalm cxlix. 1, 2—Praise ye the Lord. Sing unto the Lord a new song, and his praise in the congregation of saints. Let Israel rejoice in him that made him: let the children of Zion be joyful in their King. From the latter part of the Psalms it appears to me, that David was exhorting the people to be looking for the kingdom of Christ, which he had been prophesying of; and which he, in spirit, seemed to long for; as he prayed, to be freed from every sin: and here I join with David, hand and heart.

THE ANSWER OF THE SPIRIT;

"Now, Joanna, thou 'ill answer, As thy pondering heart appears: As my Spirit was with David, Perfect so, I tell thee here, It is with thee, all flesh shall see: My words to fly abroad: And my commandments, all shall see. Are given from thy God: That on the earth may all come forth, What is my just decreed: And from my Spirit, all shall know; The words are given to thee. So from the Psalms, as thou hast named, If men will weigh them deep, They'll find the Psalms that thou hast named, Must make thy foes to weep: Because in thee, all flesh shall see, I've plac'd my Spirit strong, As 'twas in David, all may see These things to me were known;"
That at the end I did intend
To have them all appear,
Though he to sin did sure begin
To shame his Maker there;
But now, at last, the Psalms are placed,
A heart so much like thine—
And now the mysteries I shall clear,
To bring it to mankind.
The thoughts of thee are join'd with me,
Throughout my Bible here,
To bring it on the enemy,
That did to her appear,
I say, at first she was cast—
'Twas Satan caus'd her fall.
No blame on me was brought by she—
And now I'll answer all:
My honour here I'll prove it clear,
For to avenge her blow;
Because that she doth honour me,
And that you all must know,
Now as the verse before thy view,
Thy pondering heart I see;
But not like Man to have it come,
Then now I'll join with thee.—

Psalm cxl. 9, 10, 11—As for the head of those
that compass me about, let the mischief of their own
lips, cover them. Let burning coals fall upon them;
let them be cast into the fire; into deep pits, that
they rise not up again, Let not an evil speaker be
established in the earth: evil shall hunt the violent
man to overthrow him.

"Now, here within thou dost begin
To ponder from the word.
The heart of Man to thee's unknown,
If he could wish the Lord,
Such vengeance take as he did speak,
'Tis cruel unto thee;
But from the ponderings in thy heart,
Thou'st wish'd it so to be,
To fall on hell, as he doth swell
All ages to destroy;
As thou'st look'd back to see the wreck,
Man never did enjoy
A life of peace did he possess,
As Satan's arts were strong.
Therefore the ponderings in thy heart,
Like DAVID now thou'lt turn
A different way, I now do say,
And yet thou wish the whole
Upon the Tempter's head to lay,
    And in the pit to fall.
Thou wish'd him there, to rise no more,
    To be a plague to Man;
And David's spirit must be there,
    To wish it so to come;
Whatever way is judg'd by thee
Did in his heart appear.
Here's never could judge that wicked men
Could all be rooted here,
While Satan's reign did still remain—
So strong to work in Man.
The way that David did contend,
    'Twas for the end to come;
And now in thee the end they'll see,
Thou'st fix'd all to the root,
For to destroy the enemy,
    That did tempt her to the fruit,
That evil here might strong appear;
    But now I'll cut him down.—
A David's heart in thee is here,
    Though 'tis a different sound;
A different way, I now do say,
Thou'st wish'd to have it so—
That all the evil in the earth
    May be cast down below;
That is the thing that brought in sin—
    By Satan's arts 'twas done;
And him thou'st wish'd to overthrow,
    He might no longer stand;
Because that sin hath ever been,
    Ever since Adam's Fall;
Till Satan's cast thou know'st 'twill last,
    And sorrow bring on all.

Psalm clxii. 4—I looked on my right hand, and behold, but there was no man that would know me:

"Now here's a word thou dost not understand;
The words of David no man can command,
What in his heart he ponder'd and did pen—
And here's a verse ne'er understood by men.
Could David say, that no man did know he?
No: here's a mystery I shall answer thee:
For I'm the man that no one here doth know,
That I did come to seek the overthrow
Of the proud Tempter, that at first betray'd,
And bring the every guilt upon his head:
But know, by Man I could not do at first;
Because on me the guilt he surely cast,
To give the Woman then into his care;
And so the guilt both her and I did share;
But as the Woman cast it on his head,
And said 'twas the Serpent that had her betray'd;
And as the Woman then did cast it there,
So her and I will come the whole to clear,
So here's a mystery that no man both know—
I came to die, that he might feel the blow;
And yet the words no man can't understand,
Nor knew my death which way for to allude.
That I should come and suffer so for Man,
And let the Jews so strong against Me stand,
If that the merit of my death end there,
I ask, my mercies how they could appear?
Because that refuge is Me they found none;
Nor any refuge did I find in them;
Because you know, they clamourd for my Blood—
Then how my Bible is it understood;
That all the earth should come and worship Me?
The verse before thee let the Nation see."

Psalm cxxxviii. 4—All the kings of the earth shall praise thee, O Lord, when they hear the words of thy mouth.

"Now, from these words, let all men answer,
Can they prove 'twas ever so?
Yet if I was David's Master,
All his words must sure come true;
Because of Me, all flesh shall see,
He prophesied before;
And in the end 'tis my intend
His every word to clear.
So here's the word that's on record,
That now I'll make to stand;
It is the word now of the Lord
Shall go through every land,
My Bible here I now shall clear,
And it I'll all fulfil;
And when my wonders do appear,
I shall the whole fulfil."

Psalm cxxxii. 15. to the end—I will abundantly bless her provision: I will satisfy her poor with bread. I will also clothe her priests with salvation: and her saints shall shout aloud for joy. There will I make the horn of David to bud: I have ordained a lamp for mine anointed. His enemies will I clothe with shame: but upon himself shall his crown flourish.

"Now here again, I say to men,
My Bible none do see:
Though it was spoke of David's reign,
It never was done by he;"
OF THE PSALMS.

But know that I, who dwell on high,
With David did compare;
His root and offspring I did say—
Then now discover it here;
The root in me must surely be,
To make the blossom come:
And here's the word, you all shall see;
The lamp that must be known:
The anointed see it sure was me,
To bring these blessings down;
From David it could never be;
His foes for to confound;
Not his my name the whole shall shame;
On me the crown shall stand;
When I appear to govern here,
And reign in every land.

Psalm cxix. 160. 166. 174—Thy word is true from
the beginning, and every one of thy righteous judg-
ments endureth for ever. Lord, I have hoped for
thy salvation, and done thy commandments. I have-
longed for thy salvation, O Lord; and thy law is
my delight.

"Now here to Man again I'll come:
The Psalms stand deep for thee;
And perfect as the words are penn'd,
Thy heart I know to be.
Then from the first I now shall burst,
From the beginning here;
And at the last when all is cast,
They'll find my judgments clear.
Then righteousness, in perfect peace,
For ever shall endure;
And from the Psalms, that thou hast penn'd,
My covenant is sure.
So now the Psalmist all weigh deep—
Thy life in it they'll see;
Though they deny—"it is a lie—
"For David 'tis and me;"
They'll own it true, before their view,
For David it does stand;
And own of me he prophesied;
But they they will condemn—
To say, that there can ought appear
A Prophecy of thee.
Now pen the verse thou'lt marked here,
And then I'll answer thee."

Psalm cii. 6, 7, 8—I am like a pelican of the wil-
derness: I am like an owl of the desert, I watch.
and am as a sparrow alone upon the house top. Mine enemies reproach me all the day; and they that are mad against me are sworn against me. 

Ver. 18. 16. 22—This shall be written for the generation to come: and the people which shall be created shall praise the Lord. When the Lord shall build up Zion, he shall appear in his glory, when the people are gathered together, and the kingdoms, to serve the Lord. 

Psalm c. 5—For the Lord is good; his mercy is everlasting; and his truth endureth to all generations. Psalm xcviii. 1, 2, and part of ver. 3—O sing unto the Lord a new song; for he hath done marvellous things: his right hand, and his holy arm, hath gotten him the victory. The Lord hath made known his salvation, his righteousness hath he openly shewed in the sight of the heathen. All the ends of the earth have seen the salvation of our God. Psalm xcvii. 11—Light is sown for the righteous, and gladness for the upright in heart. Psalm xcvi. 12, 13—All the trees of the wood rejoice before the Lord; for he cometh, for he cometh to judge the earth: he shall judge the world with righteousness, and the people, with his truth. Psalm xciv. 8, 9, 12—Understand, ye brutish among the people: and, ye fools, when will ye be wise? He that planted the ear, shall he not hear? He that formed the eye, shall he not see? Blessed is the man whom thou chastened, O Lord, and teachest him out of thy law. Psalm xcvi. 11—Mine eye shall see my desire on mine enemies. Psalm xci. 11, 12, 13—For he shall give his angels charge over thee, to keep thee in all thy ways. They shall bear thee up in their hands, lest thou dash thy foot against a stone. Thou shalt tread upon the lion and adder: the young lion and the dragon shalt thou trample under feet. Psalm cxiii. 4, 5, 6, 9—The Lord is high above all nations, and his glory above the heavens. Who is like unto the Lord our God—who humbleth himself to behold the things that are in heaven,
in the earth! He maketh the barren woman to keep house, and to be a joyful mother of children: 

Psalm cxviii. 7—The Lord taketh my part with them that help me: therefore I shall see my desire upon them that hate me. 

Psalm cxvi. 6, 7—The Lord preserveth the simple: I was brought low, and he helped me. Return unto thy rest, O my soul; for the Lord hath dealt bountifully with thee. 

Psalm cxli. 10—The fear of the Lord is the beginning of wisdom: a good understanding have all they that do his commandments: his praise endureth for ever. 

Psalm cix. 2, 3, 4—For the mouth of the wicked and the mouth of the deceitful are opened against me: they have spoken against me with a lying tongue. They compassed me about also with words of hatred; and fought against me without a cause. For my love, they are my adversaries. 

Psalm lxxviii. 15—I am afflicted and ready to die from my youth up: while I suffer thy terrors, I am distracted. 

Psalm lxxxvi. 11, 12—Teach me thy way, O Lord; I will walk in thy truth: unite my heart to fear thy name. I will praise thee, O Lord my God, with all my heart: and I will glorify thy name for evermore. 

Psalm lixiv. 6, 7—I will call to my remembrance my song in the night: I commune with mine own heart: and my spirit made diligent search. Will the Lord cast off for ever? and will he be favourable no more? 

Psalm lxxii. 15, 16—And he shall live, and to him shall be given of the gold of Sheba: prayer also shall be made for him continually; and daily shall he be praised. There shall be an handful of corn in the earth upon the top of the mountains; the fruit thereof shall shake like Lebanon: and they of the city shall flourish like grass of the earth. 

Psalm lxix. 6, 7, 8—Let not them that wait on thee, O Lord God of Hosts, be ashamed for my sake; let not those that seek thee be confounded for my sake, O God of Israel. Because for thy sake I have borne reproach; shame
hath covered my face. I am become a stranger unto my brethren, and an alien unto my mother's children.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee, before thou goest any further, as thou sayest this has been thy frequent prayers, that none of those that believe in thy writings may come to shame or reproach for thee. Then here is the Prophecy of the true spirit that is in thee. But from whom came that Spirit upon thee? Are not my laws written in thy heart? And the manner of thy life is written in the Psalms.

So now, Joanna, thee I'll answer:
As the Psalms are written here,
Let them know I'm thy master,
And thy Spirit did prepare
All to go through, as thou didst do—
_A Pelican at first_,
Because alone, they all do know,
My Spirit here did burst;
And so to man thou didst become
Just like an Owl appear,
That in the desert may be seen—
Thou 'dst not one helper here;
When I began to lead thee on,
Thou perfect stood alone,
Just like a Sparrow on the house,
To every soul 'tis known.
So all may see the state of thee,
Just as my Bible's penned:
I lead the Spirit here of thee—
And so they'll find the end.
Thou didst go on, to me 'tis known,
Sometimes in faith and fear;
And other times thy faith was gone,
To sink in deep despair.
Then surely I, who dwell on high,
Did pluck thee from the Fall;
I took thee from the mire and clay,
Where men did sink thee all.
Thy standing sure shall now endure;
For all thy life hath been.
Just like the Psalms are mention'd here,
Thy writings prove the thing.
When men look back on what thou'st wrote,
They'll see thy feeling breast;
When misery and jealousy,
By men and devils plac'd
So strong in thee, thy grief they'll see,
When I the whole unfold;
And perfect as the Psalms are here,
The truth will then be told.
But it was I, that dwell on high,
That gave thee faith so strong.
To say thou could'st not shun mine eye,
The whole to me was known.
So thou wert clear I must be here,
Or things could not come true;
And as to me thou mad'st thy prayer,
Mine eye was in thy view,
That I did see the grief of thee,
And all thy ways did know;
And if the things came not from me,
Thou judg'd I'd overthrow:
Never like Man thou judg'st my name,
That I the whole don't see;
Thou judg'st my honour and my fame
Would soon confuted thee;
If not from Heaven the lines were given,
Thou judg'st that all must fall;
Because that I who dwell on high
Would never support thy call.
So thou'lt appear, I tell them here,
Just like the Psalms are penned;
For I have heard thy every prayer,
The way thy heart did bend;
But unto Man I know thou'rt come
Much like an owl appear;
The ignorance of foolish men,
They so have plac'd thee here.
So men may see the Life of thee,
When they have seen the whole;
Just as the Psalms that thou hast penned,
It must appear to all.
False tongues appear, you all do hear,
With lies thou'rt compass'd round,
That in the end to all I'll clear,
For so it will be found;
The words of man in hatred come,
In malice to proceed;
I shall prove it in the end—
Like me, they'd make thee bleed;
As they did me on Calvary,
If they could so appear:
They hate thee all without a cause;
And for thy love appear
In malice great, full of deceit—
But see thy love to Man,
What sufferings here for Man thou'lt bear!
And judge thy written hand;
If not from me thy writings be,
Thy hazard must be great,
The truth to know if it was so—
In thee there's no deceit;
But had all been in a straight line,
My answer could not go,
Thyself to free, as I do say,
The world like me don't know.
When jealousy and misery
Alarm'd thy faithful breast,
I knew the pondering heart of thee,
How in the flames thou'dst cast,
Thou saidst, the whole, if wrong did fall,
And so I thee shall clear.
Then let thy love be known to all,
How thou didst persevere;
The truth to know, how thou didst go
To put in every hand;
And when my promise I did make,
To ask me, and command,
Then let them see the words of thee—
Thou ask'd it for Man's good;
As Satan is your enemy,
Let all be understood—
No grandeur here thou wish'd to share,
But to adore thy God,
And Man's redemption wish'd to hear,
And have my purchase Blood
The lands to free from misery,
And happiness possess:
This is the perfect love of thee,
Though men do wound thy breast.
Then sure 'tis wrong what they have done—
Thy love and pity see,
Which men in rage and fury turn,
Just like the Psalms to be.
Unjustly here do all appear,
For cause they can have none,
In rage to burn, as men do come,
Thy love for to unthrone.
But as from Hell the whole do swell,
The standard thou'st plac'd there;
And wish his fall to be from all,
Let men in conscience clear.
What they have done, I say, in Man;
They cannot justify
To ill requite, thy love to slight;
In pity men should lie,
If they believ'd thou wast deceiv'd,
Such hazard for to run;
They all must see the bent of thee
Throughout in love to Man;
Then pity they should shew to thee,
And not thy heart condemn.
OF THE "PSALMS,"

But I'll appear to answer here;
In lying tongues they're found,
With malice they can never clear,
I say, in any sound.
That they do come in malice strong—
But I shall take thy part,
With those that are thy helpers here,
And join'd in hand and heart.
So, in the end, 'tis my intend
To shew my Bible clear;
And those that are thy every friends,
They shall with joy appear,
I say, to see the mind of me—
Thy enemies shall fall.

And here's another mystery,
I from the Psalms shall call:
Humble I'm come for to look down;
And view the things below;
The barren womb shall now be found
In joyful heart to go;
Her children see in joy shall be,
How they are born of God:
And I'll destroy their enemy,
That vex them with his rod;
Then glory here shall great appear,
And men in joy may sing,
That the new song to all is come;
For Jacob's God and King
Is come to all to free the fall.
And I shall answer here,
And from this Psalm the whole I'll call;
I ask how men can clear
The words are pen'd are judged to mean
When I did come below?
But can they say I then did reign,
In power these things to shew?
I tell them no: it was not so;
Nor there's no man can clear
That peace to Man it then did come;
No: wars and tumults were
Continued then, you know, by men,
Oppression still went on:
And to this day, you all must say,
It is in every land.
Then can you clear the Psalm that's here,
In blessings to abound?
I tell you no: 'twas never so;
These things were never found
To be in Men, since here I came—
And me they did destroy:
You see the Jews in every land,
What peace do they enjoy?
And as to Men, see how they stand—
In peace do they appear?
Then 'tis in spirit I must come!
My Bible all to clear;
Then I'll come down, it shall be found,
Like rain upon the grass:
And great my blessings shall be found,
And peace shall all possess.
So in my reign shall all be seen,
The righteous flourish here;
And peace abundant shall be found,
That ever shall endure.
The enemy, they all shall see,
Shall lick the dust of Man;
For so the Serpent's doom shall be,
He to that end shall come.
Then may the kings their presents bring,
To build my house anew;
And every nation worship me,
And all shall find it true;
The needy here their grief I'll clear,
And all the poor I'll free;
For great my bounty shall appear,
That every soul shall see:
I shall redeem from hell and sin,
From their deceitful fire;
I'll make them precious in my sight,
My blood shall cleanse them so!
So, as I live, let none grieve—
You know I rose again,
And said to Man that I should come,
My every cause maintain.
So friends appear the shadows here,
For presents they do send:
It is my work to carry on;
And I shall stand their friend;
And thou dost know, the truth is so,
That prayers for me are made,
To bring my kingdom down below—
O man! you're all misled,
That now do say another way,
I did it at the first.
It was not so, you all do know;
Nor did my glory burst
So strong on Man, as in this Psalm,
That all is mention'd there;
But now, I say, in every land
My glory shall appear:
Handful of wheat, you'll find it great,
Or else, I say, of corn;
Though 'tis but few, thou well dost know,
That now must be born,
So strong in thee the whole to see,
But yet they will increase;
Though with a handful in the land,
I did begin in peace.
- The peace in the beginning of 1805.
OF THE PSALMS

To tell my mind, that near the time,
My kingdom is at hand;
Like Lebanon, they all will stand,
My handful now will stand.
To shake the whole, till men will fall,
My kingdom wish to see;
And say—we're guilty one and all,
"To be her enemy,
"If Christ is come for to perform,
"The prophecies are here;
"And to the woman it must come:
"To plead her promise there,
"That at the first it so was placed—
"Then why do men dispute?
"If blessings great on Man is cast,
"Then Christ must strike the root;
"Then cities here might well appear
"In prospect to be found;
"And like the grass to flourish here,
"When Christ the whole hath crown'd;
"Then he'll endure for evermore
"Like Jacob's God and King.
"We never did discern it here,
"The way he'd bring all in;
"Our Bibles true before our view
"We never expected to see;
"That Christ should come our Prince and King,
"All nations worship He.
"'Twas never so, we well do know,
"Yet so 'tis said shall come;
"And yet the woman we deny,
"Our Bibles to condemn;
"Because that clear they can't appear,
"The way that all hath stood;
"We know, the Lord must interpose,
"If he doth make all good.
"Then all will bless, when they possess
"The blessings are in store;
"And Satan's arts must surely miss,
"When he can tempt no more.
"Then well we know that joy may flow,
"When Christ that is the vine,
"And all the branches he's plac'd so,
"To have his heart and mind.
"Then will begin the praise to Him,
And all will bless his Name;
"They'll say from Israel's God and King
"Do all these blessings come."—
So men will praise the end of days,
As Adam prais'd the first,
When the woman I did create;
For so the end will burst:
But standing sure for to endure,
Will be the state of Man;
And temptations will be o'er,
The way I've laid my plan.—
So I'll end here and say no more,
Until another day.
Thy pondering heart doth now appear;
And thoughts within thee lay—
"Oh, that to all it so did fall,
From Adam at the first!"
Then how in justice could I call
To have the Serpent cast;
So far from Man as shall be done?
No: this could never be:
I know thy pondering heart do run
And wish the whole to free!

Here ends Wednesday night, October 3.

THE PROVERBS AND WISDOM OF SOLOMON.

Thursday, Oct. 4, 1804.

Thursday morning Joanna dreamt that she saw a house tumble down in the same manner as you might see a chest-of-drawers fall, without any part of it being broken, so that you might raise it up again, and place it as it was before; and perfectly so the house fell, and they raised it up, and placed it as before; and Joanna thought she went into the house afterwards, and went up into many of the rooms; and it stood upon a solid foundation; but she told the master, she was afraid it would tumble again; but he told her it would not.

Thursday evening, I Joanna have finished reading through all the works of Solomon; and as I am commanded to draw my own judgment, before any answer is given me, I shall now draw it perfectly to the ponderings of my own heart, whether I draw it right or wrong; for I cannot deceive the Lord; therefore I shall not try to draw my judgment with man, in reading the Proverbs of Solomon. His advice is good; and by his wisdom, in his advice, he foretelleth the end of his children; what their evils would bring upon them, for the punishment that
he said would follow sin, followed the generation of Solomon's children; which is a type for all mankind; as it appeareth to me, that although Solomon was endowed with so much wisdom, I cannot say his heart was like David's, neither was his repentance like David's. So that from my judgment, wisdom alone will not do, without a sincere desire of the heart, to have the laws of the Lord written there. The wisdom of God is one thing, because he is infinite in goodness and mercy, as well as infinite in wisdom and truth. Now, from my observation of Solomon, the wisdom of God would not do for Man till his heart was renewed to the likeness of the Lord, in that state of innocence that he was at first created in; as from my judgment, David, without this abundance of wisdom that Solomon possessed, had a more humble and penitent heart, and deeply repenting of the sins he had committed; but Solomon's complaining is, that all was evil and vanity, of the sins that he had committed; but he does not repent, like David, in his writings, whatever he did in his heart; and yet, by his wisdom, his counsel was noble; and by his wisdom his prophecies, to me, appear deep of the kingdom of Christ. And here I shall begin from the Wisdom of Solomon, viii. 8—If a man desireth much experience, she knoweth things of old, and conjectureth aright what is to come; and can expound dark sentences; she foreseeth signs and wonders, and the events of seasons and times. Ver. 14—I shall set the people in order, and the nations shall be subject unto me. Chap. vi. 17—For the very true beginning of her is the desire of discipline; and the care of discipline is love; and love is the keeping of her laws; and giving heed unto her laws is the assurance of incorruption; and incorruption maketh us near unto God: therefore the desire of wisdom bringeth to a kingdom. In chap. v. 4—We fools accounted his life madness; and his end to be without honour: how is he numbered among the
children of God, and his lot is among the saints! Ver. 17—He shall take to him his jealousy for complete armour, and make the creature his weapon for the revenge of his enemies; he shall put on right-eousness as a breast-plate, and true judgment instead of a helmet. He shall take holiness for an invincible shield. Chap. iv. 13, 14, 15, 18, 19—He being made perfect in a short time, fulfilled a long time: for his soul pleased the Lord; therefore hasted he to take him away from among the wicked. This the people saw and understood it not; neither laid they up this in their minds, that his grace and mercy is with his saints, and that he hath respect unto his chosen. They shall see him and despise him; but God shall laugh them to scorn. For she shall rend them and cast them down headlong; they shall be speechless; and he shall shake them from the foundation. Chap. iii. 7, 8, 9, 13—In the time of their visitation, they shall shine, and run to and fro like sparks among the stubble. They shall judge the nations, and have dominion over the people; and the Lord shall reign for ever; they that put their trust in him shall understand the truth. Blessed is the barren that is undefiled; she shall be fruitful in the visitation of souls. Chap. i. 2. 7—For the Lord will be found of them that tempt him not: and sheweth himself unto such as do not distrust him. The spirit of the Lord filleth the world: and that which containeth all things hath the knowledge of the voice.—Now, as I am ordered to draw my own judgment, first from the Wisdom of Solomon: for that wisdom, which Solomon speaks of, to have all power to reign and rule, and to subdue all things to himself, could never be in an earthly object, as to fallen man; it must allude to the knowledge and power of God, in and through his Son, in the verses here mentioned: for, in chap. vii. 25, 26, 27. he says—She is the breath of the power of God, and a pure influence flowing from the glory of the Almighty: therefore can no defiled thing
fall into her. For she is the brightness of everlasting light; the unspotted mirror of the power of God, and the image of his goodness; and being but one, she can do all things: and remaining in herself, she maketh all things new. Now this was the wisdom of Solomon, that the Lord had given him, to know and understand what the Lord would do, by his wisdom in the end. Now from my judgment, no man can understand, or believe, that all this wisdom, knowledge, power, goodness, and truth, was in Solomon, or in any man, to accomplish these things; for Solomon saith of himself—

I myself am a mortal man, like to all; and the offspring of him, that was first made of the earth. Then he cannot say that he is entering into holy souls, to make them friends of God, and prophets; and that vice shall not prevail against wisdom. This could never be alluded to Man: it can be none, but the power of God in the wisdom of his Son, who was without sin unto salvation; and in him was wisdom, goodness, and truth: whom it is clear that the Jews counted his life madness, and his end to be without honour; but how must they appear, when he cometh again in might, majesty, and glory, to put on righteousness as a breast-plate, and true judgment instead of a helmet, and his severe wrath shall sharpen for a sword, and the world shall fight with him, against the unwise? Then may they cry out, when they begin to see his power bringing in his glorious kingdom of peace—"How is he numbered among the children of God, and his lot among the saints! Therefore we tried from the way of truth; and the light of righteousness has not shined upon us; and the sun of righteousness rose not upon us. We wearied ourselves in the ways of wickedness; but the ways of the Lord we have not known. What hath pride profited us? Or what good have riches, with our vaunting, brought us?" Now this appeareth to me, that the wisdom of Solomon was
given to him to discern the last days; though none of the commentators ever placed it so; neither is the name of Christ even mentioned in the contents of the chapter. So it appeareth to me that the wisdom of Solomon, was the wisdom God gave him, concealed from the world; a light shining in darkness to mankind; that now appeareth breaking out; and the true believers, that rely wholly on the fulfillment of the Bible, of Christ’s glorious and peaceable kingdom, to be established, as promised, have already began to fight with Him against the unwise, that judge all things will remain as they are. But if no change is ever to take place, how can men believe changes ever did take place? For the world to be once drowned; the wonders that were done in Egypt; Sodom and Gomorrah burnt; the Jews, that were so long a standing people, cut off and scattered throughout the face of the earth; the holy temple and Jerusalem destroyed; and the Gospel of Christ brought in. Now as all these changes have taken place, why not the change take place for the kingdom of Christ to be brought in to fulfil the Law and the Gospel? This is the pondering of my heart; and are my thoughts on the Wisdom of Solomon; if I am wrong, the Lord reprove me, and shew me the error of my judgment: and now I am waiting for his answer.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"And now, Joanna, I shall answer thee. The preparation of thy heart, and the answer of thy tongue, are both from the Lord; and no more than men have discerned the wisdom of Solomon, no more have they discerned the wisdom of my Bible. So, if they cannot understand the wisdom of a Man, they cannot understand the wisdom of a God; for that wisdom, which Solomon speaks of, was not in him to be pure and undefiled.—

Now from thy dream I shall explain:
For there the house did fall—
The house of clay, to thee I say,
Ne'er rose to conquer all;
No; it was I, that dwell on high,
Fell by the wrath of Man:
Though in the sepulchre I did lie,
You know I rose again,
And perfect stood—So now allude,
The house of clay must fall,
But it is I, that dwell on high,
Must rise again for all!
My standing sure shall now endure:
From Solomon you see,
The wisdom that I gave him here
He prophesied of me,
And now to thee, all flesh shall see,
The wisdom here is come;
That he did say should be in thee—
And bring me now the Man,
That will appear the whole to clear—
Thy pondering heart goes deep;
Men by their wisdom they do err,
As he in sin did break.
Though wisdom strong to him did come,
But did it him improve,
To live in virtue all his life,
For to reward my love,
That I did come, and place so strong,
His greatness all might see?
But mark the way he did go on,
Till he fell back from me;
Then boast no more of wisdom here,
That it is plac'd in Man.
I tell thee; greatly all do err—
The Trial none can stand,
To say that Man did ever come
In wisdom so to shine;
In all the virtues there are placed
A warning to mankind.
From Solomon it now must come,
Your wisdom it must fall;
No more than he, you all must see,
You so can boast at all.
So learned Men must now begin
To see their folly deep;
The wisdom here of Solomon
Did of my coming speak.
Wisdom in thee was placed by me;
His wisdom to discern;
That unto him could never be
Such wonders to perform;
As wisdom there he said should clear
The wicked to tread down;
And make the nations for to fear—
Can this in Man be found?
I tell thee, No; it is not so;
Nor was it done by he;
Nor did they judge the Man a fool—
Let wise men answer me,
If wisdom here he so did shew,
And all men judg'd him wise;
In grandeur great he did appear,
And so did end his days;
Then how can Man so simply come,
With 
To say with 

The steps that he had trod?
Or did they say, that very way,
That honour he had done,
When that his Life I took away?
My Bible none discern

Did he appear (now answer here)
In 
That as a 
To judge the sons of men?
The world with he, did they agree,
As it is mention'd there,
To say that they did fight with he,
And the unwise beware?
Did he cast down, in every sound,
His thundering bolts abroad?
And from the clouds could he be found
To set the mark of God?
I tell thee, No; it was not so;
His hailstones could not fall,
Nor with his wrath to fly abroad
The raging seas to call.
No, no; by Man 'twas never done—
He could not this go through:
And from the Life that he did run—
Call all before thy view—
How he began to fall in sin,
And wrong built afseft here:
Then how can men allude to him,
What they can never clear?
No; 'tis from me the whole must be,
For I shall so go on,
Until my wisdom all shall see,
Is like his words become.
I shall not stop, so all may hope
That wish the whole to see;
The wisdom of his words to drop
And now fulfilled in me.
So 'tis not thee, all flesh must see,
By wisdom drew'd it here:
No; it was I, that dwell on high,
Did in thy heart appear
To ponder on, as thou'st begun;
My Law is written there.
Back to the standard all must come—
And let thy Life appear;
When thou'rt began in Prayer, 'tis seed,
To wrestle with thy God;
I said my Laws upon thy heart
Should sure be writ and know'd;
Then now see plain, ye sons of men,
What Laws are written here!
Then how with her can you contend;
Without your wisdom clear,
That you can say another way,
The wisdom he did see
Was in himself! Can you now tell
It did not speak of me?
I tell you vain, ye sons of men,
Your judgment must appear,
If you do say another way
In judgment she doth err,
The things to place, ye fallen race,
That my wisdom it must come
These wondrous things to bring to pass—
Is ne'er was done by Man.
What mighty winds can you now find
From Man can surely blow?
What storms are here, like bows appear,
That Man by strength can throw
For to lay waste, the earth to pass,
Ill dealings cast away—
The mighty men to overthrow,
Their strength to cast away,
That will not stoop, beneath my feet,
To wish my kingdom here;
And work with me the whole to see
That the unwise may fear?
So now begin from solomon
His wisdom you'll trace deep;
And from the words to thee are seen
I shall begin to speak:
A short time here I did appear
My Labour to go through;
And now the long time I shall clear,
For fill fulfill it so;
Though hasty then, I say to men,
My Life was took away;
Because it was by wicked men
My Life they hasty slay'd:
But ne'er discern'd what they had done;
And understood it not,
If their redemption ever came;
Then I their sins must blot.
To come at first and claim the last,
God's wisdom all go through;
That as the promise first was plac'd,
Satan must feel his due.
So wisdom here is plac’d in her.
The promise for to crave;
And by it she can never err.
Her promise she shall have,
As at the first in her twas plac’d,
To have the guilty fall;
So at the last the whole shall burst,
I now do tell you all;
Then can you blame, and will you shame
The wisdom that is here?
Then sure my anger you’ll inflame,
My answer you shall hear:
If you despise for to be wise,
To hear my just decree,
Then now the end ’tis my intend
My laughter soon will be;
For men I’ll scorn, it shall be known,
If they do scorn me here;
’Tis I must come the righteous man
In boldness to appear.
Now bring me one that you can name,
That you’ve afflicted here,
That you can call the righteous man,
To make you tremble here;
Amaz’d to see the power of he,
And his salvation come;
I tell you plain, ye sons of men,
It ne’er was meant in man.
No: ’tis in me the power must be,
For so I shall appear;
And my salvation men shall see,
Then let my foes to fear;
For upright men with me will join,
Till I have went all through;
And then the souls of righteous men
In God they’ll find him true.
Torments to them shall never come,
For I shall free them here.
And to the verse* that thou dost look
I now shall answer here:
They’ll see the word that’s on record,
That they ne’er judged was true;
That in the end twas my intend
To bring all to their view.
For the just man must now be known
He is the Son of God;
And from the cross it must be shown,
His enemies, ’tis known,
Said, “if it be so, we this shall know,
“ So let him help him here;
“ If from the cross he now can go,
“ We will believe and fear.”
With torturing then they did begin
The Son to crucify;
* Chap. ii. 8. Read the chapter through.
Wisdom of Solomon

But never none discern'd the thing That Solomon did say—
That wisdom here in him was clear,
Yet he ne'er understood;
For in his wisdom he did err,
And ne'er discern'd his God—
That unto him 'twould all be done,
As it is mention'd here;
The torturing then of sinful men
With patience I did bear;
Condemn'd with shame my death it came,
For they condemn'd me so,
To say if I was then the Son
Of God he then should go—
Deliver me from misery;
But this he did not do.
But now I say to thee this day
The former words are true;
Then now at last the whole shall burst;
Their vices let them see,
How they imagin'd in their hearts,
Such evil things of me.
The mysteries there they could not clear;
God's ways they were not known;
And from the wisdom of men here,
They never did discern
The wisdom great that he did speak
Did all of me foretell;
They cannot bring a righteous man,
That way to rise and fall.
So now the end 'tis my intend
My Bible all to clear;
And I shall point out every way
Whereof I'm spoken here.
For God created man at first
Immortal for to be;
In his own image he was plac'd
For all eternity:
Yet Satan there did strong appear,
In envy for to swell;
And death into the world it came,
By Satan's arts from hell;
So if with him you now will join
You'll surely find it so;
The Devil's envy Men do bind,
That they with him might go.
But I'll be found now to mankind
That will not tempt me here;
And unto such they now shall find
Their Lord in power appear;
That don't distrust me at the last;
My wisdom all shall see;
A loving Spirit now shall burst
To those that join with me.

U
My spirit here shall strongly appear,
The world throughout to fill;
And they that long my voice to hear
Shall have my knowledge still;
To shew them plain the time is come.
My Bible to make good;
Dark sayings, ne'er observ'd by Man,
Must now be understood.
Were spoke of me, though none did see
Till I in thee appear'd;
Then know, the wisdom given she,
To ask her full reward,
As at the first the thing was plac'd,
She craves it in the end.—
Will you despise her being wise,
To make your foe to bend;
My sons to free from misery,
That on your God confide?
It was the wisdom first of me,
And yet from Man 'twas hid,
Till at the last I come to burst
And place the wisdom here,
The woman should her promise claim—
Then let her foes take care !"
dens, a well of living waters, and streams from Lebanon. Awake, O north wind; and come, thou south; blow upon my garden, that the spices thereof may flow out. Let my beloved come into his garden, and eat his pleasant fruits.—The contents of this chapter: Christ setteth forth the graces of the church. Ver. 8—He sheweth his love to her. Ver. 16.—the Church prayeth to be made fit for his presence. Ver. 8—Come with me from Lebanon, my spouse, with me from Lebanon. Chap. ii. 11, 12, 13, 15, 16—For, lo, the winter is past, the rain is over and gone; the flowers appear on the earth; the time of the singing of birds is come; and the voice of the turtle is heard in our land; the fig tree putteth forth her green figs, and the vines with the tender grape give a good smell. Take us the foxes, the little foxes, that spoil the vines; for our vines have tender grapes. My beloved is mine, and I am his: he feedeth among the lillies.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

Now I'll begin from Solomon,
E'er thou dost further go,
They say that all is to the church—
And I shall make it so:
But unto all can they now call,
And let the church appear,
To say "we're thine, and thou art mine,"
And boldly answer here,
That from the heart they can impart
To prove they're so with me?
I tell thee, no: all hearts I know,
And every heart I see;
Though unto all is now the call,
But all will not comply;
The churches here cannot appear
To say—"in us does lie—
"That we are thine, and thou art mine;"
No: every heart I see,
They cannot bring it to the church,
Till all in heart like thee
Do join the same to have me come—
The church must here stand mute.
Till they with thee united be
To strike unto the root.
The foxes here, I mean to clear,*
To take them all away;
My tender vines do now appear,
The branches so do lay,
To join with thee; all flesh must see,
I tell thee, 'tis not so,
That all the branches in the Church,
Like those, with thee do go.
So here are some the branches come,
And enter'd in the vine;
But unto all it so must come
Before the church be mine,
To answer here, as doth appear,
They both are join'd as one.
But from the lillies now appear,
To feed with them I'm come;
As lillies white, before your sight,
So white I'll make them all.
The flowers here do now appear;
The singing birds do call,
That they are clear, the truth is here;
The turtle's voice is come,
To bring in peace, let tumults cease:
A turtle must be known,
How peace from her did first appear,
The waters to abate:
So now the turtle's voice is here,
To tell you all your fate—
That I am come for to bring in
My every tender vine;
And all the foxes shall be seen
To perish in their time.
So here's the call, to one and all—
My calling is begun;
And if with me you join'd will be,
Unto the vine now turn;
Then I'll appear to answer here,
And say that you are mine:
And so my kingdom you shall share,
And I shall call you mine;
And you the same may claim my name,
To say you're join'd with me.
So here's the church I'll never blame;
For in the clefts you'll see
That I am come to visit Man—
That is the rock for all,
And so with me you join'd may be—
The foxes down shall fall:
I'll take away, I now do say,
All that do hurt my vine.
Now see my bible how't doth lay,
A warning to mankind.
If I appear the whole to clear,
   The Foxes to destroy;
Then where's the man with me can stand?
That won't the whole enjoy?
So now appear, the sword is near,
   That will destroy my Foe;
The valiant Men expert in war
   Must now in valour go,
Till they bring in their every King,
   Where wisdom strong is plac'd;
For every victory they shall win,
   And all my goodness taste.
So come with me, you all shall see
What wonders will appear,
When I from Lebanon do come,
   My spouse in all to clear:
My spouse you'll see is join'd with me;
   My sister, and my bride;
And my beloved, all shall see,
   Doth in my truth confide,
Till I shall come to dwell with them,
   As it is said before;
Because their love I now shall prove
   My heart hath ravish'd here.
Better than wine, behold the time
   That all these things did come;
And every age call you to mind,
   And see if e'er 'twas done,
Like sisters here for to appear
   Espous'd in love to me,
Wishing to bring my kingdom here,
That they may dwell with me:
But I am thine, and thou art mine,
   Is now their every cry.
Now tell me if there was a time
   My chosen friends were nigh;
For to appear, as these do here—
   Invite me to come down,
Into the Garden to appear?
   This earth shall so be found;
For as at first it so was plac'd,
   I'll make it so for man;
Like paradise the whole shall burst,
   When I do end my plan.
My spices here shall then appear,
   And strongly fly abroad:
And in the Spirit I am here,
   To let men know their Lord
Is come to clear the Bible here:
   For all I'll now make true.
I tell you all 'tis time to fear,
   That mockery do pursue.
For now see plain, ye sons of men,
   The way my church is plac'd;

Chap. iii. 7, 8.  
† Ver. 11.
It is of Woman, I'll maintain,
To make my love to burst.

My sisters here and spouse appear—
Mark how the whole go through;
Then how the Church can you now clear,
To prove 'tis done by you;
When you stand out so full of doubt,
And all the truth deny?
The mysteries no man did find out,
Why that the Church did lie
So to compare with Women here—
My spouse and sisters too.
See how their love to me is dear,
Bring all before your view;
Then you must say another way—
"We cannot here dispute:"
"We see their love for Christ doth lie,
To strike close to the root
That did begin to bring in sin,
That Men might God despise;
But now we see the hearts of them,
They've surely done more wise;
Then can we clear he is not here,
Their every heart to draw?
Then sure his love we now must prove,
Doth with these Women go."
So I'll appear the whole to clear,
The Church I'm come to call;
And see if they will join with ye,
And full of love be all.
Now if 't be so, my love they'll know,
I equal shall return;
For where I see your love to flow,
Mine is more strong than Men's.
So now appear my voice to hear,
And open to the sound;
For as the words are mention'd here,
They're in these Women found.
Then how can Men the trial stand,
That do the truth deny,
When you do see the ways of me
Do like my Bible lie,
To prove to all this is the call,
My kingdom is at hand:—
And as the words are mention'd here
The perfect truth does stand:
The Vision see, was shewn to thee—
Wet with the dew I'm come;
Thou knowest my hair did so appear;
And I no coat had on.
So every way, I now do say,
The likeness doth appear;
Thou saw'st the sweat upon my face,
With wet disorder'd hair—

* See the Vision in the Book printed at Stourbridge, by the Rev. Mr. Foley, in 1804, p. 109.  
† Chap. v. 2.
With tears within thou dost begin,
My perfect Love to see:
And thy Love would stronger win.
But weakness I do see,
When I impart to thee my heart,
How it in Love is come
To waken all, to hear the call,
That unto Me will turn.
Under thy head my hand was laid,
My breathing thou didst feel;
And so I'm come to rescue man,
The woman's fall to heal.
Then women here must first appear—
And first they did begin;
And now at last they so are plac'd,
When I come to explain
My Bible here, to prove it clear,
How every thing has stood;
And thy beloved thou didst fear
Had left thee, as a God,
When Satan strong to thee did come—
Let all men hear thy cry—
That my beloved he is gone;
"I knew not where he lay!"
Till I again in Love did turn,
And in thee did appear;
Then thy beloved must be known,
Is strong in spirit here.
Then now let men in Love begin
To ask thee where I'm gone,
That in the spirit thou hast seen,
And felt my power strong?
But 'tis not so, thou well dost know;
I always do abide
In power strong, as I did come,
Though in me thou'st confide;
Because that here I do appear
In spirit now with thee:
But if too strong I here should come,
It is too strong for thee.
Always to hear, I tell thee here,
Therefore I lead thee on,
A gentle manner thou can't bear;
But let my power be shewn,
What I shall do, they all shall know,
When to the purpose come,
The words are now before thy eyes,
I'll answer here to man:
Under thy head my hand was laid,
My left hand did appear;
My right hand see embraced thee,
When breathing strong was here.
Then now see plain, ye sons of men,
The way I've led all on:
It was to Women, not to Men,
I in this Power did come.
Now tell me plain, ye sons of men;
What Women do appear
That on the Lord so strong do lean
When all are baffled here?
I've rais'd thee up; so all may hope,
The end for all is near.
The apple tree was shewn to thee—
Thy birth did so appear;
As from the fruit, let all be mute.
The orchards did abound,
Wherein thy birth I did bring forth;
Let all men judge the sound:
The nuts to thee were shewn by Me;
Thou knowest, in ninety-two.
The Garden here I mean to clear;
The Orchard in thy view,
Where thou didst see the nuts to be;
But then that fruit did fall;
The Vineyard then I shew'd to thee;
The vines should flourish all
That did appear; I told thee there
The bud was on the vine;
Or on the trees that joined were
In hand and heart with mine.
So weigh the whole, then men must fall
That with thee do dispute;
My Bible must surprise them all—
I've fix'd thee to the root
That is to come of ages strong—
I ask them who is she
That's looking for the morning here,
These wondrous things to see?
Fair as the moon she now is come,
For all her words are fair,
The power of darkness to unthrone;
For now her light I'll clear,
Light in the darkness it hath shin'd;
But yet conceal'd from Man;
But now I'll further tell my mind,
Her light as clear is come,
As Satan's first, when he did burst
The Woman to betray;
But now as fair, I tell you here,
Her Promises do lay.
Clear as the sun her light is come;
My banner doth appear,
That is of Love, I now shall prove,
And terrible 'tis here;
To overthrow her every foe.
So all these lines weigh deep;
Judge if a Woman so could go,
Without the Lord did speak;

* Chap. ii. 3.  † Ver. 4.  ‡ Chap. vi. 4.
I tell you plain, ye sons of men,
You've drawn your judgment wrong;

For when you see the lines of she,
Yourselves you must condemn;

Or, you must blame your God to shame,
This way to raise her up;

These wondrous visions for to see,
To strengthen all her hope;

And sickness here that did appear
Like one condemn'd to die;

Then why her sickness should I clear
To fill her with a lie?

If 'twas not true, before my view,
The vision she hath penn'd,
I'd ne'er let her to go through
Still leaning on her friend;

Judging 'tis me, they all shall see,
Thy hand and heart resign,
Thy life and all give up to me—
And now I tell thee, mine

Shall be the same!—so know my name,
To rescue thee I'm come.

So women here in love appear,
You'll find my love is strong
To free you all from Adam's fall:
If Eve brought in the first,

Of sorrow here that did appear,
Then I'll bring in the last;

For you shall come the same to man;
So now the woman see!

My church upon her it must stand,
As women join'd with me.

So I'll end here, and say no more;
But let your songs abound;

For you may sing, your God and King:
Will for you now be found:

So 'twas the Song of Solomon—
And songs I've made for all
That now will see the mystery,
And judge from whence the call,

So learned men, if they contend,
They cannot answer here;

But by the Woman in the end
My Church must sure stand fair.
The shadow see was plac'd of she,
And so I've brought the end;

And now the learned let them see
Which way their minds will bend.

