

seer Davis to that bourne from whence it was popularly supposed before the day of spirit-rapping no traveler returned. In other words, it is the heaven of the Spiritualists who believe in Mr. Davis's teachings. Upon searching /Spiritualistic literature there is found a provoking difference of opinion among the oracles as to the character, composition, and location of the Spirit-land. The all claim equal gifts of seerahip, and yet flatly contradict each other. For instance, Andrew Jackson Davis has been able to discover an immense range of spiritual territory in the milky way, inhabited by the souls of those who have lived mortal lives on the planets of our system, while others, wise men in the profession, have had it revealed to them that the Spirit-world is all around us that, indeed, we are living in it now, and are unable to behold its manifold beauties and the spirits of those whose bodies we have buried in the dust, be cause our senses are clouded by our fleahy envelope. When we cast away our body as we take off our clothes at night, we see all. Then again the learned Spiritualists disagree as to reincarnation or the theory of the dwelling of the soul in successive earth bodies until com plete purification is reached. Kardec and the millions of his followers on the continent of Europe are re-incarnationists. But Andrew Jackson Davis declares that re-incasnation is a hallucination invented by Diakka, or mischlev ous spirits. What shall we believe when these doctors disagree? If Spirit-land is a real place, and spirits of intelligence are permitted to communicate information to us, it seems strange that there should be any vari ance in the description. What would we think if a thousand sensible people like think of a thousand sensible people into Bayard aylor should return from visits to the interior of Africs, and tell us that the people there were forty feet high, and carried their heads under their shoulders, while sucher thousand should come back at different times, and say that the same people there were four feet high, and wore no heads at all? But these travelers would not give each other the lie more fistly about a place about which there cught not to be any mistake, than Davis, and Kardec, and fifty other seers do about the world the soul inhabits after mortal death.

penetrated the room. The spiritual being is asleep, just like a new born happy babe, the eyes are closed, and there seems to be no consciousness of existence. It is an unconscious slumber. In many cases this sleep is long, in others not at all. The love thread now draws others not at all. The love thread now dra the new born body to the outside door. "thought shaft" descends upon one who is busy about the body. "This person is impressed to open the door of the dwelling and leave it open for a few moments. Or some other egress is opened and the spiritual body is silently removed from the house." Celestial attraction draws it obliquely through the forty-five miles of air. . It is surrounded by a beautiful assemblage of guardian frienda. They throw their loving arms around the alceping one, and on they speed to the world of Light. When the time approaches for the spirit's awakening, "then celestial music, or some gentle manipulation, or the murmuring, melody of distant streams, or something like breathing passes made over the sleeping one, causes sensation to return and thus the new-comer is introduced to the Summer-land."

a light, graceful slyle of architecture, adapted to the out door life which the people generally The street facing the park is devoted to lead. the display of commodities and creations of the Spirit world and its inhabitants. Here beautiful fabrics, finer that the web of a spi-der and ornamented with the most exquisite floral designs taken from mature, are exposed There are, however no mi to view. nery es tablishments in Spring Garden City, and the females wear simply their own beautiful hair, which they adorn with flowers and a peculiar lace "as thin as a breath." There are many artists' studios in the streets, and the art of painting is carried to greater perfection than it ever has been on earth. 'The city contains many institutions of learning, which are accessible to all. Among the residents of Spring Garden City, mentioned by the Countese D'Ossoli are Theodore Parker, Nathanial Hawthorne, and Abraham Lincoln. The late President has some members of his family with him, and sppcars very happy and con-tented. The son for whose loss he grieved amid the honors of the White House is now his friend, and companion. Matters of State occupy his mind but little, but he is deeply interested in humanity, and is auxious to ele-vate and harmonize the whole human family. Theodore Parker when he first came to Spring Garden, decided to devote Limself to the cul tivation of land, but he soon drifted into the rostrum, and twice a week one with clairyoy-ant eyes may see the fair maidens and geflant swains of this besutiul dty wending their way to his little home and garden in the suburbs, where, amid the flowers, heldescants to them, in his eloquent way, on life and the attributes of the human soul, and also upon his life experiences. NEWSPAPERS There are three daily papers issued in Spring Garden, and only three. One is especspring Garden, and only time. One is espec-ially devoted to reporting news from earth-revolutions that transpire, changes in State and national politics, (how the Spring Gar-deners must be agitated with Grant's policy in Louisianaf), recent socients which have thrown individuals suddenly into the Spiritthrown individuals suddenly into the Spirit-world, and to recording the names, as far as possible, of persons who have recently died on earth. It may be well surmised that the oblivary column is the most interesting in this beavenly journal. Henry J. Raymond is following the journalistic profession in the Solid land Spirit land.

called water on the earth. There is a spring on the island called Porileum, and there is a beau-tiful cluster of springs some distance to the West which they name "The I'orilla," and every one of these springs gives of exceedingly sweet musical sounds, which are full of "unutterable significance." Those harmonious notes blend with the streamlets, which lose themselves in a beautiful river that flows ng the flowery paths of the Hospitalia This name is given to one of the temples where persons who had become attached to some peculiar thing in this world, so that it had become an infatuation with them are tak-en to be cured. It is one of the many attractive sanitary temples of reform on that beau-tiful island. Here, also, is situated "the grandest temple of treasured antiquities" [sic] The brotherhood call it Aggamede, meaning "The Cabinet of Antiquity." Nothing on earth can equal this wonderful edifice. In extent rich-Nothing on earth can ness, and finish, it is overwhelming. The building substance is called aureols, and is eighty times finer than the finest earthly glass. It is wondrously strong.

The Spiritualists of Minnesota have troduced learned by sad experience in the past that Social Freedom, Free-love, and a Free platform, etc., only mean license to do and say what one pleases, regardless of the rights and feelings of all others; also that none have a right to raise a voice of warning, for that would be personal, besides it is perfecution to the liberty loving disciple that delights in freedom to trample others' rights in the dirt, but his freedom must not be touched-no, not by any, for the alightest interference with his or her acts makes a martyr of some libertice or prostitute. Bro. Taylor gave Old Theolo-gy some good hits. He is a good worker, and is a help to our cause. Mrs./Lepper, of Anoka, gave readings of character, and described spirit friends to many in the audiquee that proved highly satisfactory to the people assembled, as the words of love and truthfulness fell from her inspired lips. Taking the convention all in all, it was one of the most successful we have ever had in Minnesota. The Association had not the least trouble in carrying out its programme. The sharp lines can be made much sharper than they are if the Social Freedom d biples try to force Woodhulliam upon Spiritualiam. The men and papers that dare not oppose the miserable practices of free lust. I have but little respect or. The RELIGIO PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL is the only paper published in favor of Spiritthat has not been currying favors ualism, from the very first. The Spiritualists of Minnesota af prove your course in the main. Sunday evening, September 13th, at the close of the conference, Bro. A. G. Apgar of Shakopee, led Miss Bessle S. Bissett of Minneapolts, to the speaker's stand, and there before the large audience your humble servant pronounced them husband and wife, in accordance with law. Bro. Taylor gave them some good advice, after which he proceeded with the closing lecture of the session. After being tormented with my presence and labor for five years and a half, the Association concluded to retain me another year as agent. So it falls to my lot to send to the JOURNAL monthly reports of the progress we are ma-king here in Minnesota. My report for Sep-tember is as follows: Places visited, St. Paul, Newport, Minnespolis, New Auburn and Carne city, giving fourteen lectures, adding three names as members to the Association. Expenses were \$2,80; have received in collections and yearly dues \$38,00. Am well at work again, and the cause is in a healthy condition; growth is the result of earnest honest labor. The above is respectfully submitted to the Spiritualists of Mindesota.

#### SUMMER-LAND SEEN IN A VISION.

The Summer-land to be described in this ar ticle, for the benefit of the curious in such things, is that believed in by Andrew Jackson Davis and his followers. Like Swedenborg, Davis and his followers. Like Swedenborg Mr. Davis has seen this spirit world in visions. He has written voluminously on the subject, and it must be confessed that it is necessary to struggle through oceans of unmeaning words to get at an intelligible idea of the country he attempts to sketch. The speculations of the seer, however, are interesting, and no apology is necessary for giving so much space to an ex-position of a belief which is shared in by many thousands, if not millions, of our fellow-countrymen. Before going into a description of the Sommer Land, Mr. Davis's statement of the manner in which the spirit quite its earth-ly tenement by the process called death will be entertaining:

#### DEATH-SO-CALLED.

Buppose a human being to be lying in the death-bed before you. Persons present not seeing anything of "the beautiful processes of the interior" are grief stricken and weeping. The departing oue, it may be supposed, is a beloved member of the family. But there in the corner of the room of sorrow stands one (the seer) who sees through the outward phe-nomena presented by the dying one. To the outward senses the feet are there, the head on the pillow, and the hands clasped, outstretched,

#### THE LUCATION OF SUMMER LAND.

Such is Mr. Andrew Jackson Davis's picture of the change called death. It would certainly be a very pleasant thing to believe, if he could bring any other evidence than his vision to prove it, and it would rob the last hour of all its terrors. Now, having taken the spirit into its new abode, it is next in order to ascertain what that abode is. In answering the inquiries which will naturally arise under this head, we are opportunely assisted by a com-munication from the late Theodore Parker, which appears in a Boston spiritual paper. Being asked where is the spirit world he re plies that it is "About sixty-five billions of miles from the planet earth. It is a spiritual planet, revolving on its own axis, around its own spiritual sun, and in its own spiritual solar system, and is subject to laws just as perfect as the laws governing in the physical solar system that comes within the range of human sense; and yet, wherever a spirit can exist, there, in degree, is a Spirit-world, but not the spiritual planet proper of this material earth."

#### · · SPRING-GARDEN CITY.

Mr. Parker sloo says that he lives in Spring Garden City. Spirit is but sublimated matter, and matter, after all; therefore it requires a given time for that body of matter, or spirit, to pass from one point to another. The time required depends very much upon the strength or will of the spirit, and upon its knowledge of the elements through which it has to pass; of the universal powers with which it has to deal. Some spirits can pass through space more quickly than others; some find it exceed-ingly difficult, because they do not know how to take the best advantage of the currents and cross-currents of magnetic and electric life that they meet with. "So then," continues the disembodied Mr. Parker, "if I say I can leave this place and be at my own villa in Bpring Garden City in five seconds of earthtime, you are not to suppose that every spirit can do the same thing, only that I can do it." These human wills, in the Spirit-world, are the fast or the slow horses that you have to drive.

#### CELESTIAL SCHNERY.

Mr. Davis says that the Summer-land is vasily more beautiful than the most beautiful landscape of earth. Celestial waters are more limpid, the atmosphere more soft and genial, the streams are always musical, and the fer-tile islands there are always full of meaning. The trees are not excites, and the birds are literally a part of the celestial clime, every one having its lesson of divine significance. The

#### · AMUSEMENT

There are numerous theatres There are numerous theats, and other pla-ces of amusement in Spring Garden. Two theatres are devoted to dramas originating with the inhabitants of the Summer Land, and and other plawith the inhabitants of the Summer Land, and another to those written by mortals. The pla-ces of amusement are of large espacity and free to all who may wish to enjoy the per-formances. Among the set is who have re-cently played engagements is Spring Garden, according to the Countess 10 Desoil, are Gar-rick, Macready, Kean, Komble, the elder Booth, Cooke, Mrs. Siddom, Mms. Rachel, George Holland, and William E. Barton. She save that she is informed that the Rev. John Newland Maffit, the or is celebrated re-vivalist, who had just such domestic a flic-tion while on earth as Mr. Beecher is trou-bled with, is at present a dis nguished actor in the Spirit-world. in the Spirit-world.

#### MARTING

In the Summer-Land (we d not from A. f male and fethe volume just alluded to, J. Davis this time) the unio male occur from very simil which bring about like union parties are drawn to each des to those on earth. operation of a natural law,

#### ROSALIA.

It sealia is 'also an island on which dwell people who never inhabitad the planet Earth. Mr. Davis understands that the residents of this spot are from the just maturing planets of Mercury and Venus. "Lonalis" is a neigboring island inhabited by young persons from earth who died as orphans. "On this heavenly spot they are introduced to those who were their parents in spirit, but of whom they were not physiologically born on earth."

#### TRAVELING SPIRISA.

There is a class of persons in the Spirit-world who are great travelets. They are al-most like our gipsies. They form themselves into affinity groups and go protracted journeys to far-oil planets and suns, and do not return to their pavilions for years. Mr. Davis says that "Katle, my former companion, came to me and said that she was then to start upon journey, and she had not yet returned, or should have heard from her. She had joined the group of excursionists without knowing whither they were going."

#### SURMANS IN HEAVEN.

Zellabingen is a vast German association It is musical throughout and is composed of persons who had not, before death, sequired the power of song, but who yet possessed an enthusiastic and ardent love of music-souls whose desire for song had not been gratified on earth. Lindenstein and Moreneski are Russian and Austrian associations. The former are immersed almost wholly in matters of history with reference to this and other planets. They are almost Teutonic, in their modes of study and associate themselves in large assemblages. The Austrian brother-hood is engaged in studying the best forms of government for the different tribes and people of the earth.

