

# ZION BANNER.

Edited by the Rev. John Alex. Dowie.

Chicago, Wednesday, November 20, 1901.

Volume 1. Number 27.

A  
Weekly,  
Semi-secular  
Paper  
devoted to the  
Extension of the  
Kingdom of God  
and the  
Elevation of  
Man.



ZION PRINTING AND PUBLISHING HOUSE.  
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# THE ZION BANNER.

VOLUME I. No. 27.

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, NOVEMBER 20, 1901.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

## THE ZION BANNER

(Sixteen Pages and Cover.)



A WEEKLY PAPER FOR THE EXTENSION OF THE KINGDOM OF GOD AND THE ELEVATION OF MAN.

REV. JOHN ALEX. DOWIE - *Editor and Publisher*

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### BUY FOR CASH.

**A** SO-CALLED attorney, named Bulfer, has just been sent to the penitentiary for his criminal proceedings in outlying Justice Courts against poor people who had gotten into the hands of loan sharks and dishonest "credit" houses.

While Mr. Bulfer will for some time to come confine his talents and energies to the performance of duties for the State of Illinois for his board and clothing at one of the State institutions located at Joliet, there are a large number of men who are guilty of the same crimes who are still at large and plying their nefarious occupations.

Their existence should be a warning to every one against the folly of getting into the hands of loan sharks or "credit" men.

These conscienceless parasites on the community, by means of attractively-worded advertisements, are continually drawing the improvident and the inexperienced into their toils.

When once one enters the lair of one of these creatures, unless he is made of stern stuff, he is lost.

The "credit" man is a jovial, whole-souled, generous, humanity-loving fellow, with an open smile, and a warm hand for those who come into his store.

But there is a cold glint in that smiling eye which the unwary do not notice.

He presses them to take his goods.

He waves aside the tremulous "I cannot afford it" of the timid.

He assures them that they can take the goods on their own terms, pay when they like, and need furnish no security.

The poor, unsuspecting victim, after a little hesitation, finally swallows the tempting bait.

He signs certain papers, carries away the coveted goods, and is happy for one brief moment.

Then he begins to realize that there is another side to that warm-hearted individual, the "credit" man.

He soon finds that he has promised to pay twice as much for the article as he could have purchased it for had he paid cash.

He finds that the agreement concerning the payment of installments which the "credit" man made with him so lightly, and with such a fine disregard for its exact terms, has become ironclad, and is relentless in its operation.

Perhaps he has overestimated the amount which he can pay in each installment. Sickness, lack of employment, unforeseen expenses of various kinds, and other causes may prevent his paying as he agreed.

Then he begins to find out the existence of the so-called attorney of the Bulfer stripe, and of the constable of the Greenberg stripe.

He finds that justice in the justice shops is a purchasable commodity, and that the "credit" man has bought up all the visible supply.

He loses all that he has paid, and much besides, and the article which he purchased.

If he has the absurd idea that he has some rights which even the "credit" man is bound to respect, and attempts to make a fight to obtain those rights, he suffers even greater punishment for his folly.

Debt of any kind is a monstrous and horrid specter, which continually haunts the otherwise happy fireside, and fills with a taint of bitterness all of life's joys and pleasures.

But a debt to one of these smug, complacent human vampires with his veins full of ice water is nothing less than slavery.

The person on a small wage or salary who denies himself until he has saved enough to buy the article he needs, will find that by the payment of cash he can secure a very much better article at a very much lower price, to say nothing of the great satisfaction in feeling that the thing is all paid for, and that there is not that deadly, relentless one, two, or three dollars a week installment to be paid for months.

The loan shark always and the "credit" man usually are cruel and heartless and wicked men, but their occupation would be gone if it were not for the sin and folly of those upon whom they prey.

A. W. N.

### LICENSED TO MURDER.

**A**N editorial writer in the San Francisco *Examiner* has the following true words to say concerning the licensing of physicians:

The system of licensing doctors is atrocious and dangerously stupid. A mere lad, after a certain course of study, proves that he possesses a certain amount of theoretical knowledge. He does not prove that he is capable of handling a general practice, and proves nothing except that he has a little memory, and that for a certain number of years he has been studying more or less intelligently. He receives his diploma and is turned loose upon the community to kill or cure as luck will have it.

# ZION'S BATTLE TO PROTECT HER INDUSTRIES AT ZION CITY

BY THE REV. JOHN ALEX. DOWIE

**I**N our article entitled "A Word of Correction and Warning," which appeared in LEAVES OF HEALING of November 9th, and on the platform of the Chicago Auditorium the following day, Lord's Day, November 10th, we broke our long silence concerning our private and business relations with Samuel Stevenson, formerly a Deacon in the Christian Catholic Church in Zion, but who had been "removed for cause" from office and from fellowship.

We were compelled to break that silence owing to this wicked man having attacked us in all the nine papers of the city, on the evening of Tuesday, November 5th, and on the morning of Wednesday, November 6th.

That attack was of the vilest nature, insinuating or intimating that we had made a fraudulent endorsement upon a check and had practically misapplied Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000) in money.

We immediately informed the press, through our attorney, of the real facts of the case, and proved the absolute falsehood of the allegations, showing that the Fifty Thousand Dollars had been paid to us as Trustee for our sister, Mary Ann Stevenson, and that under the agreement signed by her and by Samuel Stevenson we had agreed to issue therefor a certificate or certificates of stock for Five Hundred (500) Shares of the par value of One Hundred Dollars (\$100) each of the common stock in Zion Lace Industries.

We have strictly fulfilled every letter of our trust, and the allegation was an absolute fabrication.

This having been proved, every paper dropped the attack, and silence reigned for two weeks.

But meanwhile we had written these words in the article to which we first referred :

Many threats have appeared in the daily papers of legal proceedings on his (Samuel Stevenson's) part, and we have, through our attorney and our General Financial Manager, informed Samuel Stevenson that *we should be delighted to answer for ourselves in a Court of Justice at the earliest possible moment, and that we should facilitate a trial of any action he might enter against us by every means within our power.*

We say this once more, and publicly, over our signature.

We now desire to inform our readers and friends of Zion everywhere that this opportunity of answering "for ourselves in a Court of Justice" has now been given to us.

In the evening newspapers of Monday, November 18th, and in the morning papers of Tuesday, November 19th, long articles appeared concerning a bill which had been filed, it was said, in the Circuit Court of Cook County, by Samuel Stevenson, against ourself.

This bill, it was stated, applied to the Court to "cancel contracts and dissolve partnership"; and also "to appoint a Receiver for Zion Lace Industries."

We were at Zion City the whole of Monday, November 18th, and until late in the afternoon on Tuesday, the 19th.

When we came to town we immediately drove to our attorney's office, and found that neither there nor at our own

offices had any notice of this alleged proceeding been given or any process of Court served.

But our attorney had ascertained that such a bill had been filed, and with some difficulty he obtained a copy thereof.

We immediately, in fulfilment of our promise in the above extract from our article of November 9th, signed the following document, which waives all service of process, and enters our appearance in the case :

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY,  
TO THE DECEMBER TERM, A. D. 1901.

SAMUEL STEVENSON }  
VS. } IN CHANCERY.  
JOHN ALEX. DOWIE. }

I, John Alex. Dowie, the defendant in the above entitled cause, do hereby waive service of process, and enter my appearance herein.

Dated November 19, 1901. JOHN ALEX. DOWIE.

Our attorney, Mr. Samuel W. Packard, also signed the following document:

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY,  
TO THE DECEMBER TERM, A. D. 1901.

SAMUEL STEVENSON }  
VS. } IN CHANCERY  
JOHN ALEX. DOWIE. }

I, Samuel W. Packard, the undersigned, do hereby enter my appearance in the above entitled cause as the Solicitor for the defendant, John Alex. Dowie.

Dated November 19, 1901. SAMUEL W. PACKARD.

We also, with a view of pushing for a rapid trial of this matter, served the following notice, which, as will be seen, calls for immediate action in the way of examining witnesses and placing their testimony on file.

Samuel Stevenson's bill asked simply that we should appear before the Court on the first day of the next December term, which begins December 16th. Ordinarily no depositions are taken for months after a chancery case is commenced. We have given notice to take evidence on the shortest notice and at the earliest date the law allows.