Here ends Solomon's Song, for the present,—Friday night, October 5, 1804.
**ECCLESIASTES AND PROVERBS.**

*Saturday Morning, October 6, 1804.*

Now Joanna begins with *Ecclesiastes* xi. 1, 2—

*Cast thy bread upon the waters: for thou shalt find it after many days. Give a portion to seven, and also to eight; for thou knowest not what evil shall be upon the earth.*  
*Chap. viii. 11—Because sentence against an evil work is not executed speedily, therefore the heart of the sons of men is fully set in them to do evil.*  
*Chap. vii. 20—Lo, this only have I found, that God hath made man upright; but they have sought out many inventions.*  
*Ver. 8—Better is the end of a thing than the beginning thereof: and the patient in spirit is better than the proud in spirit.*  
*Chap. iii. 14—I know that whatsoever God doeth, it shall be forever: nothing can be put to it, nor any thing taken from it: and God doeth it, that men should fear before him.*  
*Proverbs* xxix. 27—An unjust man is an abomination to the just: and he that is upright in the way is abomination to the wicked.  
*Chap. xxviii. 26—He that trusteth in his own heart is a fool: but whoso walketh wisely, he shall be delivered.*  
*Chap. xxvii. 12—A prudent man foreseeth the evil, and hideth himself; but the simple pass on, and are punished.*  
*Chap. xxv. 2—It is the glory of God to conceal a thing: but the honour of kings is to search out a matter.*  
*Ver. 5—Take away the wicked from before the king, and his throne shall be established in righteousness.*  
*Ver. 19—Confidence in an unfaithful man in time of trouble is like a broken tooth, and a foot out of joint.*  
*Chap. xxiv. 12—If thou sayest, Behold, we knew it not; doth not he that pondereth the heart consider it? And he that keepeth thy soul, doth not he know it? And shall not he render to every man according to his works?*  
*Chap. xxi. 2—Every way of a man is right in his own eyes:
but the Lord pondereth the hearts. *Chap. xix. 9—*
A false witness shall not be unpunished, and he that speaketh lies shall perish. *Chap. xviii. 13—*He that answereth a matter before he heareth it, it is folly and shame unto him. *Chap. xvii. 13—Whoso rewardeth evil for good, evil shall not depart from his house. *Ver. 15—*He that justifieth the wicked, and he that condemneth the just, even they both are abomination to the Lord. *Chap. xv. 22—Without council purposes are disappointed: but in the multitude of counsellors they are established. *Chap. xvi. 1—The preparations of the heart in man, and the answer of the tongue is from the Lord. *Ver. 3—*Commit thy works unto the Lord, and thy thoughts shall be established. *Chap. xiv. 10—The heart knoweth his own bitterness; and a stranger doth not intermeddle with his joy. *Ver. 27—*The fear of the Lord is a fountain of life, to depart from the snares of death. *Chap. xii. 13—The wicked is snared by the transgression of his lips; but the just shall come out of trouble: *Ver. 19—*The lip of truth shall be established for ever; but a lying tongue is but for a moment. *Chap. xi. 14—Where no council is, the people fall: but in the multitude of counsellors there is safety. *Ver. 26—*He that withholdeth corn, the people shall curse him: but blessing shall be upon the head of him that selleth it. *Ver. 30—*The fruit of the righteous is a tree of life; and he that winneth souls is wise: *Ver. 31—*Behold the righteous shall be recompensed in the earth. *Chap. x. 29—*The way of the Lord is strength to the upright. *Ver. 30—*The righteous shall never be removed: but the wicked shall not inhabit the earth. *Chap. viii. 12—I wisdom dwell with prudence, and find out knowledge of witty inventions. *Ver. 29—*When he gave to the sea his decree, that the waters should not pass his commandment: when he appointed the foundations of the earth. *Ver. 30—*Then I was by him, as one brought up with him: and I was daily
his delight, rejoicing always before him. Ver. 31—Rejoicing in the habitable part of his earth; and my delights were with the sons of men. Chap. iii. 19—The Lord by wisdom hath founded the earth; by understanding hath he established the heavens. Ver. 32—For the froward is abomination to the Lord: but his secret is with the righteous. Ver. 6—In all thy ways acknowledge him, and he shall direct thy paths. Chap. ii. 5—Then shalt thou understand the fear of the Lord, and find the knowledge of God. Ver. 6—For the Lord giveth wisdom: out of his mouth cometh knowledge and understanding. Ver. 22—But the wicked shall be cut off from the earth, and the transgressors shall be rooted out of it. Chap. i. 23—Turn you at my reproof: behold, I will pour out my spirit unto you; I will make known my words unto you. Ver. 24—Because I have called, and ye refused; I have stretched out my hand, and no man regarded. Ver. 25—But ye have set at nought all my counsel, and would none of my reproof. Ver. 26—I also will laugh at your calamity; I will mock when your fear cometh. Ver. 29—For that they hated knowledge, and did not choose the fear of the Lord.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee, from the words of Solomon: a wise son maketh a glad father: but a foolish son is heaviness to his mother. And now I shall tell thee from the wisdom of Solomon, who is the wise son, that shall make glad his father that first created him to have his delight with the sons of men: for by my wisdom, I laid the foundation of the earth, and by my wisdom I formed man in it; and now my secrets shall be with them that fear me; and they who delight in the knowledge of their God, the knowledge of their God shall be given unto them; and I will pour out my spirit upon them. The wisdom that was given to..."
Solomon, was wisdom given for all men to know and understand the end of all things; that the wicked should be rooted out, and they that trust in the Lord, should be established in the earth.

So I'll begin from Solomon:
As backward thou didst go,
And so the same I shall go on
Till I the end shall shew.
The bread is on the water cast—
My word doth now appear.
You know that water bread would waste,
If men should cast it there;
Then 'tis my word that's on record
Is bread for all to find:
And if they'll now believe their Lord,
'Tis my appointed time
For men to see the ways of me,
In wisdom to appear;
And many portions now I'll give
To them that seek me here.
Evils will come upon the land,
And fast they will abound:
But they that trust to my commands,
In secret will be found,
Themselves to free from misery,
When it do hasten on;
But evil workers, I do see,
They are more harden'd strong.
A sentence here they oft did hear
Against them it was cast;
But hastily the fools do say—
These judgments did not burst.
So evil here doth strong appear
Against my every hand;
They say my words they will not hear
As judgments are prolong'd;
But I do say to thee this day
That hasty they will fall;
The time's at hand you'll see your land
To tremble one and all,
That now do mock the coming stroke;
For men I now do see,
Inventions here in them appear
To mock the words of me;
They will not clear my Bible here,
Nor suffer't to be done;
But judge that all is ended here,
The wisdom given to Man.
Was it for he, blind mortals see,
And for himself alone?
No: it was wisdom come from me,
Given out for every man;
That at the last when I do burst
My Spirit to appear,
The wisdom given at the first,
Men all might see it clear.
For now the end, 'tis my intend,
The wisdom seen by he
That better shall the ending come
Than the beginning be.
But can you say, in every way,
The ending is the best?
Man that's of a Woman born,
And in this world is plac'd,
If he grows up, can he now hope
His end for to appear
Much better than his birth did drop?
If every sin appear
Sure, in the Man, will you contend
His ending is the best?
And if he goes to slay a friend
With malice in his breast;
If he goes through what's in his view,
His faithful friend to slay,
Then will you say the end is best
What in his thoughts did lay?
That power there did so appear,
His thoughts for to complete?
No, no; the end he most must fear,
Because his evil great
Must fall on him, at last must come;
His ending's not the best;
The thing much better was for him
To stop it at the first,
And ne'er go through what's in his view;
So ending you see here
With Solomon can never join,
In earthly things appear;
Because in all I'll prove the Fall
It often is for men,
That they the ending cannot call
The best for them to come;
If men begin to harbour sin,
Imagine at the first,
And then in practice they go on,
Their ending is the worst.
So now if men do clear discern,
From Solomon appear,
They all must say another way—
"We cannot see it clear"
"The ending best for all to burst"
"We know it is not so."
But I shall prove it at the last,
And prove his wisdom true—
The ending here doth now draw near,
For I shall end for Man.
Better than the beginning were:
For so I've laid my plan.
When at the first the Woman plac'd
In the beginning here,
You say the Man was not then blest
As she at first did err;
But now at last I'll prove it best—
I'm to the ending come;
And better here shall all appear
When I do end my plan.
Then all shall see the depth of me
When I do strong appear;
They'll see the end of every thing,
And Satan conquer'd here.
Then sure the best it now must burst,
The ending all will see;
Though she brought sorrow at the first,
But joy shall come by me.
For upright here did Man appear
When I did create him first;
And upright here he doth appear,
That now in love doth burst
To see the end, as I intend
To make the whole for Man.
And from the words that here are penn'd,
They with their Lord must join—
"We know our God what e'er he 'th done,
"And what was his decree,
"We know it shall for ever stand,
"No man can battle he.
"Then why should Men so vain contend,
"To take away his word?
"We will do know what he's decreed
"Is power like a God."
Then how can Man so simply come
To alter my degrees?
Impossible for to be done,
For I shall answer thee—
The wisdom here that doth appear,
And Solomon foretels,
You know my doings at the first,
And what I said of Hell;
The Serpent there that did appear,
I said that he should fall:
Upon his head the curse was laid;
Then will you answer all—
"We'll take away what he did say;
"It shall not so appear;
"We'll place it all another way?" 
Vain mortals, you do err;
'Tis more than you can ever do,
My word I've plac'd so strong;
From Solomon, you all shall know,
My wisdom there did come,
To shew him Plain what was the end
Of all things to appear.
So with their God men do contend;
But ne'er discern it here
The words of him from me they came—
His wisdom all went deep;
And though you say he liv'd in sin,
His wisdom I'll not break;
But to his word I ever stood,
And to it now I'll stand;
And he that trusteth his own heart
Must be a foolish man;
For wisdom here no man can clear,
That will not weigh the whole.
And now my Bible forward call—
The pit's dug deep for all
That now will stand in Satan's hand—
He dug the pit at first!
Because the Woman should not stand,
But now in it he's cast;
I tell you there he shall appear—
He dug a pit for all;
And now he's catch'd in his own snare,
He in it now shall fall:
He roll'd the stone at first, 'tis known,
To roll it back on Man;
But now the end is come of all—
The Rolling Stone shall turn
The same on He; the end shall be,
And he shall feel his fall.
As he did dig the pit for she,
In justice she must call
On him the same; the time is come,
The prudent men may see
The evils, that are hastening on,
When all fulfill'd must be;
So they will hide, in me abide,
And make their refuge strong.
The simple here will not see clear,
Till their destruction come.
Unfaithful men do now begin,
As troubles do appear,
I know, to wrest the every thing.
And make my Bible err.
So if you trust to those who wrest
My Bible and thy word,
Troubles you'll see, I now tell ye,
Your confidence hath fled;
For broken here must all appear;
For I shall answer thee—
My glory I conceal'd from Man:
They ne'er discern'd from me
The wisdom came from Solomon,
To shew you all the end.
And now: the wisdom of a king
Would be to bow and bend;
The truth to know if it was so,
My kingdom was at hand;
And then the mysteries they would know;
To save throughout the land.
My spirit here doth strong appear,
A candle is for men,
If they my knowledge wish to hear,
And judge as I command,
The truth to know, and search all through;
For I search every heart;
And now the endings in my view,
I to you shall impart.
The time is come, the end for man,
From Solomon now see;
The pondering of the heart is God's;
Who ponders deep in thee.
So if 't be so, all flesh must know,
Thy pondering heart goes deep;
Because from me thy pondering be—
Then let the wise to speak:
Can men appear to answer here,
A thing to them unknown?
Or can they prove their judgment clear
In what was never shewn?
Can this be done? answer, vain men:
The way you all dispute,
Your folly must bring on your shame;
For I shall strike all mute;
For evil here you do appear
For to reward the good;
Then now which way can you appear?
Let this be understood:
If evil you reward for good,
Your evil can't depart;
Now let the whole be understood—
You wound the upright heart,
Who wish to free from misery;
And can you call this just?
No, no: I say, your misery
By Solomon is plac'd;
Because that here I did prepare
The every heart of thine;
So now thy foes let them take care,
And further know my mind:
'Tis from my tongue thy words have sprung,
The answers that are here.
The ways of men they judge them clean
In their own eyes appear;
But I the Lord, must now be know'd,
Do every spirit weigh.
My spirit soon shall fly abroad—
And let the learned see.
No council here do they appear;  
Then now can they defeat?  
I tell them no; they all do err;  
The mysteries here lie great;  
For though to them the whole is known  
That they have wish'd to die;  
But from the manner they do act  
Can it defeated be?  
I tell them no: they all do know  
The thing they do support,  
And counsellors here do strong appear  
To carry on my work.  
So how can Man the Trial stand,  
That council here gave none?  
My counsellors here do all appear,  
And with thee they do join;  
So fountains here shall strong appear,  
I say, of life for man;  
And for the evil they'd not fear,  
When I have show'd them plain,  
How they'll depart from every smart,  
That is of death to be.—  
Though first thou feel'st an aching heart,  
Let all men judge from thee,  
How at the last thy joys did burst,  
And so shall joys come on:  
I say, thy sorrows at the first  
Were quite unknown to Man;  
And so at last thy joys were plac'd,  
What Man doth little know;  
Such happiness no one did taste,  
As tasted was by you;  
Yet still behind, they all will find,  
I've greater joys in store  
Than ever yet came in thy mind,  
When lying tongues are o'er.  
The lip of truth come from thy youth,  
Establish'd now shall be;  
And all the lies that men have spoke,  
With shame, they'll surely see;  
For I'll appear to answer here,  
The council hath been great;  
Then surely no man need to fear,  
They know without deceit,  
The truth to Man in all his known,  
The manner spoke by thee.  
Then where's the man shall the unthrone?  
The Proverbs let men see;  
As all is plac'd, so all have burst,  
Then safety must be here;  
The counsellor's come, be't known to Man,  
In council all's seen clear,  
That come from God thy written word:  
Then how can men contend,
To say from me 't can never be?
Your council's all in vain,
To judge a thing you've never seen—
My counsellors must appear,
Who judg'd it right before their sight,
The truth they'd all see clear,
So they shall stand by my command,
The righteous shall appear.
For to endure for evermore—
But who is righteous here?
To judge a thing they have not seen,
In justice cannot be;
No uprightness, nor righteousness,
Should this be done by me;
Should I come down from Heaven's high throne,
To be a judge of Men,
And all their conduct quite unknown,
What judge could I then stand?
For Satan strong would all condemn,
And men, as judges in the land,
In judgment strong do err.
The hearts of men to me are known,
What men do never see:
Then how in judgment could I come,
If nought was known to me?
So men appear and answer here,
If brighter you can shine,
In wisdom for to be so clear,
And wisdom not like mine?
The truth to know how things do go,
You boast more than your God;
Such wisdom I shall never shew,
To let no truth be known.
So now begin from Solomon,
And see his wisdom clear;
You must search out the every thing,
If you'll be judges here:
If you will not, I'll tell your lot,
Like foolish men you'll fall;
But if you're wise I'll not disguise,
But now I'll tell you all,
The fruit is here that doth appear,
A tree of life for man!
And if in it you'll now appear
You'll find the end's at hand;
That all will break as he did speak,
By wisdom at the first.
So now to win you may begin,
And find the end to burst:
The prudent here shall now appear
The whole for to receive,
What in my Bible's spoken here;
So let the wise believe.
That now the end is come to Men,
To make my wisdom shine.
For when the world I did create
The wisdom all was mine,
For to bring forth a glorious earth,
When I created man;
Though Satan robb'd him at his birth,
I'd deeply laid my plan,
That at the last it so should burst,
Man should be my delight.
Therefore the Serpent I did cast,
To bring all to men's sight;
That they might see the mind of me,
When all came to the end.
And now with man I'll surely be;
It is my full intent
With man to end as I intend,
Who form'd him at the first.
To my invention all must bend,
My wisdom now shall burst;
Because that clear I'll make all here—
The proverbs in my view;
The secrets of the Lord are here,
The righteous all shall know,
My words with thee they surely be,
My secrets they are here;
And Solomon with me did join,
And I shall prove it clear.
Trust in the Lord with one accord,
And then I will direct;
In all thy ways acknowledge me,
Thy paths I will protect.
So do not fear the dangers near,
Thy goings I do know;
Thy ways didst all direct to me,
And I did guide thee so,
That there's no man on earth can stand
To overthrow thy word;
I'll cut the wicked from the land;
And men shall know their Lord
Will now possess the every earth,
And claim it for my own;
In glory now I'll bring all forth,
And let my power be shewn.
So now the call is here to all,
If my reproof you'll hear:
My spirit strong to you shall come
And make my words appear:
You'll find them true before your view,
If now in faith you'll come:
But if you'll not, I'll tell your lot,
You must receive your doom:
For I have call'd, 'tis known to all,
But man refus'd to hear;
When sorrow doth appear, you'll find the same from me shall come,
Your grief I'll not regard;
When your calamity comes on
My answer must be heard:
I call'd in vain, ye sons of men,
And you refus'd to hear;
Then how with me can you contend,
To ask me then in prayer
To visit you, when you'd not go
To listen to my word,
When I so long to you did come,
And you reject your Lord;
I call'd in vain to sinful men,
Your subbornness I see—
And subborn then I'll answer men
As they now answer me.
So on record is every word,
From Solomon appears;
And on record you'll find my word,
As he hath spoken there
Will be the end to every man—
The wise and foolish see;
And now together let them stand—
But who can answer me,
When all's gone through before their view?
My Bible now begin;
And from the pondering of thy heart
I'll answer thee again.

Here ends Saturday night, October 6, 1804.

Now thou hast gotten new paper, I shall relieve thee for the present from the Bible, and come to ***; for there, I tell thee, my anger is kindled, by his calling thy writings a farago of nonsense; and that farago of nonsense he shall find came from me; therefore, I permitted he should take the honour of men with my honour, that they might be able to take the cause in hand, to clear their own honour. For I tell thee, they could not take it in hand to clear my honour; because the unbelief of men is against them; but now I have made an opening for them, and it would be fatal for thee,
them, if you did not pursue for your own honour; for that is the way I shall clear mine.

So let no one blame, nor no one shame.
For I shall all go through,
It is my honour to support
That I have order'd so;
The thing to Man this way shall come,
His folly all shall see;
And then I'll bring it to the land,
And shew mankind from he,
What folly here from Man appears,
That boasts against my Word:
The ways of none can clear
For he'th brought on a rod
On him to fall; I tell you all,
Your nation is the same;
And so like they will fall—
I'll never honour Man,
That me do mock, they'll feel the stroke—
And now shall see
It is the Lord he hath disgrac'd:
Then shall I honour he?
I tell him, No; that he shall know,
And all shall know the same;
My anger onward now shall go
To those that mock my Name;
My Bible, is known to them,
No greater to appear,
Than in the words I've spoke to thee;
So let them all take care!
If I went on, from man to man,
In ages that are past,
And simply I did lead them on,
I tell them, at the last—
Shall I appear then stronger here
Unto a simple Maid
Than unto Man I then did come?
Not Men you're all misted.

But all is here; I now shall clear,
Do like my Bible stand;
And so my Bible's mocked here
By thousands in the land.
Farago here they cannot clear;
Then now I'll clear the whole:
I know my Bible Men do tear
Like ***'s words do fall;
The Bible see, is known to me,
Is mock'd like ***'s Word;
And perfect as he mocked thee,
So Men do mock the Lord.
The Bible through, I well do know,
They mock all that is pern'd.
From heart to heart I sure do go,
And now I'll prove, the end.
Is surely same the same to man—
They're like the Jews of old:
In my command they would not stand,
And so their faith grew cold;
And Israel there did so appear
To bring their sorrows on;
My statutes they could never bear
For to continue long;
They did depart in mind and heart,
My statutes they despis'd;
Forgot the blessings I had sent,
Wonders before their eyes
They quite forget, I minded them not,
As years to them roll'd on;
And now the same I see my name
Is mock'd throughout the land.
Thy writings here I now shall clear,
'Tis more than man can do
To make their mockery out so clear,
If they will all go through;
As thousands stand now in the land,
My Bible to despise.
Men say like He, 'tis known to me,
"Should God act so unwise,
That way to come to every Man?" As in my Bible penned—
The mysteries there no man can clear,
Till I do shew the end;
How all was plac'd from shadows first,
The shadow of the Fall;
Then I began to guide them on,
And so I Man did call
For to obey what I did say,
And sacrifice prepare;
The Beast I order'd them to slay,
And my command was there,
This should be done from man to man—
But what was it to me?
'Twas but a Type that now shall stand—
The Beast you all must slay.
Could Ballocks there to man appear
To atone for any guilt?
I ask, my honour could they clear,
To say that they had spilt
The blood of beasts and sins increas'd?
How could the beasts free Man?
No, no; the end was my intend
To shew my every plan.
The Beast at first, you know, was cast,
A curse upon them all;
But on the head where it was laid,
The Serpent in the Fall.
Above the Beasts, you know, his curse
Was then pronounced by him:
But now the shadow of that Curse
In Beasts, to man did say:
That they should kill, their blood to spill;
Atonement for to make;
A mystery see the end must be;
For so you all must break;
The Beast to kill; his blood to spill,
As man at first spill'd Mine.
Therefore this thing I did command,
To shew it at a time:
From shadows here I first appear'd;
From shadows I went on,
From Types, thou seest the ways of Me
Does in my Bible stand;
As thou goest through, thou well dost know
How Moses' Type was plac'd;
And first the Serpent I did shew *
And now observe the next:
His hand appear'd so wither'd there;
That I did soon restore.
These shadows see I then told he,
My wonders would be more
In Egypt wrought, as then I spoke,
And so I did go on
From Types all through, thou well dost know,
And simply did guide Man;
And simply here I now appear,
To tell you all the end:
These Types and Shadows pass'd before,
From Bullocks I did send,
That unto Me no use could be;
Yet it was my command;
Because the ending all might see;
The Beast can never stand.
So now from Saul I'll answer all:
As he the Beast did save,
His Kingdom I from him did call—
I said not one should live;
So now again I say to Men,
The Beast I now shall slay,
Whereon whose head the Curse was laid,
And then the end you'll see:
When every Man with Me doth join,
Wishing to slay the whole;
The Beast in Hell that there doth swell—
These offerings two must fall;
For offerings two, thou well dost know;
Are in my Bible penn'd;
Sin offering there it doth appear,
But mark and see the end;
Peace offering see was plac'd by Me;
Then let Men know the two;
* Exodus iv. 3.
THE PEACE OFFERING AND SIN OFFERING.

A sacrifice they made of me,
And they the Lamb did slay;
The Type before did then appear,
The Hiffon and the Blood.
My chosen Men I then did clear,
When Pharoah felt the Flood;
So Pharoah see the Beast must be—
The sin offering was there;
The peace offering must come from me—
And now the Type see clear.
Soby the Lamb you now must stand:
It is his blood must free,
To bring the peace offerings to Man,
If you will live in me.
And now regain the Promised Land;
And Canaan's happy shore:
It is in me you now must stand,
Your peace offerings are here.
For now from sin I shall begin
To cleanse the whole away;
Because the beast shall now be seen
That all his power I'll slay.
The shadows here shall all appear
A substance great for Man:
From types and shadows I shall clear
The way the end shall come.
But thou dost begin to work within;
To ask what shadow here
That like the Bible can be seen
To have your peace appear?
Because that long thou'st ponder'd on,
It did with none remain;
Their peace to wars they soon did turn,
And often did complain
They were distress'd and sore oppress'd,
Then how can I go through,
To make my Bible at the last
A Type before their view?
But I do say to thee this day,
The Type if it stands deep:
When I my chosen call'd away,
And Pharoah I made sink,
Then I went on, by Joshua's hand,
The heathens to destroy;
And if they'd done by my command
They might the whole enjoy;
But I saw clear the Beast was there,
To work in every heart;
And so e'er minds he did ensnare,
Till they did from me depart;
Then did begin their sorrows strong,
When they did wrong pursue;
But when the end to all is come
The sin offering is so.
The Beast be slain, not to remain,
Whereon I plac'd the Curse:
On Satan's head it first was laid,
And now he shall not miss
That curse on he pronounced to be—
The offerings must be here;
Wishing to slay the Beast with me,
And let my Peace appear;
Then peace offerings to Man I'll bring,
And for them I'll stone;
And to the Lamb the Blood must come
To make your Peace be known;
Then it may stand by my Command,
When all my foes are fled;
As Israel stood by Joshua's hand:
But know, when he was dead,
They did depart in mind and heart;
And this will ever be,
Till as a King I do begin
The every Beast to slay.
But Man would not, you see his lot,
And so his crown did fall—
His Kingdom then to David came;
That Type stands deep for all:
But here thy mind is deep confin'd—
"Did David bring in peace?"
I tell thee, No; it was not so,
Neither did he release
The grief of Men, for it was strong,
And sin did then abound—
And when upon this Earth I came,
The same I heard the sound.
So David here I did appear,
In tumult and in war;
But now the end for all is near,
In Spirit I'll appear;
My Spirit strong shall be in Man,
For to destroy the Foe,
That works within to tempt to sin,
And then my peace you'll know.

Joshua xx. 1, 2, 3—The Lord spake unto Joshua, saying, speak to the children of Israel, saying, appoint out for you cities of refuge; that the slayer that killeth any person unawares and unwittingly may flee thither: and they shall be your refuge from the avenger of blood. Chap. vii. part of verse 13—Thus saith the Lord God of Israel, there is an accursed thing, in the midst of thee, O Israel: thou canst not stand before thine enemies, until he take away the accursed thing from among you. Deutero-
nomy xxx. 15—See, I have set before thee, this day, life and good, and death and evil; I have set before you life and death, blessing and cursing; therefore choose life, that both thou and thy seed may live.

THE CITY OF REFUGE.

REFLECTIONS OF JOANNA; ON THE CONDUCT OF ****.

Thursday, October 11, 1804.

It is useless now to say he is not prepared; for he has had time to prepare himself; and he must answer to his own letters; so he is caught in a net by his own feet. I remember his once saying to me, that if he were in my place he should be jealous of the Spirit; but if it was of God, he would work more powerfully for me. Now I see, by his jealousy, he hath brought upon himself shame and confusion of face; but as he hath acted so weakly and simply, and the wisdom of the Lord is so powerful, that he can in no way shun his destiny now; neither could I shun mine; neither can the nation shun theirs. For the Type of **** stands deep of the nation, to what disgrace they will bring themselves that mocked the coming of the Lord, and his visitation to me.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee from what I said in ****'s letter. If he trembles to meet thee, as being a simple woman, as conscious guilt must condemn him, that he hath mocked and despised thee, and dealt deceitfully with thee; how must all the nation tremble at my coming, that have mocked all my warnings, all my invitations, and despised my love, and destroyed the truth of my Bible, as he destroyed the truth of thy words: for they have as much destroyed the truth of my Bible, as he denied the truth of thy writings.

—And now I shall come to the City of Refuge. I have already told thee, my Bible stands for Types and Shadows of the End. Now the cities of refuge
were for those that committed a murder unawares and unwittingly, that they might fly for refuge; and now, I tell thee, the end is come for me to be the city of refuge for all men: and those that have committed Blasphemy through ignorance, unwillingly, or unwittingly, may now fly to me for refuge.

For I'll appear to answer here,
And tell what this doth mean:
The refuge see it must be me—
But many may complain:
"It is in sin our lives have been,
And we have mock'd his Word;
But had we e'er believ'd the thing
As coming from the Lord,
We should not then, as sinful men,
Mock'd on as we did say.
Unwilling here we must appear,
No wit on us did lay;
Twas not by wit we did commit
The crimes that we have done;
No: ignorance here our guilt must clear,
And so we fly to shun;
Our guilt appears, we now see clear,
We had no wit to see
The way our Saviour murder'd were,
And we his murderers be.
As at the first, the Jews were cast;
But refuge they had none—
Because to me they would not flee,
And so their death brought on.
And now the same, we do blaspheme,
His murderers to appear;
For if we do discern the thing,
And see our Bibles clear,
We all must see, as plain as she,
The Beast must surely die—
And his atoning Blood must come;
Our refuge there do lie.
Then if 't be so, to him we'll go,
For if we've murder'd here,
Unwillingly, we now must say,
We in it did appear:
Because our minds we so do find,
Our God we wish'd to know;
He is the refuge of our minds;
Then to him now we'll go:
To him we'll flee, our guilt to free,
As we can now appear;
We had no wisdom for to see
That we were murdering here.
So if men fly to me this way,
Though murder they did commit,
Their refuge I will surely be,
And they shall find it great;
THE CITY OF REFUGE,

But if they'll not, I'll tell their lot,
The slayers will appear
To be destroy'd, if they enjoy.
The guilt they cannot clear.

Because not one on earth can come
To say thou writ'st from hell;
Nor yet from thee can ever be
Such wonders for to tell.

Then men must know that they do go
To sin against MY WORD;
And plain their murder they must shew,
It is against the LORD.

So if they say they will not fly,
To have the REFUGE come;
But willingly they now will die,
And willing will go on

Against my word that's on record,
Against my SPIRIT here;
If they go on with one accord,
Like murderers to appear,

To slay the whole that they might fall,
No refuge they will see;
Then there's no city they can call
That was design'd by ME.

So life and death is now set forth,
I say, before your view;
Choose which you will, I tell you still,
Refuge is in my view;

If Men will flee this way to ME
They may choose life and live!
But if they'll not, I'll tell their lot,
They must choose death and grieve.

With sin to die, I now do say,
The Root I shall destroy:
But if that Men will live in ME,
I shall them now enjoy.

The cursed thing must now be seen,
That kept your power so low;
It is the power of hell within
That daily wounds you so.

You cannot stand as I command,
While he do strong pursue;
He is accurs'd in every land,
And Men do feel his blow;

He weakens here, as doth appear,
The strength and power of MAN,
If in their hearts they harbour here
That he must ever stand;

I tell you, No; it is not so;
The cursed thing shall fall,
And down to hell he there may swell—
Men's refuge they may call

In ME to trust, and him to cast,
Then you may face your foe!
Before you all they now shall fall,
And you will find it true.
The Scriptures here you'll then see clear,
How all stood for the END:
You'll say, "our REFUGE doth appear,
And all our foes must bend."
For they shall fall, I tell you all,
That Satan do support:
That cursed thing with them they'll bring,
And then they'll feel their hurt;
Because conceal'd he'll be reveal'd,
When all together come—
And then the meaning of MY WORDS
Will surely be made known;
For then they'll see the mystery,
Why Men are fallen so,
Not to appear, the truth to clear,
And let their honour go;
Because conceal'd will be reveal'd,
The cursed thing they've got;
And so the END will now descend
To those that folly wrought.
The love of gold, I'll now unfold,
Hath been a snare to Man.
Now I'll explain what all doth mean,
See how the Type did come;
The love of gold must now be told,
Brought the cursed thing to Man.
So Lovers here do now appear—
Love of the world is come,
I say, in Man; their gold is strong,
They set their hearts that way:
But if like Joshua they go on,
They'll find their Foes to lay
Before them all, as his did fall,
And his did perish there.
So now I tell you one and all,
The end will so appear;
From Samuel come, I say to man,
Burnt offerings will not do;
Your Sacrifices will not stand—
Bring all before your view:
Obedience here the end must clear;
For I shall answer Man,
Obedience first for him was plac'd;
And so the end must come.
Then now see plain, ye sons of men,
What I did say before;
MY FATHER'S will for to maintain,
I come in all to clear:
Changes thou see throughout to be,
And now I'll change the whole,
As changes there did strong appear,
MY BIBLE so doth fall.

1 Samuel xv. 22.
Then now the end, 'tis my intend
To work the change all through;
For Satan now must fail like Men,
That every soul shall know.
So stubborn here if Men appear,
Their stubbornness they'll see,
When that the End I come to clear,
And the true David be,
My sling and stone shall then be known.
It shall destroy my Foe.
Though I at first in wars did burst,
As Men did me pursue;
But now at last, mark how I'm plac'd,
A different way for Man:
Like Esther here for to appear,
To free my own I come.
So if my word you do reject,
Then I'll reject you all;
For so my coming you expect,
My Gospel so must fall.
So witchcraft here must so appear
In those that do rebel;
For now the mystery I'll make clear,
Their influence comes from Hell.
Obedience first, you know, was plac'd.
And so the end must be;
It is obedience at the last,
That every soul must see,
That will bring in, my kingdom wip,
Obedience must appear;
No sacrifice that can be seen
Can with it now compare;
Because my word, that's on record,
Men must be taught of me;
If they will know the living Lord,
My statutes they must see;
As on record you'll find my word
From shadows to appear—
I said the Jews were taught of God,
And I'd deliver there:
A David's crown should so be found,
If me they did obey;
But you do know, it is not so,
They've turn'd a different way;
So far from me, you know they be,
And I'll be far from all;
The promise of the Jews, you see,
Is gone, as they did fall!
No David's crown to them is found,
As promised at the first:
And far from me they surely be—
And now, I say, at last,
From every word that's on record,
My Gospel must appear;
And far from me my salutations I see,
Believers do appear
Far from my word that's on record,
Far from the truth to stand,
Far from the Spirit of the Lord,
I see, throughout the land!
Then far from me they surely must be;
My promise who can claim,
That now my Bible will not see,
The truth will not maintain?
Their sons are gone, I say, like him,
Their evil doth abound;
I know that many righteous men
Like Eli now are found;
Their sons do turn against me strong,
Yet them they'll not reprove;
They'll find the time, before 'tis long,
That I shall shew my love
To such, they'll see, as honour me,
My favours to implore;
And then their refuge they may see,
To flee and sin no more;
But if they'll not, they'll see their lot—
The righteous men will fall;
For out their memories I shall blot,
I now do tell you all:
For I'll appear to answer here,
My Gospel it must come,
The every mystery for to clear,
This way I'll answer Man.

THE SEALED BEING PRESENT AT THE TRIAL.

August 15, 1804.

Information to those of the sealed number, who wish to be present at the Trial; as in no one is to be refused admittance; being the principal part of a Letter, written to Mr. Hirst.

The following remarkable communication is now ordered to be printed. It is in answer to the following dream of Joanna's:—I dreamt that I had a large cloth full of eggs, and was going to put them up in a cart, without the cloth being tied, and as soon as I let go the cloth, the eggs began to tumble about the cart, and I began to pick them up, and
put them into a very large jar; there was a woman on the other side of the cart, and I told her to pick them up also, which she did; but the eggs rolled so fast, that I thought the greatest part of them were dashed to pieces, though the woman and I were as expeditious as possible to pick them up; yet with all our industry, we could not save the whole, and I was sorry to see so many broke in pieces.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now I will answer thee this simple, foolish dream, that thou never thought worth repeating or penning, before I brought it all to thy remembrance, and ordered it to be penned. The eggs are the sealed people; those that were preserved whole, are those that keep their faith whole; but those that rolled off and were broke in pieces, are those that roll off through unbelief and fall away; and it is as much impossible to restore them, as it is to put an egg together after it is broken in pieces.

So here's the mystery of thy Dream,
That for the Sealed I'll explain;
Into one lot they all did come,
And all their names were sign'd as one;
But when they together do appear,
And all the books are open'd here,
Then many Seals they'll find are broke,*
And they may tremble at the stroke,
To see thy Trial so come on;
'Tis but the Egg of Faith can stand,
That like thy Eggs their Faith keep well,
The mysteries now I shall unfold:
For those whose faith did fall away,
And like thy Eggs their Seals do lay,
Broken in pieces, and not whole,
I tell thee, like thy eggs they'll fall.
So this to Hirst I bid thee send,
And let him shew it to thy friends,
That wish thy Trial for to see,
With Seals that are whole to come to thee;
No other way can they appear—
The eggs that fell were broken there,
And so I say that Men will fall,
That have not kept their Seals all whole;
But they that have, and wish to come,
I tell thee, I'll refuse no man.

A a
That the expences he can bear,
And wish to see thy Trial clear;
They are all welcome for to come
And see what is the end of Man,
That they that time will hear from thee;
The shadow's deep they all will see:
When thou some thousands there did meet,
Thou knowest the number it was great;
The multitude might all command,
The words that thou hadst got to say;
And so thy Trial it will be,
After some days when I appear,
And in the Spirit enter there,
My will and power for to shew,
And mysteries great they'll see and know;
But then I tell thee none can stand,
That are not seal'd as I command.

The meaning of the multitude: when Joanna was at Halifax, in Yorkshire, at Mr. Jowett's, about this time last year, many people came from distances; some said there were 15,000, others 9,000, and others 6,000; and Joanna believes the last number was within compass; and is a shadow of her Trial.

Now, Joanna, thee I'll answer,
As that day did then appear,
When I do bring on thy Trial,
So will Men be gather'd there:
No house for thee, they all will see,
Is large enough for Man;
So in the Field they all must yield,
And with thee for to stand,
When I do come in Spirit strong,
For all to know their doom.
I tell you main, ye sons-of-men,
You cannot find a room
That can contain the every man,
That wish the whole to know;
Therefore in public it must be done,
And I shall order it so.
When Men are clear the calling here,
Is surely from on High;
And every truth I'd prove so fair,
My friends may boldly say—
"What Man can doubt we've now found out;
The hidden mysteries plain?"
"We judge'd of God, but now 'tis know'd;
And this we'll now maintain:
"For all is true before our view,
"And mysteries we've discern'd
"Much greater than we ever knew,
"And now we bold can stand."
This will be seen and known by Men,
When I do strong appear;
They'll know from Heaven the whole was given,
And nothing have to fear.
Then thou must go, I tell thee so,
To meet them in the Field;
And then that day thy friends may say—
"We know our foes must yield;
"Our standing's strong, the time is come,
"Our foes must all submit;
"And Christ, we see, our King will be,"
We'll worship at his feet:
"Because that Hell, we now know well,
"Its power he will destroy;
"And so bring forth a glorious earth,
"That we might now enjoy
"The Paradise that is of Christ;
"His Kingdom we see clear,
"All things are open to our view,
"Now what have we to fear?"
Then will begin the joy to Men,
To see the rebel cast;
The mysteries here I shall not pen,
That then they'll see to burst.
So now tell all, they shall not fall,
That strong in faith do stand;
The Sealed Number may come all
To judge thy written hand,
That can appear, I tell thee here,
When in the Field I call;
That is the way, I now do say,
That I shall clear the whole.
So boldly stand, by my command,
Those that their Seals have got;
Those that have not, I'll tell their lot,
Just like thy Eggs they're broke:
And down they'll fall, I tell them all,
None but the seal'd can stand;
For in the Field the rest must yield,
When I the foe condemn:
Because, in thee they'll all find me
In power strong to break!
And those that are thy enemies,
I cannot one protect,
I tell thee, there if they appear
Into the Field to come;
Because the foe that day, they'll know,
Will feel my powerful hand—
To make him fear and tremble there,
If be my friends molest.
CONCERNING THE SEALED

'Tis but the Sealed I can spare,
When in the Field I burst.
So now if Men presume to come,
Without a Seal appear,
I'll tell them all their final doom,
My fury they will hear;
No friends to me, they all shall see,
My anger it will break;
My Kingdom here for to appear,
My Kingdom you reject.
Then how can I, who dwell on high,
E'er vindicate my foe?
If I screen Man, who against me stands,
Satan may answer here,
I must screen he, as well as they,
My Kingdom they despis'd.
Then how can Man the Trial stand,
When Satan I chastise?
He' th had his reign, I tell you plain,
His ending's drawing near;
And now discern, ye sons of men,
And see my Bible clear.

Isaiah xlvi. 10—"Declaring the end from the beginning, and from ancient times the things that are not yet done; saying, my council shall stand, and I will do all my pleasure."—Now go back to the beginning: Genesis ii. 18—And the Lord God said, it is not good for the Man to be alone; I will make him an help meet for him. Chap. iii. 13, 14—And the Woman said, the Serpent beguiled me, and I did eat. And the Lord God said unto the Serpent, because thou hast done this, thou art cursed above all cattle, and above every beast of the field. Weigh deep the three following verses, then come to Matthew v. 18—For verily I say unto you, till heaven and earth pass, one jot or one tittle shall in no wise pass from the law, till all be fulfilled. Now I shall answer thee, as thou hast put one verse before the other, the last first, and the first last, just so stands my Bible, and just so was my heel bruised before Satan's head.

But when I come in power to Man,
My Father's will to clear,
The last is first, the first is last,
And I'm your Helper here.
I tell you plain, ye sons of men,
The Woman sought can do;  
No; it is me, the end you'll see,  
When I have all went through.  
So now for Man the time's at hand.  
Your Helpmate shall appear—  
The Spirit's me, you all shall see,  
That will my Gospel clear.  
The words I spoke, the way I act,  
Was never discern'd by Man;  
Because this day to thee I say,  
I often stumbled them;  
Or how could I, who dwell on high,  
E'er save them by my Death,  
If they had known they had murder'd me?  
Mark what the Scripture saith—  
They did not know what they did do!  
To knowledge Men were dead;  
But now I'll bring all to their view,  
For I am the living head,  
That shall appear the whole to clear,  
They'll see my Spirit strong;  
No enemy that day could bear  
Into the Field to come.  
So I'll end here, and say no more,  
But this I bid thee send;  
And now this answer let them hear,  
That wrote thee as a friend.

After this communication was written, the Spirit seemed to leave Joanna, and there was no further communication till half past six o'clock; the thoughts of her awful Trial seemed as though it was over her head, and greater than she could bear; and was answered with these words:

"Thy Trial there's no Man could bear,  
If I in Spirit was not there;  
But soon thy Trial will come on—  
Over thy head thou say'st 'tis come,  
Over thy Spirits to appear,  
And so thy doom thou'lt shortly hear."

Joanna being very faint, Townley persuaded her to take a little port wine. It was in a tea-cup, and she said to herself, when the wine was brought, "May I drink deep into the Spirit of Christ!" She was immediately answered, "Wilt thou break that tea-cup as thou didst break the glasses? then I will take thy Trial from thee; for thou wilt break thyself
off from me.” These words cut her to the heart, and Joanna thought she would sooner die as a martyr, than ever desert the Lord or his cause; so that she was fearful of letting the cup fall. As we were writing, she took up the book of the Flock of Sheep, and opened it at the place of Osmyn, which affected her heart deeply:

"Now, Joanna, thee I'll answer; Let thy doubts and fears be gone; I that am thy every master, Much like Osmyn now am come. "Twas thee to try, I now do say, I did thy grief awake, And shew'd thee of the awful day, That on thy head would break. I painted here, to make thee fear, What thou hast to go through; And then in sorrows thou wert found, I brought all to thy view. If thou would'st break ('twas I did speak) Thyself then off from me, The trial thou should'st never bear, That thou wilt shortly see. But then behind thou soon would'st find Thy ruin to appear; Because to me thou'dt prove unkind, My Cross thou couldst not bear. Then I must fall, I tell you all, As it was plac'd at first; Orlando Osmyn's ruin sought, And so the end must burst. If thou had'st done as then I said, To break thyself from me; But from the Parable that's here, I hold the hand of thee. It could not go, I well do know, For thou art in my hand; And so the trial thou'l't go through, And by thee I will stand. So do not fear, thy trial's near, But I shall thee support; My rival may thy heart ensnare, But he shall never hurt. I say, thy hand in mine does stand, And I will guide thee through; Not all thy foes who're in the land, By Satan's arts can do. For every way, I now do say, I've tried thy every hand; And silent here I did appear, To see if thou would'st stand.
Oft to indite, when I'd not speak,
The letters waiting here,
For thou to send unto thy friends,
But thou didst not appear
To answer one, till I did come,
And answers gave to thee.
So where's the Man shall dare condemn
A heart that acts like thee?
Now I'll go on, from man to man,
And all thy foes confound;
And in the journal this must stand,
For all to judge the sound.

Letters came from Mr. Hirst, and Mr. Senior, on
Friday, August 10, 1804, which Joanna did not
answer till this day. Yesterday, she said the letters
must be answered, but as no communication was
given her she could not answer them, so we did not
write till half past six o'clock, and the Spirit of the
Lord broke in upon her, and gave her an answer to
Mr. Hirst's letter, which was finished this morning.
After that, she had no communication till this even-
ing, after the melancholy had seized her spirits; and
one part of her melancholy sprung from our telling
things of gipsies and people's telling of fortunes,
which had been true; this worked a jealousy in Jo-
anna's heart, that as knowledges had been given to
them from a wrong Spirit, and thinking of her aw-
ful trial, how she should appear if there was a pos-
sibility of her being deceived; but as soon as the
question was put to her, of breaking herself off, she
trembled at the thoughts and burst into tears, and
thought she would sooner die than run that fatal
hazard,

Now, Joanna, thee I'll answer:
How canst thou with them compare;
All the wisdom of thy master,
With the lying gipsies there?
If ought be true, before their view,
That Satan here did see,
In them he'll speak, in them he'll break,
For now I'll answer thee:
As I do come, and in my name,
The words are spoken here;
So Satan works the same with them,
In things that he can clear.
So some things true, before their view,
Satan by chance may know;
Bring the Egyptians to thy view,
What wonders they did shew;
For to go on, as I began,
By Moses to appear.
So in the land they still do stand,
By Satan's wonders here;
But as to thee, let all men see
The way that all's brought round;
No Devil here thou hast to fear,
For I am in the sound.
The wisdom see brought round by me,
The lines that thou hast penned;
And all thy footsteps let them see,
Then wisely judge the end.
Call back thy youth, and let the truth
That did to thee appear,
And every footstep thou hast trod,
Let Men discern them here;
Then they will see the mystery,
What fortune teller's come;
It is to tell the fates of all,
And so I've answer'd Man.
The fate of Hell to thee I'll tell,
The fate of Man below;
And can thy heart in grief now swell,
To strike the fatal blow
Upon the head of one that laid
Thy soul in deep distress?
But for my promise is thy plead,
So calm thy grief to rest;
For I'll appear, I tell thee here,
Thy every wound to heal;
And thou hast nothing now to fear,
My powers shall never fail
To carry on as I've begun,
And then the end thou'lt see;
When every victory thou hast won,
Thou triumph wilt with me.
So I'll end here, and say no more,
But I must win them all;
Because thy weakness they may see,
When I do let thee fall;
To be alone, thy grief to come,
And Spirit thou hast none;
Then let them see 'tis all in me,
To make the victory come.

The Explanations of the Bible are continued in the Third Part.