#### CHORED PERSONS.

There are persons of color in Sammer-Land Monazollappa is the only exclusively African realm that Mr. Davis has been able to discern in the Spirit-world. He describes a number of other national brotherhoods, and it seems that the tendency of the inhabitants of the that the tendency of the inhabitants of the better world is toward association. There are a species of spirits inhabiting a locality of their own which Mr. Davis has taken the trouble to write a book about, by the way of warning us against them. They are mischiefwarning us sgainst them. They are misch loving spirits.

DIAKEA. a earth. The They inhabit, the belt called Duco Mejor. through the A Disk's is an unbalanced, not an evil per-the result is son. He wanders in his own congenial forast, Northfield, Rice Co., Minnesota.

#### "Death."

DEAR EDITOR OF . JOURNAL .-- The series of articles on "Death, or the Pathway from Earth to Spirit-life," soon to appear in the JOURNAL, have for me a very strong attraction.

I can not see how any thinking person, whether Spiritualist or not, can fail to feel a deep interest in the subject. But the monstrons doctrine of endless tor-

ture in a lake of unquenchable fire, taught by orthodox Christians, completely paralyzes the mind, and enables them to hold in slavery the souls of their miserable victims. They dare not read "Death, or the Pathway from Earth to Spirit-land."

to Spirit-land." Let us all pray (by helping to circulate the JODERAL and other thought-awakening pa-pers), that the gloom of this dismal supersti-tion may rapidly disappear from earth. J. F. BECK.

W. Union, O., Oct. 10th, 1874.

### Extracts from our Exchanges.

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In order to give our readers a more comprehensive view of Spiritualism and Religious subjects, we shall publish in this Department, the ablest articles of our changes, which we are receiving from various parts of the world.

#### BROOKLY'N SPIRITS.

#### Samoset, the "Big Indian," Leaves the Happy Hunting Grounds and Visits Brooklyn.

#### From the Brooklyn Union of the lat. )

Mr. Warren, the well known medium' and Spiritualist, made his first sppsarance last evening before a Brooklyn audience at Brook-lyn Institute Hall, on Washington near Con-cord street. A reporter of the Union chanced in, impelled by curiosity to hear what the spirits had to say, and though there was not much "saying" on their part, the following is about what they, the medium and the mortals present, did. Oe the stage or platform, facing the audience (by the way, there were only about one hundred and fifty of them), was a tent-like structure, covered with a dark material, and arranged with two side curtains, one over the other-this was the cabinet. There was also on the stage's conimon ironing table, on which were two guitars, a flutina, and a bell or two; the other paraphernalia were lying about on the floor at the same end of the stage. Mr H Raymond, the exhibitor, introduced Mr. Warren to the audience in a brief speech in which he assured them that the performances which might t-ke place were not to convert them into Spiritualists. They might believe in it or not, just as they pleased One thing however, was necessary, and that was that order must be preserved. If this condition was observed they might expect wonderful things, though, to use his own words, "I don't promise nothing."

#### THE MOST WONDERFUL.

of all these manifestations will be the raising of the table in the air without any visible cause of the effect. It would be necessary for him to call for numerous ladies' and gentle-men from the audience on to the stage. There? were people who naturally possessed such power that they could by willing it stop a man in his speech, or a horse running away. "I hope," he added, "that there are none of that hope," he added, "that there are none or that sort here to counteract the manifestations. It has been found th... the medium can be more easily effected after smoking an opium cigar, so we will have him smoke one now.' Mr. Warren had his smoke, and the cabinet was closed for a few moments, during which time Mr. Raymond kept up a continual flow of lecture. When it was reopened Mr. Warren was found to be tied fast to the chair in a most artistic manner by the spirit. This spir-it is-cailed Samoset. He professes to be a dead Indian chief, and to follow Mr. Warren about in the capacity of inspirer and ghostly servant. He speaks very good English. Raymond called for a committee from the sudience to examine and see if the medium was securely tied, and Mr. Tice and Mr. Rog-ers were chosen. Mr. Tice reported, as the result of the examination, that Mr. Warren was so securely bound that the circulation of blood had almost ceased in his hands. The curtain being drawn again, Samoset was made to glay on the guitar-play by courtesy-strumming and discord would be the best description. Bell-ringing followed, and the bell was threwn out violently upon the stage. Still, when the curtain was again drawn back, Warren was found to be as Mr.

## SECURELY FASTENED AS BEFORE,"

and scemingly buried in a deep trance. Mr. Raymond next exhibited a number of large iron rings, and offered them for examination. "They are made of solid, iron," to quote his words, "and in different parts of the country. In almost all of the places we have shown, persons have desired to make solid iron rings and give them to us to use." The rings being laid on the floor near the medium, the curtains were closed, and Mr. Raymond went on with his treatise on iron rings for a few minutes, then unveiled the sanctum once more. The medium was sitting in his chair abprarently enjoying a nap with the iron rings on his arms, inside of the ropes, which they had passed through without disarranging or cutting, as was asserted by the Committee of Investigation, Tice and Rogers. The table containing the musical instruments was pext placed in the tent, and the guitar and flutina were both made to play. Mr. Raymond-Will Mr. Tice and lady go into the cabinet and hold on to the medium while the instruments play to detect, if you can, any fraud in the matter?

knowledged that the medium/could not possibly have removed from his seat and struck these blows without being detected. Even Mr. Tice acknowledged that when he was made one of the ghard, a gentleman offered \$10 if Mr. Raymond would allow him to tie a paper bag over the medium's hands. Mr. Raymond would not do it, for he "didn't want to win anybody's money." Reporter-Why must it always be an elderly

gentleman who goes into the cabinet? Mr. Raymond-Because the younger men

never say yes or no, but I think or I believe. It is more satisfaction to the public to have a decided answer on a question. Reporter-There are members of the press

here who would like to go in. Mr. Raymond at last consented to let Mr. Clark make the trial. The result, as far as mystification, was the same as in other cases, only Mr. Clark came out with two of the solid iron rings on his arm. How they got there he could not say, as one of his hands was clasped by the medium and the other by the lady.

#### THE RINGS WERE THROW

from the front of the cabinet apparently, and the first he knew of their being on his arm was the blow as they struck him and became stationary. Mr. Clark added that he did not feel them pass up his arm at all. Mr. Tice had by accident (\*) brought a set of handcuffs with him, and these also were at one time placed on the medium by Mr. Tice himself he retaining the key. The spirit rearranged the handcuils in the dark, fastening the medium fast to the round of the chair. He also strip-ped him of his.coat, upsetting him on the floor. Another cost of a different color was borrowed from a gentleman, and stripped off also. Hands were shown at different points and apertures of the curtain, one having an arm attached with the sleeve of a red undershirt showing. The medium's undershirt was shown to be white.

Handkerchiefs were tied in knots and thrown out from behind the curtain by the powerful Samoset.

In fine, his performances were too numerous and extraordinary to enumerate.

The last scene of all was the raising of the ironing table from the floor to the height of four feet without any visible agency. With this the seance closed.

### Tejon Rain God.

Not the set of yesterday's issue of the Post, would hardly omit the extract from a letter by Mr. Bishop to the San' Jose Mercury, re-counting the feats of the Tejon Rain God.

A Tew days ago General Beale told us a wonderful story of this same old Indian wizard. Years ago General Beale employed a number of Indians to dig irrigating ditches to save the grain crops on his place in the Tulare valley near Fort Tejon. The ground was very dry and the labor hard; but the exigency was great, for the entire crop was in danger of perishing by the drouth. dians grew restless at the toll of digging. under a burning sun, and at last threw down pick and shovel and came in a body to General Beale to remonstrate. He explained to them what the ditches were for and that he would have no wheat, barley or corn for men and stock unless the ground is irrigated at once. The Indiana replied that it was easier to send for the Rain God and induce him to once. make it rain than dig ditches. General Beale had no faith in Indian incantations, and ridiculed the pretensions that an old Indian juggler could make it rain at will. The Indians felt offended at the General's disbelief in the Rsin God's powers, and stubbornly refused to go back to Work. The utter preposterousness of any human power making it rain in the San Josquin or Tulare valleys during the dry season, would have driven some men to lose their temper with these superstitious dependants. General Beale, however, graciously yielded, and a message was sent for this great conjurer, and the Indians readily agreed to go back to work at once if he failed. Their confidence in the man, was firm as human faith could be. Back with the messenger came an old, imbecile looking, dilapidated Indian, with a dirty bag of Indian charms. On being questioned, he unfaltering. ly declared his power to make it rain, and rain that day, but he pleaded excuses. Gen General Beale agreed to his terms; they took the form of a contingent fee. Still he hesitated, and said rain would be unnatural at that season of the year and do mischief. Beale explained that it would save his crops. The Indian said it would spoil all the grass seed on which the Indians depended for food. General Beale promised to make the grass seed good, bushel for bushel, with wheat or corn. The Indian again pleaded unwillingness-the equaws were in the mountains gathering fruit, and that would be spoiled by the rain storm. Beale chagrined at the fellow's impudence in claiming the power to perform this great mira-clè, and striving to get out of it by petty ex-cuses, promised to recompense the squaws for the loss of the fruit. This satisfied the old fellow and he announced himself ready to make it rain. While preparing his infanta-tions, he noticed a party of hurkers who had temporarily been staying on the ranch, getting ready for a trip to the mountains. The cautious old fellow warned Beale that they must not go; too much rain; stay in the house till it was over. The affair was getting ridiculous, but, on Beale's entreaty and their own curiosity to see how the impostor would get out of the scrape, or hear his discomfiture, they agreed to walt unti the next day. The incantations went on. The sun was shining, the sky was clear blue, with hardly a white fleece to be seen near the mountain tops. In an hour black clouds began to roll up, in two hours the rain was pouring in torrents. In three hours every dry creek and empty mountain stream was bank full with water, and the land .was soaked. The rain lasted many hours, but the storm in which it first broke gradually subsided, and the next day all was quite and the green hues were coming back to the parched crops. The harvest was abundant, and the ditches were not dug. By what charm the Indian did this great thing no one knows, and some would not care to know, assuming beforehand that it was a lucky coincident. But how this Indian, without knowledge of the simplest scientific facts, could foretell a rainstorm which an educated scientific man could not, is as great wonder as it would be if the rain had actually been produced by the Rain God's incantations. It is no use saying that the story is a fable. Not only Ceneral Beale of Fort Tejon, California, and Chester county, Pennsylvania, and Mr. Bishop of Ban Jose, but many other respectable witnesses connected with the late Fort Tejon Indian Reservation, will wouch for the performance of this and similar feats. We believe the old necromancer is dead, or he, on the refusal of the Christian ministers to accept Professor Tyndall's challenge to test the efficacy of combined prayer for rain, would have accepted for pagan powers what Christianity decined. Probably his power, if power it was, was local; but even so, it was no less wonderful, for we know no ministers of religion who would assert the ability to

produce or predict rain when called upon on a clear bright day, with the barometer indicating settled dry weather .- S. F. Post, Sept. 10th. .....

### GERMANY'S FUTURE DANGER.

#### From the fater Ocean |

The struggle between church and state continually increases in bitterness in Germany. The Berlin Government grows more and more bent upon asserting its supremacy over Ultramontane pretensions by angry proclamations and personal severities. Bishop Martin, of Paderborn, has just been sentenced to four months' imprisonment in a fortress for his pastoral letter of 14 h of March last, while Dr. Crementz, the Bishop of Ermelaud, has been condemned to fine and imprisonment for the illegal appointment of priests. Thus far, it is true, the struggle has been peaceful, its monotony having only found relief in the brief outbreak at Nionz. This outbreak was not of a nature to cause serious apprehensions; on the contrary, the authorities considered it very opportune, since it threw on the Catholics the odium of disturbing social order, and made defensible the new and stringent messures which have since been taken. But there are a good many Prussians who are not quite casy; they see in isolated risings like that at Nionz and some others which have occurred, the tiny rigulets that may combine in a vast devastating torrent.

The attempted assassination of Prince Bismarck, although not the fruit of a religious plot, betrays the widespread disaflection which that great statesman has aroused to trouble the German unity which he claims to have established. Recent events indicate that another and, perhaps, yet more formidable class do not regard the administration with very zealously loyal eyes. The peasant insurrection which recently broke out in Eastern Prussia may have been but a flash in the pan. The Prussian peasant, however," has solid grievances against the government, though they are very different from the grievances against which the Roman Curis protests. His main trouble, no doubt, is the wholesale and merciless conscription which has been the necessary result of Yon Moltke's military plan, and with the verations obstacles which have been placed in the way of the bettering of his condition by emigration. The effect of the local laws, which are said to have been the immediate cause of the rising, can only have been the last straw on the camel's back. The Prussian peasant has never really participated in either the local or central government; ruled by a proud and despotic caste of feudal families, however the elections might turn, or whoever might be at the helm of affairs in Berlin for the time being, he has been contented to till his ground in peace, and to re-tain the tenure of the hereditary homestead. But now the dread conscription and the heavy incubus of taxation of a regime which, while economical almost to parsimony in civil administration, is headlong and extravagant in warlike expenditure, has served to create one more element of the growing discontent among the German masses.