We want to get there as quickly as possible.

By this action we prepare the way for an immediate trial of the case after these depositions are taken.

The following is the document just referred to :

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY,  
TO THE DECEMBER TERM, A. D. 1901.

SAMUEL STEVENSON }  
VS. } IN CHANCERY.  
JOHN ALEX. DOWIE. }

To the above named Samuel Stevenson, or his attorney, Edward Logan Reeves:

TAKE NOTICE, That on the 25th day of November, A. D. 1901, commencing at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, the undersigned will begin the taking of depositions of witnesses, before Wesley H. Holway, a Notary Public, at his office, 1408 Ashland Block, corner of Clark and Randolph Streets, in Chicago, in said Cook County and State of Illinois, pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, to be used upon the hearing of the above entitled cause; and among other witnesses, the following witnesses may be examined: John Alex. Dowie, Arthur Stevenson, Henry Stevenson, Samuel

Stevenson, Charles J. Barnard, E. Williams, S. Williams, and Arthur W. Newcomb. The taking of said testimony will proceed with as few adjournments as possible, until concluded. You can attend and cross-examine the witnesses, if you see fit.

Yours, Etc.,

JOHN ALEX. DOWIE,  
Defendant.  
By SAMUEL W. PACKARD,  
His Solicitor.

We assure all Zion and our readers everywhere that we have a full and sufficient and complete answer to every allegation of Samuel Stevenson's malicious and untruthful Bill of Complaint.

We have not sought for this opportunity of vindicating ourselves, but we rejoice that it has come.

We will now for the first time say that which is a fact, that we endeavored early in June last to have our differences with Samuel Stevenson settled by Arbitration, and the matter went so far that each of us selected an arbitrator to represent us. Their work was rapidly reaching a conclusion when Samuel Stevenson falsely informed his brother Henry, who was one of the arbitrators, that he had "*arranged to settle the matter between ourselves, so that there will not be any necessity for you to come to Chicago on my account.*"

This statement was absolutely false: for *on that very day and date* he wrote *withdrawing the case from Arbitration and demanding a settlement upon his own terms.*

We say this, for the first time, to show our friends everywhere that we were willing to settle this whole matter in a Christian and peaceable manner and to abide by the Arbitration, which he also had agreed to.

But now we cannot but rejoice, painful though it is, that the whole matter will come to the light and be sifted in the presence of the whole people for an audience, and it will then be seen whether we have been guilty, by act or word, or intention, of any wrongdoing.

We shall not at present comment upon the case further than to say that we know every Christian heart and every honest man in the community will not pass an adverse judgment against us upon the unsupported allegations of a man whose public statements of two weeks earlier were *proved to be utterly false.*

We can only again say we are glad of the coming opportunity, for the sake of all interested in the Ecclesiastical, Educational, and Business Departments of Zion.

This False Accuser stands absolutely alone in his fight against Zion Lace Industries, and in his Bill of Complaint he does not submit one iota of proof of his absurd accusations beyond his own unsupported assertions.

We shall not answer his bill on the principle on which it is constructed.

We shall support our assertions with the overwhelming evidence of *indisputable facts*, and of *documents in his own handwriting.*

There can only be one result, and that is another Victory for God, for Zion, and for ourselves.

We have Victory now in our hearts: for the law and the evidence are wholly on our side, and we know that we never did our accuser any wrong in thought, word, or deed.

It is our purpose, if it be possible, to neither say nor write anything further concerning the case until it is disposed of in the proper manner by the Court which is about to assume charge of it.

Zion's Legal Counselor, Mr. Samuel Ware Packard, authorizes us to state to the shareholders in Zion Lace Industries that he has read Mr. Stevenson's bill, and that he is thoroughly familiar with the facts in the case, and that he can assure them most positively that Mr. Stevenson will not succeed in obtaining a receiver for Zion Lace Industries, and that, in the end, Zion will have another victory added to her long list of triumphs.

This opinion is apparently also held by our nearest neighbors at Waukegan, where Mr. Stevenson's two brothers, who are our acting managers, reside, with nearly all the lace experts in the Industries, who came from Nottingham, England. These workers are utterly disgusted with his conduct and indignant at the statements made in his bill of complaint. The *Waukegan Gazette*, of Tuesday, November 19th, closes a long article on this subject with the following paragraph:

The impression prevails in some places that if the citations in Stevenson's bill are as given by the Chicago press, Stevenson's wail has the sound of a complaint from a disgruntled discharged employee, and that as such he will not cut much of a figure in a legal tilt with Dowie, whose past legal experiences have abundantly proven that he knows how to take care of himself.

### CHRISTIAN OR HEATHEN?

THIS is nominally a Christian Nation.

But at what shrine are the Nation's leaders worshipping? It is the boast of the Freemasons that no man can be President unless he is a Freemason.

Almost without exception, executives, legislators, and judges in the national, State, county, and municipal governments throughout the Nation are members of the Masonic, or some allied Secret Order. Masonry is self-confessed Baal-worship.

Not that the rank and file of the members of the Masonic Order confess the true nature of the shrine at which they bow, but the highest authorities on Masonic doctrine agree that Freemasonry is the worship of the sun, as the grand, central symbol of the procreative powers of nature, which is in its essence and ritual, Baal-worship. Baal-worship is Heathenism.

Heathenism has certain well-defined earmarks wherever found. These exist in that heathenism which is at the lowest point of savagery, and in that which holds sway in the midst of the highest civilization.

We mention only one of these: the prevalence of suicide.

Euthanasia, or easy death, was the popular refuge of the cultured Greek and Roman heathen, from sorrow, toil, debt, disappointment, sickness, and even ennui.

The Greek and Roman philosophers, whose wisdom and ethical teachings in many things have been the admiration of the scholars at all subsequent ages, counseled their disciples to seek surcease from care and sorrow by euthanasia.

The modern heathen of today are seeking the same refuge.

Almost every day the papers chronicle the taking off of several by their own hands.

It is becoming more and more common.

In fact, suicides are now so plentiful as scarcely to cause comment, unless they are committed in some peculiarly horrible manner.

Suicide has even come under the domain of the now overworked club fad, and suicide clubs are organized in many localities.

Suicide is one of the horrid symptoms of the prevalence of heathen philosophy.

Heathenism, gnawing at the Nation's heart, will soon eat out its life.

The American Nation must hear and heed the cry of Elijah the Restorer, "Return ye unto God," and cease bowing the knee to Baal.

A. W. N.

# NEWS OF ZION CITY

THE General Overseer, Overseer Jane Dowie, and a party of the heads of the Financial and Industrial Departments of Zion left behind, in Chicago, a dull and gloomy day, last Monday, to find in Zion City a nearly cloudless sky, and the sun shining brightly.

During the night considerable snow had fallen in Chicago, and the city was in that state of slushy sloppiness which always follows a snow storm.

But no snow had fallen at Zion City. The roads and walks were dry and everything was in the best possible condition for hurrying on building operations.

The first place visited by the General Overseer and party was Zion Lace Industries, where the new factory walls are going up at a truly surprising rate.

The walls of the Bleachery are now complete, and work is rapidly being pushed forward for the erection of the roof.

The concrete and stone foundations for the northern section of the Trimming and Dress Lace Factory and for the Lace Curtain Factory have now been completed, and bricklaying has begun.

A very large force of men is employed at this work, and every effort is being put forth by Mr. McCall, the contractor, to have the building complete before the weather becomes such that it will seriously impede construction.

The foundations for the columns in the southern section of the Lace Factory have been placed, and as the iron for the columns and roof girders is now all on the grounds, that section of the new factory will soon be complete, and the temporary wooden shell which has cramped the lace machines can be removed.

The foundations for these columns have been set in the midst of the lace machines, and yet not a shuttle has been idle during all their construction. Shovels and picks, wheelbarrows and trowels, saws, hammers, and crowbars have been busily employed alongside of the delicate machinery which is making lace, and yet not one single even slight accident has occurred.