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S. ROUSSEAU, Printer,
Wood Street, Spa Fields, London.
JOANNA had been reading her Bible to Judges xiii. and deeply pondering in her heart how the Lord visited Man, from the beginning, age after age, and in what a familiar manner he was with men, made her call to her remembrance. How the world had cried out about her writings; some saying they did not believe that the Lord would descend so to visit in the Spirit; others saying, it is too low for God. Here then they must deny the truth of their Bible, especially the books of Moses. And now I shall bring forward the Bible, from the first descention of the Lord, after he had made Man... In Genesis ii. 18—And the Lord God said, it is not good that the Man should be alone; I will make him an help meet for him. Here was his descention in the beginning. Chap. iii. 9—And the Lord God called unto Adam, and said unto him, where art thou? Ver. 10—And he said, I heard thy voice in the garden, and I was afraid, because I was naked, and I hid myself. Ver. 11—And he said, who told thee that thou wast naked? Hast thou eaten of the tree, whereof I commanded thee that thou shouldest not eat? In reading this chapter through it appear-
eth to me, that the Lord deals perfectly with men after the manner of men, and after the language of men: and with mercy mixed with anger; see in what manner the Lord speaks to Cain, in chap. iv. 6—And the Lord said unto Cain, why art thou wroth? and why is thy countenance fallen? Ver. 7—If thou doest well shalt thou not be accepted? and if thou doest not well, sin lieth at the door. After Cain slew Abel, the Lord said unto Cain, where is Abel thy brother? And he said, I know not: am I my brother's keeper? And he said, what hast thou done? the voice of thy brother's blood crieth unto me from the ground. After the Lord had reproved Cain, he said unto the Lord, my punishment is greater than I can bear: and the Lord said, no man should slay Cain; and he put a mark upon him, lest any should find him and slay him. Here were mercies mixed with anger, both in the reproof to Adam and Eve, in casting the greatest curse upon the Serpent, and then next in his mercy, in giving Cain room for repentance. Then after the world had been near 2,000 years standing, and sin greatly abounded in the land, see how the Lord cometh to instruct Noah, in chap. vi. Hear what is said in ver. 6—It repeated the Lord that he had made Man on the earth, and it grieved him at his heart; and the Lord said, I will destroy Man. In ver. 14, he tellleth Noah how to make the Ark, as a master builder would tell those he employed; and perfectly as man would direct man, so the Lord directed Noah; and directed him, in what he should take into the Ark. In chap. ix. the Lord spake with Noah, as man with man, when he tells him, the Flood shall no more destroy the Earth; and said he would set his bow in the clouds—"and I will look upon it that I may remember the everlasting covenant between God and every living creature. Now see how the Lord condescends to talk to Noah, in chap. xi. when they were building the tower of Babel, to reach to the heavens; in what manner does the Lord
THE FAMILIARITY OF GOD WITH MAN. 195

speak in ver. 6, 7?—Behold, the people is one, and they have all one language; and this they begin to do; and now nothing will be restrained from them, which they have imagined to do. Let us go down, and there confound their language, and that they may not understand one another's speech. Here the Lord speaks and acts after the manner of men. Again, in chap. xii. in what manner did the Lord appear to Abram, but as man speaking to man—Get thee out of thy country. Ver. 7—And the Lord appeared unto Abram, and said, unto thy seed will I give this land. In chap. xvii. it is said, the Lord appeared to Abram, and said unto him, I am the Almighty God; walk before me, and be thou perfect, And I will make my covenant between me and thee, and will multiply thee exceedingly. Here the Lord condescends to talk with Abram, as man would talk to man. If you go on in the chapter, where the Lord saith, thy name shall no more be called Abram, but thy name shall be Abraham; for a father of many nations I have made thee. And God said unto Abraham, as for Sarai thy wife, thou shalt no more call her name Sarai, but Sarah shall her name be; and I will bless her, and give thee a son also of her. Thus the Lord condescended to talk with Abraham, as man with man. In chap. xxii. he trieth Abraham, by ordering him to offer up his son; and when Abraham goes through, the angel of the Lord called to Abraham out of Heaven, saying, (the second time) by myself have I sworn, saith the Lord, because thou hast done this thing, and hast not withheld thy son, thine only son, that in blessing, I will bless thee; and in thy seed shall all the nations of the earth be blessed, because thou hast obeyed my voice, It is fruitless to go through with all the condescension of the Lord with Abraham, and how he gave Abraham liberty to plead with him for Sodom and Gomorrah. Again how often the Lord appeared to Jacob, when he was distressed by his father-in-law.
And the Lord said unto Jacob, return unto the land of thy fathers, and to thy kindred; and I will be with thee. And he sent his angel through the journey with him: and the Lord visited Jacob, throughout all his troubles. Now when we come to Exodus, we see how the Lord visited Moses, in chap. iii. where the angel of the Lord appeared unto him in a flame of fire—Moreover, he said, I am the God of thy father, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob. And Moses hid his face; for he was afraid to look upon God. And the Lord said, I have surely seen the affliction of my people, which are in Egypt. Here the Lord goes all through, reasoning with Moses, as man reasons with man. When he complained of his slowness of speech, did not the Lord send Aaron his brother to speak for him? And the Lord gave Moses a Covenant of spiritual things, which was his command, and he gave him a Law of temporal things, in every particular as the kings of the earth make their laws, and in what manner they are to be punished for every law they break. In Numbers xiv. 11—And the Lord said unto Moses, how long will this people provoke me? and how long will it be ere they believe me, for all the signs which I have shewed among them? I will smite them with a pestilence and disinherit them. And Moses said unto the Lord, and pleaded for the children of Israel, saying, the Egyptians shall hear of it; for thou broughtest up this people in thy might, and they will tell it to the inhabitants: for they have heard that thou, Lord, art among this people, that thou, Lord, art seen face to face, that thou goest before them, by day time in a pillar of a cloud, and in a pillar of fire by night. Now if thou shalt kill all this people as one man, then the nations which have heard the fame of thee will speak, saying, because the Lord was not able to bring this people into the land which he sware unto them, there—
fore he hath slain them in the wilderness: And now, I beseech thee, let the power of my Lord be great, according as thou hast spoken, saying, the Lord is long-suffering, and of great mercy—And the Lord said, I have pardoned, according to thy word; but as truly as I live, all the earth shall be filled with the glory of the Lord. Now if you go through all the books of Moses, you will find the Lord talked with Moses, as man with man. And in the book of Joshua, how the Lord visited Joshua. *Chap. i. 1—*

The Lord spake unto Joshua, the son of Nun, Moses my servant is dead; now therefore arise, go over this Jordan, thou, and all this people, unto the land which I gave them. In *chap. x. 12—* Then spake Joshua to the Lord, in the day when the Lord delivered up the Amorites before the children of Israel, and he said in the sight of Israel, sun, stand thou still upon Gibeon, and thou moon in the valley of Ajalon. And the sun stood still, and the moon stayed, until they had avenged themselves upon their enemies. Now if you go through the Bible, you will find that the Lord visited his people, to warn them, to direct them, to protect them, and to reprove them, throughout the Old Testament; there he appeared visibly throughout, either by himself, or his angels; making men prophets, as they had no knowledge of any inspiration of the Holy Ghost, before our Saviour came upon the earth. Now our Saviour's command is, to teach us to look for the Holy Spirit of God, which is a Spirit within: for know what our Saviour saith—the wind bloweth where it listeth, ye hear the sound thereof, but ye cannot tell whence it come, or whither it goeth; so is every one that his born of the Spirit. Now the Holy Ghost, which is called the Comforter, is to come in spirit, and in power; but it is not said he, to come in person, like the visitation of the Lord to the people of old; for we do not read that the angels of the Lord were with the Apostles,
after our Saviour's Death, as they were with the people of old; or that the Lord appeared to them after his Ascension to Glory, as he appeared throughout to Moses in the Wilderness. The Apostles were taught to look for the visitation of the Lord from his Spirit; therefore St. Paul saith, quench not the Spirit, despise not Prophecies. The New Testament as much affirmeth, that the Spirit of the Lord shall be given to prophesy, and to know the mind and will of God, by the power of his Spirit, by the influence of his Spirit, and by the visitation of his Spirit, as ever the people of old were taught by the visitation of the Lord, by his sending his angels visibly to the prophets; but our Saviour taught us, that the power of his Spirit would be invisible. So he that denieth the one denieth the other; and how can men pretend to believe, that the Lord would condescend to shew such wondrous visitation to Moses, so many times as he came upon the Tabernacle in Fire, that the children of Israel were afraid, and desired that Moses would speak to him; for if the Lord spoke to them, they should die? Then how can men be so ignorant, to think they can be fit for the Coming of Christ, and his Kingdom, before their hearts be prepared for his Coming, as the Lord prepared the heart of Moses to be able to bear his presence? The more I read the Bible, the more I am convinced that the visitation of the Lord must first come in the Spirit, to warn of his Coming, before he cometh in might, majesty, and glory, to act consistent with all the ways of God, throughout the Bible. How did the Lord try Pharaoh, before he destroyed him! But some will say, the Lord himself hardened Pharaoh's heart. I grant it. Now, before we pass judgment on these things, we must look at the beginning, lest we charge God foolishly. Consider what Pharaoh did in the first place; by arts he tried to kill all the male children of the Hebrews, by con-
Reasons for Visible Judgments on Egypt. 199

...sulting with the midwives; but, when private acts would not do, then he made a public decree, that every male child of the Hebrews should be destroyed. Here he put his bloody practices into execution; and the Lord preserved Moses for his destruction. Now, as that Pharaoh died, so you might say, 'it was not for his destruction, but for the destruction of the Pharaoh that came after him; but we read that he was the same as the Pharaoh before him, and the groanings of the children of Israel grew greater and greater. So the sin of one rested upon the head of the other, to work wickedness, and act with cruelty. Then why should we marvel at the Lord's hardening his heart, that he might shew his visible signs and judgments in the land of Egypt, to punish the king and the people, for their cruelty to the children of Israel, and to prove to them, that there was a God in power, whom the children of Israel were called to worship; and whom they themselves ought to worship? Now remember what Pharaoh said to Moses, Exodus v. 2—Who is the Lord, that I should obey his voice to let Israel go? I know not the Lord, neither will I let Israel go. Now we see from this, that Pharaoh had no idea of a God in power, to punish his iniquities; neither had the Egyptians; for they believed none were in greater power than their own wise men, the soothsayers and magicians, who had power to work by enchantments. Therefore the Lord wisely hardened Pharaoh's heart, to shew them the difference between the Power of God and the Power of Men that worked by the Power of the Devil; therefore the Lord hardened on his heart, to let him know who he was, and to convince the Egyptians of the folly of the wise men, that they trusted in. But how could this be done, if Pharaoh's heart had not been hardened, to contend with the Lord, to make him know and feel his power, that it might appear visibly here upon earth? Now men do allow that there is a punish-
ment for sin after death, which they also allow to be just; but where is the man that goes to see this punishment? For it is of no use to the living; neither does it turn any from their sins! But when the Lord begins to shew his punishment and judgments here upon earth, then they turn many from the end of their ways; and they stand to posterity to shew the power of God, and his judgment. Therefore the things that I once marvelled at, why the Lord should harden Pharaoh's heart, I now see divine and infinite wisdom in it; for if the Lord had not visibly punished Pharaoh in this world, no man would have thought of his punishment afterwards; therefore, if we look back to the original crimes of Egypt, and their cruelty to the children of Israel, it was wisdom, justice, and goodness in God, to shew his public judgments to the world; and that crimes like theirs should not go unpunished; but had not the Lord raised them up to shew them, the world could never have known them. Now, when we trace the wondrous works of God throughout the Bible, they stand upon record, to shew the punishment due to sin in this world, which never would have been of use to man, if all had been punished in the world to come; and if no visible judgments had appeared here, their punishment after death would be of no use to the living. Now, if we look to Turkey, we see the wretched cruelty that is committed there; yet till the Lord begins, by visible judgments, to shew his wondrous works and power, the Turks will have no more knowledge of God than Pharaoh had; for the death of one bloody monarch raised up another, just as bad. Therefore, the Lord must shew his visible power in this world, that it might be made known in the earth, that there is a God, to reward the righteous, and punish the wicked; therefore I see the wisdom of God in all his dealings.
THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now, Joanna, I shall answer the pondering of thy heart, that thou art afraid to mention; but as thou canst not conceal thy thoughts from me, thou shalt not conceal them from the world; for I knew every thought of thy heart, as thou wast reading through thy Bible, that if it was not from what I had revealed to thee before, to try Satan's reign here upon earth, that I might be clear to men and angels, of my first casting him out of Heaven, and at last to chain him to utter darkness by himself, thou shouldst have marvelled why I created Man at all, as all knowledge was in me, that men would sin, and sin would bring upon them sorrow. These have been the ponders of thy heart; and that the revelation, which has been given to thee, is the very thing that clears the justice of God in all things; for without Satan's suffering, who is the origin of evil, thou couldst not see in thy heart why Men should be created to suffer; but thou sayest thou art afraid, that thy thoughts have been sinful, taking in question the wisdom of the Most High. Now I shall answer thee: the ponderings of thy heart are just; for it was I that caused them to work within thee. It was never my justice, nor even my decree to create men to suffer, and give the author that tempting them to evil; yet Men are endowed with sense, and with reason; and as thou sayest they had my visitation from age to age, to warn them, to teach them, to direct them, and to punish them, visibly in this world, that men might know there was a punishment due to sin; therefore if men were determined to be rebellious, they ought to suffer for their rebellion; and if men will give themselves up to hearts of cruelty, they ought to suffer for their cruelty; and this in thy own heart thou sayest is just. And now I shall come to the creation of man: What I said before he fell—it was not good for the man to
be alone, I would make a helpmate for him. Now you say that helpmate caused the Fall, but by whose arts did she cause it? Thou sayest by the Devil. Then on his head she cast it; and on his head I placed it: But know, in the garden the tree of life was preserved for man.—Now I shall go back to thy pondering thoughts of the creation. For as I hardened Pharaoh's heart, to shew my visible judgments in this world, so I put ponderings in thy heart to answer the world at large thereby; for thy thoughts are the thoughts of thousands—why did I create Man to be miserable? I answer; I created Man to be perfect in happiness; and perfect in happiness are millions, which will be till time is no more; then their happiness and heavenly joys will be visibly seen. Then why should I keep back that happiness from Man? Or why should I not create a race to be happy, because all would not accept that happiness? Now I shall come to the Flood. When the whole world was hardened in sin, and their hearts were bent to do evil, would my prolonging their lives have been a blessing to them, that they might add sin to sin, and make their punishment the greater? Thou sayest no: then where was the difference of my putting a stop to their sin in a day, that they might encrease no more in it, or letting them live a little longer in this world, and so cut them off one by one, without any visible sign? Would their punishment have been the less? I tell thee, No; but now as I cut off the race of Man in a day, that had none of my Spirit within them, so will I cut off all the powers of darkness, whose spirit is opposite to mine; and as I saved Noah in the Ark, wherein my Spirit dwelled, so will I preserve men who long for my Spirit to be within them; and as I told Noah how to make the Ark, so I have told thee every particular, how to make the Ark of the New Covenant that is between God and Man; and how I shall destroy all the works of the Devil.
Know what I said to Noah after the flood, I do set my bow in the clouds, and it shall be for a token of a covenant between Me and the earth. Now mark my next visitation to Man—Let us godown and there confound their language, that they may not understand one another's speeches. Then followeth my visitation to Abraham, and the great Promise I made to him, for his obedience. Then followeth my visitation to Jacob, and to Joseph. All were blessed through the obedience of Abraham, till it came to Moses. Then a king rose that knew not God; then came on their afflictions; and then came their deliverance. And now I tell thee, the Type of Pharaoh is already began in Satan: my commands have been obeyed as they were by Noah, when I destroyed the world of sin; and now I will destroy the Man of Sin, which is the Devil, with all his host, and all his power; as I destroyed Pharaoh, and all his host, for pursuing after the children of Israel, so will I overthrow Satan for pursuing those whom I forbid. For the perfect obedience of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, has been here; and in this perfect and true obedience all the families of the earth shall be blessed, that will join with thee; let them be as the heart of one man united together in faith; and I will free them, as I freed the children of Israel; for I told thee, that was a Type of the last days; and know how Pharaoh was destroyed, that pursued after them, and how I destroyed their enemies, that were before them, who had no knowledge of a God.

So here the Type stands deep for Man—
Thy pondering thoughts I shall go on:
Thou judg'dst cruelly in me,
When all those nations thou diest see
That by the Jews I did cut off,
And so their kings I brought to nought,
And all their people I did slay;
Thou judg'dst it hard my hand did lay—
But I shall answer as before:
In nought but sin they did appear,
And if their lives I had prolong'd,  
I ask what good to them 'twould done?  
Because thou knowest that all must die,  
And in the grave forgotten lie:  
And so in death they did appear;  
But they are not forgotten here,  
Because it stands upon record,  
The wondrous working-of the Lord;  
When that my people I did free  
Behind I drown'd their enemy,  
And then before them I did go,  
Till I'd destroy'd their every foe.  
Now here's the shadow of the last;  
The Type stands deep how I shall burst;  
Now I am come to make an end,  
This is the way the whole shall bend.  
The enemy doth now pursue,  
As Pharoah did at first;  
Because that he, he well doth know,  
I'm come to love him cast,  
My friends to free from misery,  
But he'll not let them go;  
But doth pursue, I well do know,  
Like Pharoah he doth do;  
But I'll go on the same with him  
As Moses did at first;  
I tell you 'tis my strong intend  
That way it now shall burst;  
The shadow there that did appear  
Shall now be done for Man;  
And Satan is the Pharoah here,  
And so his doom shall come;  
And so behind, they all shall find,  
Though he do follow close,  
I tell thee, now my every mind  
Is to destroy his host.  
Then I'll go through, they all shall know,  
And smite the foes before;  
For every nation now shall know  
Their end is drawing near.  
The Promise great, without deceit,  
Shall surely come to Man;  
For Abraham's faith, I now shall clear,  
In thee it hath been strong;  
Then Isaacs see, and Jacobs be  
Now joined with the word,  
And in obedience I do see  
How they believe their Lord.  
So Jacob's sons they now may come,  
Believers may appear;  
They'll find my Promises are strong,  
As I have spoken here.  
And so the lands they now do stand  
Like Israel's chosen race,
That I'll redeem from Satan's hand,
   For so the end shall burst;
So be behind, you all do find,
   Like Pharoah to pursue;
And from the Type my Bible stands—
   Bring all before your view:
The heathens here must surely fear,
   They'll perish like the Kings;
Because the likeness I shall clear,
   The ending of the thing.
I tell you Men, for shadows strong
   My Bible came so first;
And from the shadows I'll go on
   Till every likeness burst.
When they were free you all do see
   What wonders I did do;
How I destroy'd their enemy,
   That was before their view.
These shadows here I now shall clear—
   The nations do abound,
But their destruction they may fear;
   My friends shall now be found
My lands to claim, they shall be mine,
   My chosen to enjoy;
And every Foe, they now shall know,
   I shall them all destroy.
Now perfect as the Jews of old
   Mankind do now appear;
For though the truth to them was told,
   Thou knowest, in deep despair
Did many go, thou well dost know,
   Before they saw the end;
Their unbelief they strong did show,
   No wonders made them bend.
The end to see in faith to me,
   And so to Man appear;
Because the End they do not see
   Fulfilled in one year;
Then they turn back, and they do droop,
   As Israel did of old.
Thinking that I to Man must stoop,
   As my mind have told,
To tell them plain I shall redeem
   From every sore distress;
They think it hasty must be seen,
   Or I do them oppress.
So now I'll clear like Israel here
   My chosen Men are come;
Josephs and Caleb I have here
   Amongst my chosen men;
Their minds, I see, are bent in me
   The End for to go through;
And others like the Jews they be,
   Their murmuring I do know.
Thou now seest Men like them become,
And like the Jews appear;
They think deliverance must be come,
If I have spoken here;
If 't be not so they back will go,
Ne'er wait to see the end:
And from these shadows you must know,
Just like the Chapters penned.
Do all appear, I tell thee here,
Believers do complain,
As their deliverance don't appear,
The promised land to gain;
They cannot wait to see their fate,
Of what is hastening on,
Though all the nations they do see
In wars and tumults come.
Then I'll go through, they all shall know,
As I went through before;
I surely will destroy their Foe,
And bring him to the shore;
So he behind his death shall find,
Like Pharoah now to fall;
The Foes before now in the war,
I'll surely conquer all;
The nations all they down shall fall,
That will not stoop to me;
The promised land I now shall call
And to my people give,
That Abrahams here in faith appear,
And Jacobs to go on:
From Isaac see the Type of me—
I rose again for Man;
So he the same, and Jacob came,
And so I shall go on,
Till Jacobs here do strong appear,
And Josephs to be found;
And Moses see the Type of me,
How that in every sound
I visit there, let Man see clear,
And so I'll visit on,
Till all my Foes destroyed are,
My Kingdom then shall come.
The Shadows first to them did burst—
But Satan was not bound,
And so their pleasures did not last;
They sinn'd in every sound.
But now I'm come to make an end,
For to destroy their Foe,
And I'll bring in a happy reign,
My chosen friends shall know
That from the first the whole must burst,
As it did then appear;
It was to bring it to the last,
My Bible stands so there.
So every land see how they stand,
And every shadow see;
Satan is bound by my command,
My Sealed people be,
Like Israel there do some appear
To murmur at my Word;
They judg'd deliverance it was near,
And then fell from their God;
Because too soon, I say, ere noon
They judg'd the day must end,
That all these wonders I must do,
No longer they'd depend,
To trust in me, I plain do see,
So Israel's seed is here;
Joshuas see, and Caleb's be,
In faith do some appear,
So every sign call thou to mind
As thou hast ponder'd through.

THE GOSPEL OF ST. JOHN.

John iit. 14, 15, 16—And as Moses lifted up the Serpent in the Wilderness, even so must the Son of Man be lifted up: that whosoever believeth in him should not perish, but have eternal life. For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now I shall answer thee from these words. They stand perfectly to the Gentiles as the Law did to the Jews, to all them that believed in me, and relied on me for Salvation; but now is coming the fulfilment of my Death, to bring in Man's Redemption. Now come to verse 17—for God sent not his Son into the world to condemn the world; but that the world through him might be saved. Then now answer me, ye worldly wise men, how the world can be saved through me, if I do not destroy all the works of the Devil, as is prophesied of me; and as I said I should come again, and take out of my Kingdom all that offend? Those that are now believing in me for Salvation, without believing in me for Redemption, are like the sons of Eli, who
pretended to offer the sacrifice, but not according as the Lord had commanded them; for though they were the sons of Eli, yet they were sons of Belial, that knew not the Lord. Now perfectly so is it with the Gospel; for though men profess to be children of those that believe the Gospel, and the Apostles that brought in the Gospel yet, they are as far departed from the Gospel, as Eli's sons were departed from their father, and from all the ordinances of the Lord; and so they are departed from the Gospel. Now what honour do men bring to me, to say, I died a shameful Death on the Cross, to cast out all the Jews, and bring in a few people to believe in me, and save a few that are righteous? Were not the righteous saved before? Where is the merit you make of my Death and Sufferings, that the world through me might be saved? Then know, if the world be saved through me, I must destroy him that hath the power of Death, which is the Devil. Then are you not like Eli's sons, that know not the Lord, nor the power of his might, neither will you give me the honour due unto my Name? For now to Man I here shall answer:

From the Law and Gospel see,
I that am thy every Master.
Now will fully answer thee.

As was before do now appear,
And Eli's sons are come;
My honour they will never clear,
The way Men now go on.

My Gospel true before their view
They never will allow;
That what I said I surely do—
Vain mortals tell me how;
You can believe one that deceives,
You say, in every word?

You cannot prove the Bread
That is for all, when I do call,
To end your every strife.
So answer here, let men appear,
My Gospel let them see.
Then tell me how they'll battle here,
My spirit cannot be
So strong with Man, when I do come
To make the final end?
For in my Gospel must be shewn
My spirit I should send.”

John xiv. 16, to the end—And I will pray the Father, and he shall give you another Comforter, that he may abide with you for ever; even the Spirit of truth, whom the world cannot receive, because it seeth him not, neither knoweth him: but ye know him, for he dwelleth with you, and shall be in you. At that day ye shall know that I am in my Father, and ye in me, and I in you.—He that hath my commandments and keepeth them, he it is that loveth me: and he that loveth me shall be loved of my Father, and I will love him, and will manifest myself to him.—Jesus answered and said unto him, if a man love me, he will keep my words: and my Father will love him, and we will come unto him, and make our abode with him.—These things have I spoken unto you, being yet present with you.—But the Comforter, which is the Holy Ghost, whom the Father will send in my name, he shall teach you all things, and bring all things to your remembrance, whatsoever I have said unto you.—And now I have told you before it come to pass, that when it is come to pass ye might believe.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

“Now let the world answer me, whether they think these sayings of mine alluded only to my disciples? or whether they think they were spoken for believers at the End? Know, I said I am with you to the End; but was I with my disciples to the end of their days in the body? Thou answerest, No; then it is in the Spirit that I must be with you in the End; and how can men allude my sayings to my disciples only? For know, I answered, if a man love me, he will keep my words. Now if I spoke thus only
to my disciples, then I must not mean for other believers to keep my words; but these words were spoken to every man that was a believer, for ages to come; and for all that would be believers, it was left on record. Then mark what followeth: My Father will love him, and we will come unto him, and make our abode with him; but how is this visitation to be? Is it not said before, by the Spirit, even the Spirit of truth that the world cannot see? Then how do you wrest the Scriptures, professing Godliness and denying the power thereof? While I was yet with them, I plainly told them what should happen in the End. But did the other Comforter come then to abide with men for ever? I tell you, No; the other Comforter is the fulfilment of my word, at my second coming in power to destroy all the works of the Devil; but that Comforter must first come in the Spirit, whom the Father sendeth in my Name; therefore, I left it on record, that men might know in what manner my visitation would be, when I came to warn in the Spirit; not as any visible sight, that appeared unto Moses, when I appeared unto him in the bush, and after followed him through the desert of the wilderness they were in. Then was my appearance visible; but know I told you, at the last, that my visitation would be in the Spirit; and now I am come in the Spirit and in truth, to bring in my kingdom and abide with you for ever. But this the world cannot receive, because they see me not. The Jews saw and did not believe; and when the angels visited them, how many were rebellious at the same time? Yet others did believe, and by their belief prevented the judgments: but was my visitation to be the same now, as it was in the days of Moses, where could the fulfilment of my Gospel be? or how could I prove that I came into the world to place my Spirit in man, if I do not visit in the Spirit without visiting as I did
Then my Coming could have made no change; but as my Coming has made a change to come invisible, instead of visible, it is to destroy all the invisible evil, that ye know and feel to your sorrow, without seeing. So when I appeared visible to Moses, I ordered the Beast that was visible to be slain, but now I am come invisible to Man, they neither see me, neither believe me; but as many as do believe, my Father and I will come unto them, and take up our abode with them, and the things that are invisible shall be seen visibly, when I destroy all the works of the Devil. Now see what changes have taken place in the Bible; then what a happy change must take place in the End, when I come to change the whole and bring the Tree of Life to Man, that was preserved for him in the Fall.

Now come to the Gospel of St. John i. 9—That was the true light, that lighteth every man that cometh into the world. Ver. 10—He was in the world, and the world was made by him, and the world knew him not. Ver. 12—But as many as received him, to them gave he power to become the sons of God; even to them that believe on his Name. Ver. 17—For the law was given by Moses, but grace and truth came by Jesus Christ. Ver. 29—John seeth Jesus coming unto him, saith, behold the Lamb of God which taketh away the sin of the world. Ver. 51—And Jesus said, verily, verily, I say unto you, hereafter ye shall see Heaven open, and the angels of God ascending and descending upon the Son of Man. Chap. iii. 6—That which is born of the flesh is flesh, and that which is born of the Spirit is Spirit. Ver. 15—That whosoever believeth in him should not perish. Ver. 21—He that doeth truth cometh to the light, that his deeds may be made manifest, that they are wrought in God; but every one that doeth evil hateth the light, neither cometh to the light lest his deeds should be
reproved. Chap. iv. 14—Whosoever drinketh of the
water that I shall give him shall never thirst; but
the water that I shall give him shall be in him a well
of water springing up into everlasting life.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now, Joanna, stop with these words; as these
are words no man understood, what that water
meant; for all who have believed in me have been
thirsting for water or something to drink. But now,
I shall go back to the beginning. I came to be a
light to lighten every man that cometh into the
world; but can you say, every man that has come
into the world already is enlightened by me? or
walketh in that light? I tell thee, No; I was in the
world, and the world knew me not; but as many as
received me, to them I gave power to become
sons of God, even to them who believed in my
name. But how do men believe in my name? Do
they believe I am the Lamb of God that taketh away
the sin of the world? And were the sins of the world
ever taken away? Then know, O man, if I come
to take them away, I must fulfil my coming
and take them away. Therefore I said, ye must be
born again; and what is born of the flesh is flesh,
and what is born of the spirit is spirit. Now when
I come to destroy the works of the flesh, that the
Devil hath worked in the hearts of men to set them
to do evil, and place my Spirit within them, then
they will be born of the Spirit, which is of God,
and not after the flesh, which is the Fall of Man. But
he that doeth evil hateth the light, and loves to
abide in the Darkness of the Fall; but he that loveth
the light, and wishes to come to the truth of
my Gospel, he will come to the light of the
truth, that the truth may be made manifest that
the work is wrought in God for your redemption.
And this is the fountain of living water, that if
a man drink thereof he will thirst no more; for when
the wells of salvation are come to men, then will rivers of joy be flowing within them; and they will not be thirsting like the children of Israel, that thirsted to go back to the flesh-pots of Egypt; neither will they be thirsting, after Gods to their hurt; but when they have drank deep into my Spirit, in my Spirit they will long to abide, and thirst no more to depart from it; for then they will find that God is a Spirit, and they will worship him in spirit and in truth; and know that Christ is the Saviour of the world: for I come to seek and to save that which is lost; and Man was lost by the Fall; but know that I come to redeem them from the Fall; therefore, I said I should give them living waters, to thirst no more. Now I tell thee, these things were not understood; therefore the Jews persecuted me, and sought to slay me, because I did many miracles on the Sabbath, not considering that the Son of God was Lord of the Sabbath. But when I come to fulfil the Sabbath, to make it a day of rest for man, and make that day a thousand years; then they will know I am Lord of that thousand years; therefore I worked many miracles on the Sabbath day, to shew how I should deliver my people, and how I should hail them, for that day that is at hand, the Sabbath, a rest for man! and that Sabbath shall be a thousand years, wherein every day shall be a day of rest; as I worked my miracles without making any distinction of days, so shall perfect happiness flow to Man without distinction of days; for every day shall be a day of rest.~ that meaneth, they shall rest from sorrow, they shall rest from sin, they shall rest from pain, and from sickness, they shall rest from strife and from contentions, they shall rest from wars and tumults. Then they may see the truth of my Gospel—that now I have given them the fountain of living waters; it is a well of joy, a well of salvation, that they may thirst no more, when they are called with an everlasting call, and saved with an
ETRINT EXPLANATIONS OF THE BIBLE.

EVERLASTING SALVATION." John v. 44—How can ye believe, which receive honour one of another, and seek not the honour that cometh from God only? 

"Now I shall answer, before thou goest further: if ye seek the honour of men, the honour of men must perish; but if ye seek the honour of God, then you will believe in all his words, and be looking for the honour that cometh down from above: that is the honour of his Word, the honour of his Truth, the power of his Spirit, that God might be all in all. And when God is all in all, then know the works of the Devil must be destroyed; for how can a man be all in all while he hath a rival standing between? And the rival stands in Satan, between God and man."

Chap. vii. 4—If thou do these things, shew thyself to the world; for neither did his brethren believe in him. Then said Jesus unto them, my time is not yet come. If any man will do his will, he shall know of the doctrine whether it be of God, or whether I speak of myself. The officers answered, never man spake like this man. Then answered them the Pharisees, are ye also deceived? Have any of the rulers, or of the Pharisees believed on him? But this people who know not the law are cursed. Nicodemus saith unto them, doth our law judge any man, before it hear him, and know what he doeth? Chap. viii. 17—Is it not written in your law that the testimony of two men is true? I am one that bear witness of myself, and the Father that sent me beareth witness of me. If the Son therefore shall make you free, ye shall be free indeed, He that is of God heareth God's words; ye therefore hear them not, because ye are not of God. Then the Jews said unto him, say we not well, thou hast a Devil? Jesus answered, I have not a Devil; but I honour my Father; and ye do dishonour me.

Chap. x. 4—When he putteth forth his own sheep, he goeth before them, and the sheep follow him; for they know his voice. A stranger will they not
follow, but will flee from him; for they know not the voice of strangers. But ye believe not, because ye are not of my sheep; as I said unto you, my sheep hear my voice, and I know them, and they follow me; and no man is able to pluck them out of my Father’s hands. I and my Father are one. Then the Jews took up stones again to stone him. Chap. xii. 31—Now is the judgment of this world; now shall the prince of this world be cast out. And I, if I be lifted up from the earth, will draw all men unto me. Chap. xiii. 19—Now I tell you before it come, that when it is come to pass, ye may believe that I am he. Verily, verily, I say unto you, he that receiveth whomsoever I send, receiveth me and receiveth him that sent me. Chap. xvi. 7. If I go not away the Comforter will not come unto you; but if I depart I will send him unto you; and when he is come he will reprove the world, of sin, and of righteousness, and of judgments; of sin, because they believe not in me; of righteousness, because I go to my Father and ye see me no more; of judgment, because the prince of this world is judged. I have yet many things to say unto you, but you cannot bear them now. Howbeit when he, the Spirit of Truth, is come, he will guide you into all Truth; for he shall not speak of himself; but whatsoever he shall hear, that shall he speak: and he shall shew you things to come, he shall glorify me: for he shall receive of mine; and shall shew it unto you. Ver. 24—Hitherto, ye have asked nothing in my name; ask, and ye shall receive, that your joys may be full. These things have I spoken unto you in Proverbs; but the time cometh when I shall no more speak to you in Proverbs, but I shall shew you plainly of the Father. At that day, ye shall ask in my name: and I say not unto you, that I will pray the Father for you: for the Father himself loveth you, because ye have loved me. Chap. xvii. 26—I have declared unto them thy name, and will declare it: that the love wherewith thou hast
loved me may be in them, and I in them. Chap. xviii. 22—When he had thus spoken, one of the officers struck Jesus with the palm of his hand, saying, answerest thou the High Priest so? Jesus answered him, if I have spoken evil, bear witness of the evil; but if well, why smitest thou me? Pilate therefore said unto him, art thou a King? Then Jesus answered, thou sayest that I am a King; to this end was I born; and for this cause came I into the world, that I should bear witness unto the truth; every one that is of the truth heareth my voice. Chap. xx. 14—She turned herself back and saw Jesus standing, and knew not that it was Jesus. Jesus saith unto her, Woman why weepest thou? She saith unto him, Sir, if thou have borne him hence, tell me where thou hast laid him. Jesus saith unto her, Mary! She turned herself and saith unto him, Rabboni! which is to say, Master.

THE ACTS OF THE APOSTLES.

Acts i. 7—And he said unto them, it is not for you to know the times, or the seasons, which the Father hath put in his own power. But ye shall receive power, after that the Holy Ghost is come upon you: and ye shall be witnesses unto me, both in Jerusalem, and in all Judea, and in Samaria, and unto the uttermost parts of the earth. And when he had spoken these things, while they beheld, he was taken up; and a cloud received him out of their sight. And while they looked stedfastly towards Heaven, as he went up, behold two men stood by them in white apparel; which also said, ye men of Galilee, why stand ye gazing up into Heaven? this same Jesus, which is taken up from you into Heaven, shall so come in like manner, as ye have seen him go into Heaven. Chap. ii. 38—Be baptized in the name of Jesus Christ for the remission of sins, and ye shall receive the gift of the Holy Ghost; for the Promise is unto you, and to your children, and to all that are afar off, as many as the Lord our God shall
call. Chap. iii. 19—Repent ye and be converted, that your sins may be blotted out, when the times of refreshing shall come from the presence of the Lord; and he shall send Jesus Christ, which before was preached unto you, whom the heavens must receive until the times of restitution of all things, which God hath spoken by the mouth of all his holy Prophets, since the world began. Chap. v. 16—There came also a multitude out of the cities round about unto Jerusalem, bringing sick folks and them that were vexed with unclean spirits: and they were healed every one by the disciples. Then the High Priest rose up, and all that were with him, which is the sect of the Sadducees, and were filled with indignation, and laid their hands on the Apostles, and put them in the common prison. Ver. 28, 29—Did we not strictly command you, that ye should not teach in this name? and behold, ye have filled Jerusalem with your doctrine. Then Peter and the Apostles answered, we ought to obey God rather than Man; and we are his witnesses of these things, and so is also the Holy Ghost, whom God hath given to them that obey him. When they heard that, they were cut to the heart, and took council to slay them. Chap. xi. 15—And as I began to speak, the Holy Ghost fell on them, as on us at the beginning; forasmuch as God gave them the like gift as he did unto us who believed on the Lord Jesus Christ. Chap. xiii. 45—But when the Jews saw the multitude, they were filled with envy; and spoke against those things, which were spoken by Paul, contradicting and blaspheming. Then Paul grew bold, and said, the word of God should first have been spoken to you; but seeing ye put it from you and judge yourselves unworthy of everlasting life, lo, we turn to the Gentiles; for so hath the Lord commanded us, saying, I have set thee to be a light to the Gentiles, that thou shouldest be for salvation.
unto the end of the earth. Chap. xiv. 2—But the unbelieving Jews stirred up the Gentiles, and made their minds evil affected against the brethren. But the multitude of the city was divided: and part held with the Jews, and part with the Apostles. Chap. xv. 16—After this I will return and will build again the Tabernacle of David, which is fallen down; I will build again the ruins thereof, and set it up: that the residue of men might seek after the Lord; and all the Gentiles, upon whom my name is called, saith the Lord. Known unto God are all his works from the beginning of the world. Ver. 8—And God, which knoweth the hearts, beareth them witness, giving them the Holy Ghost, even so he did unto us, and put no difference between us and them, purifying their hearts by faith. Chap. xix. 39—But if ye enquire any thing concerning other matters, it should be determined in a lawful assembly. Chap. xxii. 7—And I fell unto the ground and heard a voice saying unto me, Saul, Saul, why persecutest thou me? And I answered, who art thou, Lord? And he said unto me, I am Jesus of Nazareth, whom thou persecutest. And they gave him audience unto his words, and then lift up their voices and said, away with such a fellow from the earth; for it is not fit that he should live. Chap. xxiii. 9—And there arose a great cry and strife amongst them; and the Pharisees part arose and strove, saying, we find no evil in this man; but if a spirit or an angel have spoken to him, let us not fight against God. Chap. xxviii. 22—But we desire to hear of thee, what thou thinkest for us concerning this sect; we know that every where it is spoken against.

Now I am ordered to pen the ponderings of my own heart, in reading through St. John and the Acts of the Apostles; and I now say, as I have said before, the Bible is a Looking-glass for all men to see their own hearts, their own ways, and their own
conducted, by every different classes of people: but I bless God for the Law that is made under the Gospel, that liberty of conscience is given unto every man, that the malicious and wicked cannot vent out their malice by public rebellion, as they did in our Saviour's days. But yet, in reading my Bible through, I see a malicious spirit of rebellion, and unbelief, in every age of the world; and just the same it is now, and ever will be, as long as the powers of darkness have power to work in man against God. Now I should think the Jews, many of them, and the Sadducees, to be possessed with Devils, if I did not see the same Spirits in men now; but I see the world is just like the Jews, where doctrine is spoken against; some despise it because it hath not the general applause of the world; and thus appeared the manner of the moderate Jews, in the last chapter of the Acts; and this appears like the modern Christians, in this age; it is a religion that is not fashionable, nor applauded by the world; therefore they will despise it. But when we come to weigh the Gospel, how it is spoken through of the Holy Ghost being given to them that truly believed in Christ, and how our Saviour promised to send it in his Name, to be the Comforter and bring all things to your remembrance; yet this was not fulfilled in the Apostles' days; neither was it promised till the restoration of all things. Now if unbelief abounded in the days of our Saviour, that neither of his Brethren believed in him, what have I to marvel now, in such an age as this, when I hear of thousands mocking their Bible, turning it into every ridicule, while others think they have nothing to do only to trust in the merits of Christ, without striving to bring any honour or glory to his Name, by supporting that Gospel that others are mocking? But how can men support that Gospel, when they do not believe it true? And I am sorry to say, the people in this age are perfectly like those in the
days of our Saviour, when the officers said, never
man spake like this man; and they answered, have
any of the rulers, or the Pharisees believed in him?
Just so is the world now; have any of the Bishops
believed? have any of the rulers and the great
men believed? If they have not, those must be fools
who believe the visitation of the Lord to a simple
woman, as the Jews thought they were fools to
think the Lord would let himself down so low,
that he who was born of a mean virgin and laid in a
manger, should be called the Son of God, and should
humbly bear all the insults and ridicule of mankind;
to be called the babbler, possessed with a Devil,
and who hid himself when they went to stone him!
This, by their worldly wisdom, could not appear to
be the wisdom and power of a God; but how can
man believe he would condescend to go through all
the shameful treatment that he went through in this
world, if he would not condescend to visit again in
the Spirit, according as he promised in the Gospel?
For when he speaketh of coming as the true Shepherd, to be the Shepherd of all men,
as St. John x. appeareth to me—He putteth forth
his own sheep, he goeth before them, and his sheep
know his voice. Now these sheep, it appeareth to
me, are the true Believers, that believe in his Com-
ing in the Spirit to fulfil the Gospel. He goeth
before in Spirit, and they hear his voice; for that
is the manner he hath spoken of the Spirit, to be
born of the Spirit, and hear the Spirit, as ye hear
the wind. And he saith, I know my sheep and am known of mine; other sheep I have, which
are not of this fold; them also must I bring in, and
they shall hear my voice; and there shall be one
Fold and one Shepherd? I laid down my life to
take it again. Now when can men say, there hath
been one Fold and one Shepherd? Do not men
mock the voice of Christ coming to teach in the
Spirit? Then you cannot say there is one Shep-
herd and one Fold to know his voice. You may say there are ten thousand shepherds and ten thousand folds, who preach different doctrines, one from another: and thousands of Arians, that preach against the Gospel. Then where is the one Shepherd and the one Fold, which our Saviour affirmed should be? And to fulfil the Bible it must be, that all might be taught of the Lord, from the greatest to the least; and the fulfilment of the Gospel affirmeth it. But need I marvel of men's saying I have a Devil, when they said our Saviour had a Devil and was mad? Why hear ye him? Others say, can a Devil open the eyes of the blind? these are not the words of him that hath a Devil. And perfectly so is the world at this day. Now let me appeal to the Christian world, whether they think every one should abuse our Saviour, because the malice and unbelief of some were great? Should those that did believe desert him, because of his persecution? If they did their sins must have been of the deepest dye; or should Paul have given up the visitation of the Lord to him, because he was mocked and despised by the Jews, and suffered such persecution? or, because Festus told him he was beside himself and was mad? But did Paul give up to his words? Did he not answer, I am not mad, most noble Festus, but speak forth the words of truth and soberness? Now what would men think of Paul, if he had disregarded the visitation of the Lord, to please the mad unbelieving world? What profit is the world to him now? It is not all the praise and applause of man could have saved him in the hour of Death, or in the day of Judgment, from a fatal end, if he had drawn back. Then may I not say with Peter, who ought we to obey, God or man; judge ye? See the fatal end of Judas, who began to be a man pleaser; but what comfort did he feel from man, when he complained of his conscious guilt, and said he had sinned, in that he had
betrayed innocent blood? What was their unfeeling answer? What is that to us! see thou to it! Now, here is the world in its true colours; if they can tempt men to sin against light and knowledge, and afterwards find they have caused their ruin; by so doing, they only mock them for fools. This is the pondering of my heart from Judas; and this would be my case was I to deny the visitation of the Lord, to please the unbelieving world, and conscious guilt begun to awaken me, that I could not bear the reflection of myself. Then the answer of the world would be just the same, and I should have no more comfort from the world now than Judas had; therefore I look upon every one as a Judas to me, that wishes to persuade me to give up the visitation of the Lord, because they do not believe. Paul might as well have given up his visitation; because the Jews did not believe him; the prophets might have given up their visitation, because the world did not believe them: and I might as well give up the Gospel, because I heard it mocked by the Jews, and they did not believe it. For being formerly in company with six Jews, they brought forward their Bibles to prove our Saviour was not the Messiah; as they pointed out the manner of his coming to be according to the second coming, to be the Prince of Peace, and have the government on his shoulders. It is fruitless here to open the Scriptures they brought forward, to prove that the coming of Christ must be in honour and glory to God, and to the redemption of man, which I granted to be true; but they would never allow, that he must first come to die for man; and the Prophecies that prophesied of his death they would not allow that they alluded to Christ; and on being asked what they meant, they answered, they were chapters they never understood; and what they never understood they were not to look into. And now I see the Gentiles are just the same. If I
ask them what is meant by the comforter being sent, which is the Holy Ghost, whom the Father will send in his Name, he shall teach you all things, and bring all things to your remembrance. Their answer would be like the Jews; if it did not allude to the Holy Ghost being sent to the Disciples, at that time, they did not know what it meant; and as they did not know what it meant, they would not allow that any other should know. So here stand Jews and Gentiles together; and I would as soon rely on the one as on the other; for he that will believe one prophecy and not another, is no believer at all. Now the meaning of the Holy Ghost, the Comforter, being sent in his name, cannot appear to me to allude to the Disciples; because our Saviour was then present, and taught them in his Father's Name, that he was the Son of God, which they believed, and received the Power of the Holy Ghost, as he promised them; then what new doctrine was then sent in his name, to teach them all things that concerned him? Do not these things allude to the End? Did he mean his Gospel was only to his Disciples? or, did he allude it equally the same to the generations that should arise after them, that were true believers in the merits of his death and sufferings, till he had brought in all his Sheep as one Fold? Then if it alludes unto all, he saith I am the vine, ye are the branches; he that abideth in me, and I in him, the same bringeth forth much fruit; for without me, ye can do nothing; but he saith, I will pray the Father, and he shall give you another Comforter, that he may abide with you for ever, even the Spirit of Truth, whom the world cannot receive, because it seeth him not. Here our Saviour plainly affirms, that his visitation shall be in the Spirit, which no man knoweth, nor no man seeth; but he says, it shall. be with you, and shall dwell in you. Now whom can the Spirit of Truth visit to be
with, and to be in, but those that believe God is true, the Gospel is true, and that Christ will visit in the Spirit, according as he spoke in his Gospel? Now this have I believed, and this have I received; for in this manner hath all my visitation been, perfectly as our Saviour spoke in the Gospel; but this the world cannot receive, because they do not believe what they cannot see; for being visited within by the Spirit of God, and the Power of the Holy Ghost, though our Saviour affirmed it should be; yet it appeareth as erroneous to thousands, that profess they believe the Gospel, as it appeareth to the Jews erroneous to believe the Gospel at all. But I have not so learnt Christ, but believe his words to be true, that he is with his followers to the end, that believe in him. But how can a man profess he believes in the Gospel, and not believe one quarter what he said? Did not our Saviour say, I come a light into the world, that whosoever believeth in me should not abide in darkness? But if the judgment of the world be true, we must abide in darkness without the knowledge of God, without the knowledge of Christ; or what he meant by his Gospel, or what he meant by his second coming; or what he meant by so often speaking of sending the Comforter, sending the Holy Ghost, sending the Spirit of Truth. For all these appear dark sayings to the world; so that through unbelief they abide in darkness; and will not come to the light, because from the Gospel they must be reproved: but shall we follow a multitude to do evil? Shall I blind my eyes and stop my ears, because the unbelieving world are determined to blind their eyes, that in seeing they will not see, nor in hearing they will not understand? Now in pondering through the Bible, I see the resolute spirits of men, that where they give Satan power to work in them, they are determined to be resolute against the Truth; for how did thr
Chief priests consult that they might put Lazarus to death, because many of the Jews believed on Jesus, when he had raised Lazarus from the grave? Now if this be the perverse hearts of men, it might well be said; cursed is man who trusteth in man, and maketh flesh his stay! Now how perverse were the Jews! when our Saviour cured a man who was born blind how did they try to confound the man, who was born blind, that he should not acknowledge that it was done by the power and goodness of God! But remember the man's answer; if this man was not of God he could do nothing. But they answered, thou wast altogether born in sin; and dost thou teach us? and they cast him out. Now what a perverse spirit must have been in men, to cast a man out from among them, who believed in the Lord that had wrought so great a miracle upon him, and bestowed so great a blessing unto him; that he that was born blind should have the blessing to see the sun, which they themselves, though having eyes, could not see by what sun he received his sight! a blessing they could not give to him; yet it was a blessing they wished to take from him, by trying to fill his heart with ingratitude to deny the Lord that had opened his eyes! Thus, I see the perverse heart of man throughout the Gospel; and thus I see they are working with me, casting my name out as evil, because I will not act ungratefully unto the Lord, who has opened my blind eyes; for in a spiritual sense I was born as blind as the man, and I grew up blind as the man, before the visitation of the Lord came to me, to open the eyes of my understanding, and shew me the true light of his Gospel, the true light of the Bible, and the true light of the Promise that was made in the Fall. So I may say, like one that was dead, I am brought to life; for as the transgression of the Woman brought Death into the world, so the fulfilment of the Promise bringeth Life and In-
Mortality to light. So because this truth shall not be believed, they would put me to death, as they wanted to put Lazarus to death! But these are my own ponderings, how much the world appeareth now like the days of old, and how they are persecuting now Christ coming in the Spirit, the same as they persecuted at his being in the body; and as they persecuted his Disciples for believing in his Gospel; so they persecute those who believe in his second coming to bring in his Kingdom of Peace. Now as I see the perfect likeness; and all has happened as the Scripture foretelleth, I would sooner give up my life than my writings; for I cannot give up my writings without giving up my Bible, as the truth stands so close together. Before our Saviour came into the world in the body, his Death, Sufferings, and Persecution, were all foretold; and the same in the Scripture, it is foretold; the like persecution and unbelief would abound now that all these truths stand together. Then how can they fall without falling together? I shall say with Esther, I will go through to my Trial; then if I perish I perish: but how can I perish, trusting in the God of Truth, who has not told me any thing but what the Scriptures will bear him witness; though not understood by the wisdom of man, but known and understood by the wisdom of God, in what manner all these things should be fulfilled. Now what could St. Paul mean when he said, the heavens must receive him until the time of the restitution of all things? Then must not a time come, that the Lord will restore all things to Man, in that likeness and happiness he created him for at first? This appears to me to be the refreshing times, that St. Paul says shall come from the presence of the Lord, and he shall send Jesus Christ, which before was preached unto you. This was spoken by St. Paul after our Saviour's ascension to glory; so he could not speak of the age then present, that
Christ should come, and restore all things to Man; but he tells them to repent and be converted, that their sins might be blotted out when the time of refreshing did come. The more I read my Bible, the more I am astonished, how ministers can read their Bibles and not discern that the visitation of the Lord must come in the Spirit; and that Christ must come the second time in the Spirit, to establish his kingdom in righteousness and in peace, as he taught us to pray for his kingdom to come, and his will to be done on earth as it is in Heaven, which is spoken of throughout the Bible. But can he warn of his coming by the Spirit, to such as do not believe the visitation of the Lord in the Spirit? It would be like sending of Moses to Pharaoh, for their condemnation, and not for their salvation. Now as I find in the Bible I must go through evil report, and good report, have friends and foes, be persecuted and despised, and yet be believed and supported by those that go through the fire of men's anger and indignation; all this must be to fulfil the Scriptures, therefore I rejoice, that I am counted worthy to suffer persecutions for the sake of Christ. I see, in pondering through the Bible, how he suffered persecution, ridicule, mockery, scorn, and contempt, to be counted a madman, a babbler, and having a Devil, doing his miracles by Beelzebub the chief of Devils; all this, and more, he suffered for me, and for an ungrateful world, that is just the same now as it was then. And shall I forsake him also? No; sooner let me die by his cross than ever forsake him, or lose him from my sight; for persecution strengthens my faith, and if men would not believe in Christ himself, when he was in the body upon earth among them, what have I to marvel, if they reject him now in the Spirit? For I see perfectly the same different spirits in men now, as there were in our Saviour's days. Now persecution was not in our Saviour nor in his
Disciples; for they went about doing good, and persuading men for their own happiness, to repent and believe in Him who had power to save unto the uttermost; for which reason they were persecuted; and just so is the world now, that the Lord is come to warn men everywhere to repent, that His kingdom is at hand, that they may be able to stand, as good and faithful servants, to enter into the joy of their Lord at His coming; and be like the wise virgins, ready to enter in when their Lord cometh. Now for this merciful visitation, He is mocked and despised by a persecuting and ungrateful world; and his servants are treated by the world now as they were in the days of old. Persecution has been throughout the Bible; for they that are born after the flesh persecute them that are born after the Spirit. So I am clearly convinced, the carnal mind, that is at enmity against God, will ever be at enmity against God, as long as the Powers of Darkness reign. These are my thoughts on reading the Bible, which men cannot explain to me themselves, neither will they suffer the Lord to do it. But shall I quench the Spirit, because man would persuade me? God forbid! who can answer for me at the hour of death, and in the day of judgment? He that can answer for me, and He that can save me from the powers of death and hell, let him direct me; He that can save me, let him instruct me; by my own Master I must stand or fall;

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now I shall answer from the ponderings of thy heart; and begin from thy last words. By thy own Master thou must stand or fall. And thou sayest, He that can save thee let him direct thee—"

Then surely I, who dwell on high,
Will now direct thy hand;
Thy foes I shall make silent fail,
The Trial none can stand;
When I've went through what's in my view
The Trial must appear;
And men shall see they've mocked me—
'Tis time for Men to fear!
My Bible through I well do know,
Men mock'd me at the first;
And so my Gospel I went through,
Men's mockery so did burst;
Then shall I spare the mockers here?
No; them I shall confound;
And men shall tremble for to hear,
They've mock'd in every sound;
My Bible's true, they all shall know,
As thou didst ponder on;
Because thy eyes I open'd so,
To see how all must come:
Blind from thy birth thou didst express,
And blind I say were all;
The Scriptures no one could express,
Nor yet explain the Fall.
For to explain is what I mean
By saying to express;
But now 'tis drawing to the end,
I'll boldly answer this;
That all are blind, they all will find,
And made so in the Fall:
So from their birth they may express
That they were blinded all,
Never to see the mystery,
The Promise how it stood;
But those that say they've eyes to see,
Did never once allude
Back to the Fall the whole must call.
Now I'll come to the blind,
Who do appear to answer here—
"The mysteries none can find;
Our Bibles here to see it clear
"We never could discern
"The way that Promise must appear,
"Nor how the Lord did warn;
"We could not see the mind of He,
"How he would all fulfil;
"And of our Bibles blind we be—"
So let the blind stand still,
And they shall see the Light from me,
Their eyes I'll open whole;
But those that boast they've eyes to see,
I tell them, down they'll fall.
Thy pondering here from me appear'd,
'Twas I that ponder'd on,
To let thee see my Bible clear,
My Gospel how 't must come.
So it is the blind the Light must find,
That even they cannot see:
For I shall open every mind
That now looks up to me.
But those that boast, their light is placid
In their own wisdom here.
I tell them, blind themselves they'll find,
When to the light they come.
To see the blind the truth did find
That ne'er did boast before.
The light of men could make it plain,
And all my Bible clear.
For as thou dost say, this very day,
My words to thee were true;
Those that believ'd came all from me,
Confess they did not know
My Bible here to make it clear,
Nor by their wisdom see
Which way the mysteries I should clear.
That in my Bible be:
So thus have been, I say, blind men
Confess'd it from the Fall;
Not with their maker to contend,
But when they heard my call,
They wish'd to see their light from me,
And so the light is come!
But those that boast they've eyes to see,
Are much more blind than them;
Because they boast where wisdom's lost,
Just like the Jews before:
And by their eye-sight they were cast,
As they said they saw clear
A Devil strong in me was come,
But knew not they were blind:
The prophets they ne'er thought upon,
Where they my death must find;
'Twas all foretold, if they'd behold,
My Prophets they were clear;
But now the blind men you behold,
Their eyes I open'd there,
That said to me they could not see,
So I their light became;
And so the fishermen did flee,
And left their ships, 'tis known;
From them they fled to follow me,
That were in knowledge blind.
That did not boast just like the rest;
The Pharisees you find,
And rulers there, that did appear,
Boasted in their own sight;
And so, I say, they blinded were,
They could not see the light
That came from me, they could not see,
By wisdom they did fall;
Men judg'd themselves as wise as me,
But now I tell you all,
LAZARUS A TYPE OF THE NEW LIFE IN MAN. 231

My Bible here no man can clear;
Nor did I place it so,
That men such wisdom e'er should share,
Till I'd destroy'd their Foe.
If man could come in wisdom strong,
To have it like a God,
The words before me let them come—
Could I pronounce him dead?
Dead to the knowledge of his God?
And dead must man appear:
And so from Lazarus, as thou said,
That death I now shall clear:
As dead as him all men have been
To knowledge of their God,
As in the grave when he was seen,
And perfect dead 'tis know'd,
Till I appear'd to raise him there
And did his life restore:

A Type for man they'll find it strong,
For so I'll raise them here;
And I've began to raise up men
Out of their native dust,
That they may see my Gospel plain,
And for my Kingdom's thirst.
But men appear, as they did there,
Wishing these men to kill;
Because that no man may see clear
I shall advance my heel
On Satan's head, as it was laid—
Thy pondering heart I see:
What manner doth my Gospel break
'Tis all new life to thee!
Now thou seest plain, what I do mean,
How I shall raise up man
From the first death, that was pronounced,
And they shall know my name;
Like Lazarus here they shall appear,
That men do say are dead;
For to believe thy calling here,
I'll raise them as I've said
From death to life, I'll end the strife,
For so their life shall come;
Though men do say, in death they lie,
For to believe my name,
Or Spirit here, that doth appear
In words spoken to thee;
They'll find such wonders drawing near,
Like Lazarus they will see,
They were not dead, as then I said,
Though dead they seem'd to men,
That do appear to mock them here;
But when their life do come
To rise again and shew men plain,
Like Lazarus all must be.
Rose from the dust they fell at first.
And rise and live in me.
So I'll end here and say no more—
Those that have eyes are blind.
That boast my Bible they can clear.
That every soul shall find.