The signs of peasant disaffection become all the more ominous when two facts are considered. One is, the high average latelligence of the Prussian peasant. Very few of them are illiterate; the paternal government of the Hohenzollerns has at least accorded them the noble boon of general and compulsory educa-tion. Unlike the English peasants till latter ly, they are able to reason, weigh facts, and to act. The other circumstance is, that by their opposition one more element is added to the hostile forces which Bismarck's policy has succeeded in arraying against himself. A disloyalty which all the world recognizes as the highest patrictism exists and will exist in the confiscated provinces of Alasce and Lorraine. Posen is disloyal to the very core, because the Poles hate Germany. Thus several millions of two alien though subject races are in attitude of menacing disaffection. Even the ultra Prussian province of Cologne, outraged by the conviction of its bishop, and devoted to the Catholic faith, is in no humor to sing peans in glarification of the new em-pire. It is no secret that the relations between Munich and Berlin are more than strained. The Prussian Tory Junkers, if not actually dialoyal, are profoundly disgusted with Bis-marckian processes and ends. If to all these is added any considerable contingent of the bone and muscle of the land, the patient tillers of the fruitful soil, the German Empire will perhaps prove more difficult to be governed du-ring the generation which is to succeed that of Bismarck than even that great statesman has found it to be. It is rather as an indies. tion of future events than as a danger in the present that the disaffection of the Catholics, the French, the Poles, and the peasants becomes suggestive.

Church of England, one Protestant Episcopal bishop from the United States, and two hun-dred and fifty delegates from different parts of Germany.

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No definite confession of faith was adopted, but in view of the fact that no German blahop had joined them, a committee was chosen to arrange the election of bishops.

Among the resolutions were those affirming the right of excommunicated priests to officiate; of congregations to elect their own pastors, and many others. They also declared themselves in favor of civil marriages, and made various propositions for reform. While this movement was slowly progressing the relations of the Church to various countries, especially Switzerland, Italy, Turkey, Mexico and Brazil, were becoming more and more complicated.

In Germany amendments were made to the Prussian constitutional charter, which were intended to sflect the Catholic Church in that kingdom. In spite of much opposition these laws were passed and published in May, 1873. By them the whole status of the Roman Catholic Church was changed. The action of the Pope was abolished by forbidding any foreign jurisdiction. A court of appeal was established for the final decision of all ecclesiastical matters, and the government took control of religious schools, and appointment of priests. A war between Church and State began at once. Recalčitrant bishops and priests all over the country were-arrested, fined and imprisoned. The contest is still flercely raging. Prussia seems absolutely determined that the temporal power of the Pope must entirely. cease in her dominions. During this disturbed condition of affairs the Old Catholic movement took a permanent form, though the ground they held was indefinite. In some respects they were considered as members of the Roman Catholic Church, in others their membership had coased.

Un June 4th, the Assembly of Delegates appointed by the Old Catholic Congress chose Prof. Reinkens, of Breslau, as missionarybishop without a see. This man who is to day the soul of the Old Catholic party, spent his youth working in a cotton-factory. His own unsided energy and genins won for him an ed-ucation and a professorship. He has been associated with Dr. Dollinger from the first, in his conflict with the Pope and his adherents, the Ultramontane party. In September of the present year the old

Catholic party held a Congress at Freiburg. It was constantly attended by monster audiences, 5,000 persons being present at the last session. This was followed by a conference of the various episcopal organizations called by the Old Catholic leaders at Bonn. France, Russia, Germany, England, the United States and Greece were represented. The main idea was to bring about not merely fraternal intercourse but "sacramental communion" among the Greeks, Anglican and Episcopal churches, and the Oid Catholic party. The telegraph reports that an agreement was reached on all important points of dogma.

In the meanwhile Bishop Reinkens is arousing all Germany. He has addressed nearly a hundred mass-meetings within the last two or three months. People of no beliefs, and people who are halting on the confines of a dozen different creeds, flock to hear him.

The Bishop arraigns the Church of Rome for fostering in the people under its charge the evils of "low conscience, priest worship, ig norance and superstition." He is endeavoring to break down the arbitrary power of the Church, and destroy its influence in politics. The free-thinking German is first a German and then a Catholic; and it is not strange that a man who, while he clings fast to the essence of the Catholic religion, boldly throws off the Papal yoke of bondage, should become the hero of the hour. It hardly seems probable that Dr. Dollinger's movement, looking toward the "sacramental communion" of three or four Churches, will be of much real import-True unity comes to those who seed ance. first the kingdom of heaven and its righteousness rather than external union. But the Old Catholic party, led by such earnest, practical men as Reinkens, looks as if it were destined to make itself felt wherever Catholicism is

respective beliefs. That this right has been violated in two instances, is not a tridling mat-ter, or one to be passed over lightly. It is a blow, at the basic principles of Canadian institutions-an indication of the lengths to which the self-styled orthodox would go if they had the power in order to suppress freedom of discussion.

Supposing the rule upon which the municipal authorities of Bowmansville and Napanee have acted, were to be generally adopted, we can well imagine the confusion, discord and heartburning that would inevitably ensue. In a locality where Catholic sentiments prevailed a Protestant missionary would be ostracized, and where the Protestant faith was in the ascendancy, of course, no religious teacher of the Roman Catholic persuasion would be permitted unrestricted freedom of speech. Where the Episcopalians commanded a ma-jority, the advocates of Bishop Cummins' new departure would be summarily silenced, and the smaller and test influential sects would be

everywhere denied a hearing. If a mayor or towa council have power to exclude one or two classes of lecturers on religious subjects from public buildings, they have an equal right, to discriminate against the teachers of other and more "orthodox" faiths, and who is to draw the line? The only safe, and constitutional ground, is entire freedom of speech on such subjects. The truth can take care of itself.

By taking violent measures to prevent Mr. Underwood's spe king, the Council of Napa-nee, and the white chokered wirepullers in the background, virtually proclaim to the world that, in their opinion, orthodoxy can not stand the test of free discussion, and dofar more damage to Christianity than any Freethinker could in a dozen lectures.

### Special Aotices.

#### Attention Opium Eaters 1

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A Gentleman-Change the committee. Who appointed them?

Mr. Raymond-They, were appointed by your vote. I do not see the use of changing, and will not do it; we don't require it.

Gentlemen-Let some member of the press go into the cabinet-that will be fair.

Mr. Raymond did not seem to hear this re-mark, but proceeded to call for a lady and an old gentleman to act as

#### GUARD OVER THE MEDIUM.

When they were all safely shut up, the bell ringing and guitaring struck up again, and quite a lively conversation seemed to be car-ried on, winding up with a yell and a grand crash. When the curtain was opened there exercised to be a grand up of the provided of the second to be a grand to be a second to be a grand to be seemed to be a general upset; of furniture. The old gentleman, the lady, and the medi-um were still occupying, their respective po-sitions. They had each one hand on the mesitions. They had each one hand on the me-dium's shoulder and upon each other's, form-ing the circle. The old gentleman was crowned with the guitar as a head-dreas. Upon being saked what had happened while they were shut up, he spoke of the voices, etc ; and of foeling hands patting his arm and head, and said that the spirit of his sister had spo-ken to him. The medium had not moved; had only quivered. The lady said a nephew of hers had communicated with her, and that she hid felt a child's hand patting her. A Gentleman—Who did all the talking? Old Gent. --That was the medium. Gentleman—Are you a Spiritualist?

Gentleman-Are you a Spiritualist? Old G.-Yes; I've been one for some years. A general laugh went around the audience

at this confession. Some one asked if the lady was a Spiritualist too. Mr. Raymond-It is not necessary to answer

such questions:

Mr. Rsymond did not favor questioning at all, as he showed during the whole evening. Beveral other elderly and respectable-looking gentlemen, accompanied by indies tried the experiment, and all came out saying, like Dominie Sampson in "The Antiquary," "Pro-disional" dig-lous!

THEY TOLD OF PHANTOM HANDS."

giving them real blows, and of anxious spirits desiring to communicate, but with whom they are not acquainted. One gentleman gave the names of some of these spirits. They were uncommon names, such as James, Charles, Philip, etc. Being so peculiar, of course their friends in the andience (if they had any) would have recognized them. Another gentleman saw the hands in the dark, as they were float-ing about in the air. It was generally ac-

.

### The New "Old Catholicism."

News from Germany indicates that the pro-gress of "Old Catholicism" in that country is at present remarkable. "It is safe to assert," says the New York Times, "that no religious schism has ever before excited such universal attention in Germany."

The following sketch of its origin may be of interest:

The session of the great Vatican Council, the most important event in the history of the Catholic Church during the nineteenth century" closed in 1870. Its decrees had been accepted by the bishops and promulgated by the Episcopate without the consent of the civil governments. In Bavaria it was done in the face of an express prohibition. In March, 1871, Dr. Dollinger, Professor of Ecclesiasti-cal History in the University of Munich, ad-dressed a declaration to the Archbiahop of Munich, refusing submission to the decrees. The Archbishop replied in a pastoral letter, and soon after formally excommunicated him.

Some priests in various parts of Germany, adopted the views of Dr. Dollinger, and were joined by Father Hyscinthe. These assumed the title of Qid Catholics and convened a congress at Munich in September. It met under the leadership of Dr. Dollinger, and comprised priests and laymen, but no bishops. The resolutions adopted by the congress embraced the abolition of mass, of cellbacy of the clergy, and of the invocation of the saints.

Although the movement was apparently.insignificant, the German Government, "with Bismarck, at its head, was favorable to it. The Minister of Public Worship sustained the priests who had been excommunicated, and fought their battles with the bishops for them. These and other causes for dispute between the spiritual and temporal powers led the German Empire to a course of open hostility to the Jesuits and all kindred societies, culminating finally in their suppression on July 4th,

During the year, though thus stoully sus-tained and defended by the government, the dissidents from the Council of the Vatican did dissidents from the Council of the valican did not increase, numbering in all less than fifty priests. In Beptember, however, they called another. Old Catholio Congress at Cologne, with a view to effecting an organization. It was attended by the Jansenist Archbishops of Usrecht, two bishops of the Established

Station in all

known The Church of Rome is hard hit. Germany,

Switzerland, Austria, Spain, Italy, Mexico and Brazil are rebelling at her dominion and throwing off their allegiance. Har temporal power is gone. Her spiritual power, though still immensely great, is apparently on the de-cline. What is the meaning of it? For huncline. dreds of years it has been a mighty instrument in the hands of God in establishing His kingdom in this world. As such it is to be vener-ated. And to-day, so far as it seeks, not to build itself up, but to draw men to Christ, it has our respect and reverence. But Churches as well as men need judgment and criticism. Need to humble themselves before God. If the pope and his cardinals should give up their struggle for power and seek only to glorify God in all things, their fierce fights with their schiamatic Children would have a speedy and peaceful end.

### Is This a Free Country ?

#### From The National, Toronto, Canada ]

Two weeks since, we published an article commenting on the bigoted and unjustifiable conduct of the Mayor of Bowmansville, in refusing the use of the Town Hall to a Spirit-ualist lecturer. A very similar occurrence has since transpired at Napaned, where Mr. B. F. since transpired at Napaned, where Mr. B. F. Underwood, a Freethicker, engaged the Town Hall for a course of leafares. Arrangements were made for a lecture on the evening of Monday the 21st ult., but the town council in-terfered, repudiated the Mayor's action in let-ting the hall, and called in the police to turn out some of Mr. Underwood's friends. There is some least accurate for them, then for the is even least excuse for them, than for the Mayor of Bowmansville, as Mr. Underwood's lecture was to have taken place on a week day -though he would have had a perfect right to deliver it on Sunday, had he chosen to do so. The action of the town council admits of no palliation or excuse, and the issue it raises is simply this, whether a municipal body has the right to pronounce upon religious questions, and to declare what doctrines are to be tolerated in the community. Two such instances of religious intolerance,

occurring in quick succession indicate a cloud much larger than a man's hand portentously looming over our boasted freedom of speech. But perhaps the most significant symptom of the danger, is the indifference of a prostituted, hireling press to the outrages which have been perpetrated without a word of condemnation from any of these faithless guardians of the people's liberties—with one single exception. We know nothing of Mr. Usderwood except that he is described as a "Freetainker," and the deagre reports of the affair do not men-tion the subject of his lecture, or indicate the base of argument he was expected to take, ex-cepting that it was distanteful to those who as-sume to be peculiarly orthodox—and for the purposes of our present argument we do not care to know anything about it. Canada is supposed to be a country where all religions are on the same footing, Christian and Jew, Catholic and Protestant, Freethinker and Spiritualist, Mormon and Mahometan, have equal liberty of speech to advocate their the danger, is the indifference of a prostituted,

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### OCT. 31, 1874. .

# RELIGIO-PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL.

### Dr. Dumont' C. Dake Polishing Off the Ogack Dictors.

HIS ADDRESS AGAINST THE ODIOUS LAW OF NEW YORN, PROBINITING CLAIR VOYANTS FROM BRALING THE SICH DELIGERED AT MILLER'S HEALING INSTITUTE, NEW YORK

From time immemorial the good earth bas been peopled with suffering invalids, who have been proyed upon by ignorant and designing men, who have tried to keep the people in ignorance, teaching them that they can with impusity violate all laws of health. then, albeit, come to them and be cured Moreover, it is true that millions of earth's inhabitants are this day suffering (many of them the tortures of the damned) from mineral and poisonous drugs administered by these orthodox M. D.s and followers of the notorious Paracelsus-the truly great humbug, who burned the works of the good old Galen and established a school of medicine, introducing calomel, believing the human body to be com pounded of salt, sulphur and quicksilver, and it was for this reason that he employed mer-cury as an universal panaces. You may well say it is absurd, when it is known by many of our children that man is an epitome of the uni verse, and is compounded of ultimates, which were once contained in the sixty four prima rics and preximates, and that it is therefore impossible to give any aid or to cure maladics by the use of crudities and mineral masses.