At Zion Planing Mill, which was the next place visited, a very busy scene was found. The first story of the spacious mill contains the heavier machinery used for treating the lumber in the first stages of the process of manufacture, while on the second floor are the mortising and tenon machines, turning lathes, scroll saws, molding machines, sandpaper machine, and joiners' benches.

Here the final touches are put upon the sash, doors, stair-casings, and many other

parts of buildings which are being made by Zion Construction Department.

The large yard for lumber, lime, cement, coal, and building material in connection with the Planing Mill also presented a very busy scene, with its scores of cars on the switch track being unloaded, and the many teams loading with material to be hauled to various parts of the site, some for the building of Zion institutions and industries, much of it for the completion of hundreds of dwellings which are still in the process of construction.

The General Overseer next drove to the Brick Manufactory and inspected the progress of the work there.

The machinery is being set up, and the building prepared for the manufacture of brick as rapidly as possible. It is expected that the plant will be turning out 35,000 bricks of a good quality every day within two months of the present time.

It has been found that the earth at this point, after a sandy covering has been removed, is composed entirely of blue clay for many feet in depth. This clay makes excellent brick.

The General Overseer then went to the Temple Cottage, where he was quickly engaged in important business with many of the representative men in the various departments of Zion.

A large party enjoyed the generous hospitality of the General Overseer and Overseer Jane Dowie at lunch, after which business matters again occupied the attention of the General Overseer, while Overseer Dowie held a very profitable conference with Deaconesses Thomas and Klein, who are in charge of Zion Dorcas Work in Zion City.

In the evening another of those delightful and helpful services which the General Overseer always conducts when he remains over night in Zion City was held in the freight shed.

As usual, an audience was present far too large for the accommodations. Hundreds found seats on the inside, but many were obliged to stand, both inside and outside, in order to hear the words of the man of God.

Many could not get near enough to hear and went away disappointed.

God greatly blessed the Message which he brought to them.

There was a unanimous feeling on the part of all present that, in spite of some hardships and inconveniences, one of the most blessed privileges of the times in which we live is to be a pioneer in the building up of Zion City.

The General Overseer spent the following morning in transacting business of importance in connection with the City, and returned to Chicago on an early afternoon train.

The Sixth, Seventh, and Eighth Grades of Zion Junior School of Zion City have now been transferred from the pavilion in Shiloh Park to the large and well-lighted room in Zion Postoffice Building on Shiloh Boulevard. Here they will continue until their new quarters in the Zion School and Zion Tabernacle Building, at the corner of Twenty-seventh Street and Enoch Avenue, are ready for them.

Contractor Peterson, who has the building of the stone foundation and brick walls of this edifice, is now hard\*at work with a large force of men, bending every effort to get the schoolrooms and Zion Tabernacle ready, as there is great need for both.

On Lord's Day afternoon, November 17th, so large was the audience which gathered in the new Postoffice Building that they were compelled to make use of chairs from all available places, saw-horses, nail kegs, planks, and other improvised pews, and even then there was not sufficient room, and a large overflow meeting was held in the Tabernacle on the third floor of Zion Hospice.

Zion Night School has in connection a very large sight singing class under the able instruction of Conductor Burt M. Rice. About 130 members joined the class at its organization, thirty of whom have so far progressed in their work that Conductor Rice has been able to organize them into a choir.

This choir has now regular weekly rehearsals, and will probably be prepared to lead the singing in Zion Tabernacle at Zion City after the first of the new year.

When the General Overseer begins services in Zion City on the Lord's Day afternoons of next summer, and large excursions from Chicago and the neighboring towns come to attend the meetings, this choir, it is expected, will be merged with Zion's White-robed Choir, which now leads the singing in the Chicago Auditorium, making one of the largest, if not the largest, of the church choirs of the world.

This will be the beginning of that great White-robed Choir of 1000 voices which will one day lead the 30,000 worshipers in Zion Temple in the praise and worship of God.

Two hundred acres of some of the most beautiful and desirable land in all Zion

City Site will be opened for selection to holders of shares in Zion Land and Investment Association stock within a very few weeks.

These lots are situated to the west and southwest of Shiloh Park, and offer some of the best and most convenient sites for residences in all the city.

These lots have all been allotted and surveyed, streets are rapidly being graded, and other improvements being made, so that those who purchase the leases to these lots will find them fully as well provided with improvements as any of the lots in the first plot of land opened for selection.

While the market price of lots at Zion City has greatly increased since the first series was opened for selection, there is still greater increase in price sure to follow in the future. Hence, those who secure lots in the 200-acre subdivision

which is now about to be opened will reap great advantages by this increase in value.

This will be especially true of those who secure for themselves an early privilege of selection by the purchase of stock in Zion Land and Investment Association before the opening of the land.

This stock is now on sale at the par value of \$100 per share, and pays a dividend of six per cent per annum on the money invested.

These shares of stock will be received at \$100 per share as payment upon lots purchased in this second series, and there will be added a sufficient sum above that to make the total interest on the investment, from the time of the purchase of the stock, at the rate of eight per cent per annum.

Zion City Engineering Department is preparing a system of numbering for

houses and lots, which will soon be complete, so that any householder or lot-owner in Zion City, by calling upon the representative of Zion Land and Investment Association in Zion Land Office Building at Zion City, can secure the number of his house and lot.

This system of numbering is being devised in such a way as to enable any one, whether acquainted with the City or not, to be able easily to find any address when he knows the street and number.

Ground has been broken for the splendid new power house for Zion City electric light, power, and heat, which is to be built at the corner of the Chicago and Northwestern tracks and Twenty-eighth Street. This power house will be a substantial and handsome structure 100x137 feet.

A directory of Zion City is also soon to be prepared.

A. W. N.



THE FIRST SCHOOL IN ZION CITY.

From a Photograph Taken October 29, 1901.

*"RIGHTEOUSNESS EXALTETH A NATION:  
 BUT SIN IS A REPROACH TO ANY PEOPLE." Prov. XIV: 34.*

*Oh think what terrible Reproaches rest upon this people!  
 Among the National Sins of this land, the Sin of Secretism  
 greatest and worst.*

*Consider this fact that there are less than 600 Protestant  
 Chicago, many of which are very far from being godly or strong  
 are more than 5000 secret lodges.*

*Ask yourselves today, looking at society as it exists in this  
 what organizations amongst the people are the most numer-  
 ous? The answer that must be given is, the Secret Societies.*

*There is a vast number of little Secret Societies that  
 are just sim-  
 ply contemptible, the least of which are the dirty little Greek  
 fraternities.*

*In all important Secret Societies the head of the society  
 mason, who is therefore linked with that body, and is compelled,  
 comes to the point, to obey the Masonic Order.*

*Is it not a reproach to this Nation, that there are millions  
 who, leaving their wives and families go out into the Secret  
 Societies and into the darkness to enter into oaths and to  
 make covenants with death and hell that are contrary to  
 the laws of the Home, the Church and the Nation?*

*Is that not a great crime?  
 Then that is one of the Greatest Sins of this country.*

*Righteousness exalteth a Nation:  
 But Sin is a Reproach to any people.*

*Then let this Nation found itself on Jesus Christ the Rock  
 of Ages, and Him alone.— The Voice of Elijah the Restorer in Chicago  
 Auditorium, Lord's Day, Sept 22, 1901.*



ZION'S PROTEST AGAINST THE NATIONAL SIN OF SECRETISM.

# NEWS OF THE WEEK

## CHICAGO.

For the third time since his excommunication, Father Jeremiah J. Crowley attended Sunday mass Lord's Day morning, November 10, in the Cathedral of the Holy Name. Chancellor Barry announced to the congregation the previous Sunday that if in future it was found impossible to keep Father Crowley out, there would be no mass. The Chancellor, with several instructed ushers, met the excommunicated priest at the door of the Cathedral and tried in every way short of violence to prevent his entrance. But he persisted, and in spite of threats, in spite of the terms of the excommunication, in spite of the opposition of ushers and priests, Father Crowley found a place and the high mass went on.