Here ends Saturday night, October 13, 1804.

Sunday morning, October 14, 1804.

Now I shall answer, from the words that are before you, Acts iii. Now I ask them that boast they have eyes to see, what they make of this chapter? what they make of the time of refreshing to come? and what they make of the restitution of all things? Let this be answered by the learned; but I shall answer thee; and let them answer what is meant by these words—"When the Comforter cometh he will reprove the world of sin, and of righteousness, and of judgment; of sin, because they believe not on me; of judgment, because the prince of this world is judged; howbeit, when the Spirit of Truth is come, he shall guide you into all Truth?" Let these questions be answered by the learned; and the following be answered by the learned—Now is the judgment of this world; now shall the prince of this world be cast out; and I, if I be lifted up from the earth, will draw all men unto me? These are questions men must put to the learned to answer: but I shall answer them to thee; but not to the world till thy Trial is over. So put down the chapters: John xii. 20, to 32—Chap. xvi. 7, to 15—Chap. xviii. 37—Pilate said, art thou a king? Jesus answered, thou sayest I am a king; to this end was I born, and for this cause came I into the world, Acts iii. 18 to 22. These are the chapters that must be answered by the learned. Now I shall begin with thee, from John x.—My Sheep know my voice; and there shall be one Fold and one Shepherd.
THE GOOD SHEPHERD.

Now from thy thoughts thou ponderest here,
I tell thee plainly I was near,
Work'd in thy heart to ponder on,
That the GOOD SHEPHERD now is come;
And 'tis his voice that thou dost hear;
A stranger's voice thou canst not bear,
Whether of Devils, or of Men,
That do against thy Lord contend;
Because against me they are come,
That do condemn thy written hand.
Now from the chapter all see clear,
How all the hirelings do appear;
The wolf is come, and they do flee,
And so my sheep, I plain do see,
The shepherds for them do not care,
They all may flee and perish here;
Then I'm the SHEPHERD now alone,
Whose voice at first to thee was known,
And so my sheep I'm drawing here,
Into one fold they must appear;
Because these words were for the End,
When I in SPIRIT did descend,
To have my voice be known to Man,
Then all my fold I knew would come.
And so to thee I answer here,
'Tis the good SHEPHERD doth appear,
Whose voice to all men shall be known,
That to the END 'tis surely come.
They'll find the SPIRIT true is here,
Which they can't see, nor will they bear,
Nor are they ready to receive
The Bounty here that I shall give;
For if that I was judged by Man,
My judgment in the END must come,
To have the prince for to be cast
That in the world so strong did burst,
To work upon the hearts of men.
The prince of darkness had his time,
And in this world he did appear,
As though a prince he then was here,
For in the people he did speak,
And in his malice they did break;
And so I say they lifted me up,
And on the Cross my Life did drop;
But know, with it, I rose again,
Then Death and Hell must surely lie
For all men now I'll draw to me:
These that wont come must surely flee,
If with their master they will join,
And with the earthy prince combine;
Then with him they will surely fall.
The worldly prince, I tell you all,
As I was lifted on the tree
And crucified, he now shall see

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That I will cut him off the same,
And all the world shall know my name.
For all men I shall draw to me
That own they are blind, and wish to see
The meaning of my gospel here,
Their eyes I'll open to see clear:
As I at first was lifted up,
The powers of darkness so shall drop.
For my disciples at that time
Ne'er understood the words were mine;
Like thy believers they appear'd,
And wrong their judgment they drew here;
So my disciples did at first,
When that my words, before them plac'd,
They said that they did signify
The death that I design'd to die:
But ne'er discern'd the words before,
What from my death should follow here;
That all the world I'd draw to me,
The worldly prince cut off should be.
But this was not discern'd by man;
As my disciples' wisdom came
For to compare it to my death;
No man discern'd the words I said:
And when my bible I go through,
They'll find thy pondering heart is true.
And more in judgment to appear
Than my disciples ever were.
For when the apostles thou'st went through,
I'll lay the whole before their view;
My honour they've not spoke like thee
The world to blame, thy God to free.
But with my gospel I'll go on;
I've shew'd my lifting up to man,
That if my life I did lift up
To bruise my heel, the head must drop
That did the woman first betray—
On Satan's head it now shall lay—
For now the comforter is come:
But here's a mystery deep to man.
By wisdom they can never clear;
To say the comforter is here,
The world of sin for to reprove;
They'll say—"What comfort, or what love?
"Can in this comforter appear,
"When all the world's reproved here?
"But how the righteous can they come,
"To be reproved then by him?
"And how can judgment then appear
"To be repro'd in comfort here?
"But can the comfort of mankind
"Come to reprove, one sins to find,
"And tell us of our unbelief?
"The comforter must then bring grief—"
May be the reasoning thoughts of men,
Till I the mystery clear explain
To tell what righteousness is here;
How with my Father I appear,
Until the End was come to all,
And then the Comforter shall call
Men to the merits of My Blood!
And from the Spirit must be know'd,
Perfect as men did judge Me here.
My second coming I shall clear,
The worldly prince I'll judge him here,
As he in man did strong appear,
To have my heel bruised at the first,
But on the head it now shall burst;
For he shall now be judged by Man;
And to My Bible they must come,
To claim the Promise at the first,
Then on his head the whole must burst;
For so you all must judge him here.
He did the Woman first ensnare,
And then the Promise you must claim;
So now be wise, ye sons of men!
But how these things could they then bear
To think that first they sufferers were,
And all those comforts should not see,
That would in after ages be?
But had I plainly told them there,
From Adam's Fall the thing was clear
To have the Comforter to come,
And Satan to receive his doom;
Then they too hasty would begin
To say we now will claim the thing,
And ask the Promise then of Me.
But how with them could I agree,
Before the whole I had pass'd through,
And prov'd My Bible was true,
That Jews and Gentiles both might see
The truth in all was spoke by Me?
So had they ask'd and I deny'd,
They'd say the truth was not apply'd,
For they to ask it in My Name;
To bruise his head when first I came,
As soon as he had bruised My Heel,
I say, no comfort they would feel;
If they had understood My word,
They'd grieve I did not make it good.
But now they'll find the truth is come,
In every truth to lead you on;
For so My Spirit doth appear,
The truth in every thing to clear;
And thou dost testify of Me,
That nothing can be done by thee;
Nor e'er these things didst thou discern,
Till I in Spirit came to warn;
Or yet no promise didst thou claim,
Until I bid thee in my name.
To ask a favour then of me,
That now your joy fulfill'd might be;
Because thou ask'st the very thing,
That now the Comforter will bring.
To be a comfort to mankind:
But unbelievers now will find
Their unbelief I shall reprove,
Their want of judgment, and their love;
And so the righteous may appear,
They'll find reproof for them is near;
For I'll reprove their want of love—
My Bible's true I now shall prove:
Unto my Father I did go
And gifts for men, they all shall know.
That I'm receiving now for man;
And so I tell you what's to come.
In Proverbs I was speaking there;
My Gospel they could never clear,
The way I meant to make it good;
My Proverbs no man understood—
Then now I come to make them plain
Without a Proverb unto men:
Because I tell you, from the first,
My Father's will by arts was cast.
And man no helpmate then did see—
Only to help in misery!!!
But now the Father I'll shew clear;
He cast the curse on Satan there;
But said, that it should bruise his heel.
But now the Father I'll reveal:
He said, that it should bruise his head.
As he the woman had betray'd.
So now, I say, the day is come—
Ask and receive, your joys be known.
And ask the promise in my name,
My Father never will you blame.
Because at first it was his will
The Serpent's heart that way to chill.
But how can man so weak appear.
To think I came to suffer here.
The mock and ridicule of men?
Despis'd and mad was judged by them.
A fool and babbler to appear—
Could men so foolish judge me here,
That this would kindle love to man?
Or reconcile a God to them?
Or yet their sins to take away,
Because so spiteful men did lay
In every thing against me there?
And now the same they do appear;
Then answer me, ye sons of men,
That for my Gospel do contend:
CHRIST DIED TO FREE THE FALL.

If you can judge it wisdom here,
This every mockery for to bear,
Only to save a simple few,
When they are dead to heaven to go.
For to be saviour, as I did die,
Because that they believed in me?
Then tell me, how you judge your God,
If so my gospel you allude,
My death was only for a few,
That did believe my gospel true?
But now the few, let them appear,
Believe it true, and then I'll clear
My dying love was then for man,
To bind the powers of darkness down;
That justice might appear in all,
I died at first to clear the fall,
To have the serpent's doom to come,
And so I shew'd my love to man!
But you must judge it cruelty
For me to die and him be free,
Because the promise it was there;
And now the promise I shall clear,
The woman's seed shall bruise his head;
And therefore in her I shall plead
Until her seed do so appear,
To join with me, and join with her;
And then my words you all shall see,
You'll dwell in God and God in ye;
For then in me you will abide—
And mark from Pilate what he said;
He ask'd me, if I was a King;
Then know the words I answer'd him;
His words I did repeat again—
Thou sayest that I am a King;
And for this end I did appear—
I came the every thing to clear,
And of the woman I was born,
That at the end it should be known
That as a King I shall appear,
And so my Kingdom I'll bring here:
Because the truth shall now be known,
I come the serpent to unthrone;
I come the truth in all to see;
And as a King I come to be.
So if the truth you now will clear,
You'll say you wish my voice to hear,
That I might come and free the fall;
And in submission now put all
That do object against my word:
I know of men what steps they've trod,
And all their ways I then did see,
And Satan's arts are known to me,
That your refreshing cannot come,
Till Satan is subdued for man.†

* St. John xviii. 37.
† Acts iii. 19.
And then your peace I shall restore,
And bring you safe on Canaan’s shore,
That is, I say, a happy land;
For so my kingdom it shall stand.
So now the time for all draws near;
The FALL OF MAN I shall restore;
And my refreshing joy shall come.
Can this be answered now by man,
How the refreshing can appear?
Or all things now restored here.
If I that power do not destroy,
That did at first blast all your joy?
No; I must free from Adam’s fall,
If ever I restore you all.
Therefore the serpent must be cast,
Before that joy to man can burst;
I tell you there’s no other way
Refreshing joys can come to ye;
Or restoration to appear—
My Bible there’s no man can clear
By wisdom for to make it good,
Until the Spirit from your God,
That is in truth, do now appear.
The Comforter no man can clear
That ever it can come from man;
No; ’tis the Holy Ghost must come,
And by the Spirit from the Lord,
I told you all, with one accord.
These Revelations all must come.
My Gospel is denied by men,
Though they’re professed believers here;
But their belief no man can clear.
Because my Gospel can’t be true,
If that my Spirit do not go
To warn you all, when at the end;
For so my Gospel it is penned.
My second coming to appear,
In spirit first to visit here,
Before from Heaven I do descend,
As in my Gospel it is penned.
For as the angels told them there
I in like manner should appear,
As they did see me enter Heaven,
Ascending cloud to them was given,
For they to see me to ascend,
And so again to come to man.
You know the angels told them there—
Then why stand mortals gazing here,
Judging all wonders they do see,
When all before was spoke by me,
And my Apostles spoke the same?
Then how can you this Woman blame
To testify my every word?
You boldly now deny your Lord,
Because my Gospel is not true,
If every knowledge is in you,
Without my Spirit to appear;
The whole your wisdom cannot clear,
Ever to make my Bible true,
I know 'tis more than man can do;
Because the Comforter must come,
To prove the truth to every Man;
And so my Spirit must appear,
The every mystery for to clear.
Now from the Acts I shall go on:
Now mark when Peter he did come
Unto the Gentiles to appear,
The Vision first I shewed him there,
How every Beast I did let down,
And bid him kill was then my sound;
But Peter answered me—not so;
Nothing unclean he did eat, you know.
But know my answer that did come—
What God has cleans'd let none condemn,
Nor call it common, nor unclean.
The Vision was a Type for men:
Then to Cornelius he did go,
And found the Vision to be true;
And so the Holy Ghost did come,
When he'd baptis'd that very man;
Upon Cornelius it did appear,
And all his house the same did share.
But mark and see the ways of man,
How Peter they at first did blame,
That he had so baptis'd the man
That was not circumcis'd like them.
For so the Gentiles they did blame,
And therefore Peter did condemn,
For to baptise them in my word;
Because they simply judg'd the Lord
Must be confin'd with them alone.
And perfect so I say are men
Now in this very age become;
My mercies they do so confine,
The Priests judge in heart and mind
That unto them I all must give,
The Holy Ghost they may receive—
"But will the Lord so weak appear,
"To cleanse a simple woman here,
"That she might it receive the same?"
No; here is wisdom men do blame,
As they blam'd Peter at that time;
But let them answer, like his mind—
"If God in mercy doth appear,
"To prove the Holy Ghost is here,
"Shall we withstand it from our God,
"And say from her 't shall not be know'd?
"Then sure our God we must withstand.

* Acts x. 10.
"And who are we, vain simple men,
For to withstand his every word?
We see the truth in all is said.
So if the Lord hath cleans'd her here,
To show the end to all is near,
That all the Beasts he'll cleanse the same,
The curse was fixed for to remain,
You know, upon the Serpent's head—
And there the axe she now hath laid:
Now if the Lord will cleanse the whole,
And make that poisonous Serpent fall,
Shall we complain 'tis come to she?
If God hath cleans'd she cleans'd must be;
And so the same he'll cleanse the whole,
If we rely upon our call;
Because the Gospel we see plain,
The Holy Ghost must come to men—
For now I say to one and all,
That in the end so must fall
On those that do believe my word,
Believe my Gospel what is said,
'Tis but a shadow come to one;
The Holy Ghost to all must come,
When I my kingdom bring below,
You'll find your joys within to flow:
For as the vision did appear,
The cleansing time for all draws near,
That I will make my people clean,
The power of darkness shan't remain
To sting them by his poisonous spear—
Another day I'll answer here.

ON THE CONDUCT OF THE REV. MR. POMEROY.

Thursday night, Oct. 18, 1804.

Joanna for many days hath been pondering over the whole of Mr. Pomeroy's conduct from first to last, which filleth her heart with two burning passions: too great to bear, when she reflects on him as being a minister that she once esteemed above all preachers, and thought him the first preacher in the kingdom, before she heard of Mr. Foley. Now when she reflects how much she respected him as a minister in his pulpit, and how much he acted worthy that character out of his pulpit in all his conduct to her, from 1796 to 1801, this filleth her heart with love and respect on the one hand, and makes
her trembling to come against him; but when she considers, on the other hand, the change that took place in him, and the work she is engaged in is from the Lord; and when he saw other ministers had taken it up and supported it, that he should then come against her, and publish that her works were from the Devil, which he before had denied were from the Devil; then to burn all her letters, that the Truth might not appear; turn her from the Sacrament; and now to write in the most spiteful manner against her; and she is compelled, for the Glory of God, and for the honour of her Friends that support the cause, now to come forward against him; this appears as a dagger to her heart. When she thinks of the beginning of his conduct, love and anger wounds her breast; she feels to pity him, and feels to be sorry for him; because she judges that Satan hath blinded his eyes, that in seeing he cannot see, and in hearing he cannot understand; therefore she feels pity mixed with her anger, that a minister like him, whom she once admired, she should now be compelled to come against. This is more than she can bear, unless the Lord supports her through. Nature is nature, and has its feelings: she has the honour of God on the one hand, and pursuing a man on the other, whom she once looked on as his faithful servant. Thus is her heart torn with different passions; for she cannot give up the one without the other; she cannot give up the man without pursuing him with justice, unless she gives up the command of the Lord; and she would sooner give up her life than that; for what is his honour, or her life, to disobeying the command of the Lord in love that astonishes her? Here she cannot draw back; and on the other hand she is pressed to go forward against a man whom she pitied, and once reverenced and esteemed. But when she received his letter of abuse, she felt no sorrow but anger and indignation, to think he should accuse
her so falsely and spitefully. This raised her anger to go through anything; but when she began to ponder on his former conduct, it brought love and pity to her heart; and this causes the distress of her mind. If he had been all one way, she could have been all one way with him; but as he hath acted two ways, that causes two passions, which she can scarcely bear. Oh, that he had been either one thing or the other!

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee: Thy heart is like my heart, and thy feeling is like my feeling for as thou feel'st love and anger for Pomeroy, call'nig to mind his former preaching and former conduct; just so is my feeling for thousands: for I have thousands like Pomeroy in the Kingdom; whose love and zeal for me I once regarded, as they shewed their love to my coming in the Flesh; but now I am come in the Spirit, they persecute me, as Pomeroy persecutes thee; and they wound my heart, and grieve my Spirit, as Pomeroy wounds and grieves thine. I am loath to come against them and destroy them; yet, for my own honour and great Name, I must come against them, as thou must go against Pomeroy: though I do it with reluctance, as thou dost by Pomeroy; therefore I shewed thee the Vision in thy bed. They were wounding me, as Pomeroy is wounding thee; there is not that man upon earth that hath wounded thy heart like Pomeroy; and now I tell thee, there is no man upon earth grieves my Spirit so much as these that profess a great love for my Name, as dying for them: their words and prayers were as well pleasing to me, as Pomeroy's preaching was to thee; but now they are turned as spiteful against me, coming in the Spirit, as Pomeroy is turned against thee. But let thy sorrow cease: this thing of Pomeroy I permitted, to bring it out to the whole nation at large; and therefore I shewed thee the Vision of the Perspiration thou sawest me in. Remember my cold sweat.
In the garden of Gethsemane, what I suffered for the unbelief of the Jews, by sweating as it were drops of blood! and now I shewed thee, from the unbelief of the Gentiles, my sweats the same, and my hair wet with the dews of the night; because they would not open their doors to let me in; I shewed thee my leg, like thine, the wounds I daily receive from men through unbelief. This I shewed thee, before I had worked in thy heart the like feeling for Pomeroy; for thou canst have that feeling for no man but he, who began in the Spirit and now seems to end in the Flesh; but thy feeling could not be so great for him, if I had not softened thy heart to shew thee what I feel for Man.

So now within thou dost begin,
To ask how this can be,
That I can suffer so for Man,
As thou dost grieve for he?
I tell you plain, ye sons of men,
My sorrows are the same;
You make me grieve, you'll not relieve
My Burden now 'tis come;
My Burden here doth strong appear,
'As Man I'm come to free;
My Bible I have made so clear
For every eye to see;
If men will come to be my friends,
As friends they must appear,
To know the Promise in the end
The Woman this must clear.
But see the Land how they do stand,
Like Pomeroy to begin;
When first he saw thy written hand,
Did he condemn the thing,
To say from hell the whole did swell?
Thou knowest it was not so;
But now the truth to all I tell,
When my friends strong did go
To prove the whole, from me the call,
And so they took it up,
Then mark how Pomeroy he did fall,
In unbelief did drop;
Because that he himself did see
Cast out from being first,
As other men with thee did join
To have the truth to burst.

H h 2
So thousands here like him appear, 
Their pride doth swell the same; 
Because that I did visit thee, 
And to them did not come. 
The pride of men doth thus begin, 
By Satan's arts to swell, 
As every thing to me is seen; 
But this to thee I tell, 
My Bible true before their view 
Could never come that way. 
No: 'tis the Spirit and the Bride, 
As I before did say; 
My Bible here I'll now make clear, 
The truth I'll now maintain, 
Though men like Pomeroy are acting here — 
To give me every pain; 
Because my heel no man doth feel 
How it was bruised at first; 
And 'tis the Woman's claim must come 
To have the Serpent cast. 
But men appear like Pomeroy here — 
"These Prophecies we see; " But yet they never shall appear, "Our hearts inflam'd they be, "To see the call, how men do fall "To vindicate the word" 
And in their hearts they've burnt the whole, The Promise of their God! 
They see the first like Pomeroy burst, Laid all before thy view; 
But I am come to make clear, Like Pomeroy men do do; 
Destroy it all, and prove the fall Cannot be cleared this way; 
But when my Bible forth I call "Ask what men will say? "Will they appear like Pomeroy here, In spite against their God, And say the fall they'll never clear, 'The way that I allude? "No; it shall burn, our hearts we'll turn "Against our Saviour there; "We'll never own the truth shall come "To have it so appear; "The Woman's fall is cast on all, "And there it now may stand; "We'll burn the word that's on record "And so condemn her hand." 
Now I'll appear to answer here, Like Pomeroy men must do: 
Destroy my word that's on record, And hide it from men's view, 
'Kre they can come to condemn My Bible is so plain.
Of every word that's on record,
Can ne'er be prov'd by man;
No other way, to thee I say,
Her Promise must appear.
But me, like Pomeroy, now do lay,
My Bible they burn here,
As they do say another way
My Bible it is plac'd;
The sorrows all must fall on me,
And Satan never taste
The blâtie on him, that did begin
To cause her every Fall;
But I do tell you, in the end
The flames on all will fall.
So Pomeroy here doth strong appear
A Type before your view;
And different passions do appear
In thee I well do know;
Thou lov'dst him first when he did burst
In honour to my name;
But when thou seest he all doth cast,
And put thee so to shame,
Then anger see inflam'd in thee,
Thy passions they were strong;
Because he burnt the truth of thee,
As unto me 'tis known;
Just to my word that's on record.
Professing Friends appear,
They burn like he, I plain do see,
And will not see it clear;
My Bible's true, before their view,
And put into their hands,
And yet like Pomeroy they do do,
And will not let it stand,
So me they grieve, theirselves deceive—
The Type stands deep of he:
Throughout the land I see them stand
To wound the heart of me.
Believers here like him appear,
That once believ'd my word,
A Saviour I did sure appear,
But ne'er believ'd my Blood
Must now be laid, as then I said,
Upon the Serpent's head:
No; this they burn, the words they turn.
For Satan close has laid,
I say, to all; because the Fall
Shall ne'er come back on he,
And so like Pomeroy I see all,
The Truth they will not see—
"No; it we'll burn, and Christ may
That he his Life laid down;
Unto him now we will not turn,
Like Pomeroy men are found!"
But thou dost say another way—
'Tis Ignorance blinds their eyes,
Because my Bible they can't see
To make them act more wise.
And this I see as well as thee,
In unbelief they go,
Which now doth work my jealousy,
My Spirit fill with woe!
So thou'st complain'd the ways of men,
And I complain the same:
Bring forth my BIBLE, I demand,
Or set it in a flame;
One of the two I bid men do—
Deny ME as a GOD;
Or lay the truth before their view,
And let my words be shew'd,
That all is come, as spoke by man,
And as spoke by ME;
My Bible must the Trial stand,
Though burning hearts I see
Are now inflam'd, as Satan's come
Strongly to work in all;
And just like Pomeroy men have done,
The Truth they will not call—
"We'll not appear to shew it clear
"The Bible proves her wrong."
No, no; the Truth they there do fear
Doth justify her hand,
Like Pomeroy's word upon record,
That I first gave to he:
He promised first the truth should burst,
If so it prov'd to be;
But when it came as in his hand,
He would not see it plain;
Neither the Truth would he let stand,
But hide it all from Man;
Just so your Land it now doth stand;
My Shepherds do agree
To burn my word that's on RECORD,
The truth they will not see.
But here within thou dost begin
To say my Bible stands,
As on record is every word,
It is not burnt by men
That do appear MY SHEPHERDS here—
And this I know is true;
Yet know from hell the flames do swell,
And burning hearts I know
He works in men, not to discern
The Truth before them lies;
They will not see how I do warn,
Nor yet the Truth espy.
So they do go, as he did do,
For to deny the whole;
The Anger of the Lord Against Satan.

For Satan's arts before my view
Do strongly work in all;
He in a flame doth wish my name
In every thing to cast,
But he shall see the truth in me,
For on him I shall burst.
So now from thee I'll answer he—
Of Pomeroy thou didst say,
If he'd ne'er acted well to thee,
In anger thou should'st lay
For to go on against the man,
Because thy rage would burn;
But as he acts two different ways,
Thy bowels now do yearn
Over the man, if he will turn;
And mine do yearn the same,
I say, o'er men, if they will turn
They'll know my every name!
For just like thee my heart they'll see,
My passions here are two;
But where is one I now shall come,
And hell shall find it so;
Because that there no love appears
My anger to abate;
For him, like man, I cannot clear,
He now shall feel his fate!
For just like thee, all men shall see,
My heart for all is come:
And pen the words were spoke by thee;
I'll answer thee again.

The words spoken by me this day were, that my heart was wounded with the two different conducts of Mr. Pomeroy; because he had spoken well of me, as well as ill; and he had used me with kindness, as well as ill-nature. But I said, if his conduct had been all of a-piece, like a preacher at Halifax, in Yorkshire, that would listen to no reason from his Bible, and would neither point out any thing from the books to shew wherein he condemned them, but aggravatingly and provokingly say I was a strumpet, without saying why or wherefore. Against such a man as that, I said I could come forward with the greatest pleasure; because I could justly lay to his charge what he had laid to mine; for he is an impostor, that condemns a thing he knows nothing about; and will persuade others to be as blind as himself. So as I had never received any thing from that man, but impudent ridicule, it;
would give me pleasure to come against him. Now though Mr. Pomeroy has ridiculed it the same at the last, yet he shews some excuse for his anger; because his name is put in print, which he thinks I have disgraced him thereby; and he is pleading his former kindness; but forgetting what unkindness unbelief has brought in him. Therefore I pity a man that judges he has room for his anger; but I cannot pity a man that has got no room at all for his spite and malice against me.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee. As thy different feelings are between these two men, so are my different feelings between men and devils; for Satan cannot appear to say I have injured him; for I tried his reign in Heaven, and I have tried it here upon Earth; and his malice is against me, as the man's was against thee, without allowing any justice, or any reason.

Therefore against him I shall come,
As thou dost say, against the man.
That thou in anger could'st appear
To meet thy bold accuser there.
Because he nothing had to plead
Why he such unjust charge had laid
Unto a person he did not know,
Whether the thing was false or true;
Or yet no reason would he see,
That he'd unjustly blamed thee,
A character he did not know,
And no offence to him didst shew.
Which justly made thy anger burn,
And so against him thou could'st come
In nought but anger to appear
And I shall fully answer here,
My anger men shall find like thee,
The truth they all shall hear and see;
And Satan he shall find the same,
Though he's despis'd my every Name,
And he no more has got to plead
Than had the man from what he said.
So now let Satan to appear,
He'll find my anger kindled here;
Because, I tell him, like that man,
Without his reasons, did condemn—
reasons for love and anger.

but pomeroy hath condemned the same;
but know, he judged thou'dst spoil'd his name
and made it odious to appear,
wherefore his anger's kindled here.
so he hath some excuse to plead,
as thou hast cast it on his head
that he did support thy hand at first,
and afterwards against thee burst,
which is no honour to the man;
so he hath reason for to come,
while he in unbelief appears;
he may be angry and may fear
his character will now be lost,
to see his judgment all is plac'd
so many years to lead thee on,
and then against thee for to come.
now here's a type stands deep for all;
i tell you, deeply from the fall,
it was of adam at the first,
when with the woman he was plac'd;
he never did condemn her hand.
till he the trial could not stand,
and then he did condemn the two;
his maker strong before his view,
he with the woman did condemn.
and so like thee, in love i came
to bear the blame that was cast at first,
that on the serpent it might burst;
for just like thee have i went on,
to feel compassion still for man;
because i knew he was betray'd,
as pomeroy's blame thou'st often laid
on other shepherds that were near;
thou know'st they made the man to fear,
and so the pity came in thee,
and so i tell thee it came in me;
but now 'tis drawing to the end,
in love and anger i'll descend,
i tell you, on the sons of men.
now if their errors they'll see clear,
and own in judgment they did err,
they'll find my love for to return,
as thine for pomeroy now will come.
if he appears to clear the whole;
thou'lt free the man, and cast his fall,
i know, upon another's head,
because the blame will so be laid;
and so i tell thee now of men,
if they to clear the truth will come
to claim the promise at the first,
on satan's head it must now be cast;
so here's a type stands deep for man;
and pomeroy must the trial stand,
or else the trial, all will see,
will be brought round to judge of her.
then how can ever he appear?
his honour he can never clear;
I tell thee, if he now stands mute,
That he must perish with the root
That did the Woman first betray;
Because on him the guilt must lay,
For know he tempted thee to fall—
This Type is deep, I now tell all,
And therefore Pomeroy must repent
That e'er his mind with man was bent.
Thy Innocence for to betray;
For close to him the Serpent lay,
So he did tempt the Man to fall.
The Woman's hand, I now tell all,
Against the tempter must appear,
And man must come his guilt to clear,
That he was tempted to the thing;
I know, through ignorance all was done.
And so I tell thee of the Fall,
(It was through ignorance, I tell all,
The Man and Woman were betray'd)
That now I'll cast on Satan's head—
But now thy pondering thoughts I see:
If ignorance first in both there be,
And I that ignorance cast on all,
Then sure for pity Man must call,
That all through ignorance were betray'd.
And cast the whole on Satan's head.
But to thy thoughts I'll answer here,
That my commands men ought to fear;
And I shall come to Adam's guilt;
By every one it was not felt
For they to die in Adam's Fall,
Because in me they now live whole,
Whose Sins by death I've took away;
And for the tempter now I say,
Did he not tempt Men to the Fall,
He'd tempt them worse, I tell you all,
Like fallen angels to appear.
And then their guilt I could not clear;
But as his arts came round this way,
The simple Woman to betray,
Then I shall bring it on his head,
As in the Fall it then was laid.
So from the Shadow all must see
The Type is deep of him and thee;
Because thou tempt'dst him at the first
To take the good fruit as 'twas plac'd,
And bid him judge thy written hand,
Whether 'twas good as it did stand;
And so the fruit he did receive,
And at the first he did believe
That good fruit in it might appear,
Before the world it mock'd him here.
Now this was Adam's case at first,
He took the evil as 'twas plac'd,
When Eve had given it to his hand;
At first he did not her condemn.
MEN NOW ACT LIKE ADAM IN THE FALL.

Before that I condemn'd the whole,
And then thou knowest the Man did fall;
And so by Pomeroy doth appear,
When men condemn'd thy writings here,
He did begin to fall the same,
And all thy innocence did blame.
So now the Trial let him stand,
As he the woman so condemn'd,
Against her he doth strong appear,
Though he the fruit received there;
Then by the fruit I bid him stand,
And let the truth be shewn to Man.
But this thou sayest he cannot do;
(The fruit's destroy'd, I well do know)
Then let him answer from the word,
Whether he judge a thing of God,
That he so easy could destroy,
Or whether hell could this enjoy
To make his folly to appear,
If he in judgment did not err?
Could Satan's wisdom brighter go,
Than I by wisdom e'er could shew?
If he by me was guided here
In wisdom strong and spirit dear,
Then he in wisdom should go on,
Satan should never condemn the man,
This very way to have him cast,
And prove his wisdom cannot last:
No; here I tell thee it must fall,
And Pomeroy stands a Type for all,
Because his character is gone;
And so I'll prove by every man,
Their characters are gone the same
That now thy written hand do blame;
And so like Pomeroy they will fall—
The Type is deep I tell you all;
Though I've a heart to feel like thee,
My Shepherds' folly I do see,
How much like Pomeroy they are come,
Yet I, like thee, shall all condemn;
As for thy writings thou dost cry
So for my Bible now I say,
Let all my Bible to appear,
And ask if they the whole can clear,
When all is laid before their view?
I know like Pomeroy they must do,
To say that they have burnt the whole;
Or yet deny it from the Fall:
The Woman's guilt was never cast
Upon the Serpent so to burst;
So men like Pomeroy must appear,
To say—"our Bibles we'll not clear;
"Because we wish to keep them back,
"The woman's promise may not break
"With every truth surrounded here"—
I ask which way can men appear.
Their guilt in every thing to free,
As they did cast their guilt on me,
And so upon the woman there?
But now the woman's come to clear,
I say, herself of every guilt,
And on the man shall now be felt,
That he by arts deceit'd her here,
And see if he himself can clear.
I tell thee it can't be by man—
The Trial Pomeroy cannot stand,
To cast the blame upon thy head;
For wrong like Adam all is laid,
Because on thee he cast his fall;
But I do answer now to all,
The Fall of him ne'er came from thee,
Which in the end they all will see;
And so I say of Adam's Fall,
I suffer'd wrong come all from Hell;
But by the judgment Man did draw,
I did submit, you all do know,
And Satan shall submit the same;
So men no more the woman blame,
for I shall end it by these two,
The Man and Woman in your view;
And then I ask which Men will free,
If they do prove the blame's in he,
To cast it on the Woman's head,
Then on the Serpent it must be laid;
For here's the ending of the Fall—
The Type stands deep, I tell you all,
If you the mystery can but see,
'Tis deep of Pomeroy and of thee.
But in the Woman now I'm come,
For to condemn the Fall of Man;
Or else I say the Fall to clear—
Let Man confess that he did err,
And then the tempter shall be bound,
And own his guilt must now be found,
He did tempt the Woman and the Man,
For so by arts he laid his plan;
And so he did tempt the Woman first,
Then on the Man he strong did burst,
To have him cast his blame on me.
But now the ending all shall see,
The Type of Pomeroy here goeth deep;
Though in thy heart for him thou'st weep,
But now I tell thee weep no more,
If thou thy Saviour dost adore;
Cast off the veil that stands between,
Let no man have the heart of thine,
That now to mockery all will turn;
But let them know thy Lord is come
In all his power to appear:
His honour thou dost wish to clear,
And by thy master now thou'lt stand;
Though thou dost grieve for fallen man;
SATAN'S ARTS IN THE FALL MADE TO CAST HIM. 252

But if his fall he'll not deplore,
I bid thee for to grieve no more,
Till he his folly do repent,
And say his mind is fully bent
To know wherein the fault doth lie;
If that the calling's from on High,
Then 'tis himself that he must blame,
And so the tempter he will shame.
So here's the Trial at the last,
Thou knowest they judg'd the Woman first,
And from the Serpent did her free,
And said the fault came all from he;
And now they judge her with the Man,
Which of the two they most condemn:
So if they free her from the two,
The Fall of Man, you all must know,
Must be turn'd back on Satan's head,
And I, the advocate, must plead;
Satan first did work in Man,
Me and the Woman to condemn,
That on his head it might not appear.
The Type goeth deep; no man can clear
How I these shadows all brought round,
To prove the Fall in every sound;
By Satan's arts came all at first,
Though in the Woman he did burst,
Yet in the Man he burst the same,
I say, on me to cast the blame;
And so in Pomeroy he did come,
To make him then his Lord condemn;
But when the truth that I do clear,
Then Pomeroy he may stand in fear:
And the Abels I shall free,
That do stand out in love to me.
So here's a Type stands deep for Man;
A simple way the Fall began,
And so a simple way shall end;
To bring it round was my intend,
I tell you all, a simple way:
Like the beginning this doth lay,
'Twas for a simple thing at first,
You say, that Adam he was cast;
But yet you know he disobey'd,
And brought my words upon his head,
That I in honour could not clear;
And now the same I answer here,
How can my honour ever stand,
To say that I direct thy hand,
And unto Pomeroy bid thee go,
That he the truth might see and know?
I bid thee put it in his hand,
Then sure the Trial he must stand,
Or fataller now than Adam's Fall
If he refuse his every call;
Because, in honour as a man,
If he thy writings can condemn,
In justice he must now appear,
To prove the truth was never clear.
If he his honour now will free,
He's compass'd round, I now tell thee,
To act in honour as a man;
Therefore the Trial he must stand.
But if the calling is from God,
He'd hide himself, it must be known,
Because he wish'd not to appear:
His nakedness he'll now see clear,
How he is naked now to all;
The Woman hath brought on his fall,
And this is done by my command.
And so the Trial he must stand,
Then he shall fall to rise again.
If he come forward to contend
It is the Woman caus'd his fall,
And prove his honour clear in all,
Before the Woman he betray'd,
And now she's cast it on his head,
And so his honour here is lost.
But when the truth to him doth burst,
He'll find his honour rise more high
Than e'er before it here did lie,
And see his standing more secure
Than 'twas before for to endure;
Because his standing is by me—
The Woman's innocence shall free.
The every fall that is in Man,
That now the Trial bold will stand;
So thou of Pomeroy grieve no more.
Canst thou believe thy God is here,
And will not justify the man?
If to the Trial he do come,
And there confess his every guilt,
The way at first his fears he felt;
Then I will surely free the man,
In Adam's fall he now doth stand,
By Satan's arts that then were near,
And so like Adam he did fear;
As he was weaken'd by his fall,
He hath no strength to stand at all.
Till by my power I raise him up,
So do not fear that he will drop.
Because that I shall raise him so,
In passions strong he'll see and know,
And jealousy I shall alarm,
And he shall fear that I do warn.
So now in peace thy soul possess,
And comfort now thy troubled breast
But sure thy sorrows I work'd so,
That men from thee might see and know
What sorrows I do feel for all
That now reject my every call.
So here of Pomeroy I shall end—
Deep are the lines that thou hast read,
I tell you, deep as none can see
The Type of Pomeroy and of thee:
A thing that I did first ordain
To bring the Fall now back on men;
And when that men do see it clear
They must confess the Man did err,
To blame his Maker at the first,
As Satan's subtle arts did burst
Upon the Woman at that time,
And Man as weak they all must find,
As he was tempted so to fall—
And now let Pomeroy judge the call;
And so from Pomeroy I'll go on;
He stands a Type to every man,
Because his honour I'll not clear,
Till he confess his Lord is here:
And so I say of every man,
Their honour I shall all condemn,
As men condemn'd the honour here:
Of those that see the calling clear,
Because their honour men judge lest,
And proud against them they do boast
And now as proudly I shall come,
For to condemn the ways of man,
That did begin to cause the Fall,
Or say the honour's gone from all
That did believe thy every word;
They'll find the honour of a God
Will now their every honour clear.
Two ways you say the Woman here
Hath took the honour all from man,
Because my friends they here do stand,
Like fools and madmen they are plac'd,
The way the world in wisdom burst;
And so the Woman caus'd their fall,
For so you know they're judged by all;
Judged in all folly to appear,
And so you see their fall is here,
Plac'd by the Woman to be cast,
And so the Fall they say doth burst
Upon them by the Woman's hand;
But here's a Trial none can stand,
As all her foes are fallen the same,
And she their conduct great doth blame,
Which they by wisdom cannot free.
Then now, blind mortals, answer me,
Why, you your honour do not clear?
You say two ways you're fallen here;
Those that believe fall by her hand,
(For so they're judged now by man)
And those that don't believe at all,
You must confess that great's their fall,
If they their honour cannot clear.
Then now I bid you answer here,
Which of the two you judge to fall,
He that can stand and boldly call
The Trial forward to appear?
Or he that saith "I cannot clear
"The charges laid before my view;
"I must confess the whole is true?"
Then boldly tell me who doth fall?
It is the honour, I tell all,
That now must free the Fall of Man,
And say that boldly he can stand
To say the Woman he obey'd,
As in my Bible it is said
That she her Promise there should claim;
For by it I shall Man redeem.
When I do bruise the Serpent's head,
Then Man's redemption I shall plead,
And so the Woman hath begun
To plead the Promise made for Man,
And yet you say that she must fall;
Then now my Bible I do call
To prove that you have plac'd it wrong;
Or else, like Pomeroy, you do burn
The words are plac'd before your view,
Because you will not own them true;
But I shall come and compass round,
As in thy musing thoughts thou'st found
A way herein to compass all—
Thy friends can't fly; thy foes must fall;
And so the Trial all must stand.
I'll own thou'st prov'd the Fall of Man;
But as thou'st brought it round by me,
The Fall of Man I'll surely free.
That now comes forth to prove thy word,
They'll prove their Fall came from the Lord;
Because they did me deny,
They'll prove their Fall came from on high;
But those that do believe thy word,
They'll know their standing's from the Lord,
And say I come to free the Fall,
My Bible's true, they'll prove to all,
Till every one is compass'd round,
As in thy musing thoughts were found
A way, I say, to compass here,
And so the ending will appear;
Because I say, I compass so,
I've left no way for men to go
Their every folly for to free,
That mock the calling now of thee;
But I'll go on to mock them all,
Till down their haughty pride shall fall,
And then, I say, I'll raise them up
When that I see their pride to drop.
For so their ending must appear:
The rise and fall of Man is here;
Because that men I shall raise up.
That now will fall and humbly hope,
Like my believers at the first,
I'm come to clear the Fall at last.
A way that men did never know,
Though they believ'd my Bible true;
A way that they could never clear,
Yet I by truth will prove it here;
The Promise I made at the first,
In the Creation, now shall burst.
So men may fall to rise no more,
That say, the Promise we can't bear;
But they that wish to have it stand,
I'll raise them by my powerful hand,
And their redemption they shall see—
Another day I'll answer thee,
And from my Bible I'll appear;
But now this subject I'll end here;
For 'tis a subject deep for Man,
That can the mysteries here discern;
The lines go deep beyond your view,
But all shall find the end is true—
But I do know one thought in thee:
Thou sayest, my Bible cannot free,
To say her Promise she must claim.
But I shall reason this with men,
And ask what Bride must then appear,
The Marriage of the Lamb to clear,
If she don't come and claim my word,
For to avenge my dying Blood
Upon the serpent, as 'twas cast?
No other way the Bride is plac'd,
To bring the Marriage of the Lamb,
That I may be joined with them.
So here's the Promise she must claim
No other way a Wife I mean,
To place the Woman so with me:
But now if you with her agree,
I will make you Wives the same,
And you shall know my every Name;
But if you will not so agree,
My love to anger turn'd shall be;
For you must know, upon record
The Woman must proclaim my Word,
Proclaim my Promise to appear.
I from my Bible this shall clear,
I tell you all, another day
I'll shew my Bible howt doth lay;
But for the present I'll end here,
Before another day appear.