Millions with aching bones, spongy gums, toothless, lame, deaf and blind, and millions on millions of slaughtered ones gone on be-fore, can, and daily do, testify of this most foul wrong, which is-hourly being perpetrated by these regularly schooled doctors. I know many allopathic doctors personally who have long ago given up this assassinating mode of practice, and who could testify that one third of earth's inhabitants are drugged to death, and that they undoubtedly kill more than they cure.

#### THE NATURAL RIGHT COARSNIERD TO AMEN ICANS.

I maintain the right-first. The most full and free exercise of conscience and private judgment of disease, as well as in religious toleration, should not be infringed upon by legal enactments

Second, That there is no one system of medical practice which is not most emphatically condemned, as resting upon a talse basis, and injurious to health, by other schools of practice, equally popular in the estimation of the most intelligent citizens, consequently there is no one or more well known systems or bases of practice which the General Assembly can legislate in favor of, without doing violence to the sacred rights of private opinions and conscientious scruples of a large class of citi-TODE.

Third, That we remonstrate against legislation when a discrimination is made in ,behalf of popular schools that have the power of conferring Diplomas or granting certificates to individuals of no intrinsic worth, moral or intellectual, but who are often a disgrace to society.

Fourth, Experience has demonstrated that all the systems of schools of medicine which you were asked, to legislate in favor of, were, at some former period, held as wanting in all the essentials necessary for recognition as cor-rect medical practice. What spirit have the old school over manifested toward the foun-ders of any new principle? Do the old school examine the new systems, and render to the public an impartial verdict? No; the bitterest denuncistions, and the most partial and violent criticism, constantly emanate from the various distinguished professors.

Thus was Harvey honored for his dis-covery of the circulation of the blood. Thus was treated Dr. Jenner, for introducing the system of vaccination for small pox. Thus was Habnemann anathematized for leaving old paths to explore and reveal the beauties and mysteries of hom opathy.

save the mark! these barbarians can with impunity kill a whole neighborhood, and then be amply rewarded; while some natural physician, some uncertificated Prissnitz, whose only fault is that he or she is only a faithful instrument in the hands, it may be, of the angels, to lay their hands upon some poor suf-ferer or to prescribe some mild but potent remedy, based upon Nature's law, thus speedily and permanently healing thousands taken half dead from allopathic quacks, and, as a just recompense, must go not only unre-warded, but, great God! must be taed- and imprisoned.

#### FREE TRADE IN THE REALING ART. "

For many years there has been vigorous efforts put forth to create medical aristocracy in this free country, by introducing a restrict ing Doctor's Lyw in each State Legislature, in order to put down everything relating to the cure of diseases that does not sail under the flag and authority of medical orthodoxy. (Shame). The dissensions that calst in the profession well nigh destroys their hopes to schieve this end, but church influences are lending their aid through purely selfish motives, and humanity thus is crucified between two thieves. Nothing could have betrayed the weakness and ignorance of medical men-like an effort to obtain legislative protection. When will selfish men cesse their clammerings for legislative protection-s protection, forsooth, which was denied to the martyred

RALE, TO PRANER, TO HARNEMANN, TO UNLEN

and hosts of other noble reformers, whose bright names and glorious deeds adorn the historic page, whose untiring, unselfish devo tion to truth will ultimately triumph and crown humanity, and finally save the world. The ponderous, bulky old ship Allopathy, with the potorious piratical Captain Theoph rastus Bombastus Paracelsus, who, in public harangue, committed good old Galen's writings to the flames, and then openly declared, much to the consternation of his crew. "that if God would not impart the secret of physic to may, it was right to donsult the devil." with such a captain, no wonder that this boat and crew were, and still are a terror upon life's high sea. His own immediate followers and supporters had to pay bigh tribute, however; often they were officiered, purged, scarified, salivated, de millions killed outright, and the survivors having to pay rich jewels and large, sums of money, and this was and now is the regular practice.

#### THE DATTLE OF RIGHT

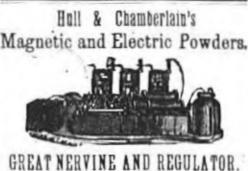
This dreadful havoc, however, at last produced anarchy, rebellion, and a war has waged madly ever since. This old ship has, time and time again, been recruited with new crews; among the host, many fine specimens of humanity, armed cap a pie, have fearlessly and boldly tread her deck, honest, fathful adherents, which would have made them heroes in a better cause. Their weapons were deadly. Many seeing their error, only struck more vigorous blows for the "lost cause," while others manfully surrendered, laid down their murderous arms, and strove to lead a more harmless and a latter life. God speed. The old ship has had its day. Her hull is rotting, her masts are weak and shivered, her sails torn and tattered, her planks are spring. She has a leak the signal of distress is hoisted. and then the ponderous, ship (Church), and other large sailing craft, comes to her aid Her name has struck terror to many a brave privateersman. I ist, mark you, with all this pow-erful aid and support, she can not stand the gale, she is not sea worthy, and then the mighty iron-clad steamer, Progression, is on her track, and it is only a matter of time when ahe will finally be captured and be compelled to surrender. Bo may it be. Arrayed against her in this deadly struggle bave been the Hahnemannites, with his now living, active ,000 captains, and millions of followers-the Thompsonianites, under Gen. Thomson; Ohrono Thermalities, under Gen. Dixon, Hydropathites, under Gen. Prissnuz; Graham-

under Gen. Graham; the Electrites, un der Gen. Liebig-the profound chemist of Germany, the Adalyticalites and Mediumites, under the leadership of General Truth, and the inspiration of this progressive age, and the un-seen captains in the world of souls. We are seen captains in the world of souls. We are informed that the old ship, with her strong escort, has entered New Yurk harbor, and has gone up the Hadson and attacked the capital. Wake up, brave sons of the Empire State! Victory is yours! Strike as one man, and with a will that knowsno such word as fail.

apostles were condemned, and the books called Apocryphal were termed of equal authority (page 418). This council was scaln called after Paul's death in the year 1-51, and continued in session for a length of time by prorogue.

Now if that does not settle the question of the origin of the Christian faith and Bible, as a Bible, 1 should like to know what would. The short of it is, a council of men said what people should believe or be anathematized, and the people are fools enough to hold to that idea and try to make people believe it is as God said it. Read, think, and investigate

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THE NEW STOTEM OF THE GOOD TIVE COMING.

If they have, by lapse of time and experience, become popular, and are now recognized as an improvement upon old systems, why may not new systems, with fair play and equal privileges, under a republican form of government, in this progressive age, in time be-come equally efficient, and capable of sustaining colleges and schools for public instruction, and take the place of the most popular prac-tices of the present day? Why, then, fine and imprison the far-seeing men who are now lay-ing the foundation for such improvements in the balling set. Why not allow the second the healing art? Why not allow the people in their sovereign rights to judge in this matter, as well as in other matters of conscience? The Nazarene was accused and crucified, because, among other things, he healed the sick contrary to the practices of the regular schools and the laws of the Hebrews, and without asking a Diploma of the Scribes and Pharisees. Almost nineteen hundred years have elapsed,

Almost inneteen hundred years have elapsed, and it is now proposed by the same class, the "Doctors" of "Expert" College, who were so anxious in those days "to protect the people from Empiricism and imposition," to do the same thing for the people, by milder means of imprisonment, lines, and "snability to collect pay for services. This law is impracticable as well as unjust

This have is impracticable as well as unjust! While a practitioner in one locality would be sufficiently popular to obtain the necessary di-plome or certificate to save himself from fine and imprisonment, and yet, in other localities the same individual could not, but would be amenable to all the penalties it is proposed that you shall prescribe. The wisest men the world has ever produced in the healing art, ever have and ever will protest against such localization.

ever have and ever will protest against such legislation. Dr. Benjamin Rush, who stood at the head of the profession in Philadelphia for many years, declared in one of his public lectures as follows: "I am necessarily led to make an spology for the instability of the theory and practice of physic, and those physicians gen-erally become the most eminent who have the most thoroughly emancipated themselves from the tyranny of the school of physic. Dissec-tions daily convince us of our ignorance of dis-ease, and cause us to blush at our prescrip-tions. What mischief have we done, under the belief of false facts and false theories. We have assisted in multiplying diseases; we have have assisted in multiplying diseases; we have done more—we have increased their mortality. The art of healing is like an unroofed temple, uncovered at the top, and cracked at the foundation.'

dation." These temarks would apply to many other distinguished physicians who would scorn to tell a lie or resort to quackery. My comments on these Colleges do not strike the good and true men that ornament all professions. There are learned and wise men whose wide scope of humanity takes in every healing art, hence the strictures that I had made are against the nar-row-minded medical quack—not the broad-ideal man of medical science who believes in nature's law. nature's law.

HOISTING THE DANGER SIGNAL.

If a foreign enemy should enter our country and seek to destroy the lives of our dear ones, how soon would brave hearts sell their last drop of blood in defending them—but, angels

370 A

#### AN ELOQUENT CONCLUSION.

Friends, countrymen, this is no new thing. Persecution has come down all along the ages; millions on millions of human souls, with the loftiest thoughts, pregnant with great good to all mankind, have not only been slandered, maltreated, abused, but stoned to death, boiled in caldrons, nailed to the cross -tortured and put to death in a thousand forms.

The spirit of persecution is not dead. No -far from it. We have it here to-day in this city. A more foul blot on the heretofore good name, of this great city was never received in hame, of this great city was hever received in the dark ages of superstition, bigotry and fan-aticism. This cause is not individual; it is universal. It is time for every independent man to step to the front. These men have made a mistake. They can not longer chain the mind or muzzle the thoughts of men.

Historical Facts.

1

#### BY W. J. ATKINSON, M. D.

The churches claim that their creed is the true faith and taught by Josus, therefore in-fallible, and must not be questioned. Now the facts in the premises are that there was not any settled creed until the. year 325 A.D., when the Council of Nice was called together when the Council of Nice was called together by the Emperor Constantine, to settle the dis-putes of the Arians and enti-Arians; this coun-cil was composed of three hundred and eigh-teen bishops of the church. Bo much confu-sion existed smong them, that Constantine expelled quite a number of the Arians until expelied quite a number of the Arians until the Trinitarians were in the majority, when they, the remaining bishops, voted anathemas upon Arian and his followers, and adopted the famous Nicens creed, which was published in your paper a few weeks ago. That creed is the basis for all the Orthodox churches. They all accept it, not because Jesus taught it, but because the Roman Council of Nice said it is

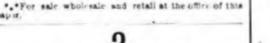
But this (council) was far from settling the controversy; for dispute after dispute contin-ued to disturb the church. Theodosius taking the throne, immediately called a coun-cll of bishops, to meet at Constantinople, to confirm the Nicene faith. This council, which

confirm the Nicene faith. This council, which is termed the Ecumenical or General Council, convened in the year 383 A.D. This council decreed that the Nicene faith should be the standard of Orthodoxy (Jones' Church History Page 172, Note 2, page 192). Here you can see the faith and how near it is to God. But let us see how they got the Bible. About the year 1545 during the reign of Charles V, the Council of Trent was first called together by Paul III, Pontiff. during which sessions the writings of the Evangelists and

100

it seems to me much the larger side ) which has been but incidentally noticed; and that is, its moral bearings and relations. Giving full weight to the legal claims of Womap, which are as sacred and inalienable as those of man, 1 am confident it will yet be found that there are special moral interests wrapped up in this issue, which far transcend, in point of importance, any and every other consideration."

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CHICAGO, SATURDAY, OCT. 21, 1574.

AN INFIDEL MONUMENT.

Joseph, Coveney, an Eccentric Irishman, Erects a Monument to Perpetnate Ilis Memory.

CHRISTIANS OBJECT-THEY HAISE & GENERAL RUMPUS-THEY CHY BLASPHEMY-A FULL RISTORY OF THE STARTLING CASE.

#### Letter from Worthy Putman.

BERRIEN SPRINGS, MICH., Oct. 10th, '74. BRO. JONES :- Your card of the 7th, inst., is received. I herewith send you a number of articles from the Berrien County Record on "that monument," which I think will give you a good view of the situation. I apprehend that your many noble readers scattered over the wide world, would be gratified by your publication of the "inscriptions." Joseph Coveney is an eccentric and wealthy Irishman, living near Buchanan, Mich., who has erected in Buchanan Cemetery for himself and perhaps family, a very beautiful monument, costing, as I am told \$3 000. Judging from what I head and from Fisk's articles, "that monument" is proving a "Bohon Up is Tree" to the Orthodox of Buchanan, and the regions round about St. Joseph.

We desire to give a full history of this interesting case. The rebellion in New Orleans, the imprisonment of Von Arnim by Prince Bismark, and the anathemas of Pope Pius IX, were not of a more exciting character than the pertinacity of this eccentric Irishman, who has seen fit to erect a costly monument, not, we think, wholly to perpetuate his own mem-

Mr. Fisk. After Mr. Fisk gives utterance to his opinion, "Inquirer" steps upon the stage, and screne in mind, happy in the thought of saying something that will illuminate this whole affair, he gets off the following under the head of-

'THE BERRIEN SPRINGS'.