City Accountant Alexander Harper, who has served as Acting Oil Inspector for one month, presented his first report Wednesday, November 13. It showed that Robert E. Burke's monthly average of fees, as reported to the city during his term of service, is less than one-half of the amount reported by Mr. Harper. Mr. Burke's average is based on his returns made to the city during his services of almost four years. According to Mr. Harper's figures the fees gathered in by this office would aggregate more than \$30,600 annually.

Nineteen guests at the Barnett House, 383 South Clark Street, and the clerk, Fred Backus, were held up Sunday night, November 10, by two masked robbers. Almost within sight and sound of the Harrison Street Police Station the thugs went about their work calmly, then backed out of the building and mingled with the passing crowd. An hour later a policeman appeared and asked what had happened. Mr. Barnett declares his first message to the station was ignored.

The death-dealing surface tracks at Grand Crossing, on which so many lives have been lost, are to be displaced by one of the longest subways in the city. After a year's fight in committee and a hard battle in the City Council Monday night, November 11, the aldermen decided unanimously in favor of what is commonly known as the Grand Crossing track elevation ordinance.

Professor Starr, of the Chicago University, has been adopted by the Onondaga Indians and made a member of the Turtle Clan.

Washington Street from Halsted Street to Michigan Avenue is to be made a boulevard, affording a second entrance

from the West Side to the downtown district, if the West Park Commissioners have their way. The Commissioners have formally decided to accept control of the thoroughfare from Canal to Halsted Street. The ordinance making this possible was passed by the City Council some time ago. But the Commissioners will not content themselves with boulevarding that part of the street west of the river. They want a boulevard all the way to the lake, similar to Jackson Boulevard. For many years West Siders have been clamoring for such an improvement.

Facts concerning a well-laid plot to murder Policeman Francesca S. Capparelli, a truant officer of the Board of Education, were brought out in Justice Prindiville's Court Thursday morning, November 14. As a result of the story James Kolis, a Bohemian, twenty-one years of age, is held over to the Criminal Court on the charge of conspiracy to commit murder, while nine little boys, whom he was educating to steal and rob and kill for him, were placed in the custody of the Juvenile Court.

Miss Erma Brown, of Garden City, Kansas, died at the County Hospital at 1 o'clock Thursday morning, November 14, as the result of a criminal operation performed in Chicago the previous Friday. Dr. R. E. Gray, a physician of Garden City, has been taken into custody by the police under suspicion of having performed the operation which caused her death.

Two hundred and fifty factory girls were thrown into a wild panic in the building at 123 Market Street last Thursday evening, by a fire that raged in an adjoining structure. Many of them were injured while pushing toward the street. Clouds of smoke rolled into the building where the girls were at work, and they thought the place was burning.

Rev. Poindexter S. Henson read his resignation Sunday, November 10, from the pastorate of the First Baptist Church, which he had filled for twenty years. He will preach his last sermon on the final Sunday in December, and will go immediately to Brooklyn to become pastor of the Hanson Place Baptist Church.

Four killed, two probably fatally hurt, and a seventh dying of hurts sustained Friday was Sunday's record for street and railroad cars in Chicago on November 10.

Judge Hanecy, on Saturday last, sentenced Andrew M. Lawrence and H. S. Canfield to forty and thirty days, respec-

tively, in the County Jail for contempt of Court for criticism of his unrecorded decision in the gas trust quo warranto case instituted by State's Attorney Deenen. At 12:50 o'clock they were delivered into the custody of Jailer Whitman by Deputy Sheriffs Feeley and Douglass. Jail Clerk Davies at once received the mittimus from the deputies. There they remained until released by a writ of habeas corpus granted shortly after one o'clock by Judge Dunne. They are at present out on this writ.

For the first time since their resignation from the State Board of Charities, Miss Julia Lathrop and Dr. Emil G. Hirsch delivered addresses from the same platform Monday, November 11. At Sinai Temple they told more or less plainly what they thought of Governor Yates and his attitude toward the State charitable institutions. The condition of affairs at Dunning was also the subject of comment.

Weary of the struggle with courts and employers, the local lodges of the International Association of Machinists have decided to enter politics. They are inspired by the action of the Building Material Trades Council a few weeks ago in amending its constitution to permit the discussion of political questions, and by the election of a union labor Mayor in San Francisco.

The plan of Judge Richard S. Tuthill of the Juvenile Court to found a rural home for delinquent boys out of the World's Fair surplus fund, now ready for distribution, received the enthusiastic endorsement of Samuel W. Allerton Monday, November 11. Mr. Allerton declared he would give \$5,000 and his World's Fair dividend for the cause.

Valuations of personal property in Cook County are not to be raised by the State Board of Equalization this year, it has been decided by the Board's committee on personal property. Unless the Board at a later date changes its policy, which is considered unlikely, the valuations fixed by the Chicago Board of Review on personalty will stand.

Railroads are hereafter to control the transfer of passengers and baggage to and from all the depots in Chicago. A syndicate, of which railroad capitalists were the organizers, has just acquired all the property and good will of the Frank Parmelee Company, which has for years conducted this business, enjoying a practical monopoly.

Judge Kavanagh sentenced Attorney Philip Bulfer to the penitentiary Saturday,

November 16, on the recent verdict of a jury finding him guilty of conspiring to falsely imprison Sue E. Waynik, and in passing sentence took occasion to censure the defendant for his operations. He also condemned the Justice Court practices which made such operations possible. Judge Kavanagh accused Bulfer of using the processes of law to oppress the weak and the poor, and accused him of making his living by that means. He denied the defendant the right to call himself an attorney, and said the man was merely a collecting agent, who had in his employ paid constables and even justices of the peace. He denounced the conditions that allowed a man to commence over fifty cases within eighteen months before one suburban or country justice, and said that the practices of certain justices in outside towns were a disgrace to the law. Bulfer was collecting agent for a company of loan sharks.

There continues to be friction between Mayor Harrison and the Traction Committee of the Chicago Common Council. On Monday evening, November 11, Mayor Harrison vetoed the only ordinance the Committee has ever drawn, giving as his reason that it did not properly safeguard the rights of the city. He then administered a decided snub to the Committee by sending the measure to the Corporation Counsel with instructions to draft a proper ordinance. The ordinance in question was one granting the Union Traction Company the right to lay tracks in Kedzie Avenue from Ogden Avenue to Twelfth Street.

Though they hold high titles, Inspectors of Police Max Heidelmeier, Luke Kalas, and John J. Hartnett will not rank even as Captains in the eyes of the civil service law. After months of delay the list of eligibles for Police Captaincies, being the names of those lieutenants who passed the promotional examination, held May 31 last, was posted Friday, November 15, by the Civil Service Commission. The trio of Inspectors failed to attain a mark of seventy, and their names are not on the roster.

Grace Snell Coffin, who married Frank Nixon Coffin, her first husband, for the third time a few weeks ago, has been divorced from him again. The legal operation was performed in Racine, Wisconsin, Saturday, November 9. Mrs. Coffin has been married to Mr. Coffin three times and to James C. Walker once. Mrs. Coffin was a daughter of Amos Snell, the millionaire whose murder has never been explained.

Sixty cutters at the shoe factory of Selz, Schwab & Co., Larrabee and Superior Streets, went on strike Friday, November

15. Twenty-one girls employed as "skivers" rushed for their wraps and joined in the walkout. The cause of the strike was the refusal of the firm to pay the union scale of prices, which called for \$16.50 straight per week. The firm had been paying from \$12 to \$16.50, while the lowest scale fixed by the union for certain work in the factory had been \$15. A request was made two weeks ago for the regular scale, and on refusal the strike was called.

Four hundred thousand winter overcoats of high grade have been turned out, it is said, by the wholesale clothing houses of Chicago in the past two months, and every garment was sold before the cloth from which it was made had been received from the mills. The present season's output has not only been unprecedented in the history of the city, but it puts Chicago far above New York as a clothing market and makes it the leading overcoat center of the world.

Ledgers for the eight years from 1876 to 1884 in the City Treasurer's office cannot be found, and the tracing of the missing \$2,112,000 from the city sinking fund is going to prove a hard task for the Council Finance Committee. The Committee decided yesterday to order Comptroller McGann to report in detail the condition of the sinking fund every year as far back as the public records will show.