Saturday, October 20, 1804.

1 Colossians i. 23—If ye continue in the faith
grounded and settled, and be not moved away from
the hope of the Gospel. Now see what the hope of
the Gospel is, verse 19—For it pleased the Father
that in him should all fulness dwell; and having made peace through the Blood of his Cross, by him to reconcile all things unto himself; by him, I say, whether they be things in earth, or things in heaven. 1 Timothy ii. 4—7—Who will have all men to be saved, and to come unto the knowledge of the truth. For there is one God, and one Mediator between God and men, the man Christ Jesus; who gave himself a ransom for all, to be testified in due time. Hebrews ii. 14—Forasmuch then as the children are partakers of flesh and blood, he also himself likewise took part of the same; that through death he might destroy him that had the power of death, that is, the Devil; and deliver them who, through fear of death, were all their life time in bondage. Chap. iv. 8—For if Jesus had given them rest, then would he not afterwards have spoken of another day. There remaineth therefore a rest to the people of God.—Let us labour therefore to enter into that rest, lest any man fall after the same example of unbelief. Romans ix. 28—For he will finish the work, and cut it short in righteousness: because a short work will the Lord make upon the earth. Chap. xi. 15, 32—For if the casting away of them be the reconciling of the world, what shall the receiving of them be, but life from the dead? For God hath concluded them all in unbelief, that he might have mercy upon all. Chap. xiii. 11—And that, knowing the time, that now it is high time to awake out of sleep: for now is our Salvation nearer than when we believed. Chap. xvi. 20—And the God of Peace shall bruise Satan under your feet shortly. 1 Corinthians xv. 25—For he must reign, till he hath put all enemies under his feet. The last enemy that shall be destroyed is death. For he hath put all things under his feet. Ephesians i. 10, 22—That in the dispensation of the fulness of time he might gather together in one all things in Christ, both which are in heaven, and which are on earth; even in him.—And hath put all things under his feet,
and gave him to be the head over all things to the church, which is his body, the fulness of him that filleth all in all. *Chap. ii. 16*—That he might reconcile both unto God in one body by the Cross, having slain the enmity thereby. *1 Peter iv. 12, 13*—Beloved, think it not strange concerning the fiery Trial which is to try you, as though some strange thing had happened unto you: but rejoice, inasmuch as ye are partakers of Christ's sufferings; that, when his glory shall be revealed, ye may be glad also with exceeding joy. *Chap. v. 4*—When the chief Shepherd shall appear, ye shall receive a crown of glory that fadeth not away. *2 Peter i. 16*—We have not followed cunningly devised fables, when we made known unto you the power and coming of our Lord Jesus Christ. *1 John 2, 28*—And now, little children, abide in him; that, when he shall appear, we may have confidence, and not be ashamed before him at his coming. *Chap. iv. 14*—And we have seen and do testify that the Father sent the Son to be the Saviour of the world. *Revelation i 18*—I am he that liveth, and was dead; and, behold I am alive for evermore; and have the keys of hell and of death. *Chap. ii. 26*—He that overcometh, and keepeth my works unto the end, to him will I give power over the nations. *Chap. v. 9*—For thou wast slain, and hast redeemed us to God by thy blood, out of every kindred, and tongue, and people, and nation; and hast made us unto our God kings and priests; and we shall reign on the earth. *Chap. xi. 17*—We give thee thanks, O Lord God Almighty, which art, and wast, and art to come; because thou hast taken to thee thy great power, and hast reigned. *Ver. 18*—And the nations were angry, and thy wrath is come—that thou shouldest give reward unto thy servants the prophets, and to the saints, and them that fear thy name, small and great; and shouldest destroy them that destroy the earth. *Chap. xv. 4*—Who shall not fear thee, O Lord, and
glorify thy name? for thou only art holy: for all nations shall come and worship before thee; for thy judgments are made manifest. *Chap. xvi. 15—*Behold, I come as a thief. Blessed is he that watcheth, and keepeth his garments, lest he walk naked, and they see his shame. *Chap. xix. 9—*He said unto me, write, blessed are they which are called unto the marriage supper of the Lamb. And he said unto me, these are the true sayings of God—For the testimony of Jesus is the spirit of prophecy. *Chap. xx. 1—*And I saw an angel coming down from heaven, having the key of the bottomless pit and a great chain in his hand. And he laid hold on the dragon, that old serpent, which is the Devil, and Satan, and bound him a thousand years, and cast him into the bottomless pit, and shut him up, and set a seal upon him, that he should deceive the nations no more, till the thousand years should be fulfilled. *Chap. xxi. 3. 6—*I heard a great voice out of heaven, saying, behold the tabernacle of God is with men, and he will dwell with them, and they shall be his people, and God himself shall be with them, and be their God. And God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes.—I am Alpha and Omega, the beginning and the end. I will give unto him that is athirst of the fountain of the water of life freely. He that overcometh shall inherit all things; and I will be his God, and he shall be my son. *Chap. xxii. 12—*Behold, I come quickly; and my reward is with me, to give every man according as his works shall be. I am Alpha and Omega—the first and the last. Blessed are they that do his commandments, that they may have right to the tree of life, and may enter in through the gates into the city.—I Jesus have sent mine angel to testify unto you these things in the Churches.—The Spirit and the Bride say, come. And let him that heareth say, come. And whosoever will, let him take the water of life freely.

**THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.**

"Now, Joanna, I shall begin where thou hast end-
ed. The Spirit and the Bride are come to warn all men of my coming. Now, let the world answer me, how I could be the beginning and the ending, the first and the last, without I accomplish according to my words? Was I not the beginning in the creation, to form man in my own likeness, and make the woman for his helpmate and happiness? This was my plan in the beginning, when I made man at first; then I must accomplish it in the ending, if I am the last.—

So if man say another way,
I shall not so appear,
A way to end as I began,
And bind the tempter there
Unto his pit, that doth commit
Such power and poison strong;
The nations worship at his feet,
He doth them overcome;
But I'll appear, I tell thee here,
Just as my Bible's plac'd;
And Satan may begin to fear,
For now his doom is cast.

For I've begun by thy weak hand,
That every soul shall see;
My Spirit by thee now shall stand,
To set the nations free;
That Satan here might not appear,
Deceitful to go on.
I am the first, I am the last,
And so I now shall come:

So do not fear, thy hour draws near,
Thy weakness now I see;
Thou think'st thou never canst appear,
But I thy strength shall be.
My Bible through I now shall go,
And I'll make good the whole,
Though men by wisdom cannot see
The way it now must fall;
And yet, vain men, they do contend
The wisdom is in Man!
But where's their power for to devour
The Tempter that doth stand
Close to them all? No; Man must all;
The strength is not in Man
For to appear in power here,
And chain the Serpent down.
No; 'tis in me, they all must see;
Then I must warn before,

In Spirit strong to Man I'm come,
And in the Bride appear;
Your helpmate see it must be me—
Could thy weak foolish hand
Ever appear the whole to clear?
For trembling thou dost stand
Ready to fall, I tell you all,
Thy weakness I do know;
Though boldly launch'd by my command,
Thou tremblest now to go
To meet the man, where all doth stand
A shadow of the fall.
If all stand back, discern the stroke,
And now behold the call;
The Man at first the blame did cast
Upon the Woman's head;
And now the last see how 'tis plac'd,
The Woman so is laid,
For to turn back on him the stroke—
She's casting all on Man;
And he is feller'd in the stroke,
No Trial he can stand
Himself to free, I now tell thee,
Unless he will fall down
And say his helpmate must be thee,
No good in him is found;
For good alone he cannot stand,
As I did say at first.
Can he appear himself to clear,
If I on him should burst?
The truth demand, can he now stand
To say his words are true?
I tell you not: hath he forgot
That all's before my view?
Can he appear the whole to clear,
To cast it on thy head?
I tell thee no, thou well dost know;
Then back the stroke is laid;
I say, on Man it now is come,
And I'll turn back the whole;
In the beginning 'twas my plan,
That so the end should fall.
The Woman, see, I gave to he,
I made her for his good;
And so the ending now shall be,
To those that with her stood;
For after Man, I next shall come
To cast it back on Hell;
And then the ending all will see
Like the beginning fell:
When Adam here did first appear
A helpmate he had none,
Before the Woman did appear,
And then his joys did come.
'Tis known to me, he joy did see
To see her to appear
In the beginning so from me,
And so I'll end it here;
Because at last their joy shall burst,
When I in thee am found;
And they shall hear the Tempter cast,
As Adam heard the sound.
As I began I now shall end,
In all things to appear;
But there's no man on earth can come
To make My Bible clear,
And make it true before their view,
The way the whole must come.
For Adam's trembling, all must know,
Must be brought round by Man:
The blame on thee is cast by he,
But I shall so appear;
To tell him plain, ye sons of men,
Himself he cannot clear;
No: back on Hell from Man 't must fall,
For there he must submit,
And so the ending I shall call;
For Satan laid his net
Both to betray, I now do say,
But here he came in vain;
But now in Man I know he stands,
And I'll cut short his reign;
Then as the first you see the last,
The Woman's for his good.
There's not a man on earth can stand
And to thy friends allude:
They all must fall, I tell you all,
If thou should'st fall before;
But here's the ending of thy call,
For I shall strong appear;
Against the Man I first shall come
To cast it on his head;
Because that he did me condemn,
But now the fault is laid
Upon the Man, in truth to stand,
And now the truth I'll clear;
I never will give up the Man,
For he his blame shall bear.
Then surely next my mind is fixt,
The Serpent's doom shall come;
And he shall see his end to be,
As I have fix'd it strong;
For so at first I said should burst,
And so I'll end it here;
In the beginning so 'twas plac'd,
And so it shall now appear.
But Man will feel, much like my heel
He's bruised at the first,
Till on the Serpent, as 'tis said,
The every bruise is cast.
So now see clear what shadows here
Are standing of the Fall,
The Man and Woman to appear,
In guilt you both do call;
Because on thee thy guilt, they see,
Is cast by Pomeroy's hand.
And so on him the blame is come,  
Thou'st cast it on the man.  
Then see the two, before your view,  
That must together meet.  
They'll find the Woman's words were true;  
And Satan must submit  
The whole to bear, I tell you here,  
As all her words were true;  
And Man himself can never clear,  
To cast his blame on you,  
And me the same; I tell you plain,  
He surely cast it wrong;  
Unjustly there I then did bear  
The arts of hell that came  
To work in Man, for to condemn  
His Maker at that time;  
But know the way I did begin  
To tell him then my mind;  
So now the end 'tis my intend  
My mind for to go through,  
My word at first shall be at last  
Fulfill'd, they all shall know:  
Then you will see the truth of me,  
As I began at first,  
That I the finisher shall be,  
And make the Woman burst  
For to appear a Helpmate here,  
A Helpmate strong for Man,  
Who says, "our Maker did not err  
"When first he laid his plan."  
So now see plain, ye sons of men,  
The way I've clear'd the first,  
Of the beginning unto men,  
And shew'd you so 't should burst,  
So I'll appear to answer here,  
He that doth overcome,  
His God I surely will appear,  
And make him as my Son.  
My Kingdom here it shall appear,  
The thirsty souls shall see  
The fountains now of life are near,  
And I men's fall shall free.  
But unbelief brings on the grief,  
Where it does sore abound;  
The fearful here I cannot clear,  
Because their fears are found  
For to believe thou dost deceive,  
By Satan's artful hand;  
Then how can they in faith appear,  
Or any Trial stand?  
I tell thee, No; they cannot go  
Ever to claim my word;  
My promise here they'll never clear,  
Nor own me as a God,  
That I shall come in power strong  
As I have said before.
The Revelation now of John
Must all my Bible clear:
The fountain, see, must come from me,
Jerusalem come down,
And the New Covenant they will see
How it will now be found.
When I come down to dwell with men,
In Spirit to appear,
All tears, you'll see, I'll wipe away;
And all things I'll make new;
Your griefs I'll bury in the Sea,
And Satan down shall go,
The earth no more to trouble here,
The nations to deceive;
My promises I now shall clear,
And I with Man will live;
In Spirit strong I now shall come,
And take their grief away;
For death and hell no more shall swell,
As I before did say,
When I've went through what's in my view
I'll chain the rebel down,
And Man enjoy, his God shall know,
And the new songs abound:
For peace on earth they shall possess,
And heavenly joys obtain;
I'll wipe the tears they've had before,
And free them from all pain.
For as things stand now in your land
They shall be done away;
And paradise men may command,
When they my Kingdom see.
So blessed here must all appear
That I do now invite,
If they accept my offer here,
And will not ill requite
My love so strong that is for Man—
The marriage let them see,
How I am come with all to join,
My Spirit's sent to thee
To warn before I shall appear,
My testimony's come;
My Spirit is in prophecy,
Then let the truth be known.
Thou dost testify 'tis from on high,
And testified of me,
When in thy bed that thou didst lie,
What vision thou didst see;
What thou didst hear thou didst declare,
And what within didst feel;
And told them thou wast ready here
The truth for to reveal;
Of God and Man thou here wilt stand
The truth in all to clear;
Then thy believers may command,
They nothing have to fear,
But boldly stand by thy weak hand,
Where Truth doth so abound.
But here's a Trial deep for Man,
Wherein no Truth is found:
Just like that fly he now doth lie,
Then thou must set him free *;
Because the Man he soon will stand,
Just like that fly to be;
Because his Fall he'll see from all,
He hath no feet to stand;
I know he'll tremble at his call,
Though I do it command,
He must appear the whole to clear,
For I'll ne'er give him up;
His honour I can never clear,
If now I let him drop.
So he must stand as I command:
And all must stand the same—
"We never will give up his hand:"
His Promise all must claim,
For to appear the whole to clear,
For I shall all go through;
And as my Bible doth appear,
The ending, all shall know,
Shall now come on, in every land
Confusions will abound;
In unbelief they all do stand,
My Bible none have found
To make it good, as now it stood,
By signs are set before.
The Revelation doth allude
What tumults would appear,
When at the last I came to cast
And chain your deadly Foe,
That strong in Men he'd surely burst
For to bring on their woe;
So sorrows strong, you see, are come,
In every land appear;
I said, my kingdom so should come,
Then what have you to fear,
Where faith is strong? I said I'd come
To be their priest and king,
My Spirit with them I should join,
And they my praise should sing.
The nations here may now appear
My judgments for to see,
And think it is high time to fear;
But those that follow me,
In love to come with me to join,
My kingdom they'll embrace;
For now I tell you every one,
My Gospel tells you this.
The Scriptures see that are penn'd by thee,
I ask men how they'll stand.

* Joanna saw a poor fly on its back and could not help itself till she set it on its legs.
Tossy rejoicing so must be,
When judgment great's at hand,
If 'twas not clear that I was near,
Their sorrows to release,
To change their tumults and their wars,
And bring a lasting peace?
Now I'll begin from what thou'st seen—
When the last plagues appear,
For to fill up the wrath of God
And every judgment near;
When dangers round by all are found,
Appear in every land,
I ask, which way man can be found
To sing the every song
Of Moses here? Can men appear
In sorrow for to sing?
Or of the Lamb can they now come
These victories for to bring?
Did they not know how things would go
They could not sing at all;
Their hearts would soon be fill'd with woe,
And down they soon would fall;
Did I not come in Spirit strong
To warn them of the end,
They ne'er could sing the heavenly song,
To see all nations bend,
And judgments here for to appear
Made manifest to be:
And yet you know tis written here
They'd then sing praise to me.
Then, simple men, can you contend
To tell me how 'tis so,
That praises men to me shall sing,
And land surround'd with woe?
I tell you plain it could not be done,
If I did not appear
To shew it plain to every man,
My coming then was near.
But unbelief will bring on grief,
I tell you, fast on one;
And joy abound, will be the sound,
Believers' faith be strong,
My kingdom here will soon appear,
And it they shall enjoy;
And then the victory they will wear
When I've the foes destroy'd.
So thus to some their joys will come,
While others sink in woe—
"We judge no kingdom is at hand
"To crown the nations so."
From Shadows here I shall appear,
And from them all must see,
Thy Trial makes my Bible clear,
The way the end will be:

* Revelation xv. 4.
Thy friends do long to see the time
To have it to appear;
But unbelief will bring on grief,
And Pomeroy now will fear
For to go through, I well do know,
And here you see the end,
When I my kingdom bring below,
How different men will bend.
Those that are clear my coming's near,
In joy they do abound;
But those that do the truth now fear,
Like Pomeroy will be found.—
"How can I go?" I well do know,
Will soon be Pomeroy's cry;
"For if that every truth they shew,
They'll know that I must lie;
"Then can I free my infamy,
'To say I've not done wrong?"
No, no; it cannot be done by he,
And so I say of men:
They can't appear, when I draw near
To make my Bible true;
And just like Pomeroy they must fear,
When I the whole go through.
They've lied the same as he hath done,
My Spirit to deny;
The Trial all may try to shun
That now did act like he:
I tell thee here, they can't appear
No more to clear my word,
No more than Pomeroy now can clear
What he of thee hath said.
So they draw back to see the stroke,
As they cannot go through;
Like Pomeroy here they do appear,
My Bible's in their view,
Which they deny, as much as he
Denies thy written hand,
Without my spirit to appear
My Bible ne'er can stand.
Can one rejoice to hear my voice
In happiness abound,
Another see in grief to be,
And tremble at the sound?
Could this be done, ye simple men,
Without my warning here?
Belief in some for to be strong
My kingdom will appear?
This must begin in different men,
To make my Bible true;
'Tis unbelievers will complain,
And know not how to go;
Because they mock the coming stroke,
They mock my every word,
They mock my Bible as 'tis plac'd,
And so they mock their Lord.
Then they must fear when I am near,
As Pomeroy's fears will be.
From types and shadows I shall clear
How all the end will see:
I said this year should so appear,
A shadow of the last *;
And now from Pomeroy all may fear
To see the end to burst,
Who mock my word that's on record,
And mock my Bible through;
For as thy hand in Pomeroy's stands,
That he'd destroyed so †,
I tell you here, I'll now appear
And prove they've done the same;
For just like he the shepherds be,
For they destroy my Fame;
As he hath thine so men have mine,
Destroy'd my every word:
But now discern it at the time,
He wish'd from thee to've fled ‡,
While others here wish'd to appear,
With joy to see the end;
To see the Truth in all made clear
Believers' hearts do bend;
But unbelief doth bring on grief
In Pomeroy at this time;
He knows not how to gain relief;
His honour soon he'll find
Is gone from all, and he must fall—
This shadow must appear,
Before that I could prove thy call
To make my Bible clear;
How it doth stand, to shew to Man
My Bible here is plain;
The different conduct now in men
Shews how it all will end.
So some will praise the END OF DAYS,
While others they will fear—
"The END OF DAYS we cannot praise,
"Our unbelief is here."
So men do stand throughout the land,
Like Pomeroy to begin
At first for to uphold thy hand,
And then himself to screen
The whole to burn, when he did turn
To say 'twas not from God:
And by my BIBLE this is done,
For so I shall allude;
Men do appear believers here,
Uphold my BIBLE first;
But when the Truth I'm come to clear,
Like Pomeroy they do cast

* That is, of the last year of judgments on mockers.
† Her handwriting that he burnt.
‡ Alluding to a dream of Joanna.
All in the flame, as he hath done,
For it they do deny—
When to the purpose I do come,
Like Pomeroy is men's cry—
"We do not know that it is so,
"Nor can we this discern."
Then to the purpose I shall go,
And do as thou hast done;
I'll make them fear when I come near
To be the Judge of all;
Because my Gospel none can clear;
The mysteries of the Fall
Do in it stand, I now tell Man:
Then now from Pomeroy see,
How he doth fear for to appear,
And so men's end will be,
That do go on as he hath done—
My Bible now discern,
But he that now doth overcome
I'll surely keep from harm;
For to the end 'tis my intend
Believers for to free;
They'll rule the nations in the end
That now stand out for Me.
But mark and see the mystery,
What sorrows must abound;
With rods of iron men must rule,
Then tremble at the sound!
'Tis unbelief must bring this grief,
To have these rods appear;
Because if men in faith do stand
To wish my Kingdom near,
What rods so strong could there now come?
Discern the mystery deep;
How unbelief must be in some,
To make my Gospel break;
And well I knew it would be so,
As in all ages past,
I knew how unbelief would flow
When it came to the last.
So, simple men, I tell you plain,
To bring the different way
'Tis unbelief, I'll now maintain,
My Bible so doth lay;
Some will believe, and will not grieve
To see the end appear,
While others flee, like Pomeroy,
With trembling and with fear
They'll hear the end—mark how doth bend
Thy ending now is come;
And Pomeroy, in security,
Thought all from him was gone;
But now he sees the end of thee,
He cannot shun thee here;
And perfect so the end will be,
When I in power appear.
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They'll find, like he, they cannot flee,
Their honour so is lost—
"Though we did never judge this way
"Our Saviour here would burst;
"But now he's come for to demand
"Our Bibles to appear,
"No more than Pomeroy can we stand;
"Our Bible we burnt here,
"Not to discern how he did warn
"That he should come again;
"He died to live for evermore,
"And so he now must reign;
"The keys of hell, we do know well,
"Are given to him there;
"Then sure the Tempter he must fall,
"And Christ in power appear"—
Because that then I said to him
That did the Vision see,
Hereafter it must surely come,
And all fulfill'd must be:
The mystery's great without deceit,
The seven stars you see
With golden candlesticks appear,
For so the end will be.
My angels here will so appear,
To keep them by my power;
Their enemies they need not fear,
For I shall them devour.
That's by my word that's on record,
Like Pomeroy they'll be found,
Who cannot stand to judge thy hand,
The truth cannot be found
Now in the man; he cannot stand,
Then down he sure must fall;
And so I tell you, by your land,
'Twill perfect be to all.
Had he not turn'd, thy writings burn'd,
Thou could'st not shame him here;
And so to men I say the same,
They never would appear
With shame to see the words of me,
If they'd not plac'd all wrong;
But in my Bible they did see
That so the End must come.
Then they'd not fear for to appear,
But as they this deny;
For they did act like Pomeroy here,
To burn is now their cry
The every word that's on record,
My Gospel will not see,
How I that am the Son of God
Was manifest to be.
The Saviour here for to appear,
The Devil to destroy.

* Revelation i. 19.
And all his works to put away,
That I might MAN enjoy.
It doth not appear, I tell you here,
As yet, what MAN will be,
But in the end I all shall clear
To those that join with ME,
To have ME come their PRINCE and KING,
And their victorious GOD;
MY GOSPEL now I mean to bring,
And ask how you allude
The words are here that do appear,
By my Apostle penn'd,
That I the Son of GOD came here
The power of hell to rend,
I say, from Man? For this I come,
And this I'll now go through;
But scoffers here do strong appear
In these last days, I know;
They ask thee where these Promises are,
My coming so must be;
And now I bid thee answer here,
The Gospel penn'd by thee
Let them explain what it doth mean,
If I don't make it good.
These Promises no man can clear,
Nor how they do allude
To make it known that I shall come
In power for to appear;
If'tis not so, you all must know,
My Apostles all did err.
So now I say to thee this day,
Like Pomeroy men go on,
They take my Gospel all away,
And do as he hath done;
For fables here they say appear,
That my Apostle penn'd;
And ask ME where the Promises are,
That I'll in power descend
To come again with MAN to reign,
In SPIRIT to appear?
For so my Gospel it is penn'd,
That I shall so appear.
But now to MAN I thus shall come
And ask, who must reveal
MY GLORY here for to appear,
When I from man conceal
The knowledge here to make it clear?
'Tis all conceal'd from man
The way my Bible I shall clear,
Then sure from ME must come
For to reveal and not conceal,
MY GLORY must appear;
And those that suffer now with ME,
Men's mockery for to bear,
Shall then rejoice to hear MY VOICE,
MY POWER for to see,
When I reveal and not conceal,
The mysteries deep to thee
That are behind, they soon will find,
But I shall still go on—
The corner stone will soon be known,
What rock to build upon:
That rock is me; I died to free
The nations in the end;
And so my Gospel, you may see,
Is in this manner penned—
Gird up your loins and you will find
My promise in the end;
So you may hope you shall not drop—
Mark deep the lines are penned:
What grace is here that doth appear,
That's now reveal'd by me?
I say the words no man can clear,
To say from man 't must be *—
Obedience here the whole must clear,
When I myself reveal;
But now I ask men everywhere,
Why they do this conceal?
"Obedience come! 't must not be done!"
Is now their every cry.
The chapter's deep, I say, for men,
Though they do it deny;
But I ask here who do appear
In power kept strong by me,
Through faith unto Salvation here,
That is revealed by me?
In the last time, you all must find,
These things must be reveal'd,
And I am come to plead with Man,
And shew I've not conceal'd
My coming here for to appear,
Your faith to try I'm come;
More precious than the gold you are
That now in faith go on.
Your Trial's great, without deceit,
For Truth you all pursue
And 'tis from me the Truth you'll see,
My honour you shall know;
For I'll appear in power here,
In Spirit like a God;
Your innocence I'll surely clear,
Though men to you allude,
Deceitful here you do appear;
They wish to prove you so.
But I their innocence shall clear—
As they've begun I'll do;
I'll shew them plain I did act like men,
And all the truth shall see:
Unto the standard now I'll come,
And further answer thee,

* 1 Peter i. 19.
The Trial here doth now appear,
Your faith is tried by Man;
And my salvation shall appear,
And you by faith may stand.
Believers here do now appear,
Rejoice to see the end,
Because my spirit it is near,
And so I shall descend;
In spirit strong I shall go on,
Till I've reveal'd the whole,
To shew my kingdom it must come,
As they before did tell.
Because that here I did appear,
Offer'd up once for sin;
But now my office I shall clear,
The second time must come
That I appear, I tell you here,
And without sin must be;
Then all my brethren I must clear—
You know the vine is me:
Then I must come again to Man
And make the branches whole—
My Gospel none do understand,
The way the End must fall:
The words that appear before thee here
No one doth understand."

Hebrews ix. 15, to the 18—And for this cause he
is the Mediator of the New Testament, that by
means of death, for the redemption of the trans-
gressions that were under the first Testament, they
which are called might receive the promise of etern-
al inheritance. For where a Testament is, there
must also of necessity be the death of the Testator.
For a Testament is of force after men are dead: otherwise it is of no strength at all while the Testator
liveth.

"Now I'll appear to answer here.
The words that puzzle thee:
The Mediator I came here,
I say, for Man to be;
And as my Death was then brought forth
The transgression then of Man,
Under the first you'll see the last,
Redemption so must come;
Because the will I shall fulfill,
As promis'd at the first;
After my Death must this come forth,
And so it now shall burst.
Had I not died, might been applied
I'd ne'er fulfill'd the one;
Then sure, in justice, might been said,
My Will could never come.
For to fulfil my Father's Will,
Without my Death appear;
And here the riches of my love,
That in my Death were there:
To bear the first, and claim the last,
And all in love to Man;
And as it was my Father's Will,
I say, that Will shall stand;
For so my Death shall now bring forth,
My Blood shall set you free;
The Testament that God hath join'd
Must be fulfill'd this way.
So now see clear the words are here,
Then your redemption's come;
My Testament must now appear,
In force must all go on.
Burnt offerings here they did appear,
But know they did not do;
Then in the volume of the Book
You know 'tis written so,
That I should come, it must be known,
To do the Will of God:
I took the first, I'll bring the last—
Let this be understood:
"He took away the first," you say,
So I my Life took there,
The second might establish'd be—
My Gospel now see clear,
How all his come, and all do join,
I tell you, with the Fall:
I took away the Sin for Man,
I now do tell you all;
I died to free the guilt of he,
So cast on me at first;
And now establish'd all shall be,
The Promise it shall burst;
The Woman here I now will clear,
And make the Promise good.
So if with patience you wait here,
And do the Will of God,
His Promise, see, shall come to ye;
I will not tarry here,
But I shall come, it shall be known,
My Bible all I'll clear.
So now the just may live by faith,
Relying on my word;
For perfect as my Gospel saith
You'll find your coming Lord,
Who gave my Life to end the strife,
That I might Man redeem,
I tell you, from iniquity,
And so 't shall now be seen;
For zealous here do men appear,
Wishing to have it so:
But foolish questions do appear,
Contention I do know;
About the Law men now do go,
Which way the Law took place;
But I have now reveal'd it so,
To shew the fallen race,
That I must come again to Man
In Spirit to redeem;
To make the Law and Gospel stand
A way 'twas never seen:
For I'll appear to answer here,
My Bible none make true;
For it is more than man can clear,
'Tis I the work must do.
The Law before no man could clear
The way that I should come,
Till I in Bethlehem did appear,
And of the Woman born—
But none did see the mystery
Why that way should come;
That when the Law I did redeem,
And free the Fall of Man,
I must appear, I tell you here,
In Spirit in her form;
Because 'tis she the end must free,
To have her Promise known,
And then to claim, ye sons of men,
And this I shall go through,
And then you'll find it in the end
My Gospel all is true.
But men appear, I tell thee here,
My power for to deny!
Because the wise men, I see here,
They boldly do defy,
The power of God cannot be know'd,
But forms are in their view
Of godliness, it may be shew'd—
But is my Gospel true,
Till I appear in power here
My Gospel to fulfil!
And then the hope to all I'll clear,
My Promise shall be still,
As 'twas before 't shall now appear;
Before the world began
The Promise of your God was there,
To offer up his Son
For Adam's Fall, I tell you all,
Eternal life to come!
Here is the mystery of the Fall;
'Twas known before to Him
That Man would fall, I tell you all
But I must die in vain,
If I do not the Fall recall,
Eternal life to gain;
Because for Man was then my plan,
To die upon the tree,
And after that in power to come,
That all fulfill'd should be.
For I'll appear to answer here,
My Will is Men to save,
That they in knowledge might appear
The truth in all to clear.
For I must come again to men,  
And must their ransom be,  
Who on the Cross did die for them;  
And testified must be  
That I do call to ransom all,  
For my due time is come,  
I say, to free you from the Fall,  
And ransom bring to Man.  
My Bible here you will not clear,  
Nor yet allow it true;  
Now let the learned answer here  
The words before thy view.”—

1 Timothy ii. 5, 6—For there is one God, and one mediator between God and men, the man Christ Jesus; who gave himself a ransom for all, to be testified in due time.

Then where's the man that now can come  
To prove the time was then?  
If in due time I tell my mind,  
Ye simple sons of men,  
A time must come, to you unknown,  
That did not then appear—  
Another Scripture must be shewn  
For men to answer here.

2 Thessalonians ii. 6—9—And now ye know what withholdeth that he might be revealed in his time.—Who now letteth will let, until he be taken out of the way.—Then shall that wicked be revealed, whom the Lord shall consume with the spirit of his mouth, and shall destroy with the brightness of his coming.

Now let this be answered by the learned, who it is that withholdeth, that must be revealed in his time—the mystery of iniquity. Now the mystery of iniquity must be understood by men in a way and manner they never discerned; yet ye have always understood clearly from my Gospel, that the Devil is as a roaring lion, seeking whom he may devour, and hath always been a let and hindrance to man; yet no man has ever discerned the meaning of his being revealed, nor how he was to be revealed, nor how the Lord was to consume him with the brightness of his coming, after his being revealed. This is a mystery no man can find out, neither can they explain, before I make it plain to man; but know, I have made it plain, as I revealed to thee the myste-
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ries of the Fall, and where the Promise stands, and how it is to be demanded.

So now see plain; ye sons of men,
How all’s revealed here;
But with my Bible you contend,
Yet never see it clear,
’Twas not reveal’d, but was conceal’d,
The things that were to come;
But know ’tis said then from my Word
That it must be made known;
So I’ve reveal’d, and not conceal’d,
The mystery of the Fall;
And as the Promise is to thee,
I now do tell you all,
It was design’d in heart and mind,
Though ne’er reveal’d to Man,
That it was by a Woman kind
The Promise first did come;
Then surely there it must appear
The whole for to reveal;
My Bible there’s no man can clear,
Because I did conceal
The things from man, that none might come
Impostors to appear;
But I’ve reveal’d it to my own,
To shew my Bible clear:
’Tis now reveal’d, and not conceal’d,
The Promise at the first;
And in my brightness I’ll appear
To have the Promise burst.
So now to men I’ll boldly come,
And let them answer me,
How they’ll appear the whole to clear?
My Bible none do see:
Now tell me plain, ye sons of men,
Was this reveal’d to Man,
The Woman should her Promise gain,
And claim it from my hand,
What then reveal’d was there conceal’d
That must hereafter be,
That then did let? Let men dispute,
But I have answer’d thee;
It was the Fall I’ve told you all,
That I did then conceal,
It must be by the Woman’s call
I must the whole reveal.
So, simple men, if you discern,
My Bible I’ve made good
And perfect true, before your view;
For so my Bible stood
To be reveal’d, as I conceal’d
These mysteries all from Man;
But now you see the mystery—
The Revelation’s come:
The Woman here for to appear
To have the thing reveal'd,
That Satan must his Trial share;
What I from Man conceal'd
Is now made known, I tell you plain,
And so I shall go on.
Because this is the Will of God,
My Spirit so is come;
Then don't appear to quench it here.
Despise these Prophecies;
For if you do, I tell you true,
In Adam's fall you lie;
But if you'll not, I'll tell your lot,
That blameless you may come
Unto the coming of your Lord,
That now is hastening on.
My brightness here shall so appear
For to destroy your foe;
My Bible I have now made clear,
If you have sense to know
That all from me fulfill'd must be,
That made all at the first;
These mysteries deep no man can see.
How that the end must burst,
To make all clear my Bible here,
So let mankind stand mute;
Know how the tempter did appear,
And so I've struck the root
By the same hand that he condem'n'd,
And Man did cast on me;
But now to Man the same I'll come,
And Man his blame shall see;
He can't appear himself to clear,
For now he's compass'd round;
The Woman is against him here,
As he at first was found
To cast on she, you all do see,
And so I've turn'd it back;
Because in Man the blame doth stand,
And he shall feel the rack
Of what on me was cast by he;
For no man can appear
To say, that hell is join'd with thee,
That he his guilt must bear:
I tell thee, No; it is not so,
But I shall still go on;
Though men do mock my every word,
I'll to the purpose come.
You say in peace your fears do cease,
I shall not hasty come;
But I do tell you, unaware
The whole will be made known.
Now write the word that's on record,
And then I'll answer thee;
For they shall find their coming LORD.
In Spirit now to be;
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Unto thee strong I now am come;  
And so I do appear;  
Now write the word that's on record  
And I shall answer here."

1 Thessalonians v. 2—3—Knowing perfectly that the day of the Lord so cometh as a thief in the night. For when they shall say, peace and safety; then sudden destruction cometh upon them, as travail upon a woman with child; and they shall not escape.

"Now I'll appear to answer here:  
The Type to thee is come;  
As one with child thy heart's beguil'd,  
And so thou dost go on;  
As sudden here is now thy fear,  
Thy sorrows will increase;  
And perfect so, I tell thee here,  
It will come to the rest;  
For sorrows on them now shall come,  
As men do mock my word.  
Sudden 'tis said that I shall come,  
And so they'll find their Lord;  
So boast no more their danger's o'er,  
For dangers will abound;  
And as thy travail pains are near—  
Let all men judge the sound,  
For to your land it so will come,  
As it is come to thee;  
And as thy sorrows hasten on,  
Men's sorrows they will see.  
The Type goes deep, let England weep;  
And Pomeroy now may fear,  
Because from he thy grief I see,  
Then let the Man take care.  
Could it be so? I tell thee, No;  
Without thy grief for Man,  
Just like a Woman to compare,  
For all to hasten on.  
Now see the end, how thine will bend  
In sorrow first I know,  
But after that thou'll see thy end  
In every joy to flow!  
And perfect so, they all will know,  
Believers' joy will come;  
But those that seek thy overthrow  
Will feel a Pomeroy's doom:  
I tell thee, first his grief will burst  
To say he cannot bear  
The every blame on him that's cast,  
Or how can he appear?  
Will be his cry, I now do say—  
And so 'twill be to men;
They'll find their sorrows in a day
And know not how to stand.
Like Pomeroy here they all may fear,
That think themselves secure.
He doth not know the news so near,
And sorrows that are sure.
On him to come, he cannot shun,
And here's the state for all—
I tell you 'tis a Type for Man,
And so it now will fail.

Upon record now stands my word,
How all things must appear;
But men, like Pomeroy, mock their Lord,
And judge they've nought to fear;
'Twill not come true, before their view,
What's in my Gospel pen'd;
But they shall find my words are true,
As Pomeroy finds his end.

In grief to be, I now tell thee,
If he don't soon repent;
And if he do, I well do know,
In grief his mind is bent.
For to go through the whole to know:
He'll find his honour's gone—
And now the shepherds, I do know,
Like Pomeroy they have done.

So they may flee in grief like he:
His Type stands deep for all—
But here's a mystery, let men see
The shadow of the Fall:
He told thee first, when thou didst place
The Truth into his hand,
He would obey what thou didst say,
And promis'd so to stand.
So he went on, to me 'twas known,
Till Satan caus'd his Fall;
But now from me he's surely gone!
And I do tell you all.

He must appear his Fall to clear,
Wrought by the Woman's hand;
As he doth say it came from thee,
That Trial he must stand;
Then thou'lt appear the Truth to clear,
His Fall ne'er came from thee;

'twas from hell, I do know well,
And so his Fall he'll see;
Because the men with thee do join
To hold him to his word;
And so I said they must combine,
Just like a THREEFOLD CORD,
And then his sand he'll see won't stand,
As he did say before:
'Twill break in two, he'll see and know;
His binds cannot appear
To bind his word, that's on record,
And printed now by thee;
But now he'll find my THREEFOLD CORD
In union join'd to be.
So as 'tis plac'd the Truth is burst,
If you do wise discern—
The private letters come at last,
And now you see how all will burst.
Just like my Bible to come round,
And so together judge the sound.
So from my Bible I'll go on
And shew it plain to every man,
How that your hope doth now appear,
And your rejoicing now draws near,
To wear the crowns that are from ME.
My coming shortly you will see;
For in the Spirit I am come,
Though it is quite unknown to Man,
Because my Spirit none do see,
Invisibly comes all to thee;
And 'tis invisible to Man
The way at first, I laid my plan;
But now to thee, I have reveal'd
What I from ages have conceal'd,
To have the Woman claim the word,
Reveal the Promise as 'twas made,
And then my brightness shall appear
To bruise his head, and cast him there;
And then my Bible all will see,
The Truth of all fulfill'd to be:
For as the the words are spoken here,
Let them be penn'd and them I'll clear."

Colossians ii. 2, 3—The acknowledgment of the
mystery of God, and of the Father, and of Christ;
in whom are hid all the treasures of wisdom and
knowledge.

"Now if they all are hid with ME,
I ask mankind how they can see
The wisdom of my Gospel here?
Or how my Bible shall clear?
'Tis said the knowledge is not in Man;
Then how can he pretend to plan
A thing that's said is hid in ME?
Then now the mysteries let men see:
A thing that's hid must be reveal'd;
My Gospel cannot be conceal'd,
Because throughout, you well do know,
To be reveal'd, the words are so;
And 'tis cannot be done by man,
For 'tis in God the knowledge stands,
Then sure from ME it now must come;
My Gospel's hope is hastening on
To be fulfill'd in every word,
And bring you peace, as I have said,
And reconcile the whole to ME;
In heaven and earth it now shall be.
So here you see the Gospel's hope,
Then where's there room for man to drop?
Unless, like Pomeroy, you do turn,
The words now here like him to burn;
For here the Type goes deep for all,
When I my Bible forth do call,
Like Pomeroy they must all appear,
And say, "our God we mocked here",
As he did mock thy written hand,
To say the truth should never stand:
But how himself can he now clear,
To say the truth was never there?
Then he must come and boldly lie:
And of my Bible so I say
That they must all deny the same,
And say the truth must never come;
Because my Gospel I've shewn'd clear,
The way I come the whole to clear;
By the Atonement of my Blood
I come to make the Bible good,
And clear the Promise of the Fall;
But then the knowledge, I tell all,
Was surely hid with me that time,
Till to reveal it was my mind:
And now I say the time is come
For to reveal my mind to Man;
That I am come to set you free,
And your high calling you may see,
How in your Saviour doth appear:
And let the words be written here,
That now before thy eye I've plac'd;
Then answer me ye fallen race.—

Philippians iii. 14, 15, 20, and iv. 5—Press toward the mark for the prize of the high calling of God in Christ Jesus. Let us therefore, as many as be perfect, be thus minded: and if in any thing ye be otherwise minded, God shall reveal even this unto you—For our conversation is in heaven; from whence also we look for the Saviour, the Lord Jesus Christ.—Let your moderation be known unto all men. The Lord is at hand.

"Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee. The mark of the prize of the high calling of God in Christ Jesus, is the prize of your Redemption; and for that cause I died to purchase Man with my dying Blood; therefore, you are commanded to press forward towards it. And those that are perfected in faith, let them press forward towards it; but those that are otherwise minded, through unbelief, and cannot see the Gospel clear, I the Lord will reveal it to them, by the revelation of my Word: If they will
seek they shall find; if they apply their hearts unto wisdom they shall get understanding.

For now to Man I thus shall come,
    And your high calling's here;
It is to see I died for ye,
    And bring my Kingdom near;
For near 'tis come, I say, to Man,
    And near the end to be.
If you can see the Gospel's plan,
    Then all must clearly see,
In Heaven thy conversation is,
    Like my Disciples first,
And now your Saviour, you may see,
    Doth strong in Spirit burst;
Then judge I'm come and nigh at hand,
    But the' it was not so,
And yet the words I made to stand,
    That all the end might know,
When I did come, in Spirit strong,
    To warn that I was near,
Must be from Heaven the knowledge given,
    Thy conversation there
Hath been with me, they all shall see,
    Like my Disciples first;
And now my Gospel I'll make true,
    And every thing shall burst;
For to my Name they all shall come,
    And bow beneath my feet;
What is in earth shall now be known,
    The Lord will finish it.
My hands in vain, I tell you men,
    Were ne'er nail'd to the tree;
No, no; I said I'd come again,
    In power they all should see.
If on this earth my shame came forth,
    By Satan's artful hand;
If on this earth they spit on me,
    And made me bow to Man;
Now see my shame, discern my name,
    How I was mock'd below;
And do men think 't shall so remain
    For me to feel the blow?
The earth by me was made, you say,
    And all things I did create,
And still in shame you see my Name,
    How men on me did spit;
Then shan't I come in power strong
    To make my honour clear?
For the foundation shall be known
    By me was placed here;
Because the two before your view,
    God and the Son as one,
And the foundation all shall know,
    Was order'd by that plan.
But here below, you all must know,
    We did not honour gain;
For if the Law you all go through,
You'll find the sons of men
Disgrac'd their God, as all is said,
And so despis'd his name;
And when I came, it must be known,
They put me so to shame;
Then how can Men the Trial stand,
If I their judge appear,
To say this 'earth I can't command,
For Men to worship here?
Then Men must Fall, I tell them all,
Created of the dust;
They never did observe their call,
Nor how the end must burst:
Men I must free to worship me,
For so they must bow down,
And 'tis my Kingdom, all shall see,
The fabric first was found
Planted by me, you all do see,
And so the end shall come;
I'll claim the earth, and now bring forth
A glorious earth for Man!
Then men, you'll see, will worship me,
And all the earth will join.
I tell you deep's the mystery
That now is hastening on;
As from the Law, you all shall know,
And Gospel to appear,
The earthen vessels they did shew
Such spite and malice here,
When I came down from heaven's high throne,
And shall I still stand mute?
No, no; my honour shall be found
To strike unto the root
That caus'd the Fall, I tell you all,
And him I'll now destroy;
And then this earth I'll so bring forth
My honour to enjoy;
Honour below, you all shall know,
I will receive from Man;
But will you prove 'twas ever so?
Bring me the age 'twas done;
That all did praise, adore my ways,
And your Creator bless:
I tell you, No; 'twas never so:
My honour here did mis;
As from the Fall, I tell you all,
And enmity in Man,
By Satan's art, I'll now impart,
And so it still doth stand;
For I'm despis'd, (vain men, grow wise)
And thousands do blaspheme;
Then how can earth set forth my worth,
Till I return again,
In power to come the earth to claim,
And have it all my own?
Then I shall see the hearts of men,
When Satan I've unthron'd!
Now from my Death I this express,
If that was all for Man,
And never claim the earth my own,
I ask you, why 'twas done?
You'll answer, here I did appear
Upon the cursed tree,
And so your sins I then did bear,
That you might live with me;
That way my Blood the victim stood;
Is all that's judg'd by Man!
For so my Gospel you allude;
But answer my demand,

Why not \textit{before} did I appear,
Till thousands did roll on?
Judge ye the number of the years
Before my Gospel came;
Then how \textit{before} must they appear,
As things are judg'd by you?
You say, no \textit{Saviour} then was near,
And yet the Jews did go
To worship \textit{me}, you plain may see,
My \textit{Bible} so doth stand.
You do not know the end of \textit{me},
Nor why I died for \textit{Man};
'Twas to recal, I tell you all,
The purchase of my Blood.
Men lost my honour in the Fall,
And so the earth hath stood
Against your God. it must be know'd;
But now I'll make an end.
I bore the blame on \textit{me} was throw'd;
And Satan now shall bend,
I say, the same; I'll \textit{raise my name},
And now the earth I'll gain;
In honour here I'll now appear,
Join'd with the sons of men,
Who will bow down to wear \textit{my crown},
Or else to raise it up,
That \textit{I the Saviour} may be found,
And make the Serpent drop,
Who doth appear in \textit{power} here,
\textit{Disgrace the earth} I made:
That is in \textit{me}, I now tell thee,
Vain men, you're all misled,
To think that \textit{I, who dwell on high},
Created Earth for \textit{Man}
Always to let my honour die,
I never could command
For men below to honour shew
Unto my \textit{holy name};
Though well I know 'tis done by few,
But how do men blaspheme?
In every land see how they stand,
No honour give to \textit{me}!
REDEEMED MAN SHALL HONOUR THE LORD. 287

But now they'll find my powerful hand
Shall set the nations free
From Satan's power, not to devour
The earth at first I made.
And now let Man the Trial stand;
Where I the Fabric laid
Of Earth below, they all shall know,
That they must all submit;
For every knee shall bow to me,
And worship at my feet.
Those that will not I'll tell their lot,
That they shall surely fall:
My Prayer they have quite forgot,
That I did tell them all
Always to pray, I now do say,
To have my kingdom come.
My power the fabric first did lay,
Then my Will must be done
Upon this Earth, that I brought forth;
As it is done in Heaven;
For both, I say, were form'd by me,
And Man by me was given;
His breath below, you all shall know,
And Life were form'd by me;
And now my power I'll surely shew,
The likeness all shall see.
To praise my name shall now be done,
I tell you, in this earth:
But can you prove, ye simple men,
My praises are set forth?
You'll say, a few the thing do do;
But what's a few to all?
But in this Earth, that I brought forth,
I'll make it so to fall
That not a few, you all shall know,
Shall honour give to me,
No, no; 'tis all, I now do call,
So I'll bring every knee.
As shame appears, I tell you here,
Unto me done below,
So on this Earth I'll so bring forth
That honour men may shew
Unto my name, and none blaspheme;
Then Earth will worship me,
And so my honour I will gain
On Earth, you all shall see.
Then you'll see clear my Bible here,
When I have all went through;
You'll see my honour to appear,
And all my Bible true.
From first to last it so is plac'd,
And so it now shall come:
On Earth I'll reign, I say, with Men,
And my will shall be done.
In spirit strong to Man I'll come,
And all things I'll make new—
Here is a mystery deep for men,
But they shall find it true;
The Earth below, all souls shall know,
I for my honour made;
And honour here shall now appear,
To worship as I've said;
But it can't be done, I tell you plain,
While sin in Man abounds.
How can you say, the Lord doth reign, 
Over the Earth he's found
A Prince and King? can you begin
Of a victorious God
To say, below all men do go
To worship as 'tis said:
But this shall be, I now tell thee;
I made the Earth at first;
And to me I'll bring every knee,
My honour here shall burst:
I say, come Man it now shall come,
The world throughout l'vhnade;
And all, I say, shall bow to me,
My Bible so is laid.
So, if below my shame did go,
Then now below I'll come,
My honour here this way I'll clean,
And claim the Earth my own.
So I'll end here, and say no more
Till Learned men dispute;
But deeper mysteries I shall clear,
And then I'll strike the root
That doth me blame, and doth me shame,
By working strong in Man;
But I shall know my every name,
My judgments are at hand!"