ED. RECORD :- The communication in your paper of last week, signed "D. Fisk," relating to a certain monument in your cemetery, has been read by all Christian people here with a painful interest. Mr. Fisk says, "The monu-ment itself is beautiful and artistic in style and finish, but covered over with words of moral filth, faischoods and obscene bhaphemy, etc." Bome say perhaps Mr. F. represents the intent and tone of the inscription with prejudice, and if so, does great injustice to the departed and bereaved." Bome venture the remark that "Fisk may be a bigot, not know-ing the meaning of the words he used for not weighing them, and consequently becomes a defamer of the living as well as the dead." All ray, "let us know what that inscription is, that we may judge for ourselves." It is due to Mr. Fisk's good or bad name, that he publish the exact words of that inscription, He says, "But let it (the monument) stand." If then, it is fit to stand in your cemetery, the inscription can not contain "moral filth, falsehoods and obscene blasphemy." Let it be published, Mr. Editor, that the readers of the RECORD may detest the "inscription," or a bigot and slanderer-one or the other would seem inevitable. -Silence looks bad. Yours truly, Is

INQUIRER

"Inquirer" evidently has his curiosity excited. However, he talks calmly-rationallyindeed, we don't think he has settled down completely in the orthodox chains. He wants information in regard to this block of marble that has agitated the mind of Mr. Fisk and other Christians, with which a "wild" Irishman has seen fit to desecrate a graveyard. Now, really, if that monument has such a diabolical influence, we don't see how the same dan extend beyond the limits of Mr. Coveney's burial lot. But the difficulty is, there are words inscribed thereon that speak in thunder tones, that fissh forth grand bruths, and give warning that every patriot should heed! Inquirer communication draws out Mr. Fish sgain under the head of

#### "THAT MONUMENT."

ED RECORD :- In your last issue Mr. "Inquirer" sees fit to criticise my article of the week before on the "Atheistical Monument." He suys, "Some venture the remark that Fisk may be a bigot, not knowing the meaning of the words he used or not weighing them," etc. Very likely. But how does it look for "Inquirer" to lecture me on the fise of words, and their exact weight, and then, in connection with my-name, use such words as "bigot," "defamer," "slanderer," "bad name, "etc., all this, too, under a ficti-tious name. Come out from under the brush, Mr. "Inquirer;" let us have your name, and know who you are; it would look better. And don't connect my name with such unweighed words any more; especially in a case you con-fessedly know nothing about. Well, whether I "weighed" correctly or not, I would say that many of our best mea, who have seen and read these inscriptions, say the article I wrote is exactly the thing, and have thanked me for writing it, and thus correctly, though feebly expressing the feeling of the community. That will do for me. Because I said "let it stand, " "Inquirer" concludes it is fit to stand, and therefore "can not contain words of filth, falsehood and obscene blasphemy." 11 he had only read on one more line he would have seen for what purpose I said "let it stand," to wit: "A monument of folly and infamy." Such a monument, "Inquirer" ar-gues, is fit to stand. But "Inquirer" demands the exact words that are on the image. Here they are, if you are willing to publish them: tery impure. The words of warning inscribed thereon, are brilliant lights that should stand forth on every corner in the United States. They can only give offense to the bigot-he who can not or will not reason, and on whom experience can not have the feast influence. A Congregationalist minister once thought sentiments in harmony with Mr. Coveney, while he was preaching quite the reverse. After his death, a truthful flash of his mind, in regard to the Trinity, was found on a piece of paper, as follows:

#### THE TRINITY.

That three are one, and one is three, Tis an idea that puzzles me. By many a learned sage 'tis said That three are one in the Godhead; That Father, Son, and Holy Ghost A re three at least, and one at most. T is thus they would all sense confound, By making God a strange compound. Of Nature's, one; of persons, three; All of the same equality. The Father, then, may be the Son, For both together make but one; The Son may likewise be the Father, Without the smallest change of either, Yes, and the Elessed Spirit be, Father, Son, and Trinity. This is the creed of Christian folks,

Who style themselves quite orthodox; All which against plain common sense, You must believe or give offense.

Supposing that had been inscribed on a tombatone adjoining the residence of Mr. Fisk, why, he would have considered it the worst of blasphemy. But what would have been his opinion of Isaac Vaugneux, who entered into a formal co-partnership with God, in the saloon business. The contract commences as follows: "Articles of Partnership between the Great Sovereign God, the All-Powerful and All-Wise Eternal, on the one part, and me, the undersigned, Isaac Vaugneaux, this very humble servant and zealous adorer [like Mr. Fisk], on the other, have been drawn up as follows:

"Article 1. This connection have for its object the trade in liquors."

Then follows the terms, by which God is to bestow his bleasings on the traffic, while his share of the profits is to be given to such men as Mr. Fisk. Here was an intensely religious man, like him in all particulars, and who would have boiled over if he had read the inscription on Mr. Coveney's monument. While Mr. Fisk is such a nice religious man, with such a keen, delicate sense of what is right, he would find no objection whatever, to "playing poker for a preacher," vividly discussed by a Cincinnati paper. The gambling contest was between a church in Avondale and another in Springfield. The Springfield church made an offer to the reverend gentleman whose services were desired. The Avondalians went them two hundred dollars better. The Game of Poker went this way for some time, when oneparty became reckless and went five hundred dollars better, which seems to have finished the play. The pastor was not only called, but he was soon seen in the pulpit of the victorious congregation. Shis, however, would have been considered all right by Mr. Fisk.

Now steps forward another man to take part in the encounter over this monument. He evidently has read the Bible-to little purpose -that is, in an orthodox sense. He would make an excellent compiler of statistics, and in case of war, actual war, between the monuand speaks in reference to the affsir, under the bead of

### "THAT MONUMENT "

We have received several letters this week in reference to the monument recently erected in our cemetery, some of which we publish in this issue. This controversy has been continued beyond what the parties promised it should be carried. After this week we shall publish nothing containing personalities, whether in regard to this subject, or any other. If parties wish to discuss, at proper length, any religious subject, in the columns of the Record, we have no objections, though they would better have their communications appear in some religious publication. You can discuss that monument all you please, give your opinion as to the meaning and intent of the inscriptions, etc., without referring to the character of the person who placed them there, or the goodness and moral standing of those who see fit to criticise the religious views and sentiments of others. We wish it plainly un-derstood that hereafter letters containing personal allusions, of this nature, will go directly into our waste basket We can't sacrifice the interest of the paper to gratify any who may have a disposition to settle difficulties in this We denounce everything of the manner. kind, as do, the msjority of our intelligent readers.

He is succeeded by "Inquirer" who speaks once more under the head of

#### THAT MONUMENT AGAIN.

'ED. RECORD - My brother Fisk deserves the thanks of the Christian, and non Christian community, for the maniy way he has re-sponded to my request to publish the "in-scription" on that monument. Now, all can judge fairly for themselves, whether the inscription is one of "moral filth, falsehood, obscene blasphemy, filthy effusion of an atheistic brain, a moral putsance that cught to be abat ed, etc., etc.

Brother Fisk has already "judged," by a list of dreadful epithets and praises, and I fear, whether right or wrong, the public will

"judge" him barshiy. What Coveney deduced from the sast chap-ter of Numbers for the inscription, brother Fisk calls "obscene blasphemy," for sanity or sense could not apply the phrase to any other part. Let good sense read that chapter and judge if it be not a fair deduction, and that, too, from the Holy Word of God.

It is reported here, with what truth I can not say, nevertheless reported, that that monument costing \$3 000, asi/I learn, has been indelibly besmeared all over by a minister's son, in Buchanan; that a large reward has been offered for evidence to convict the perpetrator; that my brother Fisk has been put forward as a willing and convenient/cat's paw to make Coveney and the monument odions, to break the fall and penalty of the despoller of the sacred mementoes of the dead. Let us have more light, and the true light in this matter. I am praying that my dear brother Fish may see a point, that he may state a criticism accurately, that he, his friends, and brethren, and we all may "judge not that we be not and we all may "judge not that we be not judged," and that the grace of our Lord and Bavior Jesus Christ, may enable us to exercise that "charity that thinketh no evil. INQUIRER.

Now comes 'Selah" and gives his views under the head of

#### PROVE ALL THINGS: HOLD FAST THAT WHICH ) 15 GOOD "

ED. RECORD: - As "that monument" appears to attract considerable attention, I will, by your leave, say a few words in regard to it, and in partial review of two articles written about it by D. Firk. As it generally the wounded bird that flutters, I judge that Fisk is the one who is most badly hart by the in-scriptions, and it it may be barely possible that the motto, "The more saints the more hypocrites," is what has so excited him. In Fisk's first article he calls the monument an "Athenical monument." "Atheistical monument;" and although he speaks so sneeringly about not knowing the meaning of the words he uses, one of the two things is true; he either does not know the meaning of the term Atheist, or he wrote that which he knows to be false; feman Atheist believes in no God, and he knows that the erector of that monument believes in a God. and it is also shown by its inscriptions. In his second article are the following quotations which he denounces as "moral filth, false-hood and obscene blasphemy." "God in the hood and obscene blasphemy. Constitution is the end of liberty." "The Bb Constitution is the end of liberty." "Thirty-two thousand virgins given by command of God to an army of twelve thousand to debauch." "The more religion the more lying." "The Christian religion begins with a dream and In regard to two of ends with a murder." these quotations, "God in the Constitution is the end of liberty," and "The more religion the more lying," It is a mere matter of opin-ion as to whether they are true or not; but as to the others, we will refer to the Bible. We will take the quotation, "The Bible God is not all powerful," and turn with it to the 1st Chap ter of Judges, 19th verse, and there we find "And God was with 'Judah; and he drove out the inhabitants of the mountain, but he could not drive out the inhabitants of the valley, because they had chariots of iron.' Now as God was with Judah, if He were all powerful, Judah most certainly could have driven out the inhabitants of the valley, no matter what kind of charing they had. For the proof of the next quotation, "Thirty-For two thousand virgins given by command of God to an army of twelve thousand to de-bauch," we will turn to the 31st Chapter of Numbers and examine the entire chapter, paying special attention to the 15th, 17th and 18th verses, and from the 25th to the 47th in clusive. 1 make no quotations from this chapter for fear Fish, will denounce it as "moral filth," as I most certainly do. As to the quotation, "The Christian religion begins with a dream and ends with a murder," it will be found by examining the Gospel according to St. Matthew, that, after giving the genera-tions of Christ, it begins with the dream of Mary and ends with the murder of Jesus Christ; and is the Caristian religion is founded upon the Gospels, it is but rational to say that it begins and ends the same way as the Gospel do. Now, as those inscriptions which Fisk quoted from the monument as being words of "morsl filth, etc.," are proved by the Bible to be true, it follows, according to Fisk, that the Bible contains words of "moral filth, etc.; but I am disposed to be generous with him and he may take his choice of two positions; the Bible either contains words of "moral flith.etc.," or I shall hold him as a bigot and fith, etc.," or I shall hold him as a bigot and slangeer; for his quotations which he pro-noughs, "words of moral filth, etc.," are prefecture by the Bible, and moral filth in one place is moral filth in another. Taking the whole tenor of his articles we see cropping out the same spirit of intolerance that murout the same spirit of intolerance that mur-dered Huguenots in France and hung Quakers and witches in New England, and if such peo-ple, "excited Christians," the professed fol-lowers of Him who was "meek and lowly," and whose mission was "peace on earth and good will toward men;" if such people had the same power that the Catholics once had, that monument could not be eracted and had that monument could not be crected, and he

who had dared to undertake its -erection, would have perished in the attempt. Thank God (not the Bible God but the God of nature), that such people have not the power. SELAH.

OCT. 31, 1874.

#### ...... The World without Sabbath.

If we were inclined to pray, or thank God for any of the numerous blessings the world is in the enjoyment of, We should return especial thanks and praise to him for Sunday. It is a glorious day, especially when the sun shines, and when the parks are blooming under choice flowers, and all nature is out in her best attire-then is a favorable time for solid enjoyment. Devote a portion of the day to attending a Spiritual lecture, or if a church is near at hand with a 2 30 religion, such as ennunciated by that distinguished divine, Robert Collyer, why, go and hear him. We mean by a 2.30 religion, a fast, rollicking, easy-going religion, that lets nature in the soul bubble up and flow over like a gluss of Gunther's soda; a religion that allows the ministers to admire crequet, chickens, base-ball, checkers, etc.; a religion, too, that is rigidly moral, that covets neither your neighbor's wife nor his ass; that makes the soul go out in loving kindness for the poor; that inspires one to do good on all occasions; to assist those who are struggling in adversity, and induce each one to be like George Washington-never tell a lie! Such a religion we call a 2:30 religion, a rollicking, good-natured religion, that smiles on everybody, and which allows a hearty laugh when occasions demand it. Such a religion must have the right kind of a Sabbath. Ane lecture on that day is enough; the remainder should be devoted to solid erjoyment. A writer has well said; "think how the abstraction of Sunday would enslave the working classes, with whom we are identified. Think of labor thus going on in one monotonous and eternal rack, fingers forever straining, the brow forever drooping, and the loins forever aching, the reatless mind forever scheming. Think of the beauty it would efface, the merry-heartedness it would extinguish, the giant strength it would tame, the resources of nature it, would crush, the sickness it would bring, of the projects it would wreck, the groans it' would extort, the lives it would immolate, and the cheerless graves it would prematnrely dig. See them tolling and fretting, and grinding and hewing, and weaving and spinning, sowing and gathering, mowing and reaping, raising and building, digging and planting, and striving and struggling, in the garden and in the field, in the granary and in the barn, in the factory and in the mill, in the warehouse and in the shop, in the mountain and in the ditch, on the roadside and in the country, out at sea and on shore, in the day of brightnes and of gloom! What a picture this world would present if we had no Sabbath."