The name of McKinley was hissed and those of the men hanged for the murders of the Haymarket riots of 1886 cheered at an Anarchist meeting held Monday night, November 11, in Brand's Hall, North Clark and Erie Streets. The meeting was announced as a memorial service for the five men hanged.

Two attempts were made to wreck cars on the Joliet and Chicago Electric Railway Sunday afternoon, November 10. The first was partly successful, and fifty passengers bound for Chicago had a narrow escape from precipitation down a steep embankment into a stone quarry thirty feet below.

Voices of telephone girls and others trying to talk over long-distance wires to the west and southwest of Chicago have been drowned in the waters of the drainage canal at eleven points where the lines have been cut during the last week by alleged sympathizers with the striking linemen.

Chicago capital will build an elevated railroad into the Englewood district, according to Alderman Joseph Badenoch.

Lieut. John McWeeney was made Acting Chief of Detectives last Thursday, by

Chief of Police O'Neill, and will occupy the position until Captain Luke P. Colleran, now sick and on trial before the Civil Service Commission, has been disposed of by the Trial Board. If Captain Colleran is discharged, as some members of the police department expect him to be, it is said that Lieutenant McWeeney will remain Chief of Detectives indefinitely, as there is at present no captains' list posted from which to draw a successor to Colleran. Many say that McWeeney is slated for the place even if Colleran is exonerated from the present charges.

"Crerar Library will never be built on the lake front. The Field Columbian Museum will never occupy a site in Grant Park. The building now being erected by the Chicago Yacht Club will have to be torn down. Grant Park must be kept clear of buildings and the Illinois Central Railroad tracks will have to be placed underground from Park Row to Randolph Street." In these words Mr. A. Montgomery Ward explained the motives of the Lake Front Protective Association, which is in progress of organization with Mr. Ward and C. W. Marks as leading members.

Seven firemen of Truck Company No. 8 were injured last Friday night by a grade-crossing collision between their truck and a freight train on the Chicago, Lake Shore and Eastern at Archer and Ashland Avenues. The crossing where the accident occurred is unguarded. There is neither gate nor flagman.

Architect Henry Ives Cobb says that the dome of the new postoffice will dwarf surrounding sky scrapers.

#### UNITED STATES.

The municipal administration of Bridgeport, Connecticut, has passed into the control of Dennis Mulvihill, the "stoker Mayor," and "rugged honesty" will be the watchword of his administration, as it was of his campaign. Mr. Mulvihill was elected on the Democratic ticket, with a majority of 3387 votes, in a community which had not elected a Democratic Mayor since 1895. His majority startled old campaigners. He was born in Ireland fifty-six years ago, and came to the United States thirty-two years ago. For thirty years he has worked at the furnaces of the power plant of the Wheeler and Wilson Manufacturing Company.

Paul Revere, great grandson of Colonel Paul Revere of Revolutionary fame, died at Morristown, New Jersey, November 10.

Important extensions of the civil service are to be promulgated by President Roosevelt. He expects to make the first

order in about two weeks. Others will follow as soon as possible, and when they are completed many thousands of government places will be under the protection of the merit law, which are now deemed legitimate spoils for the politicians. According to the present plans of Mr. Roosevelt, the executive branch of the rural free delivery of the postoffice department will be placed under the civil service immediately. The carrier branch will be made to come under the law by next May, and if by that time Congress has not acted in placing the consular service under the merit system, the President will take the matter into his own hands and make the change. There will be no more appointments to places in Cuba, Porto Rico, or the Philippines except under the civil service.

As soon as a new trunnion hook can be received from the Bethlehem Steel Company work will be resumed in the United States Arsenal at Watervliet, New York, on the new sixteen-inch gun for Fort Hamilton, in New York Harbor. This gun is a breechloader and will shoot a distance of twenty-one miles, but in order to do so the projectile will assume an altitude as high as Pike's Peak and will be carried as far north as Yonkers. It is not yet decided whether the gun will be on a disappearing or a stationary carriage.

So many persons gathered in front of George Lauder's house to beg gifts from Andrew Carnegie Monday, November 11, that the philanthropist found it desirable to go out by a rear door. He jumped into a carriage to get away from the score or more who were waiting, not stopping to ask what they wanted. Nearly every one represented some charitable project. One had a subscription blank for a church, another was going to beg for a library, a third had a petition for an organ, and so on.

Thousands of men who have been serving the city and county of New York under Tammany rule have sent for copies of the pamphlet containing the Civil Service Law and its rules and regulations. Their positions rest upon these rules, and under the new administration, which will soon come into power, the law will be enforced. These officeholders are now using every spare moment in study in order that they may pass the examinations.

According to official reports, remarkable success has attended the test of a fifteen-inch pneumatic gun at Fort Wright, Fisher's Island, New York, by the United States Government during the last few days.

President Roosevelt, it is said, will in his message to Congress recommend that

legislation be enacted to aid the Western States in their efforts to reclaim the arid lands. This question of national aid to irrigation has been before Congress for several years, and the Senators from the mountain States have sought to have recognition for irrigation legislation, but they have been overwhelmingly defeated. Senator Carter defeated the river and harbor bill by talking it to death on the last day of the Fifty-sixth Congress because he could secure no recognition for irrigation, and two years ago Senator Warren, of Wyoming, threatened to do the same thing in the closing days of the Fifty-fifth Congress.

Senator Henry Cabot Lodge said in a recent speech: "There is only one point of danger, and to assure peace we must protect ourselves in that direction. Firmly but quietly the Monroe Doctrine must be rigidly upheld. The entrance of any great European power into the American hemisphere, either by the acquisition of territory or the establishment of forts and naval stations, would be the instant menace of the peace we are so anxious to maintain." Foreign newspapers, especially in Germany, strongly resent the sentiment.

Before Judge Jerome, of New York, leaves the bench to assume the office of District Attorney, it is likely that a Grand Jury will be asked to inquire into the methods by which Tammany Hall augmented its campaign fund. The proceedings will be undertaken under the sections of the civil service law prohibiting the giving of political assessments by officeholders, and at the same time forbidding the asking of such contributions from these officials.

President Roosevelt in his message will discourage the idea of a revision of the tariff. He will not come out flatfooted against it, but the inference will be very broad. He will touch on this subject in connection with his recommendations in favor of reciprocity. The President, notwithstanding reports to the contrary, will be very strong and urgent in favor of laws being passed that will make reciprocal relations with other countries possible.

Another case of lockjaw caused by vaccination has developed in Camden, New Jersey. The victim is Lillian Carter, 742 Berkley Street. She was vaccinated about two weeks ago, and symptoms of lockjaw appeared on Sunday. Medical attendance was procured, but the little girl continued to grow worse, and now her jaws are almost closed.

Governor Beckham, of Kentucky, on Monday, November 11, addressed to Governor Durbin, of Indiana, a letter replying to the criticism by that executive of the

courts and officials of Kentucky in his recent letter refusing to honor the requisitions for Taylor and Finley, wanted for alleged complicity in the assassination of Senator Goebel. He severely arraigns Durbin for his refusal, charging that in doing so he violated his oath of office to support the Constitution of the United States, and that he became "a party after the fact to the most infamous crime in the history of this State, the cold-blooded and dastardly murder of an eminent and distinguished citizen of Kentucky."

Watched by a crowd of 10,000 people in the streets and neighboring office buildings, half a hundred women employed in the five-story N. O. Stone building at 50 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio, Tuesday, November 12, jumped, slid down telegraph and other wires, and fell to safety, during a fire that gutted the building and did \$500,000 damage. One of the women who jumped from the fifth story of the burning building, Miss Mary E. Graham, head of a corset concern, died in a hospital from her injuries.

Senator McMillan, of Michigan, arrived in Washington Monday night, November 11, and dealt a hard blow to the Washington movement to build a memorial bridge in honor of President McKinley, by announcing his opposition to the plan. As chairman of the Senate Committee on the District of Columbia Senator McMillan is in a strong position to hamper the local enterprise. The Senator said he thought a memorial to President McKinley ought to be built first at Canton.

Edgar Stanton Maclay, the author of "A History of the United States Navy," who is still working as a clerk in the Brooklyn Navy Yard, is preparing to make changes in his history if Rear-Admiral Schley is exonerated. Maclay's history was the immediate cause of Admiral Schley's calling for a court of inquiry.