In the next Book, Answers will be given to a Book lately published under the Signature of B. H. a Mechanic, printed at Stourbridge, in Worcestershire; and the Rev. Mr. Garrett, of Lant Street, Southwark, may be also noticed in this Work, as far as relates to the Instruction of ignorant People, who may be misled by relying on the Wisdom and Impudence of such Men.

These Explanations, beginning with Phil. ii, 10, 11. are continued in the Fourth Part.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY S. ROUSSEAU, WOOD STREET, SFA FIELDS;
AND SOLD BY E. J. FIELD, NO. 2, HIGH STREET, ST. GILES'S, TWO BOOKS FROM THE ANGEL INN; E. CARPENTER, MEETING-HOUSE, NEWINGTON BUTTS, NEAR THE ELEPHANT AND CASTLE; C. ABBOTT, EAST END OF OLD STREET, NEAR SHOREDITCH CHURCH: ALSO BY W. SYMONDS, CANDY LANE; THE MISS EVELEIGHTS, ST. SIDWELL'S, Exeter; AND MR. CHILD, STOURBRIDGE, WORCESTERSHIRE.
TRUE

EXPLANATIONS OF THE BIBLE.

PART THE FOURTH.

DISPUTES

AND

CONTROVERSIES WITH MANKIND.

Give ear, O heavens! and be astonished, O earth!
The Lord hath a controversy with his people:
I have nourished and brought up children,
And they have rebelled against me.

Forasmuch then as God gave them the like gift as he did unto us,
who believed on the Lord Jesus Christ; what was I, that I could
withstand God. Acts xi. 17.

Then hath God also to the Gentiles granted repentance, unto Life.
Acts xi. 18.

FROM the words of St. Peter I shall begin this
book, knowing in whom I have believed, and the
strong visitation of the Spirit of the Lord unto me:
—What am I, that I could withstand God, when
his Power came with his Word to warn the Gentiles,
as well as the Jews? Therefore it is time for them
to look to that repentance that bringeth them to life:
Now the like gift of faith, that the Lord hath given
unto me, he hath given unto many true believers,
who rely on his promises that are made throughout

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the Bible. Not only a Life Spiritual, but a Life Temporal is promised in Holy Writ. Revelation xxii. 8—And I heard a great voice out of heaven, saying, Behold the tabernacle of God is with men, he will dwell with them, and they shall be his people, and God himself shall be with them, and be their God. Ver. 4—And God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes; and there shall be no more death, neither sorrow nor crying, neither shall there be any more pain: for the former things are passed away. Chap. xxii. 19—If any man shall take away from the words of the book of this prophecy, God shall take away his part out of the book of life, and out of the Holy City.

On reading the Bible, I am lost in wonder at the madness of mankind; and am sorry to say, in this Christian land many professed Christians are like Herod: because he saw it pleased the Jews that he had killed James, he proceeded further to take Peter also. This wretched principle is too prevalent in our days; or men would never go on in so blind and ignorant a manner, to persecute the Spirit of God; or be so presumptuous as to write against a Spirit, and call it the Devil, before they have clearly searched into every truth, that they might be able, with a good conscience, to justify the things they are doing; but I see mankind are more inclined to be men pleasers (like Herod) than to follow on to know the Lord. From a book that was written against me at Stourbridge, I was ordered first to draw my own judgment, and then the Lord would answer me. My judgment is as follows: His book is entitled, Plain Remarks, by B. H. a Mechanic; and I shall shew my remarks as a simple woman.

—O vain man, be wise, and hear the word of the Lord, not boast of wisdom without wisdom. If you hear lies do not affirm them; for in so doing you
make yourself the liar; which is to be seen in the fourth page of your preface, wherein are lies that you cannot answer to. Let a man not boast of wisdom, before he can assert what he publishes. He should have read my Books first, and heard what the Lord hath said unto me, and what grounds I had for my Prophecies, before he began to draw such wild judgment; then he would have known the truth of my Prophecies, that they were copied off, and put into the hands of ministers, from 1796 to the year 1801, so as they could be able to read them, foretelling the events that would take place in those years. Besides he would have known I told my friends of what was hastening on, as well as what I had written in ninety-two; therefore a man should be clear in judging before he began to condemn, lest he bring his lies upon his own head; as the author of this book hath done. These are his own words—"she makes a scribbling upon some papers, and delivers them to some of her followers, and when any remarkable occurrence happens in the world, she being possessed of a great degree of head knowledge, with a retentive memory, goes to these papers, and pretends to read what has happened, in the same manner as if it had been previously inserted in them; there is a person writes down what she pretends to read, and then it is published." Here the author must have judged me another such as himself; for I make no doubt but such would be the conduct of him, if he could by arts deceive the world, by making a wrong interpretation of the Scripture, as he is now trying to do, that men may wrest them to their own condemnation: for if his judgment be true in the 9th page, where he says—"that when our Redeemer finished the whole on Calvary, it gave the devil, the old serpent, at that time such a deadly blow on the head, that it destroyed him that hath the power of death, that is the devil." Then there can be no more condemn-
tion to the devil, for then all condemnation of sin must come upon man's own head, he having no devil to tempt him to evil; as the world has been as sinful since Satan was destroyed, as before, then of what use can his destruction be to man? or what honour and glory hath it brought unto the Lord? for how few believe in a crucified Saviour! how few give honour or glory to his name! Oh, ye simple and unwise! whose tongues go before your senses, without your taking a serious view, how soon the powers of hell worked in the hearts of men to destroy the disciples, in the same cruel manner that they put the Lord of life and glory to death. Then to what purpose is the destroying the power of the devil, if his power still remains the same in men? But this is as false and mistaken a notion, as it is for the man to say, "I only pretend to read prophecies"—Poor, lying, ignorant man! though my handwriting no man can read before me, yet when I shew them my letters and read the words to them, every man can then read them after me; for my handwriting is such, that it is impossible for me to deceive any man, when I so read it to them; so this man has asserted a falsity, that he can never make good, and who can be proved a liar by more than forty or fifty witnesses, that have affirmed they can read every word after me; besides, I have learnt some to read my handwriting, and I have lent them my manuscript books, and they have taken out some of my communications. So this wise mechanic has erred as much in his judgment of my writings, as he has of the kingdom of Christ; for he blends all together with such ignorance, that no man upon earth can explain his meaning. He saith—"Christ's peaceable kingdom on earth, certainly is to take place; but it is not a literal or a temporal kingdom that is spoken of; but a spiritual kingdom." Now how can this man explain his meaning? Will he say that that spiritual kingdom took place when our Saviour was crucified?
and that his blessed and holy Spirit was then poured out upon all flesh? What then does he make of his Spirit? But if that spiritual kingdom was to come upon earth, it must be temporal, as well as spiritual—when the Lord claims the kingdoms of the earth to be the kingdoms of the living God, when he will dwell in every heart, and at whose Name every knee will bow. This wise man saith, "that it is past," and quotes Revelation xx. "that it is to come, when Satan is bound and cast into the bottomless pit, and during that thousand years Christ will in a more particular manner reign in the hearts of his people on earth." Now if this is not a temporal as well as a spiritual reign, I know not what he can mean, unless he supposes the earth to be superior in purity to the heavens, and that they could not have fullness of joy there; and that he will destroy all that are living on earth in a temporal body, and bring the saints down from the heavens for to reign in a particular manner in their hearts, when on this earth; but if these are the spirits of the saints that are to have the spiritual kingdom, without any thing temporal in it, I ask how Satan, when he is let loose, is to go out and deceive these spiritual saints again? Now before a man begins to, take upon him to lay the Scriptures before the public, he should call reason to his assistance, to know whether it is consistent with common sense; or else, I think, as a mechanic, he had better follow his employment, than try to deceive weak minds like himself: for if the whole temporal reign of man is to be cut off, Satan can have no nations to deceive. He himself allows that Satan is to deceive the nations no more, till the thousand years are accomplished; yet if they are cut off, there are no nations left to deceive at all; then how can Satan ever go out to deceive? or why is he confined that he may not deceive them, if there be no more temporal reign in man? I must say of this man, as he hath said of me—he must himself know that he is
an impostor, unless he is quite out of his senses; but as to me, I can call heaven and earth to witness, I never was an impostor; neither did I ever try to deceive any man. Now this wise man says, the ministers are the "spiritual prophets;" as St. Paul says—"despise not prophecies;" and this man speaks largely of prophecies, that he might go on in his publication with treating on prophecies; now I must ask this wise man, if those who are called the ministers of the Gospel are influenced by the Spirit of God, and are called the spiritual prophets, why do the preachers differ so much in their preaching? and one preacher to write against another? There are some who erroneously say, that our Saviour was an impostor, which is blasphemy at the highest; and yet they preach repentance of sin! others wretchedly say—he was not the Son of God; yet they believe him to have been a good man! Now these are as ignorant as the writer of the book: for how can anyone vainly imagine that he was a good man, if he told them what was not true, when he said to them he was the Son of God? and before Abraham was he was? and that he came from God, and he went to God? and that he and his Father were one? Now if he knew all this to be false, how could they call him a good man? For he spoke as no other man ever spoke; and he wrought miracles that no other man ever wrought; and he left all on record, for him to be worshipped as no other man was ever suffered to be worshipped. Then how can man vainly imagine the Lord God would give him power to work such miracles to be worshipped equal with himself, if he was not what is said of him in the Psalms—Thou art my Son, this day have I begotten thee? Now if he was not what he said, his Mother must be a liar, and his Father the same; the wise men that came from the East the same; and his Apostles the same.

* This was proved at my Trial, lately published.
for they said they saw the heavens opened, and the Holy Ghost descending like a dove, saying, this is my beloved Son, in whom I am well pleased. Now if this is false altogether, how can I believe the Gospel? Yet such belief is in many of the prophets of this day, that this wise mechanic calls prophets; I mean the preachers of different sects; for they are universal throughout the world: and is this the Spirit I am not to quench? are these the prophecies I am not to despise! then to what pit of destruction must this wise mechanic lead me! I must retort back on his head his own words; he must know he is a bold impostor, who imposes on weak minds to believe such doctrine as this: because a man preaches repentance, that he hath the Spirit of God and is a prophet!!! for I have heard these very men, with the sentiments I have mentioned, preach repentance as much as any other men; the reason their pernicious doctrine is believed is, because they mix honey with their poison, and deceive the people by this preaching of repentance, and by which reason these false prophets are believed. There is another set of false prophets among the preachers, who profess to believe the Gospel of Christ in its truth concerning our Saviour being what he said he was, and believing him truly the Son of God, and yet they say—he only died to save those whom the Lord had elected before the foundation of the world, and all the rest were ordained by the Lord to be lost!—And are these also the prophets I am to believe! when it is written—As I live, saith the Lord, I have no pleasure in the death of the wicked, but rather in them that repent and turn: turn ye, turn ye, for why will you die, O house of Israel! saith the Lord. Here the judgment of man must say, the Lord said what he never meant—to say he had no pleasure in their death, if he created them to be lost, and they could not be saved; then they must say it was his pleasure, thus to create them to perish; and if the
decrees of heaven were so fixed, why should the
Lord mock them, to invite them to return, when
he knew he had made them so as they could not re-
turn? Does not the Lord say, Oh! that there was
such a heart in them as I could wish? But if the
Lord made them so at first, and designed they
should be so before the creation of the world, or
before they were born, then they had the heart that
it was the will of the Lord they should have; yet
such preachers are common in the world, that call
themselves spiritual preachers: and yet their doc-
trine is full of blasphemy; for they say, the Lord
saith what he never meaneth. And yet I know,
they would answer, they never said such a thing in
their lives. This I grant; they do not speak the
words so plain as I have explained it, and yet their
meaning is to the same purpose. Now if these are
the prophets I am to believe, then what road am I
to take? for there are three different roads that are
already known to the world from these spiritual
preachers; and now I shall point out the fourth?
those are they who declare all the power and will
to be in man, to do either good or evil, as he likes.
Now though this doctrine is not so against the Lord,
to point out his cruelty like the former, yet it is a
mistaken and false notion in man, to think he hath
power of himself to withstand all the temptations of
the devil. This, I know by experience is false;
for without the Lord we can do nothing; and we are
commanded from the Scriptures to seek the Lord
and he will be found of us; to draw nigh unto
Christ, and he will draw nigh unto us; to commune
with God in our hearts, and he will commune with
us; but without him we can do nothing; but if
we are workers with God, he will be a worker with
us; and that faith is the gift of God, and not of
ourselves. Then how can man have all power, to
will and to do, without the grace of God assisting
him? Yet such doctrine I have heard preached;
therefore, among all these spiritual prophets, that are called ministers, I never heard one of them in my life but what their opinions led them to err from the Bible in some things; or in others to go from the truth of the Gospel; for I never heard a minister in my life that ever preached to the perfect truth of the Gospel; and since my writings have gone out in the world, I find the ministers themselves, and these spiritual preachers, wrest the Scriptures more than any men, denying all spiritual gifts, and all revelation, and all visitation from the Lord; as though the Spirit of the Lord had entirely forsaken us, ever since our Saviour died. Then the Apostles must be false, who so often affirm, that the Lord will visit us again in the Spirit, and all hidden mysteries, that are concealed from man, shall be revealed by the Spirit of God. But this is now denied by these spiritual prophets, as well as by this wise mechanic; then where is the prophet that I can trust to? But does this wise man observe that spiritual gifts are called one thing, and proph­ecies are called another? so that a man may have spiritual gifts to teach his people, without having the spirit of prophecy to warn them of what is hastening on; besides, every man must stand in his place; and the Scriptures must be fulfilled as they are spoken. Then how can this wise mechanic, with the ablest English divines, say, that the Woman in Revelation xii. means the church in all its splendor? How then can she be travailing in birth, crying to be delivered from all this splendor, and Satan standing before her, and also the earth persecuting her, that she is forced to flee into the wilderness; and the dragon casting out floods against her; and the earth helping the Woman? When he says the earth is trampled under her feet, and the church of Christ is in all its glorious state, how then is all this persecution to come, when, as he says, the sun of righteousness, “the Lord Jesus Christ, of his
righteousness imputed, and imparted, and the moon, 
that is the earth, and its sublunary vanities, under 
her feet?" Where's the man can make this join 
together, that the church is in this glorious state as 
he mentioned? that Christ hath subdued all vanity 
and that all evil is thrown beneath him? and the glo­ 
rious Gospel and the Apostles shining bright, as they 
are prophesied to the end to be in this persecuted 
state, as mentioned in the Revelation? Oh, 
what an impostor must such a man be, willingly 
and knowingly to impose on weak minds! Men 
should discern what they are writing, before they 
take upon them to correct what they cannot mend, 
or understand. And now I shall come to the 14th 
page: Hebrews xi. where he speaks of a living 
Faith, the substance of things hoped for, the evi­ 
dence of things not seen; and without the evidence 
of this Faith upon the heart it never can be called a 
living Faith. Here this wise pretended corrector, 
with his plain remarks, has turned the weapon back 
on his own head, and has shewed himself to have a 
dead faith. But from the evidence that I have had 
of things not seen, and before they sprang forth I 
told men of them, and the faith that is planted in 
me, that I should see the substance of things I hoped 
for, he assures me this faith is the gift of God, it 
comes from God, and it leads to God; then he 
must allow my teaching is of God; for he adds, if 
any man have evidence of this Faith in the soul, 
though in ever so small a degree, it is utterly im­ 
possible for that man to be lost; then it is certainly 
impossible for me to be lost, when the Lord hath so 
strongly implanted that Faith in my breast—that 
the gates of hell should never prevail against me; 
and in opposition to men and devils, he would 
carry on his work in me and by me; and to his 
honour and glory he has done it; for he that trust­ 
eth in the Lord is as Mount Zion, that cannot be 
moved. But now see what this wise writer says fur-
ther:—Without this Faith it is impossible to please God. Then where is his faith to please God, if he believes the Lord will go from all his words and all his promises? But when I see the Lord has not gone from his words or promises in the past, I shall surely trust him for the time to come; therefore he might well add—The Lord is the author and finisher of this Faith. Here he brings forward the Gospel to strengthen me; and the life which I now live in the flesh, I live by faith of the Son of God, who loved me and gave himself for me. This, he remarks, is a true and lively faith. Then now be wise, Oh simple man, this living and strong faith was planted in me more than thirty years ago; or I never should have had faith in ninety-two, to believe it was the visitation of the Lord, to leave my work to write what was coming upon the whole earth, when there was no appearance of it, if the Lord had not been the author of my faith before to trust in him, and obey his word: and so he has carried me on to be the finisher thereof. Therefore this wise writer might well say, the effect this living faith has upon the heart, is wonderful—and wonderful effects has this faith had upon me. He further adds, whenever this faith is planted in a man’s heart, by the operation and influence of the Holy Spirit, there is an effectual change in that man’s life:—And I am the witness for myself (and the Lord is witness for me) that I have been dead to the world as to all its pleasures and vanities, and the world to me; and the desire of my soul, for thirty years past, has been to wish to live to God, and to God only; so this man has assured me, my calling is sure; that the Lord hath called me with an effectual call; and that he will save me with an everlasting salvation, who died for me, and has fulfilled the law and made it honourable—that never said to the seeking seed of Israel, seek ye my face in vain: but out of my weakness he hath made me strong, and to war va-
liantly in the fight; and I fear not but he will turn to flight my enemies, and stop the mouths of the lions, quench the flames of fire, escape the edge of the sword. This he hath quoted in the 16th page, that the Lord will do for them where their faith is strong in him. Then does not this man build up with one hand what he is trying to pull down with the other? as he has pretended to judge of a thing he knows nothing about, as he does not know me; and, I fear, does not know my Master; yet, God forbid I should deal as harshly with him, as he hath with me; for I trust the Lord may, at some places, be working in his heart, to bring forward Scriptures to strengthen my faith, and to clear me, while he is trying to condemn me, that he hereafter may see his own folly, and that he has but a notion of faith, a dead faith, without a lively sense of faith; for if he was acquainted with the Scriptures, and knew what was the duty of a Christian, he would never have acted with such gross errors, to pretend to write against my books, and confess himself he had read but little of them. How unjustly should I publish against the man, or condemn his book, before I had read it through and had seen what to condemn in it? I do not condemn the texts of Scripture he has brought forward; but I condemn the manner he hath explained most of them; though I grant his explanations are short; but in the 15th and 16th pages, I confess his explanations are wise and just and perfectly true; which I can prove by happy experience. And now I shall come to his observation on Sealing. He says, mine * is a new fashioned mode of sealing, which I vainly imagine as a Type of the Israelites' sprinkling the blood:* he says, *that passage refers to the blood of Christ,* Does the ignorant man suppose I did not know that as well as he did? a thing I was taught from my cradle, that the sprinkling of the door posts was the sprinkling of the blood of Christ, as the Lamb slain from the foundation of the
world; and to sprinkle our hearts from dead works, that in and through the merits of his Blood we might be saved. But could not his Blood cleanse us without Types and Shadows? Could he not have saved us if the blood had not been sprinkled upon the door posts? You will answer, Yes; the Lord could have done it; but he did not choose to do it without setting a temporal sign for a spiritual salvation. Then what have you to marvel at the Sealing, if the Lord should require a temporal love of man, that they should shew their love to God, by subscribing with their hands unto him, to fulfil the words of the prophet *? And now to fulfil that word, believers are required to sign with their hands unto their Lord, that they wish for Christ's kingdom to come, and his will to be done on earth as it is in heaven; and Satan's power to be destroyed; then to have a temporal seal, that they are the sealed of the Lord, whereby they are sealed to the day of Redemption; so that the things temporal and spiritual may stand together of sealing, as the things temporal and spiritual stand together of the blood of sprinkling. Now if the sealing be not a temporal thing, why is it said in the Revelation, hurt not the earth, nor the sea, till the servants of God are sealed in their foreheads? He does not say, till they are sealed in their hearts, but in their foreheads, meaning their names are sealed—as every man's name is signed in his forehead when he is baptized; and a particular number was mentioned; but that number can never be known from the heart—who is sealed, and who is not; but by the names the number is known. Now do men vainly suppose, when it is said these dreadful judgments should be prevented until the number were sealed by their names, and that those that were not sealed had the mark of the beast in their

* Isaiah xliv. 5,
foreheads, (which is a thing easily to be understood) they are signed with the sign of the cross on the forehead in token hereafter that they shall fight manfully under Christ's banner, against the world, the flesh, and the devil; but now that they are called forward to fight against the world, the flesh, and the devil, they refuse to let their names be seen in public, that they have a desire for the kingdom of Christ? Though they receive their names in the forehead, to fight manfully for him; but let them know, the cross of Christ came through the sinfulness of the the beast; then if they are willing to wear that mark of the cross, but refuse to sign for Christ to come and wear the crown, and possess the kingdom he died to purchase and redeem, they must remain with the mark of the beast in their foreheads; whose mark they are willing to continue, and their pretended love is but hypocrisy. I could enlarge much on this subject, as our Saviour compares things temporal with things spiritual: and the sealing is made plain to me, that it is a command from the Lord to those, who wish for his coming. But I am sorry to say there is one fatal truth in his book—that some of the sealed people are just like the Calvinists, that when they think they are the elect of God, they may commit what sin they please—they are the elect, and they shall be saved. This erroneous belief I have seen in many of the Calvinists, and have heard them say, they knew they were the elect of the Lord, when their lives and conduct have been such as a moral man would have been ashamed to live in, if he had any regard for his honour amongst men. I heard one of them say myself, when he was reproved for swearing: "he was in no sin, it was not he swore, it was sin that dwelled in him swore." The same excuse I heard made for drunkenness; and another who judged himself elect, for stealing, when he was found out, said—"The devil would tempt the children of God, so the
sin could not be imputed to him; for he knew he was
the elect, and was sure of being saved. This I have
heard and known. All manner of sins and the black-
est crimes have been committed by these men, that
call themselves the elect, and said, they were sure of
being saved do what they would. Now I fear this er-
roneous and mistaken notion is in some of the sealed;
for the net was cast into the sea gathering in good
and bad; and to fulfil the Scriptures perfectly,
many put their hands to the plough and drew back;
that meaneth, after they had signed their names for
Christ’s kingdom to be established, and Satan’s de-
stroyed, they drew back and destroyed their seals.
Then how can they be fit for the kingdom of heaven?
Now I shall end with one observation more, on page
23, where this wise writer brings every word against
himself: How can a man handle the Scriptures so de-
ceitfully, and not have his own conscience condemn
him? I shall go from the Scripture he quotes from
Jeremiah xiv. 14, 15—Then the Lord said unto me,
the prophets prophesy lies in my name: I sent them
not, neither have I commanded them, neither spake
unto them: they prophesy unto you a false vision,
divination, and a thing of nought; and from the deceit
of their hearts. Here this man must make himself
a prophet, whom the Lord hath spoken to; or bring
himself under the very character that he hath here
mentioned, whom the Lord hath not spoken unto,
but who is prophesying out of the deceitfulness of his
own heart. Then let him tremble at the following
words, which he has brought against himself: There-
fore thus saith the Lord—By sword and famine shall
these prophets be consumed. Here he points the
reader to Jeremiah xxiii. 16—They make you vain;
they speak a vision out of their own hearts, and not
out of the mouth of the Lord. Now this man, if he
does not make himself a prophet that the Lord hath
spoken to, must make himself the false prophet,
that prophesieth lies in God’s name; saying, I have
dreamed, I have dreamed; but what a dream, or what a delusion must this man be in, to place the Scriptures in this manner against himself, thinking to make the people err by his lies, and his lightness? If he say, the Lord hath not spoken to him, the following lines condemn him—Yet I sent them not, nor commanded them. Then if the Lord neither sent him nor commanded him, out of his own mouth he is condemned to be fed with wormwood, and drink the waters of gall. To walk in lies, and strengthen the hand of evil doers, that none may turn from the evil of their ways, he says, they are all unto the Lord as Sodom and Gomorrah—and like the people of Sodom and Gomorrah this man hath made himself: who went to destroy the angels, when they came to Lot, and despised the warning of Lot, till the fire came down from heaven to destroy them. Now if this man had one grain of sense or reason, his own handwriting would come against him, and make him tremble like Belshazzar of old, and his knees strike one against another, with the conscious-ness of his own guilt—that, he hath either made himself a prophet of the Lord, or he has brought every text of Scripture against himself, to condemn himself: how is he wresting the Scriptures to his own condemnation! Now let him mark Ezekiel xiii. 18—Thus saith the Lord God, woe, woe to the women, that sew pillows to all arm-holes, and make kerchiefs upon the head of every statue, to hunt souls! Will ye hunt the souls of my people? And will ye save the souls alive that come unto you? Here, vain and simple man! with all the art you can invent, you are trying to hunt the souls of those who wish to flee from the wrath to come, and are warned to prepare for the coming of their Lord, that they may be able to stand in the evil day. But you are telling them you can save their souls alive, if they will come unto you; but can you save your own soul in that day, when you have mocked the visitation of the Lord, despis-
He despised his threatenings, and are telling men to come unto you, that you will save their souls alive? Does it not plainly appear that you would slay the souls that should not die, and save the souls alive that should not live—by your lying unto my people that hear your lies? Hear what followeth from your own words: Because with lies ye have made the heart of the righteous sad, whom I have not made sad; and strengthened the hand of the wicked that he should not turn from his wicked ways by promising him life. Here are the false prophets, that are cheating and deceiving the hearts of the people: telling them no dangers are near, no evils are threatened, but that they will save their souls alive if they come unto them—by prophesying lies unto them out of their own hearts, when they have seen nothing. Let the writer take a serious view of his own works, and conscious guilt must condemn him; that he hath made kerchiefs to lean upon, that must be torn from him, and that never did support him; but I have a foundation stronger to trust to—my trust is in the Rock of Ages, and not in my own weak judgment; though he pretends to compliment me in the beginning of the book, of having a great deal of head knowledge; but I cannot pay him that compliment; for he has written the book so much against himself, as though he had neither head knowledge, or spiritual grace; and no more understood what he was writing than he understood his books, that he said he had read but little of. But now I shall conclude with his own words—"Let men be careful of the fatal consequence of being found trusting to a refuge of lies." His subtlety exhorts men to flee to Jesus Christ, as the only true refuge; while at the same time he is using all the arts he is master of, to persuade them not to be looking for and hastening to the coming of the Lord Jesus Christ; which in all my writings I am called to warn men of. He pretends to own Christ as the form of godliness, but denieth the power thereof; yet pro-
fess to say, that the Spirit of God may be applied to their hearts; that he would turn them from darkness to light, and from the power of Satan unto righteousness; and teach them to know the Gospel, which is able to make them wise unto eternal salvation; and yet when this wisdom, this knowledge, and this power of the Spirit of God are given, he concludes with these words, that, "you must repent of it all, for it is all wickedness; and pray God to change the thoughts of the heart:" and whereto must they be changed? I must answer, the thoughts of the heart must be changed of him that printed this book: for I perceive, he is in the gall of bitterness, and in the bonds of iniquity.

But here I shall say no further of him, as another book is printed against me by Garrett, a preacher of Zion Chapel, in Southwark, quoting many of the same passages of Scripture as the former; but with more confidence than him. He has filled his book with lies against me, which the reader will see in its place, as I have quoted his own words, which are entirely false concerning me. But when the book was brought to me, I was ordered to read it through, and put it in the Bible without knowing where, which I did, and found it in the Maccabees. The book lay on, 2 Maccabees vii. 19. that I was ordered to pen—But think not thou that takest in hand to strive against God: that thou shalt escape unpunished. I was ordered to put my spectacles in my Bible without knowing where, and they were in the first of Revelation and the ending of Jude; but the verse that I am ordered to quote is Revelation i. 11—Saying, I am Alpha and Omega, the first and the last: and what thou seest, write in a book, and send it unto the seven churches. Jude, verse 18—How that they told you there should be mockers in the last times, who should walk after their own ungodly lusts. The third

* What is said in this book as to Garrett relates chiefly to his wrestling of the Bible, as his other falsehoods and presumption, as well as the unfounded charges of others, are answered in separate books, in order to keep the innocent and unwary from being misled by such men, who make lies their refuge.
time I was ordered to open the Bible, and it was in the 2 Esdras xi. 41 to the end—For the earth hast thou not judged with truth. For thou hast afflicted the meek, thou hast hurt the peaceable; thou hast loved liars and destroyed the dwellings of them that brought forth fruit; and hast cast down the walls of such as did thee no harm, &c. These were the places I opened to; then I was ordered to quote the chapter that he had mentioned, Jeremiah xxiii. 1—Woe be unto the pastors that destroy and scatter the sheep of my pasture, saith the Lord: *Ver. 28 of the same Chapter—The prophet that hath a dream, let him tell a dream; and he that hath my word, let him speak my word faithfully. What is the chaff to the wheat? saith the Lord. Jeremiah i. 8, 9—Be not afraid of their faces: for I am with thee to deliver thee, saith the Lord. Then the Lord put forth his hand and touched my mouth. And the Lord said unto me, behold, I have put my words in thy mouth. *Ver. 4, 5.—The word of the Lord came unto me, saying, Before I formed thee in the belly I knew thee; and before thou earnest forth out of the womb I sanctified thee, and I ordained thee a prophet unto the nations.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee before thou goest any further: For out of his own mouth he hath condemned himself, without he can prove I have visited him, to be a prophet to all nations; and out of his own mouth he hath justified thee, from the Chapters he mentioned. Now call to thy remembrance the days of thy youth, and the promise I made to thy mother; before thou wast born, and how often I have told thee, no weapon that is formed against thee should prosper *. Now mark the words he hath pointed out before thee—Be not afraid of their faces, for I am with thee to deliver thee, saith the Lord. Now mark the last verse—And they shall fight against thee, but they shall not prevail against thee."

* See the Fifth Book of Prophecies, page 208.
thee, for I am with thee, saith the Lord, to deliver thee. Now here is the wisdom of man, who boasts he is fighting with the weapons of my Spirit, or the sword of my Spirit; but he shall know he is the false prophet, the false priest, that goeth when I have never sent him; that prophesieth in my Name, when I have never commanded him; for he trusteth to a vain vision of his own imagination, and a lying divination from the truth of my Bible; and greatly hath he erred in visions; for know, throughout my Bible, what visions have been shewed in all ages to the prophets; and are not the Revelations visions? Therefore I ordered thee to open the Bible, to shew thee the visions of John: and there thou findest thine eyes, as thou callest them. Now let them see Ver. 13 of the visions of John—And in the midst of the seven candlesticks, one like unto the Son of Man cloathed with a garment down to the foot, and girded about the paps with a golden girdle. Read through the Chapter, you will find it a vision; but these visions were seen in heaven by John, in the Spirit; but know it is written by the prophet Joel, in the latter days when I come to fulfil the whole, and pour out my Spirit upon all flesh, that your young men shall see visions, and your handmaids shall prophesy. These visions must be seen here below. But how do men take the word of God in their mouths and handle it deceitfully, without knowledge or understanding? Now mark what I told thee of this man in the beginning, and mark particularly where his book was found; and know that he is now striving against his God; he hath drawn the sword against his God; then how shall he escape the punishment any more than the Jews, who persecuted me in the Body? and he is persecuting me in the Spirit. Now let this Chapter be marked deep: these words were spoken to the king who was making martyrs of the mother and her children. And I now tell thee, he would make worse martyrs of thee and thy believers, were you to follow his pernicious doctrine; for though
his power is not like the king's, yet his malice is stirred up by the devil, as the king's malice was against the mother and her children. Now thou knowest in thy own mind how greatly thou wast stumbled to find the book in the Apocrypha, which thou judgeth the least of all the prophecies, and the least spiritual in the Bible; but I now tell thee, there is not a place in the Bible that more clearly points out the destruction such men would bring upon believers than that Chapter of the destruction of the mother and her sons.

For now to ages back I'll come:
   And this is just the same—
For know the mother and the sons
   They have always put to shame.
In ages past they so did burst,
   My prophets felt the blow;
And when upon this earth I came,
   My followers, you do know,
Receiv'd the same when here I came—
   The sons were put to death;
My Mother she receiv'd the shame—
   Know what the Scripture saith:
The sword appear'd against her there,
   And so went through her soul;
The children did—their sufferings share—
   You see her children all,
Where they did come in Spirit strong,
   And visited by me;
Their lives they wish'd not to prolong,
   Their fatal end you see,
What did appear, her children here,
   My followers they were cast;
And let the martyrs to appear,
   How all alike were plac'd.
So thus to men it plain is seen,
   Throughout the Bible stands—
Now think upon thy simple dream,
   And thou may'st here command,
Thy throat they'd cut—though thou'st not wrote
   The dream that did appear:
But Satan's arts, I say, are deep,
   He'll try to cut it here,
Now from thy folly I'll begin:
   Thou shudder'st at thy dream,
And thought from Satan it was seen,
   But now I tell thee plain,
It was to shew what men would do,
   If thou wast in their power,
I brought that dream unto thy view—
And now discern the hour
When thou the book last read it through;
For Satan's arts were there,
And as an angel he'd pursue,
'To make the truth appear.
Could he go on in power by men
Thy destiny thou would'st see;
I tell thee, perfect like thy dream,
Therefore I order'd thee
To take the book then in thine hand,
My Bible open here,
And it was put by my command,
'Twas I that guided there,
That thou may'st see the destiny;
The way thy foes do break;
They try to cut the throat of thee,
And make thy children weep.
Like butchers here, I said before,
The shepherds they were come,
And like the sheep for slaughter here
My Flock they're leading on.
So this is plain, if you discern
How they do both appear;
But I shall keep thee from all harm—
Mark how it ended here:
As from the dream I shall explain;
Thou said'st thou should'st not die:
No;'tis the malice here of men,
That wish thee so to lie;
But now too late is every fate
To act as heretofore—
Thy other Chapter it is great,
And mark what's spoken there:
The eagle see, I now tell thee,
In every age hath been;
For Satan strong hath work'd that way,
Where man's hearts hath seen;
If any call from heaven did fall,
A warning from the Lord,
The eagle strong in man would come
To mock the every word.
But now at last the die is cast,
I'll pluck his feathers here;
For his deceit hath been too great,
In man he doth appear:
No truth or judgment is in man—
I ask when they judg'd right?
'Tis but believers that can stand
When all is brought to light.
I know the meek how he doth seek
Always for to destroy;
There is no peace men can possess
While Satan doth enjoy.
For to confound in every sound,
   Men's tongues he fills with lies;
And so like him they do goon
   With arts and with disguise,
For to shew clear their feathers here,
   In Satan they do shine.
But let them know the end is near:
   For now I've told my mind;
The time's at hand, he cannot stand
   To hurt the Earth much more;
But while he is support'd by Man,
   His feathers will appear
In them to shine now for a time,
   His malice will be high
Where he can come and dwell in men;
   But you may all defy,
If you stand out, not full of doubt,
   But let your faith be strong;
His feathers I shall pluck them out;
   For men with him do join,
Then them I'll pluck, till to the root
   His cloaths I'll take away.
So let the mockers now stand mute,
   My judgments they will see
To hasten on, I tell them, strong;
   For I'll deliver here
From all the violence of such men,
   That do this way appear.
Judgments shall come; and mercies strong
   To those that her believe,
And see what rock she builds upon,
   I will not one deceive.
Now mark the head how all was laid:
   And will they say 'tis thine?
Then sure their wisdom must be dead,
   And thou must all outshine,
To have thy dream near at the time,
   And so to place the whole
To shew he'd cut the throat of thing,
   And make thy children fall.
And then the last see how 'tis cast,
   Thy Prophecies before:
Thy enemies they so would burst
   By Satan's malice here;
But know the end by thee is penn'd,
   He shall not now destroy;
I've said that I shall stand thy friend,
   And will mankind enjoy;
That wish for me, my kingdom see,
   They shall not wish in vain;
The Woman's Fall I've said I'll free—
   I made her to be mine.
When at the last the whole is cast,
   Then Satan he must fall.
The eagle's feathers now do burst,
But I shall pluck them all;
His claws appear, I tell thee here,
For he doth work in man.
And know I've told thee them I'll tear,
And off the whole shall come.
So now see plain, ye sons of men,
The way this did appear:
I order'd thee to blind thine eyes,
That all might see it clear.
Promiscuously came all from me,
'Twas I did guide thy hand—
And now the Chapter let them see
Wherein thy eyes did stand;
Then surely men must see it plain,
The visions must appear;
And from the mockers I'll maintain
That the last times are here;
And gone from me they surely be,
My Spirit do not know;
They have no faith for to build up
That I shall come below
In Spirit strong to dwell with man,
My Bible do not see,
Though they pretend to build thereon,
But nothing know of me.

Here ends Wednesday night, Jan. 30.

Thursday morning.

I am compelled to write the dream that I shuddered to mention. On the Tuesday night, the 29th, I dreamt a man had cut my throat, and put me in an elegant coffin, and carried me to the butchers to bury me; but as I was not quite dead, I thought some of my friends put me into a bed, and I began to recover very fast, and said I should not die, but live. This is the dream that is alluded to in the communication, from the Chapter where I found Garrett's book. Last night I dreamt two men were going to throw me down a precipice, which made me cry out aloud in my sleep, and Townley waked me. After that, in the morning, I had a beautiful dream of seeing horses in the air, and I thought many saw them as well as me.
I was this morning ordered to open my Bible, which was in 1 Maccabees vi. the latter part of ver. 8—He laid him down upon his bed and fell sick for grief, because it had not befallen him as he looked for.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee. Thou judgest of this chapter a. the former, there could be nothing to the purpose in it; but I now tell thee, no more than it happened to the king as he looked for, no more shall it happen to thy enemies as they look for; for I shall be a strong tower and wall of defence round about thee to destroy thy enemies. Now remember thy dream, and how thou wast waked out of it: and now I tell thee, as Townley awaked thee, when thou criedst aloud, and delivered thee from thy fears in thy sleep, and perceivedst all to be but a dream, so, I tell thee, the malice of men shall be no more than a dream unto thee: for as thou dreamedst afterwards the horses were placed in the air, like visions, and clouds before thee, so shall my Power and my Spirit defend thee. And now I shall call to thy remembrance the night thou calledst for the wine, that thou mightest drink deep in my Spirit, and be cleansed from all sin, and by the bread be strengthened by me; know, in the morning I called thee aloud, as Townley called thee to awake thee from dangers; and so shall my calling be unto thee; so fear not them that rise up against thee; for I am thy God, and will be with thee. And now go to the other chapter that he mentioned. 2 Samuel x. 5. from which he speaks thus—"And if this abominable tribe had staid quietly at Jericho, till their beards were grown, the world had never been thus filled with their horrid blasphemies."—Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee from the judgment thou hast drawn of thyself; but do not boast thou art wiser than others.
It was I that placed that wisdom in thee, to shew it was the ingratitude, and the unbelief of the children of Ammon, that brought that disgrace upon the children of Israel. Now let them weigh deep what kindness David had in his heart to do unto Hanun the king of the children of Ammon. He thought to have shewed kindness to the children of Ammon; but now mark their ungrateful return. David sent to comfort them by his servants, and the princes of the children of Ammon said unto Hanun their Lord, Thinkest thou that David doth honour thy father, that he hath sent comforters unto thee? hath he not rather sent his servants for spies to search out the city and overthrow it? Here, through their unbelief, and wrong insinuation, they worked upon Hanun to entreat David with ingratitude, unkindness, and shame, and confound them for the goodness of their king. Now this hath been in all ages; through unbelief and wrong judgment the people of God have been put to shame and confusion, as David's servants were; but mark what became in the end. The children of Ammon where destroyed for their ingratitude; and now, I tell thee, it is coming to the end, that unbelief and ingratitude shall meet with their just punishment; as the children of Ammon did; for now, like David, I have thought to do kindness to the sons of men, as David did to the children of Ammon; but if they go on with ingratitude, to shame my servants, whom I have so sent out to warn and invite them, as Hanun shamed the children of Israel, they shall be destroyed as the children of Ammon were. So let them all observe, that if the children of Israel were shamed at first, the children of Ammon were destroyed at last; and so now I warn all men, if my servants are shamed at first, who believe in the fulfilment of my Bible, that I am a God that will not lie, they shall be destroyed at last, that mock like the children of Ammon, to say they are spies sent out by the Devil. So here he hath
shewed thee the very text that must bring the sermon, to shew how ingratitude, unbelief, and wrong judgment bring on men's destruction; and how ready they are when they have committed a fault, to add one crime unto another, till they have brought the shame and guilt upon their own heads, that they tried to bring on the innocent. Thus did the children of Ammon do, and thus are thy enemies doing: they are trying to shame thee with lies, and calling thy master a liar; but they shall find in the end thy master is the God of Truth, whose heart is now like David's, to shew kindness to the sons of men; but they are like the children of Ammon wrestling the Truth, despising my Goodness, and trying to stir up all they can against me, and putting my servants to shame; but they shall all find it in the end, I will act like David, and turn my love to anger, to destroy the ungrateful sons of men, who judge they are wiser than their maker; that I made a promise in the beginning I never intend to fulfill: as the children of Ammon said by David, so have men said now by me. Therefore they are drawing their pens like swords against me, to stir up war against my people; but they shall find a David here, that will destroy them as David did; for now I tell thee, they are adding one sin upon another, first the sin of unbelief by mockery, to shame my people who believe me the God of Truth; and now they are stirring up war against them, as the children of Ammon did.

So from their fall, I tell you all,
Destruction fast shall come;
And from that chapter now see all,
What unto them did come,
That first did blame and then did shame
The children that were true,
Because that David sent them out
His kindness for to shew.
So now the same, behold my name,
Like David I have done;
And as you put my friends to shame
Your ruin shall come on.—
But I'll end here and say no more;
This chapter let them see,
Another Chapter quoted by Garrett is Isaiah xxviii. 7—But they also have erred through wine, and through strong drink are out of the way; the priest and the prophet have erred through strong drink, they are swallowed up of wine, they are out of the way through strong drink; they err in vision, they stumble in judgment. He further adds in his book: "I trust that the Lord has brought me through the Jordan of a spiritual judgment, and equipped me with the sword of his Spirit, and put an irreconcilable enmity between me and all such awful superstition; my soul, through rich grace shall pay away; yea mine eye shall not spare, till I have exposed to just contempt this abomination of desolation, and as a watchman upon the walls of Zion, I have given a faithful warning to all seeking souls."

"Now I shall answer thee from his words, where he professes "to give a faithful warning to all seeking souls." He professes himself a priest and a prophet; but he shall know he is the priest and prophet mentioned in his text: he hath erred in the sense of visions, in the meaning of visions, and stumbled in the judgment he hath drawn of me; for I have neither called him, neither have I warned him to be as a watchman, unless he would warn my people, to turn them from the evil of their ways, and warn them of the visitation of the Lord; but this visitation he hath denied, this visitation he hath mocked and despised; yet he hath set himself up as a priest and a prophet; then let him tremble at the following words, verse 14 of his own chapter—Wherefore hear the word of the Lord, ye scornful men, that rule this people which is in Jerusalem. Because ye have said, ye have made a covenant with death—"
though as dangers could not come unto you; but ye are promising life to those that trust in your lightness and in your lies: but he shall know I have laid in Zion for a foundation a Stone, a tried Stone, a precious Corner Stone, a sure Foundation, he that believeth shall not make haste.

Now I shall answer thee from this chapter. The priests have made themselves the prophets, which thou knowest from the letters of others, as well as from his book; for no man can say he knoweth my mind or will, what I intend to do upon the earth, without he is visited by the Spirit of Prophecy from me; yet the priests profess to be prophets, that they know my will and understand my Bible, while they are mocking the true Spirit of Prophecy that I have given. Now let them answer what is meant by the tried stone, the corner stone, and the sure foundation in thy heart. Thou answerest, that foundation is Christ. True is thy judgment; but let it be known unto all men, that foundation was laid in the Fall, and that foundation cannot be accomplished till the Promise is fulfilled. It was a tried stone to the Jews, when I came in the body: and it was a tried stone to the Gentiles, and a precious corner stone, a sure foundation for man's redemption, unless they make agreement with hell, to withstand the Promise that was made, that Satan's head may not be bruised; but what will they do when judgment is laid to the line, and righteousness to the plummet? The line was laid in the beginning, for Satan's head to be bruised, his power destroyed, and the kingdoms of the earth to become the kingdoms of the living God. This is the line through my Bible; but if men make lies their refuge to deny all these promises, and agree with the falsehood of Satan, to cover themselves with him, they will find, when the overflowing scourge passes through, they will be trodden down by it; therefore let them tremble at verse 22—Be
ye not mockers, lest your bands be made strong. And let them answer who is the true prophet, from the following lines: I have heard from the Lord God of Hosts a consumption, even determined upon the whole earth. Now this prophecy is known to thee; that I have declared unto thee; for thy prophecies go to the ends of the earth, that I have begun and will go on, till I have brought all men to know the Lord: but Garrett says, he knows what God is; then he must know all my decrees, and know more than the angels in heaven: for the angels know not the Lord to perfection, nor what he will do, to make all his ways perfect before men and devils, saints and angels. Then how can a man boast he knows from the Bible what God is? For I tell him, he knows not what man is; neither does he know the deceitfulness of his own heart; though he pretends to write as a priest and a prophet: and let him know, from the chapter he mentioned, he must profess to be a prophet, that hath heard all my decrees, and determination upon the earth, or he must allow himself to be the false prophet, the false priest, that hath erred in the visions he hath seen, and stumbled in the judgment he hath drawn. Let him weigh his chapter deep, and let all men weigh it deep: for I tell thee that chapter stands for the end. And now mark the following, chap. xxix. 9—Stay yourselves and wonder; cry ye out, and cry: they are drunken, but not with wine; they stagger, but not with strong drink. And the vision of all is become unto you as the words of a book that is sealed. And so I tell thee are the prophecies and the visions unto them that are hardened through unbelief.

For now to all I thus do call,
The chapter that is here
Foretells mankind their fatal fall,
Where unbelief appears.
The chapter he points out to thee,
False prophets there are come.
And the false priests let them see,
What is the end of them;
But from the true they all must know,
That my decrees do hear.
I never shall give up the blow
Till I have ended here.
So earth and hell they now may swell,
And let their lies go on,
But from the chapter let them see
What fatal end must come;
For line on line, behold the time,
What prophecies are penned,
And from the precept let them see
The way that all must bend.
For backward here do men appear,
And backward they go on;
Back to the Jews, hear ye the news,
For backward so they're come.
So backward all will see their fall,
That stand in unbelief:
The tried stone, I tell you all,
Must end your every grief
That do believe I'll not deceive,
The sure foundation's here;
I am the first, I am the last.
I'll make my Bible clear;
My wondrous council all shall see,
My working shall come round,
Till I've destroy'd the enemy,
And man shall now be crown'd
With peace on earth, the Scripture saith,
That in me do believe,
I am a God that's just and true,
And will not man deceive.
But unbelief will bring on grief
To those that mock my word:
The vision's like a sealed book
To those that know not God.
Therefore with wonder they may cry,
What false prophets are here,
That gave my Bible so the lie,
What priests do appear?
I said before I'll make it clear
The ending so would come;
But one good Shepherd men would hear—
Now mark the words in John.