### A Hellish Impostor.

It appears from the National, a paper published in Canada, that a carpenter named John Saunders died on the sixth of October, in the Ganaral Hospital, from the effect of burns inflicted some three weeks previously while attempting to extinguish some ignited phosphorus. It appears from statements made at the coroner's inquest that Saunders was a believer in Spiritualiam, and a frequenter of seances at which the inhabitants of the unseen world were supposed to manifest their presence. At one of these assemblages he made the acquaintance of a person named Walker, who assumed to be a medium, and proposed to hold a private seance with Saunders, and give him a further insight into the arcana of the " New Dispensation" than he had previously been able to obtain. The seance was held in a room at a hotel where they both boarded-the"medium" entering a dark closet, through an aperture in which the spirit faces were to appear. Saunders was not altogether satisfied with the manifestations, as the features of a "spirit face" purporting to be that of a deceased friend, bord a-suspicious resemblance to those of Walker. Presently the operator cried out that he was smothering, when Saunders rushed into the closet, and found a quantity of the phosphorus, used by the pretended medium to produce the "manifestations" in mames, having been accidentally ignited. In attempting to extinguish the fire he received the injuries which resulted in his death.

ory; but as a warning to future generations. In connection with this interesting monumental effair, is one D. Fisk, whom we judge to;be a Hard Shell Baptist, or a blue-bellied Presbyterian. He opens the discussion under the head of

#### "WHCSE GLORY IS BIS SHAME."

ED. RECORD :- Quite a feeling of indignation in the Christian community, has been caused by the erection of an Atheistical monument recently in our cemetery. The monu-ment itself is beautiful and artistic in style and finish, but covered over with words of moral filth, falsehoods and obscene blasphemy. On all the other monuments are inscribed words of reverence, trust, hope and confidence in the All Father, and in a resurrection through the merits of His Son, to an endless life of blissful immortality. But on this, God, His word, His Church, religion, in fact, every-thing good and sacred, are blackened with the filthy effusions of an Atheistic brain. All good and decent men and women denounce this monument, thus inscribed, as a moral nuisance, that ought to be abated, if there is any law for it, and if there is not, it is because our Legislature never dreamed of such an infamous sacrilege being perpetrated in a Christian burying ground, and therefore made no provisions for its abstement. But let it stand. Monuments may be erected to folly and infamy as well as to fame and sacred memory. The author may congratulate himself that his lot is not cast in a land where his principles prevail; for if he has read history, he can call to mind a few instances where his Atheistical principles were, for a time triumphant. It wasn't necessary then to search the land over for specimens of moral aberrations from wholesome law and rectitude, for they were the rule instead of the exception. Heaven save us from such a rule in this land.

After alluding to the "feeling of indignation" caused by the supreme audacity of this iconoclastic Irishman, he comes to the conclusion that the monument should be allowed "to stand." Everybody will thank this erudite clear-minded conscientious follower of Jesus, for coming to such a consistent conclusion after boiling over as he did at first. Did he live in that age when Abner Kneeland, the founder of the Bosron INVESTIGATOR, & thorough going infidel paper, was imprisoned for uttering these words, "The Universalists believe in a God which I do not, but believe that their God (aside from Nature) is only a chimora of their own imagination," perhaps, Mr. Fisk might succeed in having that conspicuous monument demolished. Now, if Abner Kneeland should remain in prison for making the above assertion, 60 days, how long should Joseph Coveney be incarcerated in the penitentiary for crecting an."infidel monument," containing words of warning to every truth-loving son of America? We leave the solution of that problem to the truth crushing

D. FISE.

On the front of the monument in large letters is the following inscription :

"Joseph Coveney-The More Peace-The More Plenty-A Freethinker's Monument." Follows in smaller letters:

"The world is my country, to do good is my religion. A word to the wise. God in the constitution is the end of liberty. Beware how you unite Church and State. Oatholics will burn heretics, and Protestants hang Quakers and witches. The Bible God is not all-powerful. He drove out the inhabitants of the mountain, but could not drive out the inhabit: ants of the valley because they had chariots of iron. -Judges 1, 19."

Under the heading "Free Press" and follow-ing the motto, "The more saints the more hy-pocrites," is the following:

"'Thirty-two thousand virgins given by command of God to an army of twelve thou-sand to debauch.' A poor consolation to mothers. The seventh chapter of Isaiah has no reference to futurity. It was a sign given to Ahaz of victory over his enemy, but the prediction was false. See twenty-eighth chapter. of Second Chronicles. Don't forget Cotton. Mather and his reverend associates. All Christian denominations preach damnation to the other."

On the third side is found this:

"'Free Speech. The More Religion-The More Lying.' 'Remember Mary Dyer bang-ing on the big elm tree on the Boston Common. a victim to Christian superstition. Priestcraft and exemption is a source of danger to republican governments.', The heathen prayer is, 'O, Lord, forgive my enemies and then me,' but the Christian cries amen to their damna-tion. The Christian religion begins with a dream and ends with a murder."

#### Thus the fourth side:

"Free Religion-The More Priests-The More Poverty. Nature is the true God. Sel-ence the true Religion. John Wesley said, unless you obey God and honor King George, you will be damned. I say, let the arts and sciences supersede kingcraft, priestcraft, superstition and bigotry. The holy prophets said, the tree that does not bear good fruit is hewn down and cast into the fire. Science tells you to graft it. And well did the holy inquisitor obey the order. But the time is not far distant when the old book of debauchery will be burned in place of men and women.

Now, sir, when I get to weighing words and find such as follows: "God in the Constitu-tion is the end of liberty." "The Bible God is not all-powerful." "Thirty-two thousand virgins given by command of God to an army of twelve thousand to debauch." [Is "Inquirer" listening?] "The more Religion, the more Lying, The Christian religion begins with a Lying. dream and ends with a murder," etc. I say, when I get to "weighing words" like these, I denounce them as "words of moral filth, falsehoods and obscene bissphemy," and shall continue to do so if they stand over me with a broad-ax.

#### D. FISK.

Really, we fail to find anything connected with the inscription that is demoralizing, or that could render the atmosphere of a ceme-

mental and anti-monumental party, he would, no doubt, shoulder his gun in favor of the former. But that will not occur. The war of words will be furious, and Eisk will think bloodshed, but, then, he will not advance into the enemy's country with dire intents. He would have made a most excellent witch-killer had he lived in the days of Cotton Mather. This man presents his views under the head, of

#### "MISREPRESENTATIONS "

ED. RECORD - Your correspondent, D. Fink, may have a very good memory, but he misrep-resents things. He talks about an "Atheist-ical monument" in the cemetery. There is no such monument there. The erector of the monument to which he refers is a Deist. The most of what he says is what he heard a Presbyterian minister say at church a few weeks ago. Let him look over his past history and if his acts have been in accordance with Christian principles. I think they have not. Charity should begin at home. Actions speak louder than words. Let D. Fisk learn to think for himself, search effects back to their causes, and become a man among men. The Deist belleves in one God who is just, the same yesterday, to day and forever. Probably D. Fisk could explain the following: 1 Cor. xiv: 33; 1 Chron. xv: 34; Ex. xv: 8; Ps. cxLiy: 1; Deut. vii: 16; Deut. vi: 4; 1 Cor. viii: 4; Gen. 1:25; Joel, 111:8; Ia, LVIII:6; Num, XIII:3; Num, XXXI:15, 17; Kinga, 11:2; John, 11:13. Probably he could tell us something about the Inquisition and Calvin and Clendening.

#### READER.

Mr. Fisk might possibly tell us, too, something in reference to the Devil, Satan, the Father of Eril, Prince of Darkness, etc., names by which the antagonist of God is known. God was very famillar with him, so much so that he seemed to forget that he was the sowereign ruler of the universe, finally urging him to experiment with old and decrepid Job. He might, too, give us some reason why the \$354,483.581 of church property in the United States should remain exempt from taxation, while a few acres of land belonging to the poor, hard working map, must be so taxed as to assist in making up the deficiency arising from such exemption! The idea of showing such favor to church property which has God to rest upon, is simply ridiculous, and should not be tolerated. If any property should be exempt from taxation, it should be that belonging to those who do not worship the Bible God. There are in Brooklyn, N. Y., sixty clergymen's residences that are exempt from taxation to the amount of \$1,500 on each residence, while the poor laboring man, if he is fortunate enough to own' a house, must assist in making up the deficiency arising therefrom. This state of affairs is entirely wrong, and should have been mentioned by Mr. Coursey. Now steps forward the editor of the Record

If Walker himself had died, instead of the unfortunate Saunders, the world, no doubt, would have been the gainer. Disreputable characters are constantly traveling over the country exhibiting as mediums, who should be in a reformatory school or the penitentiary. We exposed Rayner, the prince of frauds,

and notwithstanding that he was taken to the "arms" of prominent Spiritualists, his nefarious transactions to be again exposed. Now he is traveling still, under an assumed name, and succeeds in swindling the people wherever he goes until his frauds are detected.

Now, whenever mediums are found practicing deception, have them arrested at once for obtaining money under false pretenses, and seatenced to hard labor in the peditentiary for a year or so, by the side of disreputable ministers of the gospel, and in this way, investigators and the community in general can be protected.- Look out for this Rayner, the most contemptible little puppy that ever walked. He/is traveling around under different names

#### Polygamous Religion.

Hon. Judge J. McKean gave a sensible charge to a Grand Jury lately in session in" Utab. In support of the charge that has been often made against the saints that they approve of blood atonement, he quoted from one of Brigham Young's speeches:

"There are sins that can be atoned for by an offering upon an altar, as in ancient days,

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# RELIGIO-PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL.

and there are sins that the blood of a lamb, or a calf, or of turtle doves' can not remit; but they must be atoned for by the blood of the man. I could refer you to plenty of instances where men have been rightcould slain, in order to atone for their sins. I have seen scores and hundreds of people for whom there would have been a chance in the last resur-rection if their lives had been taken, and their blood spilled on the ground. I have known a great many men who have left this church for whom there is no chance whatever of exaltation: but if their blood had been spilled it would have been better for them. The wick edness and ignorance of nations forbid this principle being in full force, but the time will when the law of God will be in full force. This is loving our neighbor as our selves. If he needs help, help him, if he wants salvation and it is necessary to spill his blood on the earth in order that he may be saved, spill it.

In closing he devoted the following to polygamy

"Utah was once a part of the Mexican Republic, and the Roman civil law, and the statute law in Mexico, both condemned polygamy. The common law of England, some of whose principles prevail here, depounces it. Congress in 1862 enacted a statute making it a penal offense, and European and American civilization, utterly repudiate it. Notwithstanding all this, polygamy largely prevails in this terri-tory, and, contrary to the statements of some who would deceive the world, and of others who are themselves deceived, large numbers of men and women are steadily going into it. And still, so far as I can learn, the law against it has thus far been a dead letter. Its enforce-ment has been defeated by perjury. The polyg amous marriage is a secret coremony none are permitted to be present but, conspirators against the laws, and when they are called as witnesses they have denied all knowledge of it. I fain would hope, gentlemen, that you may elicit the truth and bring some of these influential polygamous criminals to the bar of justice. It is your duty to labor earnestly to that end, and you will bear in mind, gentlemen, that this Asiatic practice of polygamy goes hand in hand with the murderer's loctrine of blood stonement. Here is a paragraph from the lengthened so-called revelation to .loseph Smith 'And again, sepertaining to the law of priesthood, if any man espouse a virgin, and desire to repouse another, and the first give her consent; and if he espouse the second, and they are virgins and have vowed to no other man, then is he justified. He can not commit adultery, for they are given him; and if he have ten virgins given unto him by this law he can not commit adultery, for they be long to him, and they are given unto him. Therefore is he justified. But if one or either of the ten virgins after she is espoused shall be with another man, she has committed adultery, and shall be destroyed.'

"There are Territorial statutes against adultery and lascivious cohabitation. They are general in their terms, and apply alike, with out exception, to all cltizens and residents in the Territory. I repeat, geutlemen, you will inquire into all crimes, of every name and nature.