When Wu Ting-fang retires from his post as Chinese Minister to the United States, which event is not far distant, it may be that he will accept an offer which, it is said, Columbia University will make him to become the incumbent of the recently-founded chair of Chinese language and literature.

Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, in discussing socialism, warned workingmen that if such theories should prevail they would be the first to suffer.

There was incorporated Wednesday, November 13, at Trenton, New Jersey, a company with \$400,000,000 capital, whose existence marks the most huge combination of railroad interests known in the history of the world. It is the Northern

Securities Company, endowed by its articles of incorporation in general terms with the power to acquire, control, and dispose of the capital stock of other corporations, but organized on purpose to take over the stocks of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific Railroads. The meaning of the appearance of this company is that Hill and Harriman, through Morgan, have come to such terms that they will act in the future as one. It means the final settlement of that great strife of the railroad monarchs which brought about in its most acute moments the Black Friday of the Stock Exchange, when Northern Pacific quotations soared toward the 1000 mark. It means that Union Pacific and Southern Pacific, Burlington, Great Northern, and Northern Pacific, with a total of 34,000 miles of track, are in the future to be held in such close and intimate terms of ownership that conflicts between them will be out of the question.

Companies in the business of mining gypsum in the United States are to be merged into a trust as the result of a series of conferences held at the Auditorium Hotel, and Chicago is to be at the head of the new combination, which is to be known as the United States Gypsum Company. Attorneys are now at work on the articles of agreement and papers of incorporation are to be filed at Springfield within the next few days. The combine is to be capitalized at \$10,000,000, and the majority of the thirty-four gypsum companies have already fallen into line with the plans of the promoters. It is said the outside capital is to be contributed by John W. Gates and John Lambert.

Very important results, it is said, will follow the conference recently held between Seth Low, Mayor-elect of New York, and Benjamin B. Odell Jr., Governor of the State. Summarized these results are: New York City will have the largest measure of home rule so long as Mr. Odell is Governor of the State and Mr. Low is Mayor of the city. The excise administration in the city will be eminently satisfactory to the people of the metropolis. A bill will be introduced at the coming session submitting the question of Sunday opening to the people. There will be no friction between the city and the State administrations.

The State Department is puzzled to know whether the Monroe Doctrine operates to prevent Germany or other foreign powers from acquiring coaling stations in South America.

The savings from forty-five years of active service in the United States Navy have been eaten up by the expenses of the inquiry by which Admiral W. S.

Schley hopes to clear his record as a naval officer. Since the final adjournment of the public sessions of the court, the Admiral has been staying at the Arlington Hotel, attempting to extricate himself from the financial tangle caused by the inquiry. He has ended with his accounts, and he finds that every cent of the \$20,000 which he had expected to leave to his family, in addition to all the prize money which he will get for his part in the Spanish-American War, has been spent on the inquiry. Financially the Admiral is worse off than he was almost half a century ago, when he entered the Naval Academy as a cadet.

All but nine of the twenty-six convicts who escaped from the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, have been killed or recaptured. Frank Thompson, the reputed leader of the mutiny, was recaptured after a battle with pursuers, near Council Grove, Kansas. One of the prison guards, who was engaged in the fight with the mutinous convicts and was wounded, has since died. This makes every one of the twenty-six mutineers liable for murder.

Senator Nevada N. Stranahan, of Oswego, New York, has received a letter from President Roosevelt, offering him the position of Collector of the Port of New York to succeed George R. Bidwell, whom the President intends to remove. The appointment is to take effect on April 1, 1902. The Senator wired his acceptance, and in company with Republican State Committeeman John T. Mott, of Oswego, left for Washington.

Two masked men dressed as Indians entered the house of Michael Johnson, a farmer living six miles from Hammond, Indiana, and after beating him almost into insensibility with their revolvers, thrust a lighted candle against his face to torture him into revealing the hiding place of his money. The escape from the house of a servant girl, who had been insecurely bound, alarmed the robbers and they fled into the swamps along the Little Calumet River. They secured \$178.

In the presence of 4000 persons, including Governor Van Sant and many prominent men of Minnesota of all political affiliations and religious creeds, the first monument to be erected in this country to the memory of President McKinley was unveiled and dedicated at Tower, Minnesota, Sunday, November 10.

Andrew Carnegie has given \$2,000,000 to Pittsburg, divided equally between the Carnegie Institute and the proposed polytechnic school, to both of which he had previously given generously.

Dun's *Review* said Saturday, November 16: "A few months ago injury to

the corn crop aroused fears that the railroads would be seriously handicapped by the loss of tonnage, yet the season of grain traffic has not only failed to produce decreased earnings, but there is such a scarcity of rolling stock and motive power that numerous industries are badly demoralized. In so far as these interests are concerned, the reduction in corn freight proves a blessing. Railway earnings in October were 11.3 per cent greater than last year and 21.2 per cent over 1899, while those roads reporting for the first week in November show an average gain of 9.8 per cent. A healthy demand is reported throughout the country in all leading lines of merchandise, while sales of winter goods have attained normal proportions, and holiday business promises to surpass all records."

The test of the Gathmann gun and shell took place last Friday afternoon at the army proving ground at Sandy Hook, and resulted in a failure. The shell did no material damage to the target. The failure of the Chicago inventor's theory is ascribed by him to imperfect detonation of the fuse in the interior of the shell. The army officers, however, claim that they have found convincing proof to the contrary, and say that everything in connection with the test was as perfect as it was possible to make it in accordance with the inventor's ideas. Mr. Gathmann had claimed that the projectile from his guns would blow to pieces the strongest battleship.

Former Congressman George E. Adams, of Chicago, has frankly admitted that he desires a seat in the upper house of Congress, and he will be heard from later in the campaign. He is willing to permit Mr. Dawes and Senator Mason to occupy the center of the stage now. He does not consider that either is making much progress, and in fighting each other they are weakening themselves and promoting the chances of a dark horse. It is too early, in Mr. Adams' judgment, to open a campaign.

It appears to be settled that there will be no revision of the tariff during the coming winter and that there will be a large cut, if not a wholesale abolition, of the war taxes in the internal revenue schedule. This is the belief of members of the Cabinet and of so many prominent Senators and Representatives that President Roosevelt is forced to accept it as the prevalent opinion of his party.

It is said that President Roosevelt will make trusts a prominent feature of his message to Congress.

The Federal officeholders of Illinois have laid up a store of trouble for themselves, which is at present engaging the

attention of President Roosevelt. The President has been informed of a condition of affairs in Illinois politics, Senatorial and general, which caused him to give expression to a number of vigorous thoughts. He said, among other things, that he would not countenance the activities of any body of men whose names are on the Federal pay rolls, even though they were apparently directed toward the organization of a political force designed to perpetuate his own influence in the politics of Illinois. He said, moreover, that the Federal officeholders must keep their hands off the pending Senatorial fight; that they must attend strictly to the duties which they are paid by the people to perform, and that infractions of the general rules of the service to which they are attached will result in summary discipline.

Fully half a million dollars' worth of damage has been done in Utah by a series of earthquakes, beginning last Wednesday night and lasting until Thursday afternoon. Buildings were wrecked in several towns. In one place a chasm was opened in the earth and a number of persons had narrow escapes from death, although no fatalities have so far been reported.

Reports from pig iron manufacturers, covering production in October, show that the month was a record-breaker. The output reached the great total of 1,400,000 tons, or at the rate of 16,800,000 tons a year. The furnaces in blast November 1 had a weekly capacity of 320,824 tons, based on their actual yield in October. This is in excess of any previous record.

President Roosevelt devoted four minutes of his time Monday, November 10, to the eight Chicagoans who went to lay before him the desires of the National Business League regarding the establishment of a department of commerce and the transfer of the consular service to the proposed department.

Coaling stations and coal piles have been established by Rear-Admiral Bradford, Chief of the Bureau of Equipment of the Navy Department, to such an extent that a vessel of the United States Navy could steam around the world and get nothing but American-owned coal.