See John, chapter x. 11—I am the good Shepherd:
The good Shepherd gave his life for the sheep. Ver. 12—But he that is an hireling, and not the Shepherd, whose own the sheep are not, seeth the wolf coming, and leaveth the sheep and fleeth: and the wolf catcheth them, and scattereth the sheep.
THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now I tell thee, this chapter alludes to my coming in the Spirit, when I come to call my sheep and they shall know my voice; but what other Shepherd did I say, as man, they should depend upon when I compared them to hirelings? and he is a hireling, that denieth the visitation of my Spirit. Now come to the chapter he told thee of in Ezekiel: chapter xiii. 7, 8—Have ye not seen a vain vision, have ye not spoken a lying divination, whereas ye say, the Lord saith it; albeit, I have not spoken? Now let them mark verse 3—Thus saith the Lord: God woe unto the foolish prophets, that follow their own spirit, and have seen nothing! Now from the chapter he mentions to thee, as being brought against thee, is entirely against himself; for he set himself up as a prophet, following his own spirit and having seen nothing. Then let it be known unto all men, the word of the Lord came unto the prophet Ezekiel, to prophesy against these prophets that prophesied out of their own hearts: and out of their own hearts have all the priests prophesied that prophesy against thee; and they are seducing my people with lies, saying, peace, and there is no peace: they are building up walls, and daubing them with untempered mortar. Now let them see that chapter deep, what destruction these prophets must bring upon mankind, that prophesy out of their own hearts, who are like the foxes in the desert; and like the foxes they are destroying my sheep, crying peace: but I ask them what peace? Now let them mark verse 22—Because with lies ye have made the heart of the righteous sad, whom I have not made sad; and strengthened the hands of the wicked, that he should not turn from his wicked way. Now I shall answer thee from this chapter: Let the prophets fear and tremble, that prophesy out of their own hearts, and have seen
Effects of Trusting to False Prophets.

Nothing, to deceive my people with their lightness and their lies. Now see how much this is in the hearts of the ministers. I have threatened with judgments, and judgments have come; I have threatened with scarcity and death, and the land hath felt it; I have threatened to punish with the war and the sword, and it is still over your land. Yet seeing all these things before them, they are prophesying peace to my people, telling them it is a vain vision, and a lying divination, all they have seen and heard; for they are telling the people, from their own hearts, they are the prophets to whom you are to trust: but how fatal will be their end, when they see all the judgments pronounced in that chapter fall upon their own heads, for prophesying out of their own hearts? This was the destruction of the Jews; they prophesied out of their own hearts against the true prophets that I had sent unto them, and so they deceived the people by promising them peace, that nothing should happen to them, when I had threatened to destroy them. Now as I have told thee, in all ages of the world men have been alike, and that likeness will continue, as long as Satan's power reigns; and perfectly as the false prophets are mentioned in that chapter, that they were then, perfectly so they are now; but I now tell thee, their end will be more fatal; because they have my Bible to see what unbelief brought upon man, and how much it is mentioned of the false prophets, prophesying against the true ones. Therefore this last presumption will be more fatal to man than all the former; for where is the man can now come before thee, and say thou hast prophesied lies in my Name? Have not all things been foretold, from 1792 to this day, that have already taken place? And now mark how many men thou hast heard affirm they were called of God to preach the Gospel, whose sinful lives have made thee tremble: as thou hast often said, to do
the Devil's drudgery in Christ's livery: and now I tell thee, your land is full of these preachers. Therefore he pointed to thee the very chapter that sheweth his likeness, and the likeness of others. Know, the true prophet was but one, the false prophets were many; and many false prophets are gone out in your land, saying, the Lord sent them to preach the Gospel, when I have never sent them nor commanded them; but out of their own hearts are they gone, and building up walls, daubing them with untempered mortar, that is not tempered with my true word, nor with the Gospel; for know it is written, the good Shepherd must appear, before the redemption of man takes place, or the fulfilment of the Bible is accomplished; but how is the good Shepherd to appear? or how is the Lord to be revealed? or how is the wicked one to be revealed? Will they say, by those prophets or priests that are gone out into the world, and saying, Lo, here is Christ revealed to me; I am sent out to preach the Gospel, by the sword of his Spirit; and another crying out the same, I am sent out by his Spirit to preach the Gospel a different way? For this is known unto thee and to all men, it has been affirmed by the different preachers, that thou hast heard preaching one against the other, and yet both say they are called of God; then what untempered mortar is their preaching my word, to say they are called of me to preach my word when they cannot join together?

So now see all, the wall must fall That's so built up by man; Untemper'd mortar is their call, The prophets false are gone; Throughout your land they now do stand, Affirm they are sent by me; But from their doctrine thou dost know They no ways can agree; Then surely here they must appear False prophets in your land; Untemper'd mortar, all see clear, Together cannot stand.
They mock the warning of the Lord,
They wrest my every word,
And what is left upon record
Hath ne'er to them occur'd,
That they are come the prophets wrong,
To say they are sent by me;
Untemper'd mortar doth go on,
As they do disagree.
So now see clear my Bible here
The way that it doth stand;
Untemper'd mortar doth appear,
False prophets they are come,
To tell mankind that they are sent
To preach the word for me,
And on their words you must depend
If saved you will be;
'To trust to man is all their plan;
But how will they appear,
When the good Shepherd he doth come
And ask them when and where
That I did call, as things do fail
So different from my word?
To say that they are prophets all,
That way they mock their Lord;
Yet they contend that 'tis from men
You every thing must know;
They mock the judgments I have sent,
But can they stop the blow?
I tell thee, No; it is not so;
They have not stopt the past,
And fast they'll see the scourge to go,
They'll never stop the last,
But bring it on, proud ignorant men,
'That say, they know the Lord!
And with their Maker do contend,
As I before have said,
So now comes on that chapter strong—
Let men the chapter see,
Then they must know the prophets wrong
The priests so must be;
And down they'll fall, I tell thee, all
When it goes through the land:
The overflowing scourge is near,
I ask them how they'll stand?
When all begin to tumble down
Their mortar will not do:
The sheep they murder with their sound;
Like foxes, all shall know,
They do appear to mock men here,
To say, they are call'd by heaven;
Then all these things they'd known before,
And warning would have given.—
But I'll end here and say no more;
The chapter let them see.
Another chapter must appear,
That he did name of thee.
Or of himself; his pride did swell
Like Satan's at the first;
But down, I tell him, he will fall
And on the floor be cast."

See Ezekiel xii. 28. (quoted by Garrett)—Thus saith the Lord; there shall none of my words be prolonged any more. Now mark his words: But he says, "This wretch and all her fraternity pretend to have power to fix a time, and then to prolong it at their pleasure! Poor, devil's fun! they might have escaped many sneers, if they had only fixed the time of the fulfilment of their prophecies a hundred years to come."

"Now I shall answer his words. Had the art and deceit been in thee; to pretend thyself a prophet when thou wast none, thy art and deceit would have been like his, to have fixed to a time that no one could tell whether it was true or false, to mock thee till thou wast no more. This is the art of Satan, and this is the art of a man that is lifted up by him; but let all men know, it was never the art of thee, thou dostest faithfully with God and man: for I told thee all was at hand, and that all was at hand thou toldest the public. So if it had not come on the devil could have had no fun with thee, if he had come in my name to prophesy; for Satan does not know with what I mean to visit the nations, nor what I intend to do upon the earth. So had thy visitation been from the devil, to cast thee up high by his prophecies, he would soon have brought thee down to the floor again, as the fall of Garrett will be. And know what I told thee by the man's prayer, that mocked Carpenter's praying to the Lord, as he called me the devil, so Garrett hath mocked the Spirit that leads thee and called me the devil; but every soul that mocks thee shall know thy prophecies come from the God of Truth; whether they live to see the fulfilment or not, Satan will be ready to tell them, after he hath cast them up on
high by swelling their pride, that he hath brought them down to the pit with him, by working in their hearts to persecute the Spirit of the Lord, and doing despite where I have sent it: for let it be known, from my Gospel, he that offendeth these to whom my Spirit is sent offendeth me; but these offences must come to fulfil my Gospel. And now I shall come to the purport of his chapter: and know I have told thee, he handles the word of God deceitfully, to blind the eyes of the ignorant, and to deceive the simple. Can a man dare to preach my Gospel, and say he is furnished with rich grace, that doth not understand what he reads? Will he dare to say none of my words are prolonged? Then the Bible must be fulfilled when John wrote the Revelation, for know what is written in the last chapter—And he saith unto me, seal not the sayings of the prophecy of this book, for the time is at hand. Then if it was not prolonged, that time that was at hand must be immediately, and the Spirit and the Bride must then appear to bring the final end to all; but how are men taking from the Scriptures! how are they adding to the Scriptures to bring on their own destruction, and take their names out of the Book of Life, that they may have no share nor lot in the matter! Now write verse 22 of the chapter he mentioned, what the Lord said unto the prophet—Son of man, what is that proverb that ye have in the land of Israel, saying, the days are prolonged, and every vision faileth? Tell them therefore, thus saith the Lord God; I will make this proverb to cease. Now I tell thee, like the present age so was the past, because judgments are not speedily executed the hearts of the sons of men are set to do evil. But shall I be a God to destroy and devour at once? Then to what use is my sending prophets to warn them and threaten them, if I go out immediately to destroy them, without giving time to try them, whether they will hear or whether they
will forbear, whether they will repent, or whether they will be hardened? It is to try them that I warn before I strike; and this warning had come to the prophet. Now mark what I ordered him to do, in verses 5, 6—Dig thou through the wall in their sight, and carry out thereby. In their sight shalt thou bear it upon thy shoulders, and carry it forth in the twilight: thou shalt cover thy face, that thou see not the ground; for I have set thee for a sign unto the house of Israel. Verse 11—Say, I am your Sign: like as I have done, so shall it be done unto them: they shall remove and go into captivity. Verse 15—And they shall know that I am the Lord, when I shall scatter them among the nations. These were the prophecies given to the prophet, telling what judgments should befall them for their disobedience and rebellion; and he was a vision as a sign unto them; but seeing these judgments not immediately executed, nor these dangers come upon them, they began to mock the prophet, as they now are mocking thee, that the fatal judgments, mentioned to the unbelievers and the mockers, that shall come upon them, are not fulfilled; and the proverb is now in your land, as it was with the rebellious house of Israel, the days are prolonged, and the fatal judgments are not come. Thus they provoked me to anger in the days of old, and mocked my warning, because I gave them space to repent, and they repented not, but hardened their hearts the more; therefore I said, my word should no more be prolonged, because they had provoked me to anger, to bring on their destruction; for they had hardened their hearts through unbelief. And now I tell thee, it is the same: these very men that profess they are as prophets called of me, to go out with the sword of my Spirit, they have drawn the sword against me, to prophesy out of their own hearts against the prophet whom I have called; they have set up their own wisdom and their own invention against
my Spirit; and now they are ready to say, like the Jews of old, where are the threatenings fulfilled? are they not prolonged? mocking the visitation as not being from the Lord. Here is the perfect likeness of Jews and Gentiles; and now they may fear the perfect likeness of the fulfilment! and know how they have mocked thee of the Mis-maze, and thought no more of it as being a type to the nation, of what Mis-maze and confusion they will be in, when I bring upon the land all the judgments I have threatened, than the rebellious house of Israel thought the type of Ezekiel's digging down the wall and carrying out the rubbish was a type unto them, how they should be carried into captivity. Now let these ignorant men, that mock the Types and Shadows, I worked in thy heart to do, answer me, why I should order the prophet to dig through the wall, and carry it out in their sight, as a sign unto them? Could I not have carried them into captivity, without setting that sign by the prophet? And was I now to set the like sign, would it not be as much mocked as it was by the Jews? I tell thee, Yes; and much more; then how can he dare to say, that the free, sovereign and unmerited and unsought-for Grace of God in his soul, compared with that all-sufficient fund of divine knowledge contained in the Bible, is sufficient to inform him what God is? Now the very chapters that he hath mentioned must come as a swift witness against him; for how can he mock my speaking to thee, when thou wast cutting of paper and making a Mis-maze, and see in the chapter he pointed out, from the 3rd to the 16th verse, what I commanded the prophet to do, how I conversed with him to set signs for the children of Israel? Then what knowledge can he have of his God? or what knowledge hath he of my word? But I now tell thee, as the prophet was set for a sign before them, by doing the things that I commanded him, so the
Mis-maze that I worked in thy heart to cut, shall
be an awful sign of what Mis-maze shall come upon
men that mock the visitation of the Lord, despise
my invitation, and laugh at my threatenings; but
those whose eyes are like the diamonds, that begin
to see the Pearl of great Price, and dig deep through
faith to find it (that meaneth going on in their faith
nothing wavering,) they will find it a Mis-maze of
joy that never entered into the heart of man, but
hath been locked up in the bosom of the Father,
concealed from men and angels, till the time of its
fulfilment. This is a Mis-maze unto all men—

Therefore I work'd in thee
That simple thing for to begin,
That all mankind might see
My wondrous working unto man
A Mis-maze doth appear;
There's no one doth discern my plan,
Although my Bible's clear,
To shew at last I so shall burst,
When I have all went through.
I shew'd the prophets at the first,
What shadows they should do
To shew to man how I should come—
Ezekiel's shadows see,
The way I bid him to go on—
And now I'll answer thee:
Dig through the wall, I tell you all,
The wall stood then for man,
And from the rubbish now I call
To carry out to them,
When he digg'd through I told him so,
That carried out should be,
And he the sign, call all to mind,
How they their end should see.
So from the sign let all discern
The substance did appear,
And will you say you know your God,
And mock the signs are here?
The sign to Israel was foretold,
Which they all mock'd at first,
Until their hearts with fear grew cold,
To see the sign to burst;
But through the wall, I tell you all,
It never ended there,
Until I came in love to man,
To have the wall appear.
But now within thou dost begin
To ask, how this can be,
That I could come a wall to them,
That they dug through to see?
A mystery here, thou canst not clear
Thy pondering thoughts within,
To ask, how I can make it clear?
To reason I'll begin:
I was the wall, I say, for all,
Whereby the end must stand;
But when unto the Jews I call'd,
Thou'st say 'twas my command
To bid the prophet to dig through,
And so I told them all;
For if their prophets they had known,
They'd seen from whence their call
That I was come a wall to man;
But they would not believe,
And this before to me was known,
The wall did them deceive.—
But here thy pondering thoughts IsM j
I have not made it clear
The way that I the wall can be,
My prophet dug through there,
That as a type and shadow stood,
I tell thee, of the end.
The wall was me; the substance see;
But how mark how 't did bend:
Thou knowest the Jews believ'd in M fc#  .
A Root that should appear;
A branch of David they should see,
To bring their kingdom here;
That is, Israel should restore,
They'd see a conquering king
That unto them there must appear,
And honour great to bring.
This they believ'd there would appear,
A great deliverer come;
And all my Bible shews them clear,
This end must come to them.
But when I came, it must be known,
No grandeur they did see;
But like a wall prepar'd to fall,
And so they digg'd through me,
Until my death they had brought forth:
Then see the wall was gone;
And they like rubbish were cast out—
Their hearts to me were known.
Now from the wall, I tell you all,
Though 'tis a mark to man,
But from the building, see, to all
By what it there does stand:
From brick or straw, you all must know,
Or stone, it must be laid;
And 'tis by man the wall must stand—
By shadows I have said:
To build it first by man is plac'd;
But this thou dost not see,
There is no way it can be cast,
If that the wall is me.
Then how can man the builder come,
To build upon his God?
This thing in man it may be done—
But mark what here is said:
Man was the builder of the wall,
A shadow plac'd of me;
But yet the substance known to all,
Look deep and you may see,
The wall by man first plac'd his plan,
I tell you, in the Fall;
That is the way, to all I say,
That I became the wall;
As on me first the blame was cast,
And so the blame went on;
Yet they expected at the last
Their ransom it would come;
That their redemption they should see,
According to my word,
Forget the other prophecy,
That I must shed my blood,
And first to fall, I tell them all—
Then now the wall you see;
The prophet digged there the hole,
To shew my death must be,
I tell them first, ere I do burst
To be a wall for man,
And make the Serpent lick the dust,
And have no power to come
Within the wall, I tell you all,
When I have made an end;
But as he carried then through all,
A mystery deep to man,
What he digg'd out, can you now doubt,
To carry in their sight,
A mystery no man can find out,
Till I bring all to light?
My blood was shed, be not misled,
That I then gave for all;
But as the Jews were so misled—
They perish'd when I fell;
That is, my death was then brought forth,
But they'd not trust in me,
And so, I say; they were dispers'd—
The last error, now see,
Did then appear worse than before,
But now the wall you see:
My open side must so appear
Just like the hole to be,
That he digg'd through, they all shall know,
That Type stands deep for Man,
But now the Gentiles, like the Jews,
Must to destruction come,
If they maintain that now again—
"We'll dig the wall once more."
Then I do tell them in the end
Their ruin must appear:
For on the Jews the stone did fall,
That they dig'd out at first;
But if you now dig down the wall,
Upon your heads it must burst.
So now in me your building see,
And let your faith be good;
Or else your ruin you will see;—
Like rubbish I allude
The faith of man, where it is wrong,
And wrong the Jews' was plac'd;
But to the Gentiles now I'll come,
To shew the end at last.
So I'll end here and say no more,
But let the Gentiles see
What from the Jews they have to fear—
And know the wall is me:
A Type to Man the wall doth stand,
As I have said at first;
And by the unbelief of Man
The Jews were surely cast."

Another quotation from Garrett—All visions and prophecy necessary to instruct the people of God are sealed up in Christ. Daniel xi. 24. now put down verse 23—After the league made with him he shall work deceitfully: for he shall come up, and shall become strong with a small people. Ver. 24—He shall enter peaceably even upon the fattest places.

"Now thou hast read the chapter through, quoted in his book, and judged it impossible that any man could be so void of reason, to allude that vile person, which is mentioned in the chapter, and comes forward in the text, which is verse 24. that he hath mentioned, alluding to Christ; thus thinking it impossible that any man could be so blind, or full of blasphemy, made thee turn to Chap. ix. judging the I might be placed wrong by the printer; and in verse 24 thou hast found the prophecies of Christ mentioned, which thou judgest is what he meant. Now I tell thee, as great as the mistake was made of the chapter, so great is his mistake to judge thou
art led by any spirit, but the Spirit of the LIVING God. By his mistake he hath placed the Spirit of Christ, in the fulfilment of his mission, to be the vile person, as he quoted the xi. Chapter instead of the ix, perfectly so is his mistake; for should it stand for the chapter mentioned, as he hath put in his book, he must make me the vile and deceitful person. And now I tell thee, this he hath made me throughout his book concerning thee; for there is not a greater mistake of the chapter than there is of the judgment he hath drawn of thee, and of the Spirit that directs thee. Now come to his words: he saith “a woman who beyond all doubt is one of the vilest imposters that ever tainted with infectious breath the wholesome air: But I have not sent them saith the Lord; yet they prophesy a lie in my name;” therefore he adds, “Joanna is a false prophet,” in page 9 of his book. In page 5 he saith, “she saith the Lord talks to her, and she remembers it all; but the being that she calls the Lord, any man that knows the truth would call a liar; for Jehovah is a God of truth; but this being that talks to Joanna persuades her that she is without sin.” These are the words spoken by Garrett; and from the last observation I shall answer for myself. If he hath not made a mistake in the word, as he did in the chapter, to say one thing and mean another; as I cannot suppose any man so void of reason, to quote Daniel xi. 24. to allude to Christ, therefore I judge he hath made a mistake, mentioning the xi and meaning the ix; so he must have made the same mistake by me; meant that I was a sinner, instead of saying I was without sin; as it is said in my writings, when I was pleading my own unworthiness to be called to so great a calling, I was answered by the Spirit that leads me—

“I know thy life what it hath been,
Like Adam's seed tainted with sin;
But bring me now the man that's free,
I say, from sin, I'll answer thee.”
But this I knew was impossible to plead for any man. Now if he hath not made a mistake, he must be an abominable liar; as I can prove him in many places, where he hath mentioned me, that he is a wilful liar, as though he came from his father the devil; for he hath affirmed many things in his book, saying I said them, that never once entered into my thoughts; nay he hath boldly and erroneously asserted to the world the following words: “this also (the similitude of the barren woman,) Joanna applies to herself literally, and declares that Jesus Christ is to leave his throne in heaven, and to be carnally married to her.” Now I must appeal to any man’s conscience, what they can think of a man, that can so boldly and publicly sign his name to such an abominable lie? when in all my writings it is so clearly explained of the Marriage of the Lamb, as to the shadow with one and the substance to all, means the heart entirely given up to Christ, for God to be all in all. Therefore a man that can so erroneously turn the truth into a lie, what a preacher must he be, but the false prophet and false priest that are mentioned in the chapters he quoted? And how abominable are his falsehoods, to say I am an impostor? Doth he judge me another such as himself? or doth he know what an impostor is? An impostor is a liar and a deceiver; but I can call heaven and earth to witness that I have not acted deceitfully towards God or man in my prophecies. I judge of the Spirit by the truth; and the truth hath followed my prophecies from 1792 to this day; and I faithfully put the letters in the hands of the ministers, foretelling the events of years before they took place. Had they not come true the ministers would have detected me; then how dare a man presumptuously to say the spirit that leads me is a liar? The book of my Trial will clear my innocence of my upright dealing towards man. Another abominable lie that he hath put in print in page 4 of his book, he says, “when the Lord first began to reveal himself to her, as
she calls it, she informs us she was troubled with wandering thoughts, consequently she cut a number of pieces of paper into the shape of diamonds, and doubled them up." Here is a most erroneous lie; for such a thought never entered in my head. When the Lord first visited me in 1792, tears and prayers were then my private companions, fearing I might be led by a wrong spirit, as every thing appeared unlikely, that was revealed unto me at that time, to take place, as all seemed flourishing in our land; and I saw the truth of my Prophecies hasten on from 1793 to 1800, before I published them to the world, that I might not impose upon any one, to publish prophecies, till I was clear from the truth that had followed, they came from the God of truth: and that I believe these false prophets, that prophesy out of their own hearts, and out of their own spirits, nothing but deceit they will find to their sorrow, while believers that are longing for the coming of their Lord will find it true to their everlasting joy. As to my cutting of paper it never entered my head till 1804, that I was ordered to throw down my pen.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now, Joanna, say no further; I for thee shall answer here: Wrong as he hath nam'd the chapter Full as wrong his judgments are, To say that Satan leads thee on, Or any spirit vile; For to the chapter I shall come, And shew how he is foil'd: Whatever chapter in his head He had before his view, 'Tis from the chapter I shall plead, And all shall find it true To name me there I must appear A vile person to be, And perfect so he hath nam'd me here, The judgment drawn of thee: He saith the spirit leads thee on A liar must appear; He'll find his judgment to be wrong, And full as much to err As in the chapter he hath nam'd— Let his mistake appear;
For I shall put him sure to shame,
And shew how men do err.
As he began I say of men,
They place the Spirit wrong,
As from the chapter this is seen,
I now to man shall come;
For all the same, I say, my name
They've surely plac'd it wrong;
And blasphemy in Man I see,
Against me now they're come;
And their mistake they'll find it great,
As in the chapter penn'd.
I told thee, men were but deceit
But I shall stand thy friend;
They all shall see thou writ'st from me;
Thy heart and soul I know,
And unto heaven thou may'st appeal;
For I well know 'tis true,
Thy written hand would never stand
In print for to appear,
If I had not commanded thee,
And made the truth so clear,
That it was I who dwell on high
Direct thy every hand;
But know the words that I did say,
Satan would come in Man,
And so he's come, I tell thee, strong—
And now the chapter see:
Vile as the Man is mention'd there,
So vile is the heart of he;
Against his Lord he'th drawn his sword,
And artfully goes on,
Thinking for to destroy my word,
But his mistake will come.
I tell you plain, you sons of men,
Like him you all mistake,
And for the Serpent do contend,
Though you discern it not.
Had he discern'd how he did warn,
To name the chapter there,
He would have righted that mistake
It might not so appear;
So many men to me are seen,
If they the right did know,
Then their mistakes would not go on
Such madness for to shew.
The chapter through I bid thee read,
That thou may'st see more plain
How in it there he was misled,
Though he did never mean
The thing to do, I well do know,
And thousands are the same;
'Tis by mistake men do go on,
And do not know my Name.
But now the chapter I shall name,
To whom thou dost allude
Must be the chapter he did mean,
As wrong the J then stood
The other side, be not misled,
Would brought it to the nine;
And now, I say, 'tis so by me—
Thy writings are divine:
From his mistake see how did break
The vile person appear;
But turn the J the other way,
The nine must now appear,
Wherein you see the words of me,
What he don't understand,
The way I'll make an end of sin,
And finish all for Man.
But in my bosom 'twas seal'd up
What in the end I'll do;
Then let men's wisdom now to drop;
Can they pretend to shew
The mind of me? it can never be,
I tell thee, done by Man.
Wrong as the chapter he did place,
So wrong his judgment came;
Out of his mouth I'll him condemn,
As I have said before;
For if in me it was seal'd up,
Can Man so bold appear;
For they to say another way,
This knowledge is in Man?
No; wrong as he did put the J
The judgment is of men,
To think my Bible they do know,
When 'tis seal'd up in me.
His wisdom doth him overthrow—
Men's folly let them see.
Now mark the prayer that Daniel made,
Before the answer came,
How much he wish'd to know my mind
If Israel I'd redeem.
He for the people did intercede,
I tell thee, in his prayer;
But know the angel, it is said
The man that did appear,
Like Gabriel come, the vision place,
Was shewn unto his view;
The words were given for the end,
What I for them should do:
But of the number of the weeks,
No man can understand—
When from the time I first begin,
In my great work to man,
To finish sin I must begin,
The vision doth appear.
To tell them I shall make an end,
And righteousness bring here;
But how 't could be no man could see,
'Tis all seal'd up from man;
And this is here allow'd by He;
Then can they boldly stand
To say they know how things will go,
The way I'll end the whole?
Now to another chapter come,
And see how it will fall.

Romans xiv. 17. quoted by Garrett—The kingdom of God is not meat and drink, but righteousness and peace. But I shall observe verse 11—For it is written, as I live, saith the Lord, every knee shall bow to me, and every tongue shall confess to God. This chapter I wish my readers to weigh deep; it is not reading of one verse you can draw your judgment from; you must weigh the chapter through.

1 Corinthians iv. 20 quoted by Garrett—The kingdom of God is not in word, but in power. Ver. 15. remarked by me—Though ye have ten thousand instructors in Christ, yet have ye not many fathers; for in Christ Jesus I have begotten you through the Gospel.

Hebrews xii. 28. quoted by Garrett. But I must refer my readers from verse 25 to the end, then they will see the meaning of verse 28. as it is written in the 26th—Whose voice then shook the earth: but now hath promised, saying, yet once more I shake not the earth only, but also heaven. Then nothing remaineth but the things that cannot be shaken to receive a kingdom which cannot be moved. Romans v. 21. quoted by Garrett.—That as sin hath reigned unto death, even so might grace reign through righteousness unto eternal life by Jesus Christ our Lord. Here he adds, the subjects of this kingdom are principally now among the Gentiles, who under the Law were set forth by the similitude of a barren woman, Isaiah liv. 1. Now I must refer my readers from verse 13 to the end; as Garrett has made out this chapter fulfilled by the
Gospel, when Christ called in the Gentiles: now it is said, in verse 13—And all thy children shall be taught of the Lord; and great shall be the peace of thy children. This is promised to the barren womb that never bore. Now as I once understood the chapter the same, that it was fulfilled in that manner, before it was explained to me, I will not condemn his judgment here; but when the enquiry was put to me, by the Spirit, to know if all the Gentiles were taught of the Lord, and when this great peace was to them, I was struck silent, as I considered amongst the Gentiles in past ages, as well as the present, sin had abounded with a high hand, and the Gospel wrested by the different opinions of mankind, which hath brought in many religions, and opinions; so that the past ages as well as the present seem more to be taught of man, than of the Lord; and when I reflect on the persecution of the martyrs, and what they suffered in their days, and the persecution I have read of in other ages, I cannot see this great peace was ever yet established in any past ages; and I am certain it is far from being established in the present: for the preachers of the Gospel themselves seem at war in their spirits one against another, and every man's way seems clean in his own eyes: and Garrett himself hath condemned all religions but his own; and other religions have condemned his to come from the bottomless pit, for making God the author of every cruelty, to ordain one part of the world must go to hell, if they live ever such just and upright lives; on the other hand, there is a set of people, they say, are ordained to go to heaven, if they are as wicked as the devil can make them. Of this Garrett boasts: but I may say, my soul come not thou into their secrets! This convinceth me, the truth of the chapter is not yet fulfilled: but the mysteries I leave to the Lord, that were explained to me, some years past, and are in print.
THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee, as I said I should answer thee again when thou hast seen the judgment that was drawn by man; and the judgment of Garrett is the judgment of thousands. I have told thee, the barren womb alluded to the Gentiles, as I came from the house and lineage of David to the Jews; but did my coming then bring the redemption to the Jews? though many of the Jews were converted and became my Disciples, and went through much tribulation for my sake, and were put to death; and so were the Gentiles brought into the Gospel, that were a barren people before; for which reason the wisdom of men judged that chapter to be fulfilled, without discerning what is said in the chapter before: Isaiah liii. 11—He shall see the travail of his soul and shall be satisfied. Now thou knowest what I have already told thee, the cruelty that my Disciples were put to death with did not satisfy me, nor did the suffering of the martyrs satisfy me, nor hath all the persecution that hath been satisfied me; but what will satisfy me I have already told thee, and now I tell thee again, is to see men in heart and mind longing for Satan's destruction, as the Jews clamoured for mine; and as eager to have Satan's head bruised as they were to bruise my heel: for this was the day of vengeance that I had in my heart, and this it was written by the prophet I should see and be satisfied; but how could I see it before it was revealed? and mark what is said in Daniel ix. 24—When I make an end of sin, and bring in everlasting righteousness, the visions should be fulfilled, that were to be sealed up till the time to anoint the Most High; then what is sealed by man, and from man, must be revealed by the Most High. Now by the Most High it is revealed to thee, that the Promise made in the Fall bringeth in the Redemption to Man. Now I shall place this chapter with the Revelation—Be
glad and rejoice, for the Marriage of the Lamb is come. But what have men to be glad of and rejoice in, if it allude to one person only? The happiness of one does not lessen the sorrows of another, unless it joins with another, as a mother in distress with the greatest poverty should have a large fortune left her to support her children, then they may be glad and rejoice together, as they are all benefited by it; just so is the Marriage of the Lamb; if it alluded to one Woman only, that it was revealed to, to claim the Promise, and the Lord would give it to her, and it rested upon her only, there was no room to be glad and rejoice, for the sake of one; but when it stands as I have told thee, the woman, that is the mother brought to distress by the Fall, and Christ the Mediator come to be her Redeemer, to free her children from all the sin and sorrow that they have suffered to this day from the Fall, and to bring in a kingdom of everlasting peace and happiness, and sin and sorrow to be done away; then they may be glad and rejoice, to see the woman's ransom come; then will her children be taught of the Lord, and great will be the peace of her children. But now let them mark the chapter: This peace doth not come in her days, but it is to her children that are believers, that this perfect peace shall be established, and which no man-living can prove ever was established. Now thou hast been reading the judgment of men drawn from these chapters; but I now tell thee, their judgment is as wrong as the Jews' was of their prophets; they drew a wrong judgment first, and the learned now go on the same. The Gentiles being called by the Gospel appears to them to be the fulfilment of the chapter, as my saying it is finished, when I died on Calvary. Now mark the commentators there, and I shall answer thee again—Now thou hast looked and there is no judgment drawn from my dying words; and now I tell thee, they might as well have left all their judgment they have drawn; they have drawn their judgment as men,
but with no more knowledge of what they have drawn, than thou canst gain knowledge from what they have drawn from my Death, and that is none; and now I tell thee thus it is in all the rest; for the fulfilment of the chapter can never be accomplished till the end. The calling of the Gentiles is meant in that chapter; but is the calling of a thing the fulfilment? I tell thee, no: no more than the dawn of the morning, or the break of day, or the rising sun, can be the ending of the day, to bring the setting sun; just so is that chapter to the Gentiles; they had the dawn of day from the Gospel, and the Sun of Righteousness arising to shine unto them, as the sun riseth to shine in the firmament. Yet still they went on, to suffer persecution, to be tossed with tempests, and not comforted to that full and perfect peace that is said in the chapter, for all her children to be taught of the Lord, to be established in righteousness, to be kept from oppression, to fear no terrors, and have great peace, and no weapon to be formed against them to prosper. Where is the man by learning can prove this hath been the happy state of the Gentiles, or the happy state of any Church? and when will they prove, that all the Gentiles were taught of the Lord, when they tell you, you must be taught of men, for the Lord hath left teaching his people ever since the prophets ceased? Then where is my Gospel fulfilled, of the Revelation of my Spirit? Now mark these commentators, who place that chapter to the Gentiles' being established in that peace and happiness that are there described; and from the Revelation tell you, the Dragon, the grand adversary of mankind, hath in all ages opposed the Gospel among men; then where is that happiness established that is here mentioned? I tell thee, No; they have seen but the shadow of the chapter, the substance is not fulfilled. Now mark Isa. liv. 9—For this is as the water of Noah unto me: for as I have sworn that the waters of Noah shall no more go over the earth, so have
I sworn that I would not be wroth with thee, nor rebuke thee, neither shall the covenant of my peace be removed, saith the Lord, that hath mercy on thee. Now if this chapter was fulfilled to the Gentiles, all their iniquities must be done away, and all their sins must be pardoned, and their peace must flow as a river. Now mark deep this chapter, ‘Isaiah liv; see the shadows; see the substance that is spoken in that chapter. Now let men mark deeply what hath followed the Gentiles, what hath followed the Christians, that believed in the Gospel; then they must see they have been afflicted, tossed with tempests, and not comforted; their sorrows have been great by the martyrs, great were the persecution to my disciples, and great hath been the persecution against Christians to this day; then when will they prove their stones were laid with fair colours, they were established in righteousness far from oppression, and that no terrors could come near them? This, O vain men, was never fulfilled to the Gentiles, nor in any age of the world; yet it stands on record to be fulfilled: for as the bow was set in the cloud for a sign to Noah and all posterity, the water should no more destroy the earth, so this chapter stands for man, that a time of redemption shall come, for man to be redeemed from all these sorrows that ages have gone through. Now place my Bible together and see in what chain the whole hangeth: now mark these words in Isaiah liv.

—And thy Redeemer the Holy One of Israel; the God of the whole earth shall he be called—With everlasting kindness will I have mercy on thee, saith the Lord thy Redeemer—And all thy children shall be taught of the Lord; and great shall be the peace of thy children. Now come to the Gospel of St. John viii. 47—He that is of God heareth God’s words: ye therefore hear them not, because ye are not of God. Chapter vi. 39—This is the Father’s will that sent me, that of all which is given me I
HER CHILDREN TO BE TAUGHT OF GOD. 343

should lose nothing, but should raise it up again at the last day. Chapter xiv. 26—But the Comforter, which is the Holy Ghost, whom the Father will send in my Name, he shall teach you all things, and bring all things to your remembrance. 1 Peter v. 4—When the chief Shepherd shall appear, ye shall receive a crown of glory that fadeth not away. Revelation xxii. 2—The tree of life, which beareth twelve manner of fruits, and yieldeth her fruit every month: and the leaves of the tree were for the healing of the nations. And there shall be no more curse. Verse 12—Behold, I come quickly; and my reward is with me, to give every man according as his works shall be. I am Alpha and Omega, the beginning and the ending, the first and the last. Blessed are they that do his commandments, that they may have right to the tree of life—The Spirit and the Bride say, Come. Let him that heareth say, Come. Surely I come quickly. Now let men compare these Scriptures with the words of Isaiah—All her children shall be taught of the Lord; and great shall be the peace of her children. Now I have shewed you from the Bible, how this chain hangs together, from the Law and the Gospel, to be fulfilled. Now mark the words—Blessed are they that do his commandments. But without the revelation of the Spirit, how shall ye know my commandments? To what purpose did I tell my disciples that the Holy Ghost the Comforter should come, to bring all things to their remembrance, if I did not intend to send it? O vain and simple men, that profess to preach my Gospel, and do not understand it; and when I reveal it, ye will not believe it. Was I not in the Body with my Disciples? and did I not draw them to obey my commands? and did I not after my ascension send the Holy Ghost unto them, to strengthen and direct them? and did I not promise to raise it up again in the last day; that ye might have everlasting life? Now what do men
understand from these words? Did I not promise my Disciples that I went to prepare a place for them, that where I was they should be also? then know they are sealed with me in glory: but the meaning of my words are, I should raise up men in the last days by the visitation of my Spirit, and the power of the Holy Ghost, to obey my commands, as the Disciples did. Now by whom were the Disciples taught? were they taught of God or of man? Had they been taught of man they would follow the doctrine of the Jews, and never went on to bring in my Gospel; but they heard the word not as from man, but from God, and went through all opposition and all persecutions, to establish my Gospel; and now to fulfil my Gospel, and bring in my kingdom of peace; men must be enlightened and drawn by my Spirit to be workers with me, as my Disciples were; then cometh the end. I was the first, and I am the last: I was the first in the prophecy at the beginning, and I must be the last to fulfil that prophecy in the ending; I gave my life for men's salvation, that in the end I might accomplish their redemption; that they might have their part in the tree of life, that obey my commands: but what commands can men obey, before my command is given by the Spirit, as it is written? Now I shall come to the purpose with all men: ye say the Spirit and the Bride alludes to the church; I ask you what church? will you answer the established church of England? then I ask you, why you dissent from it? if you place it to another church, why do you not all follow it? O, ye blind leaders of the blind! know the Spirit and the Bride must testify of the end. Mark the chapter through, weigh deep every line; mark what is said before; mark what followeth after; and mark the end—He which testifieth these things saith, surely I come quickly: then who is to testify these things but the Spirit of the living God? Will you
dare, presumptuous men, to say it must be testified by you, that you come quickly, and your reward is with you? Then what reward will ye bring to give to every man according to his works? or, what tree of life is in your power to give to man; spiritual or temporal? what leaves can you bring to heal the nations? If this can be done by man without the visitation of my Spirit, and without the directions of my Spirit? Why are not the nations healed already? Have ye had eighteen hundred years to be finding out a way, and never found it out yet? Then as it never was found out by your forefathers, will ye say ye are wiser than them, to find it out now, without my aid and assistance, without my Spirit to direct you? Then I tell you my Bible must be false, my words must be false, when I pronounced man dead to knowledge: for it was to knowledge man was dead; and every age of the world hath proved it: But the just have lived by faith; and now I am come to try men to the end, and place my Bible plain before them, and he that believeth will obey my commands, and have his part in the tree of life. Now thou sayest in thy heart, what must men believe to obey my commands, and have their part in the tree of life? To this I answer, let them believe my words in the beginning, when Man was pronounced dead; let them weigh, in all ages, how dead to knowledge men have been, without my Spirit to visit and direct them. Then let them believe the Promise that was made in the Fall to the Woman; let them believe the tree of life was preserved for man in the end, with the sword to cut down the powers of darkness, according to the promise made in the Fall; then let them weigh my Bible through and see the promise that was made to Abraham, then they will know it is by faith, and not by knowledge, they must gain the promise: Abraham had no knowledge that I
should preserve his Son; yet he had faith to believe I should fulfil my Promise.

So thy enquiries I have answer'd:
With my Bible all compare,
Then they'll know 'twas not by knowledge
Abraham did the Promise share;
And so to all I now do call,
Men's knowledge will not do,
Because that I've conceal'd from all
What lies before my view,
Before I come to make an end,
And every mystery clear.
Did Abraham know how things would bend
Before I call'd him there,
To say the Son should not be slain?
Now to Isaiah come;
And from my Bible I'll maintain
That knowledge men have none;
The prophets prophesied of me,
But who could understand
The way that it fulfill'd should be?
The Jews could not command:
Then sure to knowledge man is dead,
As I've said before:
It was by faith that men were led—
See my disciples there,
The way they came by faith 'tis known,
For knowledge they had none;
The way I should arise again,
Is in my Gospel known.
Then now again I will maintain,
To knowledge men are dead;
My Bible never was so plain
Before mankind now laid,
As it is here and doth appear,
The way 'tis hastening on:
The budding leaves do all appear
To shew the spring is come;
Yet man is dead, as I have said,
For knowledge they have none;
It is by faith the Scripture saith,
And now 'tis faith alone
That makes believers to appear
'To judge their summer nigh,
That I shall come the whole to clear,
As I before did say;
And all my prophets prophesied,
For this they did foretell.
The Law and Gospel I've applied,
How in one chain must fall;
So now the chain it does remain,
The links I've made them clear:
'Tis not by knowledge this is done;
'Tis faith must join them here.
MAN DEAD TO KNOWLEDGE TO GO BY FAITH. 347

So faith will come the whole to join,
And I shall make them good,
And tell them all my strict command
Is to obey my word,
And now believe I'll not deceive,
Like Abraham to go on:
It is by faith the Scripture saith
Must bring the life to man.
So now discern how I do warn,
And my command now see;
It is my Bible to trace through,
As I've commanded ye;
For there you'll find my every word,
As I have mentioned here:
Men have no knowledge of their God,
'Tis faith the whole must clear.
Now faith, you'll see, is a gift from me,
But if you it refuse
You'll see your knowledge all to die,
And perish like the Jews.—
But here within thou dost begin
To ponder deep, I know,
That my command is said by men
I've plac'd for them to know.
But my command can never stand,
If men do it deny;
Judge of a thing they do not know
Is no command from me.
Quench not the Spirit I command,
From my disciple given;
Despise not prophecies is said;
The Holy Ghost from heaven
If you allow it came to they,
Then all their sayings hear;
If their commands you do obey
You'll see my Bible clear:
The prophecies they were foretold
That they would surely come.

Another day I shall unfold
My Bible clear to man;
But I'll end here and say no more:
If men do weigh all deep
They'll see my Bible it is clear,
And prophecies must break;
For I must come in Spirit strong
To break the truth to all;
And dead to knowledge must be known
That men are by the Fall;
So by their heads if you are led,
Then monstrous heads will come,
I say, to keep you in the Fall,
And Satan-hold you strong.

Here ends the Explanations of the Scriptures quoted by Garrett and another.

X x 2
Philippians ii. 10, 11—That at the name of Jesus every knee should bow, of things in heaven, and things in earth, and things under the earth; and that every tongue should confess that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the glory of God the Father.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.

"Now let the learned answer, when this was done—

That every knee did bow to me,
And every tongue confess
That Jesus Christ the Lord must be?
No Man can answer this,
'Twas ever done, I tell you plain,
But know it must be so.—
And now from Pomeroy I shall come,
For men like him do do;
Farrago here, let men appear,
My Bible so they make;
And as the words were spoken here,
So I to men shall break;
So they must pen the words of Man,
What he did write of thee,
And then again I'll answer them,
That so they act for me."

The words of the Rev. Mr. Pomeroy concerning Joanna * are, "I shall be ready at all times, and in all places, to maintain my opinion with respect to the farrago of sense and nonsense, of Scripture and blasphemy, contained in her pretended prophecies; that such incoherent matter never could proceed from a sound mind, or from the pure Spirit of Wisdom."

Ephesians iv. 30—And grieve not the Holy Spirit of God, whereby ye are sealed unto the day of redemption. 8—Wherefore he saith, when he ascended up on high, he led captivity captive, and gave gifts unto men. 9—Now that he ascended, what is it but that he also descended first into the lower parts of the earth? 10—He that descended is the same also that ascended up far above all hea-

* See Part L of the Explanations of the Bible, page 69.
ALL FULFILLED AND GATHERED IN CHRIST. 349

vens, that he might fill all things. Chapter i. 10—
That in the dispensation of the fulness of times he
might gather together in one all things in Christ,
both which are in heaven, and which are on earth;
even in him. These texts of Scripture Joanna was
ordered to add to his words.

"Now I shall answer thee from these texts of
Scripture: What sense and nonsense does Pomeroy
make of the Bible? Let him mark the verses
penned before, and then let him see his own words
follow; and the texts that I have mentioned. How
am I to fulfil all things? or how are all things to be
fulfilled, in the dispensation of the fulness of the
times, and gathered together one in Christ? Now
if all things must be gathered together in me, my
Spirit must come to visit; for where is the man
who can gather all things together of things in
earth, and leave out the things in heaven? Can
Pomeroy gather together all thy believers to join
with him in his belief? Then if he cannot do the
least, let him know he cannot do the greater. Then
how dare he to exercise himself in things too high
for him? The way that men make out my Bible,
they make of it sense and nonsense; and my dis­
ciples full of blasphemy, to place all these Scriptures
of me if they are not to be fulfilled. So he may
call my Bible as he called thy writings, pretended
prophecies; for no better than pretended prophecies
do men make of my Gospel, as the Jews made of
the prophets of old. Now let Pomeroy answer
Ephesians i. 17—The God of our Lord Jesus Christ,
the Father of Glory, may give unto you the Spirit
of Wisdom and Revelation in the knowledge of him.
Now if this be given by the Lord, the Revelation of
Jesus Christ, let him answer, how it can be given by
man? and let him answer why you are to pray for it,
that God will give the knowledge of himself? why
did my disciples teach a doctrine that never could be?
nor ever was expected to be? Now let him answer,
what is mean by living in the Spirit, and walking in the Spirit? 1 Cor. xv. 22—For as in Adam all die, even so in Christ shall all be made alive. Ver. 24—Then cometh the end, when he shall have delivered up the kingdom to God, even the Father; when he shall have put down all rule and all authority and power. Verse 25—For he must reign, till he hath put all enemies under his feet. The last enemy that shall be destroyed is Death.

Now unto man I bold will come,
Like Pomeroy to appear;
Just as the words were spoke by him,
The shepherds I see here;
They make the same my Bible come,
My prophecies, I see,
In sense and nonsense they go on
And make it blasphemy.
My Gospel here no man can clear,
The way that they go on;
What wisdom in your God appears,
I ask the sons of men?
When that this earth I did bring forth,
And form'd it at the first,
From my Apostles it is plac'd,
I'll do it at the last.
Now Adam, see, is said by ye,
Died in the Woman's Fall;
And so you all must live in Me,
When I to her do call;
For just the same, you see my Name,
You must be made alive,
As he did die, I now do say,
Then how can you contrive
Another way? then answer me;
For blasphemy is here,
What my Apostle then did say;
If you the thing can clear;
Another way that this must be,
In Adam you did die,
And by the Woman's band, you say,
Did my Apostle lie,
To say in me your Life should be,
As Adam's death did come?
What sense and nonsense do you make;
Your Bibles you condemn;
For blasphemy was spoke by he,
If I don't make it good,
The very way that he did die,
From her 'ts understood;
Then now the same, know ye my Name,
My Spirit strong is here,
That she the Promise now may claim,
And make my Gospel clear.
The strength's in ME, you all shall see,
The ending now is come;
And as my Gospel here is plac'd,
I tell you, so't shall come:
The enmity destroy'd shall be,
The power of hell I'll shake;
To tread him down I'll now be found,
And all his power I'll break.
As he began I now shall end,
After his manner here,
The Woman was his bold intent
To make the guilt appear;
But known to me his arts to be,
The way that he betray'd;
Therefore the Promise I made she,
HER seed should bruise his head.
But can it come, ye simple men,
Till she the Promise claim?
Then her I'll free, you'll live in ME,
That do with her contend—
"Our Bible's true, before our view,
"And it he'll now make good:
"The power of Christ all this can do
"To bruise the Serpent's head.
"Then now we see the enemy
"That he will here destroy;
"By Satan first the death was cast,
"But now we shall enjoy,
"For CHRIST to come and him condemn,
"And conquer then our Foe:
"When the last enemy is gone,
"Then all our joys shall flow.
"Like Adam's first when he was plac'd,
"And PARADISE began;
"So when our enemy is cast,
"Our Life in CHRIST shall come!"
So men see hear my Gospel clear,
How you do place the whole,
In sense and nonsense you can't clear,
Your wisdom down must fall:
My Bible, see, is blasphemy,
The way 'tis plac'd by man;
And my Apostles they must lie:
The trial none can stand
For to appear, my Bible clear,
Till I do all reveal;
For sense and nonsense men make here
If I must all conceal,
Never appear in SPIRIT here
To make my BIBLE good;
I ask mankind how they can clear
My Bible as it stood?
My Bible men must blame;
And sense and nonsense they must see
To put them all to shame.
Now pen the word that's on record,
I'll answer thee again."