#### Feetwashing.

According to an ( ) change there is a place of worship in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, the offlcial title of which is the "Church of God." The members of the congregation are called by outsiders "Winnebrenarians." One of the peculiarities of their service is the sacrament of "feet washing," which is thus described in a local journal: "The front seats were entirely tilled by men and women who desired to take part in the ceremony. The females, however, largely preponderated, and of both sexes there were probably twenty five or thirty. The pastor partially filled two basins with water. The fect washing was done by a man and woman, each of whom wore an apron, in imitation of the girdle worn by Christ, and each taking up a basin of water, washed one by one the feet of those of their own sex, the shoes and stockings as a matter of course having been taken off. Both feet were placed in the basin, and upon being taken out were wiped with the apron worn by the washer, whereup on the one performing the ceremony and the one submitting to it shook hand and kissed each other, there being no 'distinction at all made in the matter of sex, the men kissing each other as well as the women." This system of worship is sensible. One satinfactory result is hereby assured-clean feet, a desideratum much to be desired, especially in warm weather. But, then, the men kissing each other-oh! that's awful! There is no philosophy in heaven or on earth, that would justify in the least such a practice. Just think of it, two men kissing! My hands rise in holy horror at the mere thought of it! But the last clause in the above paragraph, gives some satisfaction in connection with the men kissing, for they "kiss each other as well as the women:" that is, they kiss the women too. It is a fact there are eight basial kisses mentioned in the Scriptures: The kiss of Salutation, Sam. xx. 41; Valediction, Ruth il. /9; Reconciliation, 2 Bam. xlv. 33; Subjection, Psalms ii. 12; Approbation, Proverbs ii. 4; Adoration, 1st Bings xtx. 18; Treachery, Matt. xxvi. 49; Affection, Gan. xiv. 15. There are some other kinds of klases 'which young ladies receive over gates o' moonlight nights, which the Scriptures do not mention-neither do the young ladies-so says an exchange.

of the Catholic Church at his daughter's wedding to propitiate the Catholic or Irish vote, he would not during the clebration of high mass compromise himself by either bowing or kneeling, although Protestants, out of respect, did. Last winter, when General Sherman made his famous speech, regretting that they never had dancing at his house, and said he liked to see the young people "scoating around," he stated that after his death there need be no dispute about his religious faith, for it could be given in a few words. Said he: "I believe that if people only act half as well as they know how, God will forgive the balance." General Sherman has another short creed. He says that is not a bad world unless we choose to make it so. If we are kind to others, in return we will be kindly dealt with

### Mrs. E. A. Blair.

Mrs. E. A. Blair, Spirit Artist and Test Me dium, has located for the Winter at 707 West Madison street, Chicago, Ill., where she will receive calls. Hours from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M. She is a most estimable lady, a splendid Spirit Artist, one whom it will do the skeptic, as well as the confirmed Spiritualist, good to meet. The beautiful bouquets which are plainted through her mediumship, go forth as messen gers of light to gladden the home circle, and gratify the wishes of those who desire to hear from the Summer-land. Every Spiritualist in Chicago should secure 10 of her paintings. Each one is an eloquent, logical address in favor of the Harmonial Philosophy.

#### Letters of Fellowship.

The RELEGO PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY granted lafer of Fellowship Oct., 18, 1871, to Brothers J. W. Matthews, of Muncle, Ind., and M. J. Atkinson, M D., of Tipton, Mo., constituting them regular ministers of the Gospel, and authorizing them to solemnize marriage in due form of law.

WHAT WE SHALL DO WITH those subscribers whose accounts have been growing larger for years, and who have neglected our urgent appeals notwithstanding our great losses by the two great Chicago fires"

We must have our pay from such delinquent subscribers. For years we have sent them from week to week the best paper published in or out of the ranks of Spiritualism, and yet a certain class seem to think we can wait on them eternally. To such we say emphatically you are mistaken. That which we promise, we perform; we promise all such subscribers to send our bills to a collector in their county within a few weeks if not sooner paid. There is a time when forbearance ceases to be a virtue. Please remit by postal order, or registered letter, deducting the cost of so doing from our account. Any one can calculate how mach he or she owes by the memorandum which accompanies each paper, and which is fully de cribed in the first commo of the fourth page of this paper. tf.

AUSTEN E. SIMMONS will make arrange ments to speak in the vicinity of Boston on intermediate evenings from the 1st to the 10th of November. MRS. SARAH A. BYRNES, inspirational speaker, will make engagements to lecture the coming Fall and Winter. Address box 57 Woll uston Heights, Mass. ,



#### THOUGHTS SUGGESTED IN A CEME TERY

In the Midst of "Death" We are in "Life.

l'assing o'er the ground so slowly; Winding round the graves so lowly ; l'ausing oft in silent wonder, Thinking of stern nature's order, Loud and clear her voice is telling, While bur heart-throbs are just spelling Words of agony and anguish, As our loved ones droop and languish;

Languish for the Summer flowers. Kissed by sun, and washed by showers, Oh! they droop and fade so slowly As their spirits grow more holy. Visions bright are coming, - passing, With pain and torture so harrassing Rends spart their shrunken form, Leaving them to nature's storm.

Then the soul drops of its garment, l'lacing on a glorious raiment, Spotless, pure and white, With no stain of nature's night. Now the spirit bright is soaring "er the form so stilly lying. And with eager, an ious feeling Comes, across our pathway stealing.

Looking in our eye so brightly Tripping round our forms so lightly Never leaving or forsaking-Bat in love our griefs partsking. Giving comfort, oft in sadness Bringing to us life and gladness; Making graves so empty, formless, And the clods so green and thornless.

That we feel our dear ones left them; And no silent death hath kept them; Marble stones can not encase them, Granite walls will not embrace them For, they're floating o'er us, -round us. Free as birds, -their songs do charm us.

And the deathless souls are living Where the dead are giving,-giving Elements to pature's garment, Clothing her with summer raiment, Giving strength to her sweet flowers, Mingling with the earth and showers, Forcing up their incense sweetly, And in, parfume coming to greet ye.

They are 'round when we're walking Near their graves, and softly talking, Feeling that our loved are lying Where the breezes soft are sighing, Stop an instant ;- pause and linger, The stony, upturned finger, See' it points to spheres above, Showing where our dear ones rove.

0 Professor Crookes says "During the time I have taken an active part in the seances with Miss Cook, Katle King's confidence in me gradually grew until she refused to give a seance unless I took the arrangement. She said "she always wanted me to keep close to her, and near the cabinet," and I found that after this confidence was established, and she was satisfied that I would not break any promise I might make to her, the phenomena increased in power, and tests were freely given that would have been unattainable had I ap-proached the subject in another manner. She often consulted me about persons present at the seances and where they should be placed, for of late she had become very nervous, in consequence of certain ill-advised suggestions, that force should be employed as an adjunct to more scientific modes of research."

they must have their spiritual bodies covered, more or less densely, with a tapgible, material substance. This material substance is not drawn from your physical bodies, nor from the atmosphere, but the forces which produce it are drawn from the medium, the circle, and the atmosphere. We do not take your skin, nor your flesh and blood to create these mate rial forms, but we take the forces which preduce these tissues in part from you. It is usual in the first place in presenting a materialized form of a spirit simply to cover the ex-terior of the body with the materials thus formed, so that you have little more than what the artist terms 'still life" in these. We have the power, however, of materializing the in-ternal organs, especially the organs of speech, so that spirits are able to give utterance to vocal sounds. We can also materialize a spiritual heart, blood vessels and all the other organs, so that you may feel the pulse, and become cognizant of their existence, as you and others have done in the case of Katle. The reason why she declined to present her wrist to you when you first asked her, was that those organs were not fully materialized at that time, and you would have drawn a wrong conclusion if she had given you permission to feel her arm, and you did not find a pulsation in the artery. To order that you shall have a correct idea of our real conditions in the spirit life we must materializy all parts of our bodies.

We know it is a tax upon the credulity of many to tell them that we have all the organs of our anatomicsl and physiological systems much more perfect here than we had when an earth, but it is a fact that mankind should know. The process of materializing spirit forms is performed in this manner, a spirit who is willing to try the experiment, which is not always a painless one, is selected and brought by certain spirits into the presence of a suitable medium and circle, where they gather those forces which produce the materi all stion which they throw in currents on the spirit, and there is a gradual and beautiful dep wit of a material covering upon that part of the body which we desire to exhibit to mortal vision, or the entire body, as the case may be. This material generally forms a very thin coating and is quite temporary in its character, so that a few minutes exposure to light, which has a powerful decomposing effect upon it, will cause it to become issipated, hence the necessity for a cabinet into which spisits may retire from the actual presence and influ ence of light. In this manner we make hands and faces and sometimes entire forms, with external and internal organs so materialized as to manifest their existence and show that they perform their functions

It will be seen from this that the material ized form is now the exact body which the spirit had when in earth-life, although there is an effort to make it just as near like that as it can be, in order for recognition. There are various influences which may render it impos-sible to produce a *fac simile* of the original. The same spirit materialized under different conditions, and drawing the forces from different mediums, must necessarily vary in its appearance. These materializ tions are in re-ality only busts, or statues made in the best and most artistic manner that we can do it. There are those who will object to this, and say that it is only showing us a shadow or picture of our friends; we want to see the reality. Such persons do not realize that in order to exhibit these forms we must have the real spirit there, and cover it with the material elements that make it visible. Do such persons ever reflect that when they suppose they see their earthly friends in the form, they are only seeing a substance much more distinct from the reality of their friends, than that which we show them in our materializations; a substance which is not so etherial that it will be dissipated in a moment.

There are many persons who possess this form of mediumship, although they may not be aware of it. Those who are desirous to cullivate this power so as to obtain material za-tions, should sit in circles for that 'purpose. There will generally be some one developed

the various forms of manifestations. I was not ignorant of Spiritualism; often in my young days have I gone to our medicine men sad got words from our fathers in the happy hunting ground. I well knew what it was to listen to the voice of the great spirit, and whenever I wanted to speak to my people I went away into the forest and listened to his voice and when he great and listened to his voice, and when he gave me the words I could move our people to noble deeds. All the ors-tors among the Indians, and there were many, were in the habit of doing this, and when the great spirit moved us to speak then we uttered words of fire that kindled a flame in the hearts of our people. It was because our people knew these things that they were not straid to die, and when they came here the vindictive feelings were soon removed because we were mediums and Spiritualists. The red men here are all ready to work for humanity. They hold no more feelings of revenge, but are both able and willing to work for the white man and for all mankind. I love to roam over the broad prairies, the mountains and valleys of our land, and see the success that crowns the labors of the white man.

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#### I HRISTIAN SHARPS

I have had a talk with Secretary Stanton. He wants to give you something for the paper soon. I am delighted to come to these sittings with you, it reminderme of the old time. I always fell sorry that there was not some means of taking down the communications we got. There are many spirits seeking to come and give you words for their friends, and I trust you may be able to continue these sit-tings and give them the opportunity to do so. see that the world's people are waking up and becoming very much interested in Spirituslism 1 thank God that Spiritualism is tak ing a notic stand before the world. It can never be crushed out I am happy because I see such great things being done all over the world.

#### HIN ... HERNAN

It may "seem strange to you that I should come here, but I have been permitted by the guides controlling this medium to say a few words. I stood by and watched those who came round your circle and am very came round your circle and am very glad to have an oppirtunity to send some words to my friends. I did not know much about Spiritualism or any other kind of religi-on, but I did not find a hell here. My life was not satisfactory to me. I see that we had false ideas about honor and championship, and lived in an unhealthy state of excitement most of the time. I don't feel now that it is the best thing we can do to fellow beings to pound them almost to death, and in return get a like beating. Indeed, I never would have done it if it had not been for the associates I had. I don't say that I was any better than they were, but we kept each other excited and none of us were free to do what we might want to. Well, I am glad to return, and I want to say to all my friends that I still live, and I have found a beautiful home here. I only wish I had been better prepared for it. I don't know that I am a Spiritualist, but I am in search of light and truth wherever I can find it. There is one thing I have noticed that pleases me very much, that is that many of the elitors are writing very different articles about Spirituslism. You may wonder how I know this. I hear some one read a paper every day, and I know better what is going on than I did when I was in the form. In my soul I was not a prize fighter, and I have left all such things, My object in returning is to learn something. I want my friends to understand that there is no death. I was very much surprised when I awoke here to find every thing just as real as it is on earth.

#### FRANK DROWER

Good morning, Dr. Child. I knew you though you did not know me. I am pleased to come. I did not know much about Spirit-ualisms. I think some of my friends will see this, and be glad to hear from their old comrade, Frank Brower. I spent many a happy day as one of the old minstrel band, and I think I live in the memory of many of the people of Cork. I am pretty happy, and I shall not forget the old friends, nor the boys. have met with many things in spirit-life I would like to tell them about. I entered heart and soul in my profession, and I was happy. I find it is not so popular now as it was, but there are men of talent. connected with it. I want to see it improved, and made not only a source of amusement, but of instruction also. The Spirit land is just as real us your land. It seemed like waking from a dream. I found my mother at my side. At first I did not know where I was, but she soon explained it all to me and I was very happy.

General Sherman's Religion.

There has been, and no doubt, will continue to be, a great deal of discussion over the character of the religion of different prominent men. Thousands of articles have been written to prove that Lincoln was an Infidel or Liberalist; and these would be followed by others flatly denying them, and claiming that he was a devout Christian. This inquiry is a matter. of no importance to the world, as it does not affect the present status of his spirit in the least; but when a lice man makes a profession of religion, and shows an independent spirit, It is well to make a note of the fact, as a matter of news, if nothing more. Of the latter quality, independence, Gen. Sherman exhibita the requisite amount of it. According to the Louisville Courier, he has a heart overflowing with good will to all living creatures. Bo far from the General using the grand ceremonial | of nobie charity? We shall report.

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JOHN A. CARPENTER; (address 120 Congreas street, Troy, N. Y.,) writes that he is about to take the field as a trance speaker.

WILLIAM BRUNTON will lecture at Spring-field, Mass., during November: at Troy, N. 1., in January and March; at Philadelphia, Penn., in February; and at Stafford Springs, Ct., in April. Would like to make arrangements for December. Address box 973. Springfield, Mass.