Fire on Saturday last practically ruined the finest of the Yale students' dormitories, the Hutchinson, which was erected a few years ago at a cost of \$200,000. The furnishings of the building and the personal effects of 200 or more students were also destroyed.

George Lockhart Rives is to be the Corporation Counsel under the Low Administration of New York City. He is an independent Democrat. The salary attached to this office is \$15,000, and the

term is two years. The city's Law Department was offered to Mr. Rives several days ago. He informed Mr. Low last Thursday night that he would accept it. Mr. Low announced the fact Friday morning to a group of newspaper reporters at his home. In making known this appointment Mr. Low said: "Mr. Rives was President of the commission appointed by Governor Roosevelt which made a revision of the charter that goes into effect at the beginning of the year. He is, therefore, exceptionally well equipped for the interpretation of this instrument."

#### EUROPE.

After various conferences at Hilversum, where former President Krüger is stopping, the peace terms which the Boers are willing to accept have been outlined as follows: First, amnesty for all rebels; second, the restoration of prisoners and the withdrawal of troops; third, compensation for burned farms; fourth, a convention providing autonomy for the Boer republics, which shall be guaranteed by France and Russia; fifth, the cession to England of the Witwatersrand gold fields in lieu of Boer indemnity.

Lord Rosebery, speaking Thursday night, November 14, in Edinburgh, said he did not intend to try again to secure reform of the House of Lords, as this was not a task for an individual, but one needing a national impulse. "I should like to see," he continued, "an experiment for a year of a government formed entirely of business men, such for example as Mr. Carnegie and Sir Thomas Lipton, instead of politicians."

With the announcement of the purchase by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of America of 5,000,000 marks' (\$1,190,000) worth of debenture stock in the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, German financial interests sustained a shock comparable only to the effect produced in Great Britain by J. Pierpont Morgan's absorption of the Leyland Line. This is considered as a raid on Germany's merchant marine.

A terrible gun accident occurred Saturday, November 9, on board the British battleship *Royal Sovereign* outside of the Astoko Harbor. An artilleryman forgot to close the breech before the gun was fired. One officer and six artillerymen were killed outright, the bodies being terribly mutilated, and the Captain and thirteen sailors were seriously injured.

King Edward has decided to have the celebrated Koh-i-noor diamond mounted in the crown of Queen Alexandra for the coronation.

A committee of Irishmen visited Major McBride, of the Transvaal Irish Brigade,

in Paris and presented to him a sword of honor and an address. Major McBride made a speech, in which he said he hoped the next time he faced England it would be on English soil. The physical force party, he said, had been silent for twenty years, but it had been silent at Parnell's request that parliamentarism be given a chance. That had failed, and now was the time for physical force to act. The moment, he declared, was auspicious. England was never weaker than now. The time has come, he said, when in addition to calling for God's help the Irish should help themselves.

Violent winds, rain, and snow storms raged on all the coasts of the United Kingdom early last week. One hundred and sixteen lives were reported to be lost, with many casualties still to hear from. Vessels of all nations were caught in the storm, many of them wrecked, all their crews and passengers being drowned. It was reported that disastrous floods had been caused in the Welsh lowlands by the heavy rains.

The Bundesrath of Germany has approved the bill embodying the proposed new tariff. With the exception of slight modifications, the bill is identical with the one originally published. It is ascertained that the vote in the Bundesrath for the tariff bill was nearly unanimous. Several states voted against the minimal system. Count von Bulow, Imperial Chancellor, was not present.

M. Santos-Dumont is bringing to a close negotiations with the Prince of Monaco's engineers for the construction of an aëro-drome below the City of Monaco on ground bordering on the Boulevard de la Condamine. When the airship leaves the shed it will pass over the Bay of Monaco, where it will be put through evolutions daily during the months of January and February.

There has been a great increase in the number of emigrants from Germany this year. In the last ten months 175,000 Germans and foreigners sailed on German vessels. This is more than twice the number of those who sailed from 1894 to 1897. Emigration to the Argentine Republic and Uruguay has increased, while that to Brazil has diminished.

Until the important questions of the tariff and the commercial relations she will maintain with foreign States are settled, Germany will not experience any general return of prosperity. This is the conclusion of United States Consul General Frank H. Mason, who is stationed at Berlin.

Varying reports continue to come from Bulgaria, where the American Missionary, Miss Ellen M. Stone, is held for ransom

by brigands. Some say that these brigands are in reality only Macedonian patriots, farmers, and peasants who have taken Miss Stone, and are insisting upon a ransom in order to gain funds in the cause of Macedonian liberty from Turkish rule. Others claim that this is not true, but that the brigands are truly bandits, and make a business of pillaging and kidnaping. One report says that the brigands will insist upon the full \$110,000 ransom being paid, and another that they will be willing to accept \$75,000. The Bulgarian Government insists that the deliverance of Miss Stone by her captors shall be on Turkish soil, while the United States has informed the Bulgarian Government that America will hold it morally and legally responsible for the lives of Miss Stone and Madam Tsilka, should the bandits, exasperated by pursuit, kill them. A Bulgarian clergyman is reported to have visited Miss Stone where she had been confined in the house of Bekir Bey in the town of Ceres, Macedonia. He says that she is well, but that the strain is terrific, and that there is danger that she may lose her mind.

Annoyed by the persistent jingo outbreaks on both sides of the Atlantic Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany has given imperative instructions to the imperial ministers to shape Germany's foreign policy with the specific view of establishing and continuing the most cordial possible relations with the United States Government.

The Mussulman population of Constantinople feels acutely the humiliation of the recent French demonstration. A high official has presented a report to the Sultan showing that persistence in the present vicious governmental system must create formidable international difficulties.

The latest result achieved in the electric high-speed experiments between Zossen and Marienfeld, in Germany, is about 105 English miles an hour. The air pressure at this speed was found to be equal to a wind force of twelve feet a second.

There is outcry in both France and Algeria over the difficulty in selling wine. The French growers threaten to plow up their vineyards and the Algerians demand a year's renewal of bills and exemption from suits.

It is reported that the Irish Nationalists have offered Mr. Krüger a safe parliamentary seat in Ireland. They hold that, in consequence of Lord Kitchener's proclamation, Mr. Krüger is de facto a British subject.

The Aëro Club of the United Kingdom is the latest addition to the world of

aërial scientists. As the name implies, it is intended to be similar in character to its French namesake. Although only a few weeks old—and, in fact, its organization is yet far from completed—it already boasts of a membership of about 150, and bids fair to double that number before the year is out.

More dissatisfaction than ever is said to exist in the British War Office. It is now thought more strongly than heretofore that Lord Roberts will resign the position of Commander in Chief next April, if not before, and therefore will not take any part in the coronation ceremonies.

The important coal and iron interests of the Rhenish-Westphalia provinces of the German Empire are in a ferment on account of the persistent efforts of American manufacturers to seize the continental markets.

#### PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Major William L. Pitcher, of the First Regiment of Infantry, commanding the Mindoro expedition, reports that the garrison of Abra de Ilog was attacked Sunday, November 10, by a force of insurgents commanded by Lenocos. The Filipinos apparently attempted to repeat the Samar tactics, but the Americans, who were breakfasting, fully armed, completely routed the insurgents, who left five men dead on the field, each leaving a rifle and ammunition. One American was seriously wounded.

The Pope has addressed a cordial letter to Monsignore Chapelle, apostolic delegate to the Philippines, congratulating him on his enlightened action in favor of religion and civilization. The Pope, however, alludes to the American occupation in rather hostile terms, calling it "an upheaval and a revolution which has greatly damaged the interests of the church in those distant regions."

General Smith has ordered every American soldier in the Island of Samar and the Island of Leyte never to be without arms, even at meal times. He is determined that there shall be no more surprises, and commanding officers will be held responsible. General Smith also directs that scouting must continue incessantly, and that all rice and hemp captured must be destroyed.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has rendered a decision in which he holds that beer, whisky, and other articles of domestic manufacture subject to internal revenue tax when consumed in the United States, are subject to the same tax when shipped to the Philippine Islands. In this sense the Philippines are held to be domestic territory.