*Ephesians vi. 13. to 17—Wherefore take unto you the whole armour of God, that ye may be able to withstand in the evil day, and having done all, to stand. Stand therefore, having your loins girt about with truth, and having on the breastplate of righteousness; and your feet shod with the preparation of the Gospel of peace; above all, taking the shield of faith, wherewith ye shall be able to quench all the fiery darts of the wicked. And take the helmet of salvation, and the sword of the Spirit, which is the word of God.

"Now from my word, that's on record,
I bid mankind to take
The Spirit's sword, it is my word,
To make all hell to shake;
To chain him down my word is found,
And will you it deny?
Then sense and nonsense you must make
My Bible as it doth lie:
My armour here I bid men wear,
The armour whole of me;
When my Salvation doth draw near
The Gospel's peace you'll see
In every land it then must stand,
But evil days come first
Because the unbelief of man
Will make my anger burst.
But those that come in faith now strong,
Judge all my Bible true,
The shield of faith they must put on,
To quench their every foe;
For fiery darts in evil hearts
He'll surely work in man;
Therefore your hearts, you must prepare
In all my strength to stand;
That is, in me your faith must be
My Bible I'll fulfil;
Then you will quench your enemy,
My Bible is your shield
Of faith to stand, as I command,
My helmet shall be near;"
In my salvation you shall stand,
Then what have you to fear?
The Spirit's sword, you'll find my word
Will bear you safely through.
If you do say with one accord,
"We judge the Gospel true,
That Christ will come again to man,
As he did say before—"
And my disciples so did name,
And so doth now appear.
"So we believe that none deceive,
"Our Bible's plac'd this way."

But if in fear men do appear,
The truth they ne'er shall see;
Then they may come, with Pomeroy join—
"What blasphemy is here,
"To say that Christ again should come
"Our every guilt to clear?"
Then they'll go through, I tell thee now,
And place my Bible wrong.
If they deny my Bible through,
This way I shall not come;
Then I'll appear like Pomeroy here,
And answer from his word:
Your jarring nonsense none can clear
To prove the truth of God;
 Pretended here then must appear
My Bible's prophecies;
Because your wisdom cannot clear,
To say they did not lie,
If I don't come again to man,
As they have plac'd it through.
My Bible they do so condemn,
As Pomeroy said of you:
But he shall fall, I tell you all,
And tremble at my feet;
There's no way he shall-shun his call;
For if he'll now submit,
Honour to lose to free the cost,
Your honour you'll maintain;
Because that he like thousands be;
He is a type of men:
And blasphemy was spoke by he,
That every soul shall know;
So by that man, I say, your land
In blasphemy doth go;
So his reproof may others move,
As they're reprov'd the same.
If blasphemy is spoke by he,
Then thousands so are come.
For to blaspheme my every name,
My Bible all deny;
But Pomeroy now I'll put to shame;
Then let the mockers cry—
"Like him we stand throughout the land," 
"His honour he hath lost;" 
"Nor can we now uphold the man," 
"If he in lies doth boast." 
But know, vain men, you do contend 
In lies as bad as he: 
And I shall prove it in the end, 
Then trembling you may see 
Your fate to shun, as he began; 
For he cannot appear, 
Knowing the lip of truth must stand, 
With any courage here. 
He will see plain, ye sons of men, 
That he hath caus'd his fall; 
And so with men I shall contend, 
He stands a Type for all."

*Here ended Thursday night, Oct. 25, 1804.*

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**Monday morning, October 29, 1804.**

*Galatians iv. 4, 5, 6—*But when the fulness of the time was come, God sent forth his Son, made of a Woman, made under the Law, to redeem them that were under the Law, that we might receive the adoption of sons. And because ye are sons, God hath sent forth the Spirit of his Son into your hearts, crying, "Abba, Father." *Chap. i. 8—*

But though we, or an angel from heaven, preach any other Gospel unto you than that which we have preached unto you, let him be accursed. *Verse 12—*I neither received it of man, neither was I taught it, but by the Revelation of Jesus Christ.

**THE ANSWER OF THE LORD.**

"Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee: Thou hast never received thine from man, nor hast thou learnt it from any doctrine of man, or any revelation of man; but from the revelation of my Spirit, which is sent forth into thy heart, that ye may be made heirs of God through Christ. Now why do men preach another doctrine, and deny my Spirit being sent forth in thee? Then they must preach ano-
Another Gospel that was never taught them by me, nor my disciples; but my Gospel was never understood by any man, for they thought the fulness of time was when I came upon the earth, and was born of the Woman; but will men prove I was made of the Woman? I have already told thee, and I now tell thee again, I was made of the Holy Ghost, and became the Son of God, taking man’s nature upon me, in every form and fashion as a man, neither was man’s redemption then: and the Jews that were under the Law, are under the Law to this day. But what do men marvel at, to think that that Scripture should allude to a Woman in the last days, whom my Spirit should come to visit, to claim the Promise that was made in the Fall, and redeem men from the Fall, when I have told you that that Promise must be claimed by the Woman? But how is the Woman to claim it, without my Spirit coming to visit her? And why does it appear more marvellous to you, that God should send forth the Spirit of his Son into her heart to free the Fall and claim the Promise, that ye may be made Heirs of God, and joint Heirs with Jesus Christ, than it is marvellous that God should send forth the Spirit of his Son into your hearts, thereby crying, Abba, Father, making you Heirs of God through Christ?

Now here to man I bold shall come,
And let them answer me:
My Gospel no man doth discern,
How all fulfilled must be;
In the full time, call all to mind,
The whole I must redeem.
Under the Law, you all must know,
The Promise stands for men;
The Woman’s seed must bruise his head,
Then I must sure be here,
And in the Woman strong to plead,
Your great Deliverer here;
To clear the Fall, I tell you all,
I in her so must come,
Because her Promise I must clear,
And in her form, be it known,
My Spirit strong this way must come,
Or how could she go through?
I tell you all, ye sons of men,
My Gospel none do know,
The way 'tis plac'd, ye fallen race,
As none do understand;
You by the Woman me disgrace,
The Fall, you must command,
I tell you plain, ye sons of men,
Her Promise must it clear;
If you discern how I do warn,
In her I must appear
In Spirit strong; and so I'm come—
But could you all see plain,
That God has so sent forth his Son,
In Spirit to redeem,
And you went on to mock her hand,
More fatal now it would be
Than for the Jews, that did condemn,
And nail'd me to the tree;
My hands again, ye sons of men,
You'd nail them all the same,
In Spirit strong now I am come,
And you the Woman blame,
To claim the word that's on record—
Blind mortals, you must see
It is the Spirit of your Lord;
It can ne'er be done by she;
Yet in her form, it must be known,
The Promise I must claim,
If I do free the Fall, I say,
And all my Sons redeem,
The promise strong to her must come,
As it was made at first;
I tell you plain, ye sons of men,
No other way 't can burst;
The Promise there the whole must clear,
And this I'm come to do;
And yet you do deny me here,
My Gospel none do know,
More than the Law the Jews did know;
They stumbled at the first,
And now I'm come in Spirit strong,
You like the Jews do burst.
Another way, you now do say,
My Gospel here doth stand;
Then can you prove that prophecy
Redeem'd the Law for man,
When I appear'd in body here,
In person like mankind?
I tell you, no man this can clear;
My Gospel I do find
Like Pomeroy's words, what's on record,
Pretended all to be;
CONCERNING THE REDEMPTION.

'Tis but pretended prophecies
My Gospel, they do see;
Because no man on earth can come
To say I did redeem
Them from the Law, you all do know,
The Jews in it are seen;
And so they stand, I say, for man
A proverb of the Law;
And you must know they're not redeem'd;
Then can you prove it so,
That at that time the thing was done?
Then how can you appear
To say my Gospel true is come,
The way men plac'd it here?
No, no; 'tis I, who dwell on high,
My Gospel must reveal;
And in the Spirit now, I say,
My Gospel I'll fulfil;
To make you sons and heirs I'm come,
My Spirit I've sent here;
And yet, I know men do condemn,
Though they can never clear
The truth at first it so did burst—
Like Pomeroy men go on,
Pretended prophecies at first,
They say my Gospel's come;
Can man appear the truth to clear?
They all must answer, No;
And own the Jews do now appear
Strong in the Law to go;
For unto me they do not flee,
To make my Gospel good;
And so, I say, like Pomeroy,
My Gospel men allude
In nonsense here for to appear,
As they can't make it true;
Nor yet a word can they now clear
I've laid before their view.
My Spirit strong I said should come,
As my Disciples penned—
God sent the Spirit of his Son
Into your hearts to rend
The every veil, that now doth stand
Betwixt mankind and me.
If you will gain the promised land,
And now like sons be free,
Made heirs of God, as it is said,
And joint heirs with the Son,
Then claim the promise as 'twas made:
in Spirit you must join.
I tell you here, with her appear,
For to redeem the Fall,
For that's the Law of God you know,
The Woman he must call,
Her Promise claim for to redeem,
And have the Serpent cast;
For *interwoven* must be seen,
There is no seam to burst
To part the Two, you all must know,
For both alike do stand;
And as the first on *me* was plac'd,
The second I command
My Father's will for to fulfill,
And now fulfilled shall be;
Therefore I'm come in Spirit strong,
To claim it now in thee.
Ne'er taught of man behold thy hand,
For no man this did know,
The way my Gospel here doth stand,
Till I reveal'd it so;
So 'tis from *me*, all flesh shall see,
'Tis I've reveal'd the word;
My Spirit strong to thee is come,
As in my Gospel said.
So learned men may now begin
To place a different way,
And by their learning may contend,
Pretended prophecy
My Bible here, that they can't clear
The thing was ever done;
But if I do not so appear,
The truth can never come;
So see the *first*, and judge the *last*;
How men will make it true,
That man's redemption then did burst—
Bring all before your view?
As I have said, the Jews misled,
And so the Law doth stand;
No learning here the thing can clear,
My Gospel to command,
To say 'twas then, ye sons of men,
Nor can you say you're free;
That in the Spirit strong I'm come,
To make you heirs with *me*:
No, no; behind, you all will find,
Those words are hastening on;
But in the Spirit, all shall find,
To clear the whole I'm come.
The chapter through I bid men go,*
And now discern it deep;
The travailing Woman you may know
That thus alike does break,
To have you come her children strong—
And now her children see:
I am her husband, 't shall be known,
To make you heirs with *me*.
So *Sarah* here you must appear;
The seed of faith must come;
*Galatians iv.*
The Wagers I shall never clear,  
For I shall cast out them.  
So Isaacs, see, you all must be,  
The Promise now to claim;  
'Tis from the Woman that is free,  
When I her cause maintain,  
The Serpent cast, my Spirit burst,  
I tell you, in her strong;  
This was my Promise at the first,  
And so I say 'tis come.  
So men dispute; but at the root  
The whole is cast by she—  
The Promise claim, ye sons of men,  
And I shall make you free.  
So I'll end here and say no more;  
Let learned men dispute,  
And if they say another way,  
I'll surely strike them mute;  
More marvellous here does this appear,  
To have my Spirit come,  
The Fall in every thing to clear,  
'Than of her to be born."

Tuesday evening, Oct. 30, 1804.

1 Corinthians iv. 5—Judge nothing before the time, until the Lord come, who both will bring to light the hidden things of darkness, and will make manifest the counsels of the hearts: and then shall every man have praise of God. Romans xvi. 20—The God of Peace shall bruise Satan under your feet shortly. 2 Corinthians v. 19—To wit, that God was in Christ, reconciling the world unto himself, not imputing their trespasses unto them; and hath committed unto us the word of reconciliation.

"The promise of reconciliation is made by the Gospel; but how can that reconciliation take place before Satan is bruised under your feet? Then how can you judge before the time that I come in the Spirit to bring to light all the hidden things of darkness and make manifest the counsels of the heart? But when were the hidden things of darkness brought to light, or made manifest to man? or, how can it be done by man? For who knoweth the counsels
of the heart, but God only? Man scarcely knows the counsel of his own heart, so changeable is man in his being. Now I tell thee, all these Scriptures stand on record for my second coming, that they may appear plain to man: all this was prophesied before, that I should reconcile the world to myself; that I should bruise Satan under your heel; and bring to light the hidden things of darkness.

"Now where's the man on earth can comeTo say 'twas ever so,That I the world did reconcile?You all must answer, No,Unto the Lord, with one accord,You know 'tis never done;Yet, from the apostles you do see,In Christ it so must come;And Satan, see, he bruis'd must be,As oft is mention'd here;Look through my Gospel, and you'll seeHow oft 'tis mention'd there.Then how can man so boldly standAgainst me to dispute?My Bible no man will command,To fix it to the root:But he must fall, I tell you all,My Gospel so is plac'd;And now I'm coming to you all,My Spirit you may taste;For I'll reveal, and not conceal,My coming so must be,And then the sight I'll bring to light,Dark sayings, you will see,Will be reveal'd and not conceal'd,For I'll reveal my word;But there's no man on earth can comeTo make my Gospel good,Till I appear in Spirit here,The whole for to reveal;And now my Gospel I shall clear,And nothing will conceal,So praise to me from man shall comeWhen I have all went through;And when my Gospel's all made knownI know the stubborn JewsWill then return, in sorrow mourn,When they the end do see;That it was for the Fall of ManI died upon the tree;The Promise claim that I did name,The Fall was at the first;
But this they never did discern,
But marvel I was cast.
The Son of God to them made known,
They well might marvel here,
If for the one my life laid down,
And not the other clear;
But when the two, before their view,
Are plainly prov'd to be;
Then, I do say, the stubborn Jews
My Gospel plain will see.
So I'll go on, my Gospel strong
I surely shall fulfill:
The fulness of the time is come
That my avenging heel
Shall bruise the head, as it is said—
But thou dost grieve for Man
Who mock'd my word, that's on record
And written by thy hand
My word to be, they all will see—
My Bible here is plain:
'Tis in the Spirit I must come,
When all things are made known;
For how to man could this be done,
When I in power appear
To chain the powers of darkness down?
Then earth may tremble here!
Nothing they'd know, I tell thee so,
Should I not visit first,
To let them know how things must go,
When I in power do burst.
Now I'll appear to ask men here—
Suppose this night I come
To shake the earthly pillars here,
And thundering bolts roll on
From shore to shore, like cannons roar,
And earth's foundation shake?
I ask thee how men would appear
If I this way should break,
And they not know it must be so,
To have my Kingdom come?
Then terrors, see, like death would be
The fatal end of man;
Because no love I then could prove
In Man to wish my near—
So with my Bible I'll go on—
'Tis time for all to fear;
Because their love I now shall prove,
Men's love I'm come to try:
And those that wish my Kingdom near
Will find their Saviour nigh,
For to redeem from hell and sin;
But those that do it mock

* Here ends Tuesday evening, and the following was given on Wednesday evening, October 31st, 1804.
They cannot stand when I command
To bring on all the stroke.
From what is penn'd mark ye the end,
What prophecies are come:
The church might now be edified,
The truth might be made known;
For prophecies you are bid to crave,
As my Apostle penn'd,
And prophecies I now do give,
That all may know the end."

1 Corinthians xiv. 1, 4—Desire spiritual gifts, but rather that ye may prophesy.—He that prophesieth edifieth the church. Read the chapter through. Chapter xii. read through, for there it is written of the Spirit of Prophecy being given, as well as the Spirit of Wisdom, and other gifts. The Spirit of Prophecy is spoken of also in many places in the Gospel, that it is to be given to the edifying of the church.

THE ANSWER OF THE LORD,

"Now, Joanna, I shall answer thee: and let the learned answer me what they make of my Bible? Why did my apostle teach them to desire spiritual gifts, and rather prophecies, that the church might be edified thereby, if they are not useful to man, nor profitable to man?

Then boldly men must answer here,
That my apostle sure did err,
To bid them wish for prophecy,
That spiritual gifts in them might lie,
That when my coming did appear
The church thereby might know and hear
My kingdom it was nigh at hand:
And by this warning they may stand
With courage great, when I appear,
And hearts inflam'd to wish me near;
For that's the way that I must come:
It is by the desire of man,
That I shall come your priest and king;
By your desire my kingdom bring
Unto the sons of men below.
Now if you trace my Bible through,
No other way I shall appear,
Because my Bible tells you here,
That man's desire I sure must be
Before the nations I do free.
So man's desire I here shall come:
It is the strong desire of some,
And that desire will further go
In many hearts, I well do know,
Until they'll bring my Kingdom near;
And so that way I shall appear;
For in the Spirit I'll go on
To shew my Kingdom is at hand;
And so the hearts of men I'll see,
Of those that long and wish for me.—
But in thy heart thou answerest here,
Thousands do wish it to appear,
But do not wish for me to warn,
But judge't must be brought in by man:
But if mankind do judge it so,
Upon their heads the blame, you know,
Must surely come, as 'tis not done:
So I'll condemn the sons of men.
Who judge 't can be brought in by man—
Answer me, why it is not done?
And then again I'll answer thee:
Because no man I'll ever free
If it could be brought in by man;
Because the thing they have not done.
Then know my Spirit must appear
To warn you all that I am near;
But if they'll not believe my word,
That I have left upon record,
That 'tis in Spirit I must come,
I know they'll ne'er believe in man;
Because in judgment men are found
To vary strong in every sound:
Then how can mankind e'er appear
To prove my Kingdom it is near,
Before together they agree,
Confess the knowledge come from me?
And it must come by prophecy,
For so my Gospel it doth lie;
So now together both discern,
And judge the manner I do warn;
From Parables I did begin,
From Parables I'm going on;
Though some say fables do appear—
They judge the Lord would not compare
Them with the things that are hastening on;
Then to the prophets now I'll come,
And ask them, Why I did compare
Such Types and Shadows mention'd there,
And call'd them all as prophecies,
And yet too deep they all do lie
For any man to understand?
Then plainer words I must command,
For me to place as Types now here—
My fables plainer do appear;

Z z 2
Than what are in my Bible penned.
I see them all too deep for men—
Unto my prophets now I'll go,
The visions unto men I'll shew,
And ask them how they'll now explain
The visions that were shewn to them.

Now let the learned answer the first chapter of Ezekiel, and tell me, why a vision was shewn to the prophet, that he nor any other man ever understood? But of what use is that vision to man, if it is never to be understood? Now let them discern the 8th verse—They had the hands of a man under their wings on their four sides; and the four had their faces and their wings. Their wings were joined one to another. Here is a vision no man can explain; but I shall hereafter explain it to thee; but first I will try the talents of men, what they will make of the vision through; or of what use the vision is, if it was never to be known or understood. Now as men have publicly mocked my directions to thee, let them answer Chapter iv. 4—Lie thou also upon thy left side, and lay the iniquity of the house of Israel upon it: according to the number of the days that thou shalt lie upon it thou shalt bear their iniquity—390 days.

Now let the learned answer here,
Why that my prophet thus should bear
The iniquities so great for man?
Mark deep what I did lay on him,
And how his food I did prepare;
That I said after they should bear
The sufferings I did lay on he:
And so the same I've said of thee.
The Type of thee stands deep for all
That now do mock this heavenly call;
And such like thee they shall appear,
When I thy sufferings all do clear;
I'll cast it on the sons of men,
And then their sickness shall be seen,
If now they're sick to hear my word,
And mock the coming of the Lord;
Then sure thy sickness I shall turn
On the ungreatful sons of men;
And so thy sickness they shall see,
Turn'd back upon thy foes shall be.
TYPES SET IN THE PROPHET FOR THE PEOPLE.

I'll make them sick to hear the sound
That in the nation shall abound;
And I shall bring it on their head,
Because ungrateful men do plead
Against my Bible and my word,
Against the coming of the Lord.
For unto man doth all appear,
Just like thy appetite, that here
Thou knowest again 'tis gone from bread,
And so are men gone from my word,
That they no more my word can taste
Than thou hast power for to digest,
I tell thee here, the bread of man;
And perfect so I see the land;
Because the bread, that is my word,
They can't digest, as I have said:
So if this way they do go on,
Then sick like thee they'll surely come;
And weak like thee they'll soon appear:
Thou knowest, one day thou couldst not bear,
I say, in strength to stand the whole;
For on thy bed thou'st often fell,
And can't not stand the day all through,
But on thy bed, thou well dost know,
That every day thou art forc'd to lie;
And to the nation this I say,
I'll make them weak and sick like thee,
The want of bread is known to me
Makes all thy sickness to encrease,
Because that bread thou can't digest:
And so men's sickness will come on—
I've said my word is bread to man,
But they cannot digest it here;
Therefore 'tis time for all to fear,
And tremble much the Type to see
That I have plac'd so strong in thee,
As in my prophet plac'd before.
Now let thy sickness to appear,
And both together let them weigh,
Then see the dawning of the day.

After the three months that Joanna's appetite was taken from bread, it was restored for five weeks; and on the 24th of October taken from her again, and she has not been able to eat bread since; therefore she eats but one meal a day, which is her dinner; but is so weak, faint, and sick, that she knows not how to abide up four or five hours together, but is obliged to lie down upon the bed every day, go to bed early, and rise late.
"The Type to man in thee is strong—
'Tis time for all to fear.
That now in mockery do go on:
The Type for all stands here;
In thee 'tis plac'd, and so 'twill burst,
I tell them, strong on man.
Just as the shadows plac'd at first.
Did to my prophet come,
And so 'tis here, the end I'll clear;
'Tis come to thee the same;
Then let the sons of men take care;
That now do mock my name
I'll go on; my Bible strong
From Types I plac'd before,
And so the ending so shall come,
Then let mankind take care
How they do mock the coming stroke;
That I have plac'd in thee;
And those that do so boldly mock,
Tell me how this could be,
That thou dost here this way appear,
Thy appetite so gone?
I told thee that in the tenth year
The Types would here be strong;
And strong they be, they all will see;
That I have plac'd this year,
I say, in thee for all to see
What shortly will appear.
So weigh the whole and judge your fall,
If you this way go on,
It is a warning deep for all
That now do mock her hand.
Can you begin, ye sons of men,
'To say from her 'tis done?
Her sufferings here that do appear;
And from herself do come,
To make it so? vain mortals know;
Her mockery soon should end;
For I should strike a fatal blow,
She never should pretend
To feign the thing to have it seen
Doth like my Bible stand,
And bring the mystery out to men,
How you may all command.
So now see plain, ye sons of men,
My prophet plac'd before,
And now in her what shadows are,
The likeness to appear;
Her weakness see your destiny,
She's suffering now for all;
And so will end your destiny,
If you do mock her call.
The shadows here you all may fear,
The substance it will come,
Continuation of the Bible, from Thursday night, Nov. 1.

Sunday evening, Nov. 4, 1804.

"Here I have shewed the likeness with they and the prophet. As in me there is no variability, or shadow of turning, then why do men seek out so many inventions, to say I must vary and turn from the whole, when I said I am God, and changeth not? Now let them answer from Ezek. I. v. 1—Son of man, take thee a sharp knife, take thee a barber's razor, and cause it to pass upon thy head, and upon thy beard; then take thee a balance to weigh and divide the hair. Now as I know men are mocking the parables that I have ordered thee to put in print, and mocking the things I have ordered thee to do, by Sealing the People, for their protection, that now are looking to me for redemption; and ordered
thee to seal up Satan's destruction; now as all this appears foolish to mankind, and placed as types and shadows of things to come. Let them answer me, from the prophet, whether these things, I have commanded thee to do, are more simple than what I commanded the prophet to do? Could I not bring all the judgments upon the people, that I threatened, without ordering the prophet to cut off his hair by two different instruments? Mark the chapter and weigh it through, what I commanded the prophet to do, and how I brought it as types and shadows to the people, of what I should do unto them. Tell me, ye blind leaders of the blind, when I pronounced judgments by the prophets, without setting some type and shadow in them, to set signs before them? Now let this be answered by the learned, why I should do all these things at first, to set types and shadows, from what I should do at first, and vary from them at last? Now let them weigh Chapter viii. 8—Then he said unto me, son of man, dig now in the wall: and when I had digged the wall, behold a door. And he said unto me go in and behold the wicked abomination that they do here. Now let the learned answer me from this vision, what abomination did he hear from the creeping things or the abominable beasts? Yet from these things I shewed him the abomination that was in man: but could I not tell him what abomination there was in the sons of men, without shewing him the vision? Chapter x. 13—As for the wheels, it was cried unto them, O wheel: and every one had four faces.

Now let the learned men appear And answer my demand, Why all these visions I plac'd here, That none do understand? Yet know at first I so did burst, And so I shall go on; These visions all by me were plac'd, To shew the sons of men.
From Types at first my Bible's plac'd,
From Visions to go on,
And so, I tell you, at the last
From visions I shall come.
So here's a wheel beyond men's skill,
The way I shall go round;
And so at first they bruis'd my heel,
The Promise shall be found;
For I'll go on from man to man
Till I have work'd all through;
The different faces, now command,
I unto all shall shew;
The faces here I now shall clear,
The cherub men shall see,
That now do come in heart to join,
And wish to dwell with me;
The face of men may now come on
To turn which way they will,
They'll find the lion now is come
The eagle for to kill.
So now take care, those that mock here,
The vision it goes deep;
My ways to man how could I clear
Another way to break?
Had I said then they should be slain,
And so fulfill'd my word,
They'd say no prophecies remain'd,
The coming of their Lord;
For all was past, as it was plac'd,
But from the vision here,
These visions strong stand deep for man,
The ending now draws near.
So learned men may now begin
These visions to explain,
And when their wisdom I have seen,
I'll answer thee again.
The chapters through I bid them go
And so explain the word;
But if they say they do not know,
Then let them own the Lord.
He must appear the whole to clear,
Who gave them birth at first:
For men's wisdom they do err,
They know not how 'twill burst,
For to fulfil the every wheel
That I'll work round for man;
I know it is beyond their skill
The way I've laid my plan.

Exekiel xiii. 2—Son of man, prophesy against the prophets of Israel that prophesy, and say unto them that prophesy out of their own hearts, hear ye the words of the Lord: thus saith the Lord God,
woe unto the foolish prophets, who follow their own spirits, and have seen nothing.

Now I'll appear to answer here,
  The learned may dispute:
In their own spirits they appear,
  But I shall strike them mute.
Nothing they've seen, 'tis known,
  And nothing do they know;
Yet like the foxes they are come,
  That in the desert go:
They'll not appear the truth to clear,
  And nothing will they see;
The gaps are breaking every where,
  And down they all may be,
They'll not go up, nor will they stop
  The dangers are before,
But still in blindness they do hope
  Their dangers will be o'er.
Like Israel here do all appear,
  And so their fall will come;
But when my battle doth appear
  They'll find they cannot stand;
If they go on as they've begun,
  In vanity to trust,
They'll find no rock to build upon—
  Men's wisdom must be cast.
I ne'er did clear men's wisdom here,
  Nor will I at the end;
For then my Bible all must err,
  Should my Spirit send
From first to last, as it is plac'd,
  If men in wisdom shine;
Then I'd no need to visit here,
  If men did know my mind;
But they do not, mark what is wrote,
  I've told them all before,
No wisdom in themselves they've got
  To know when I appear;
Nothing they've seen, nothing they've known,
  But judge their wisdom great;
But I this wisdom shall unthrone,
  If they will not submit
To learn of me, I now tell thee;
  Though men do prophesy
They know the calling's not from me,
  And give thy pen the lie:
Then let them come now in my name
  And answer to my word,
What have you seen? what have you known,
  To prove it not from God?
Then where's the man that thus can come
  And answer so to me?
Will they affirm a learned man
  This prophet deep can be?
Then I'll appear to answer here,
A prophet he must come:
But know my people he'll make err,
The thing to me is known;
From his own Spirit he must come,
And from it he'll appear,
Profess himself a prophet strong
To know I am not here;
Then I shall come against the man,
And answer from my word:
Out of your mouth you prophesy,
But do not know your Lord
Pronoun'd you dead, as I have said,
Then what hath man to boast,
That he can know what I shall do?
His wisdom must be cast.
So I'll end here, and say no more;
But let men weigh it deep,
The chapter through I bid them clear,
If they can answer it;
If they cannot I'll tell their lot,
Just like the end shall fall;
My people I'll deliver here
Out of the hands of all.
Your vanity they all shall see,
How vain was all your trust,
Who nothing here had heard from me,
But of your wisdom boast.

Here ended Sunday night, Nov. 4, 1804.

Monday morning, Nov. 5.

Ezekiel xvii. 2—Son of man, put forth a riddle,
and speak a parable unto the house of Israel. Now
let the learned answer, why I ordered the prophet
to put forth a riddle, and speak a parable to the house
of Israel? If they judge it sin and blasphemy to put
forth riddles now, then what do they understand
from the riddle to Ezekiel? Let this be answered
by the learned, and I shall answer thee again. Now
let them answer Chapter xix. 2—What is thy mo-
ther? a lioness: she laid down among lions, she
nourished her whelps among young lions. Now let
them weigh my prophets deep, and they will find
the parables I shewed to them, and ordered the
prophet to bring to them, are of the same nature,
the same sense as the parables I have ordered thee to put out to the world. Let them weigh deep

Chapter xxiii. 2—Son of man, there were two women, daughters of one mother, and they committed whoredom in Egypt—

Now when these chapters you've gone through
And brought the whole before your view,
The parables that here are plac'd
Are just like thine, the end to burst;
As from the whoredom let them see
The meaning of the words to be,
And then the meaning that is thine,
They'll see the warning to mankind
Doth in like manner now appear;
So if you blame the Woman here,
You'll blame my prophets all before;
As in this land men do appear,
Thousands my Bible here do blame,
And put my prophets so to shame
As they do now shame all thy word,
And say can never come from God,
The simple parables thou' st penn'd.
But 'tis my Bible to defend
That I have brought it round the same,
To shew all those that mock my Name,
They mock'd my Bible at the first,
And in like manner now I am burst
To place the parables the same,
That in the end I all might shame;
For when they find thy writings true,
Such parables before their view,
And they confess came all from God;
As in this land it shall be know'd
Thy every writings came from me,
And then the parables they'll see,
How every thing alike is plac'd,
And then discern, ye fallen race,
How I my Bible clear this way—
I know what mockery in them lay;
And now I'm come to mock the whole,
And they shall find the truth to fall.
Like whoredom first I plac'd my word,
When they were wandering from the Lord,
And so like whoredom I've plac'd here
Thy parables to make all clear;
And so they'll find it in the end
Like Burnet's story thou hast penn'd *;
If like the lady they go on
They'll find her fatal end to come,
So let none mock thy fable here,
Though like a riddle 't may appear;

* See the Book published by Mr. Foley in the Autumn of 1804, page 88.
But 'tis a riddle that goes deep,
If men go on to mock my sheep,
And say blind shepherds do appear,
They'll find their fatal end is near;
For like that lord I'll surely come,
And so their end it will be known
Much like the lady's to abound:
The riddle deep for them is found,
Though well I know 'tis mock'd by man.
But 'tis my Bible to discern,
The way I warn'd them at the first
The way the ending now shall burst.
So with my Bible I'll go on
To bring the mysteries out to man;
So now my prophet you read through,
And then the mysteries you will know,
The way I first compar'd the whole,
The way I've said the end shall fall.

Ezekiel xxxiv. 2—Son of man, prophesy against
the shepherds—Woe be to the shepherds of Israel
that do feed themselves! should not the shepherds
feed the flocks?

How shepherds here can you appear
To answer my demand,
And prove my sheep you're feeding here,
While you do silent stand?
I tell you no; you'll find it so,
My sheep are gone astray,
Which you yourselves profess to know;
But tell me now which way
That they are gone, to you 'tis known?
Will you answer 'tis here,
Who judge the calling is of me,
And you will not appear
To call them back? Then see the stroke,
You must be cast this way.
If you say no; it is not so,
'Tis other sheep we see
Are wandering on, from me they are gone;
Then how will you appear
When you yourselves so lead them on
To tell them thou dost err?
Can they be free? then answer me,
Which way they this will do?
For all must know, in blasphemy
Some thousands now do go,
As men blaspheme to hear my Name
Is written by thy hand;
My Bible many put to shame,
Then can my shepherds stand.
To say they are free in peace to be, 
Ne'er seek the truth to know? 
I tell them this can never be, 
And they will find it so—
What at the last it here was plac'd, 
As in my Bible penn'd, 
Though at the first it now shall burst,
For this was my intend.
All ages, see, were known to me, 
And so I shall go on;
From ages past as all was plac'd, 
And so the end will come.
Where I blame man: Let it be known, 
That warning stands for all.
So from the prophet you discern, 
Ye shepherds judge your call,
From what is said be not misled, 
The chapters stand for Man;
As at the first so now at last, 
Then now discern my hand.

Now let them weigh the chapter through and see the threatenings there to the shepherds for the neglect of the sheep; and let them weigh the past with the present, and see the situation of the sheep now; how many thousand believers on the one hand, and how many blasphemé on the other; then is it not for you shepherds to learn judgment, to know wherein the truth lies, and to know wherein the fault lies, that truth and righteousness may be established in your land? This is a command to you, O shepherds! And now come to chapter xli. The measuring of the temple; the breadth of the doors; the side chambers; the breadth of the house. All this mark how it is penned, that every thing was to be measured and formed; the height, the length, the breadth, the depth, how the buildings were to be formed. Then mark chapter xliii. 7—And he said unto me, son of man, the place of my throne, and the place of the soles of my feet, where I will dwell in the midst of the children of Israel for ever, and my holy name shall the house of Israel no more defile. Now—
Let this be answer'd by the learned
But I shall answer thee:
From this prophet none discern'd it,
For the end these things must be.
Ezekiel here let men see clear,
His prophecies go deep;
But 'tis the end that must them clear,
When all these visions break.
The chapters through no man does know:
They all stand for the end,
When I these houses build below,
And then 'tis my intend
For to come down and dwell with men,
And then my throne you'll see,
How on it here my feet will stand,
And men shall dwell with me.
In peace below, they all shall know
My name defil'd no more.
But where's the learning man can show,
It ever was done here?
I tell you plain, you sons of men,
These things are all to come;
And now I tell you is the time
That all is hastening on.
But there's no man on earth can come,
To say 'twas ever so;
And if you say 'twill ne'er be done,
My Bible wrong must go:
But I'll appear to make it clear,
My Bible it is true—
The time for all is drawing near
That men shall find it so.
What's said at first it now shall burst,
My Bible shall come on;
You all shall see it in the last—
The measuring time is come:
In beauty here shall all appear,
For I shall build all new,
Jerusalem's low walls repair;
And men shall find it true,
The prophecies that here do lie
Were ne'er fulfill'd before;
Nor there's no man on earth can say,
According to my word,
But Israels here, that I shall clear,
Are those that judge their Lord.
In all is true before their view,
And all I shall fulfil.
Then here's my throne, it shall be known,
Establish'd to my will;
My feet with them shall surely come,
And they shall walk with me;
And then they may discern my plan,
My building all shall see,
It shall appear in beauty here,
For I shall walk with men,
And then I know they'll love and fear,
When Satan's power is gone.
But how before can this appear?
Men ne'er did worship me,
As in this chapter doth appear,
That I said it should be.
So where's the man on earth can come
To say 'twas ever so?
And if you say 'twill not be done,
My Bible can't be true.
So answer here to make all clear,
They way 'tis fix'd by Man;
In stronger words I'll then appear,
But I've left room for them
For to appear their ways to clear,
The way that they'll fulfill;
And then behind they'll surely find,
Beyond their every skill
I shall appear the whole to clear,
And make it whole to man,
That in my Bible they do err,
They ne'er discern'd my plan,
What buildings here there will appear
When I complete the whole;
Nor how mankind will love and fear,
When strong my Spirit falls;
My feet with them in glory come,
And my delight shall be,
I tell you, for to walk with men,
And men shall walk with me
So now my Bible I call forth,
For men to judge the sound,
That all may see the prophecies
Are in my Bible found.

Thus far are the Explanations of the Bible given to Joanna before she was ordered to leave Bristol, which was on November 22, 1804.

Continuation of Ezekiel.

London, March 5, 1805.

Here I ended from the Spirit, and read Ezekiel through, but could not understand a word I read. So it goes through to the end, of the building of the house, the temples, the sanctuary, and the manner it was to be kept, which I by no means could understand. Chapter xlv. 2—Then said the Lord unto me; this gate shall be shut, it shall not be opened,
no man shall enter in by it; because the Lord, the God of Israel, hath entered in by it, therefore it shall be shut. Here appear mysteries to me, how men can take it upon them to affirm that the Bible is so easy and plain to be understood. I know it is a thing impossible for any man upon earth to explain the meaning of the chapter, or the verse, that I have mentioned.

"Now I shall answer thee, the meaning of the verse, thou sayest it is impossible for man to answer; and I tell thee it is impossible for any man by learning to explain the mystery of my Bible, which I shall begin from the verse thou hast mentioned: The outward sanctuary that is shut is the inward ordinances of man, it is the wisdom of man; it was shut from the Jews, and they never could enter in by their wisdom, nor by their understanding; for when I entered into the world I was unknown to them that trusted to their outward forms; therefore I condemned them in my Gospel, for being strict observers of the ordinances of man, but neglecting the ordinances of God. Now mark, from my Gospel, how the Jews were shut out, that trusted to their own wisdom; and how they are shut out to this day, from believing in the way that the Lord of life and glory came into the world for the Salvation of Man. Now to mark the second verse you must deeply weigh the first; it is the outward sanctuary that was shut, that I said should not be opened, and no man should enter in by it. Now let the wise and learned appear and answer me from my Gospel, whether the Jews came in by faith, or by knowledge? Thou answerest, the Jews that believed came in by faith; but the Jews that stood out through unbelief are those that trust to their own wisdom, their own knowledge, and understanding, which they have drawn from the prophets: they look to the laws of Moses, but not to the laws of Christ; then I tell thee, here is the outward sanctuary that is shut; and it is not open to them, neither shall it
eyer be opened by their wisdom. And now I come to the Gospel: the outward sanctuary is the wisdom of man, as much under the Gospel as the wisdom of the Jews was under the Law: and they that trust to their own wisdom, that they know enough of themselves, without my Spirit to direct them, will be as much shut out as the Jews were; for my coming is not by the outward wisdom of man, but by the inward working of God. Know what I have said in my Gospel, and what I said to my disciples: It was my Spirit must be within them, and it was my Father that spoke within them, and from Him the Holy Ghost the Comforter should come, to bring all things to their remembrance. Now I tell thee it was by shutting up the wisdom of man that I came into the world, and went through all my offices, to die for the transgression of man, which could not have been if their wisdom had not been shut up; for then they must openly and knowingly have crucified the Lord of Life and Glory. Now I ask them how I could die for men, or how I could justify that my Death should be for their redemption, if they had been like the devil and fallen angels, knowing whom they had crucified? Then with them they must perish; but here Satan's arts, as in the beginning, worked in men to trust to their own wisdom, that he had filled them up with; therefore their guilt in the end must fall on Satan's head, who worked on them to shut them out. But now I have shewed thee of the Gospel, and of the Jews, how I came in that way to fulfil my office to die for man, I shall come to the end: It is by the unbelief of men, who trust to their own wisdom, that they will be shut out, and my Gospel fulfilled; for my Second Coming, which is left on record, foretells the unbelief that will be in mankind: and this is the way my Second Coming will be; but as the wisdom of the Jews shut them out at first, so will the wisdom of the Gentiles shut them out at last, that they will have no share or lot in the
CONCERNING THE HEALING OF THE WATERS.

matter, when I come to direct all my buildings to man.—Know the prophet was directed by me, how he should build every thing, and how every thing should stand; but mark the end of the prophecy after the directions are gone through, the last verse of the prophet, and the name of the city from that day shall be the Lord is there. Now mark chapter xlvii. 7, 8—On the bank of the river were many trees. These waters issue out toward the east country, and go down into the desert, and go into the sea: which being brought forth into the sea, the waters shall be healed. See the remarks made by man, the remark of man made to the verse refers you to Deuteronomy iii. 17—The plain also, and Jordan, and the coast thereof, from Chinnereth even unto the sea of the plain, even the Salt Sea. Now I shall answer thee from the observation of man: what hath that verse to do with the healing of the waters? Neither doth man understand what the healing of the waters meaneth; thou hast seen where it is alluded to by the wisdom of man; but I shall tell thee where it alludes to by the wisdom of God: Revelation xxii. 17—And whosoever will, let him take the water of life freely. Now I tell thee, when the waters are healed, that they are called the living waters; the meaning is, Man must be healed. Know what is said in my Gospel—I was a well of living water; and he that drank thereof should thirst no more. Now I tell thee, the healing of the waters is the healing of the nations: for as the floods caused dirty water, so doth Satan cause the hearts of men; and as the storms and tempests come by floods to bring them on, so do the storms and tempests that the devil worketh in every heart, one against the other, bring on the tempest on man; wars and tumults, malice and envy, discord and cruelty, and every evil that is amongst mankind, are compared to storms and tempests, to the raging sea that foameth.
up mire and dirt, and to the great water floods. Now let men answer when this was healed, that your peace was as a steady river and a pure stream? I tell thee never: the waters were never healed from being liable to all its furious storms and tempests; mire and dirt, are often seen in the floods of water, perfectly so are the floods of men’s lives; compare the one with the other, and all must own it is true. Now mark from these chapters of Ezekiel, how he is directed to go on with his buildings; but were his buildings accomplished there? Did men’s sorrows cease there? Have not seas of sorrow overwhelmed them, after the days of the prophet? Then how can man allude the words of the prophet to the times that are past? I tell thee, No.—

Seas of sorrow and seas of sin
In every age, I say, have been;
And from the ages all may see
The perfect truth is spoke by me,
That what was said hath not been done,
The healing waters are not come;
But from the chapters all may see
The way the end for all will be,
That now obey my every word,
And be directed by their Lord.
The prophet was a type for man,
To shew the end how all would come;
But let the learned men appear
And tell me how the house stood there,
Or all these buildings to go through?
’Tis more than can be done by you,
I tell you plain, ye sons of men;
For now to reason I’ll begin:
The outward sanctuary was cast
For to be shut, then judge the last;
For if ’twas shut, I answer here,
By it there’s no man can appear,
I say, to enter in with me.
The gate is shut, you all shall see,
As with the Jews doth now appear—
’Tis time for every land to fear;
For they will be shut out the same
That boast the wisdom of their own;
But they shall know that I am God,
And by me shall my flock be led.
For now my Bible I’ll go through,
And bring it all before your view;
HOW MAN IS SHUT OUT OF THE INNER COURT. 381

The Law and Gospel must appear—
The measuring times for man draw near,
For I shall come to measure all,
And strong my Bible forth I'll call,
And I will now appeal to man,
When I the PRINCE OF PEACE did come,
And men delight to walk with ME?
The knowledge of the Lord, you say,
Doth in my Bible so appear*
That all the earth must cover here;
But I do ask when this was done?
You boast my Bible you discern,
While you are blind and cannot see
That all men must be taught of ME;
Then if of ME they must be taught
The outer court must sure be shut;
That is the outward faith of man,
That never will discern my plan;
That is my Bible to go through,
And bring the whole before your view,
And then you'll own it is by ME
The inner court you all must see,
It is by ME must be brought in,
It never can be done by man;
If so my Bible all must lie—
You want no knowledge from on high;
Then how my Bible will it stand?
To give your answers I command:
If you as earthly gods do shine,
And want no knowledge that is mine,
But what is left upon record;
Then tell ME how you'll know your Lord,
Or how my Bible you'll go through,
To prove to man the whole is true?
But thou dost answer now for man—
They judge the truth will never come,
That all the earth will so know ME—
Then there's the gate shut out must be,
The sanctuary is of men,
That preach my Gospel by their plan,
And by their wisdom make it good,
While they deny my every Word,
That I in Spirit here shall come,
And my delight shall be with men,
To tell them all what they shall do.
The prophet's words before their view
Were but a shadow then for men,
To shew them how the end would come:
When I the waters heal them all,
No more shall storms or tempests fall,
No more the raging floods shall come,
When I have heal'd the whole for man;
I'll heal their sorrows and their sin,
I'll heal the rage of hell within;
For I shall cast him in the sea,
Where he no more in man shall lay;
For I shall heal the every storm
That he doth work to bring on man,
Like floods and tempests to appear;
I'll cease the raging sword of war,
And all the raging floods bring low;
I'll heal the waters, all shall know,
And then they'd say the Lord is here,
And every stream of water clear.
But can these things be done by men,
By any way they've laid their plan,
While every heart in man I see
Just like the water floods they be;
And every flood in them appear
Against my Spirit they are here?
Then how the waters will they heal?
No, no; my Spirit they conceal,
To keep it back from every man:
They wish to hide the fervent Sun,
And they themselves as gods appear;
Like raging seas men's hearts are here,
Like foaming billows they are toss'd,
Yet of my Bible still they boast,
I tell them, like the Jews before,
And like the Jews they all will err,
Till I begin to shut them out
That strong against me do dispute.
For all their preaching I do hear,
They'll know my Eye is every where;
The heavens no curtain are to me
To blind my Eyes I cannot see;
Nor am I wanting of a guard,
Your words nor ways cannot be heard,
No, no; your preaching I do know;
Your sanctuaries I shall shew,
Where men do go and trust in men
To hear the words that come from them,
And in their words you put your trust;
But know the Jews that way were cast;
Because they put their trust in man,
You know, the gate was shut to them,
And is not open to this day:
You see them restless as the sea,
Toss'd to and fro from land to land;
Can they the inner court command?
They would not enter in with me,
And now shut out they surely be;
Then now let all men warning take;
For if I shut the outer gate,
That now will stand in Adam's Fall,
(The type is deep, I tell you all.)
Then to the inner you'll not come
To have your God direct you on;
Then sure with man you may appear—
But can you heal the water here,
That's like a flood in every land?
The raging wars can you command?
The raging seas can you now still?
The raging hearts can you now quell?
That is, the raging passions heal?
I tell you, men, your strength would fail,
And all your wisdom be shut out,
Though with my Bible you dispute,
To say there is enough to see
The every mind and will of me;
But what you see you'll not believe,
And so my Spirit still you grieve;
Then of my word do not boast,
To say therein you put your trust;
I tell you, plain, ye sons of men,
You preach my Gospel now in vain;
Because my Gospel cannot stand
If you deny the prophet's hand;
For them I said I'd all fulfill.
Now let the learned men stand still:
Did I deny the prophet's words,
And say 'twas false upon record?
No: this was not denied by me;
The prophet's words I then did say
That every one I should fulfill.
So judge my prophets as you will,
Firm as the heavens their word shall stand,
And I will be a light to men,
Till they're enlightened so by me
That they the prophet's words can see,
The way I shall fulfill the whole,
And man I'll free from Adam's Fall,
That now will enter in with me:
The outer gate, you all shall see,
It is the wisdom here of me:
Now mark the Fall, and then discern
How I at first pronounced man dead;
Then how by man can you be led
Ever to enter in with me?
No: 'tis my Spirit, all must see,
That you must own to lead you on
Till to the standard all do come;
That is the standard of my word;
And then you'll own the living Lord
Will in my temple so appear,
And man my voice shall surely hear—
That is my Spirit to direct,
As I've directed thee;
And then my followers I'll protect
Till they shall all agree
To say the waters I have heal'd,
The buildings do appear.
My prophets they have never fail'd,  
And own the Lord is here.  
For here I'll come in Spirit strong,  
And my delight shall be  
To dwell with men that now will come  
And hear what I do say.  
So from Ezekiel now discern  
Words ne'er were understood,  
The way nor manner I did warn;  
But now I'll make them good.  
So if my Bible you do know  
I bid men it explain:—  
But on my Spirit it shall go,  
To lead thee to the end.  
And when my Bible I've went through,  
To make the mysteries clear,  
And brought the whole before thy view;  
Then let men answer here  
The way that they will all explain,  
To make my Bible good.  
I know the reasoning thoughts of men,  
The way 'tis understood—  
But I'll end here and say no more,  
But to the purpose come;  
Another day I shall appear  
To answer thee again.

These Explanations of the Bible are continued in the Fifth Part.