While the War Department has not been advised of the reported step to

secure the release of Aguinaldo from captivity, through writ of habeas corpus, it was prepared for a move in that direction. A few weeks ago the first application of this kind was made in the case of a military prisoner, and as there was some indication of a disposition on the part of the Philippine Commission to uphold the right of habeas corpus in that case, the department was obliged to cable some instructions, both to the Commission and General Chaffee, the result of which was a practical denial of the writ.

Captain Hartman's troop of cavalry has had an encounter with 200 riflemen and 200 bolomen who were in trenches double-flanking the Batangas road. The troopers killed sixteen and captured nine rebel riflemen. The Americans had two wounded. Captain Hartman continued the chase of the rebels, who were routed completely.

#### ZION THANKSGIVING CONFERENCES.

Beginning Wednesday, November 27th, and concluding Sunday, December 1st.

Railroad tickets may be purchased coming to Chicago, Saturday to Friday, November 23d to November 29th, inclusive.

Return tickets from Chicago, Friday to Wednesday, November 29th, to December 4th, midnight, inclusive.

Certificates stamped before or after the dates when tickets may be purchased coming to Chicago will not be honored.

Railroad certificates will be certified to by the Joint Passenger Agents Friday, November 29th, between 9 A. M. and 6 P. M., at my office, and must be called for there between these hours, preferably between 3 and 6 P. M., at the Bank Floor, Zion Building; or if called for later, down town directions will be given as to where they can be obtained in the Monadnock Building, 138 Jackson Boulevard.

The rate of a fare and one-third—full fare coming and one-third returning—is assured by the Central and Western, also the Southeastern, and New England Trunk Line Passenger Associations, on condition that at least 100 persons purchase railroad tickets from the various points, and a request for a like rate has been made to the Northwest Transcontinental Trunk Line Railroads which are not in the regular mutually agreed Passenger Associations, which, we expect, will be granted.

When the railroad ticket is purchased coming, insist that the agent give you a certificate showing that you purchased a first-class ticket to Chicago. This must be signed by him, and stamped officially with date, and must also bear the name and signature of the individual using the ticket. This certificate should be brought to my office or given to me not later than Thursday afternoon, to be acted upon Friday, so as to secure the return ticket, as well as obtain the necessary number of credentials registered to get the return rate.

The sessions will include the great Auditorium and Zion Tabernacle Meetings, with Conferences on Zion's Ecclesiastical, Educational, and Commercial work.

A large Baptismal Service will take place in Central Zion Tabernacle, Wednesday evening; an enthusiastic excursion will be made to Zion City, Thursday, leaving from the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Depot during the early forenoon and returning from Zion City late in the afternoon.

A Stereopticon Exhibition of Zion City and the Panorama of Zion will be given Saturday evening to the members and friends, in Central Zion Tabernacle.

Other inquiries for particulars not above stated, should be addressed to

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### Try Our Coffees..Special Values

Prices: 15c, 25c, and 35c a Pound

Just received some pure Maple Sugar and Syrup, also barrel of Country Sorghum. Will have soon a carload of New York Apples. Leave us your orders for Winter Supply of Apples and Potatoes.

PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST

## Clothing Department

One of the new additions to Zion City General Stores is a second floor, the principal room being filled with

### Men's and Boys' Clothing

READY  
TO  
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Boys' Suits . Youths' Suits . Men's Suits  
Reefers and Overcoats, Working Jackets, Overalls, Sweaters,  
**PANTS**, for Men and Boys

Underwear, Shirts, Socks, Gloves, Mittens, Suspenders,  
Ties, Collars, Cuffs, Hats and Caps, Rubbers, Rubber Boots.

We wish to inform our customers that the discriminating buyer will find no difficulty in making his purchases here, for these are all trustworthy goods at uniformly right prices. :: :: :: :: :: ::

## Dry Goods Department

The Dry Goods Department of Zion City General Stores is now carrying a choice line of all kinds of Dry Goods. Also a full and complete line of Ladies' Coats in all the new and latest styles. Every garment warranted as to quality and making.

### FUR COLLARS AND MUFFS

WE HAVE A NICE SELECTION AT LOW PRICES

We have also added a **MILLINERY DEPARTMENT**, with Miss S. E. MADLENE in charge, who has had ten years' experience as trimmer and saleslady. We intend to keep in stock and make to order, for the lowest cash prices, the best and latest styles to please our trade. By trading with Zion City General Stores you will assist in the work of building up Zion and its institutions.

## Furniture Department

On the second floor we have three rooms well stocked with Furniture. Chairs are well assorted, not forgetting Rocking Chairs for the Aged, and High Chairs for the Babies.

Tables, several varieties      Commodes  
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## Hardware Department

In this Department we have in stock a good line of the following articles, and we solicit your patronage:

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Mixed Paints      White Lead  
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We are also prepared to put in Furnaces, set up Gutters, Spouts, etc., as we have a tinshop in connection with our Hardware Department. Ask for what you need in our line and we will promptly supply it.

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No. 1010. Finest quality, regular size, 14k Gold Pen, in best Hard Rubber Holder. Perfect feed. Will not overflow or blot. Writes  
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Zion pays her Interest and Dividends promptly twice a year.

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Best of all, Zion has the approval and backing of God, who has made it possible to overcome every obstacle, and has crowned her efforts with success on every side. The same liberal advantages given to Shareholders in the First Series are now being offered to the Shareholders in the Second Series, namely:

**Six Per Cent Guaranteed Interest From the Date Money is Received**

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**ZION LAND AND INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION**

H. WORTHINGTON JUDD, Sec'y and Mgr.  
DANIEL SLOAN, Assistant Manager

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WELL MADE . GOOD STYLES . SATISFACTION GUARANTEED



**X43** 24-inch Automobile Coat for misses from 14 to 18 years; the coat is trimmed all around with a satin fold stitched four times; lined throughout with good quality satin; made from navy, black and castor all-wool kersey cloth. Each.....\$7.70  
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**X40** Short Automobile Coat for children 4 to 12 years; seams of coat are neatly bound, the edges trimmed with velvet and black and gold braid, as illustrated; made from royal blue, navy blue, cardinal and castor melton cloth. Each.....\$3.65  
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**X41** Child's long Automobile Coat, the double cape, collar and cuffs are trimmed with satin folds in fancy design; seams are bound; made of castor, royal blue and cardinal kersey melton. Each—

4 Yrs.	6 Yrs.	8 Yrs.	10 Yrs.	12 Yrs.	14 Yrs.
\$6.35	\$6.70	\$7.00	\$7.35	\$7.70	\$8.00

Made of melton cloth in castor, royal blue and cardinal. Each—

4 Yrs.	6 Yrs.	8 Yrs.	10 Yrs.	12 Yrs.	14 Yrs.
\$5.35	\$5.60	\$5.85	\$6.15	\$6.40	\$6.70

**X39** Child's long Automobile Coat, with cape; made of two-toned boucle; colors, black and red, light blue and gray, and navy and black; coat has wide facings of same material; all seams neatly bound, and is trimmed with stitched cloth straps. Each—

4 Yrs.	6 Yrs.	8 Yrs.	10 Yrs.	12 Yrs.	14 Yrs.
\$5.65	\$6.00	\$6.35	\$6.70	\$7.00	\$7.35

**X38** Short Automobile Coat for children from 4 to 12 years of age; made from melton cloth, bound with braid, seams neatly bound, and can be had in the following colors, castor, royal blue and cardinal. Each, any size.....\$3.35

**X42** 27-inch long Misses' Automobile Coat, made from all-wool kersey cloth in black, navy blue and castor; lined throughout with good quality satin. Each, any size from 14 to 18 years.....\$7.35  
Same garment in melton cloth. Each..... 6.00

It is Advisable and Absolutely Necessary for Ladies Ordering any of these Garments to State the Correct Age of Child or Miss the Garment is Intended for, also State the Bust and Inside Sleeve Measurements, so as to Enable us to MAKE THE GARMENT PERFECT FITTING.

## OUR NEW THANKSGIVING AND CHRISTMAS GROCERY PRICE LIST

Listing an Attractive Line of Practical Holiday Specialties is now Completed and Will Be Sent Free, Upon Request, to Any Address

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