MRS. E. SMITH, trance, speaker, is at present lecturing at 227 Mulberry street, Newark, N. J.

DR. ABILE E. CUTTER will answer calls to lecture, attend funerals, give instruction in forming developing circles, etc. Address 711 Tremont street, Boston.

DR. E. B. WHEELCCE has been lecturing in various parts lows. He proposes to travel through Wisconsin, and, perhaps, Michigan. He has been lecturing at Nova Springs and New Hampton, Iowa.

MRS. M. A. MCCOBD, of St. Louis, in company with a test medium, will soon make a tour through Illinois and Ohio.

T. H. STEWART has closed his Lectures at Lowel and Syracuse, Mich., and will receive calls in the West during the Winter months.

BRO. M. A. TILDEN, of Garrettaville, Ohio, as well as demerous others, has our thanks for extending the circulation of the JOURNAL.

B. F. UNDERWOOD, the distinguished Materialist, lectured at Westville, Ind., Oct. 17th and 18th.

An anonymous letter reaches us, apologizing for that notorious scalawag, Von Vleck, alluding to his debate with Dr. Taylor.

B. F. UNDERWOOD, who is battling so nobly and eloquently against orthodox Christianity, will lecture before the Free Raligious Bociety of Chicago, on Sunday evening, Oct. 25th. Subject: Popular assumptions and l'allacies in regard to Christianity and Free Thought.

The Little Bouquet Orphan's Fund.

This fund we propose to use for sending the little gem of beauty to erphans in as many different families as the donations will pay for.

Charles Coventry, Auburn, N. Y ...... \$4 75 Who will next be inspired to a similar deed



A DEPARTMENT FOR COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE INNER-LIFE.

[For some time past my spirit friends have been urging me to add to the Philadelphia Department, one in which they may have the opportunity of sending their thoughts to the world. The extended circulation of the Journas. furnishes the means of reaching more individuals than any other paper on Spiritualism. Spirits have expressed a desire that I should not only

Bpirits have expressed a genire that i mouth hot bury send forth the communications which they are able from time to time to give through my organism, but select some that I may report as given through other mediums, whose names will be given with their communications. H. T. C.]

#### A NARRATIVE

Of the Spirits of Sir Henry Morgan and his Daughter Annie, usually known as John and Katle King, given by H. T. Child, M. D. CHAPTER XX

### MATERIALIZATION OF SPIRIT FORMS.

This is the culminating effort of our labors on the physical plane, and the one which will furnish mankind with the most satisfactory evidence of the fact of immortality; it is therefore, of the highest importance that we should give you clear and correct views of this. It is well known that spirits have appeared to mortais in all ages of the world, and among all people, and there is no fact more universally established than this. It has been said that there were tribes who had no idea of a God, but never one that thad not some notions, however crude and imperfect they may have been, in reference to the existence o spirits. There are two methods by which spirits have always been able to make themselves manifest to mankind. Namely; psychologi-cal impressions made upon the sensitive human mind presenting subjective forms. Second, actual objective forms presented to the external visual organs of man, and seen by one, or numerous individuals; the latter being the most satisfactory, as by a multitude of witnesses the truth is confirmed. The psychological impressions may be sufficient for the individual receiving them, but they fail to carry conviction to the masses of the people. There is a natural and proper desire on the part of every one to see what others have

We have given you our ideas of the forma-tion of matter, and also of the means by which tion of matter, and also of the means-by which spirits produce material objects. The process of materializing a spiritual body is more com-plex. These who accept the philosophical de-claration of the spostle Paul, "that there is a natural body," meaning thereby, aff exter-nal, material one, "and a spiritual body," will have no difficulty in realizing the fact that all emirits however advanced and refined that all spirits, however advanced and refined they may have become, have bodies which are composed of material substance, though not such matter as your external senses can take cognizanze of.

Cognizance of. In order that a pirit may present itself in what is understood as a materialized form, so as to be seen by your external visual organs,

either in this or in some other phase of mediumship, and they will be enabled to give directions as to the proper mode of holding the circle for materializations. This is an artistic work requiring a knowledge of the laws by which it is performed, as well as a skill which can only be obtained by repeated practice. The materializations produced by different spirits will vary. There are numerous schools here in which this art is taught; pupils are trained and sent out to practice. We have trained and sent out to practice. been connected with a school of this kind for a long time, and it is a part of our business to go with the students wherever they may find an opportunity to practice, and assist them all we can. This is the reason why our names are so often connected with materializations in various parts of the world. I, John King, have said I have naturally the powers of a leader, and wherever I go this position is assigned to me. Katle, my daughter, whom you have seen so often, has been more frequently Materialized than any other spirit that we know, and has acquired a better facility, and more power in this than any other spirit. Hence where we desire to make the strongest impression, and do the best work. she is the foremost one. There are large bands of spirits who have entered upon this in the most earnest manner, and who will accom-pliah their purpose in enlightening humanity.

Communications Through Katte B. Robinson, of Philadelphia.

#### TECUMSEH

will take the hand of the pale face brother with a friendship that is true. This leads me back to the days of the long ago, when I stood in the councils before the people and spoke the words that the Great Manito gave me for them. Tecumseh at that time looked over the broad lands which to-day the pale face owns, and saw his people going from the East to the West, gathering in the council fires, thinking they were mighty warriors and they would drive away the pale faces, who had crossed the big waters in their great canoes, and who were laying the foundation of their govern-ment in this land. The red men gathered in council and feeling that they were strong, and that their right to defend their homes was just, determined to take up the tomabawk, and lay down the pipe of peace, but the great spirit was not with us, and the pale face drove us from our homes, and to day they look upon the red man with contempt. I know that the Indian of to day is not the same as they were when the white man first came among-The fire-water and the corruption of bad men has degraded our people, and it seems as though our race must be exterminated from the earth.

This fills me with sadness, and yet I know there is a compensation for our people, here in the happy hunting ground of the Spirit land, where the Indian has an important work to do -not only for himself and his race, but for the white man, even though he may have treated him with so much cruelty and have is as to cut off his people from the face of the earth; and in this glorious work of Spirit-usilism which is blessing the world, the red man has his part. Without our aid you could not have had what is now coming to you in

### JOHN ALLON

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I was ten years old; I what out with some boys to swim, and I got dizzy and floated away down in the water. The last thing I remember was that I wanted to see my mother. My father is sick. It seemed as if I was going home. The water got in my ears and I began to choke, but after a little while I went to sleep; it was not hard. I am out of the water now. I am all right. Tell mother I wish I had not gone. I knew she did not want me I was drowned at Collowhill-street wharf. If I had minded my mother I might have been living with her now. I wish you would tell mother I am in a better school now, and I don't play truant any more. Tell Jim-that is a boy that used to play with me-that he had better keep away from the water; it is not good to go out of the body that way.

Tell mother not to mourn for me; it can't be helped now. I wish she would come some time where I could talk to her. I knew Frank, Brower: I came right after him, and he patted me on the head and said, "How do you do, sonny?" I am very much obliged to you, and wish you would send this to mother.

DR. R. P. FELLOWS, the distinguished magnetic healer whom our readers have noticed from time to time as performing marvelous cures, is now meeting with unbounded success in healing by his magnetic powder. It will be well for those who wish to be cured outside of the M D. system of practice, to send the Doctor \$1 00 at Vineland, N. J., for a box of his potent remedies, and be healed and rejoice. · n5:8,

NEW EDITION-PRICE REDUCED

Lessons for Children about Themselves. By A. E. Newton.

A Book for Children's Lyceums, Primary Schools and Pamilies, designed to impart a knowledge of the Human Body and the Conditions of Health. "Better than a whole library of common medical works. Without delay, let all Children's Lyceums improve their groups with these Lossons.".-A. J. Duess. "Should immediately become a text-book in the schools, and have a place in every family.".-Dr. A. B. Britton.

Price (in cloth) 50 cents, postage 6 cents acres 45 cents each: fifty or more, 40 cents iscourse to the trade.

N. B.-For sale by the Religio-Philo-sophical Publishing House, Adams St. and 5th Ave., Chicago.

### THE INTERIOR WORLD:

### Strange Scenes and Incidents-Prescience.

#### NOTES FROM AN INVESTIGATOR.

BROTHER JONES :- The denizons of the Spirit-world are ever active, and occasionally manifest prescience in such a way that can not fail to induce all to believe that the phenomens of Spiritualism are correct in every partic ular. The following view illustrates a point in the Harmonial Philosophy; it is an extract from a letter from Iowa to the Boston Yran

"We have been very anxious, the last two weeks, over the illness of Bishop Lee, which terminated in his death on Saturday morning. The whole community are saddened by the Some two months ago he got up in event. the night and took a bath, and on returning to his room he made a mistake and stepped off a long flight of stairs, and landed at the foot with a tremendous crash, as he was very heavy, weighing over two hundred pounds. It aroused the whole family, and Mrs. Lee and Carrie sprang from their beds, and lighting each a candie, went to see what had hap-pened, and found the Bishop lying on the floor of the entry. He got up, however, without aid, and seemed to have received no injury ex cept a few alight bruises, though his right

hand was a little lamede "Mr. H. and myself called on him two days after, and while telling us of the circumstances, of the fall, he mentioned this coincidence: He had a letter in his hand, which he hed just received from his son Henry, living af Kansas City. Ills son wrote: .Are you well for last night I had a dream that troubles me. I heard a crash, and standing up said to my wife, "Did you hear that crash? I dreamed that father had fallen and was dead." I got up and looked at my watch, and it was 2 o'clock. I could not sleep again, so vivid was the dream." And it made him anxious to hear from home.

"The Bishop said he was not superstitious, but he thought it remarkable that Henry should have had the dream at the very hour of the same night that the accident occurred. The difference in the time there and here is just fifteen minutes, and it was quarter past 2 by his watch, making it at the same moment. It was as if he had actually heard the fail. And the fall finally caused the Bishop's death. His hand became intensely painful, and gan-grene set is, which after two weeks of suffer-ing, terminsted his life. We are none of us Spiritualists, as you know, but surely facts like this must go far to make us realize that there is a basis of truth for their hurdraute states there is a basis of truth for their hypothesis of spiritual faculties resident in man. How did Henry Lee become cognizant of the accident to his father?"

ANOTHER CASE OF PRESCIENCE.

The editor of The Brunmeick (Me.) Telegraph himself a trustworthy man, in the issue of his paper for last week, tells the following:

On Monday last we called on Mr. John Fitzgerald, the well known temperance lectu-rer'(living on Bank street,) who is confined to his bed, quite feeble, but still able to converse briefly with friends who call. At this inter-view he related to us a remarkable experience, for so we will call it, through which he passed on Saturday morning, 19th ult, the day upon which the fire occurred at Fall River. Mass. Mrs. Fitzgerald had arranged her, husband for his morning nap, and left to enter the stable, at the rear of the house and attached thereto; almost as soon as she had passed the building she heard the cry of "fire" in tones so startling that she rushed back to the house in the greatest alarm, to hear her husband repeat the cry in tones as loud as the first-fill repeat the cry in tones as loud as the first-all the more startling to her as for several days he had spoken not above a whisper; he was evidently greatly excited, catching at the bed-clothes, and attempting to get out of bed-saying he must have his clothing. Mrs. Fitz-gerald asked her husband "What does this mean?" "Wife," says Mr. Fitzgerald, "there is a fire in a factory in Fall River, Mass., in the upper story, the mule room; I see the aparks flying from the machinery as sparks for the a grind tone when men are grinding. THE GOOD ALONE ARE GREAT : BY C W. COOK.

An angel came from worlds of light, Beside my couch she stood, And softly whispered, mild and sweet,

- "The truly wise are good!"
- A holy radiance, pure and white,
- Will every soul endow.
- My soul expanded with adoration quite, For the being I did see, And for the noble love of right, Which she inspired in me.
- listened to her words of light, Inspiring me with love; And in the stillness of that night,
- Communed with angels above. To follow truth's transcendent light
- Wherever it might lead; For she said that angels, pure and bright, My onward way would speed.
- That though in ignorance men might, Revile and boldly persecute, Yet truth outshines the darkest night, And right doth wrong confute.

She said, and lo' a halo bright, Transcendent, mild and sweet, Eashrined this messenger of light,

From head to very feet.

'My brother, through the world's long night, This truth old time did state, In characters of living light-The good alone are great!"

Remember that the vilest worm That crawls beneath your feet, Receives the Father's blessing warm, And surely it is sweet.

- "That goodness you on all bestow, Of high or low estate,
- For in yonder world, as here below. The good alone are great!"
- The morning birds dispel the night, With chimes that gladden the day, As she who brought me such delight.

Vanishes from sight away. rise to meet the new-born day.

- Resolved to spend it right. For every within my memory, Is this vision of the night.

And I feel 'tis-true, the message bright, She to my spirit spake, That here, as in yon world of light,

"The good alone are great!" Warsaw, Ill.

Letter from Rev. J. H. Marter.

S. S. JONES, EFQ: DEAL BROTHER-Enclosed a circular which I wish to have inserted in the RELIGIO PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL three times before Nov. 1st, 1874. I sent a letter to my old friend and schoolmate, Rev. J. M. Peebles, asking his opinion and advice touching the matter, and I take the liberty to enclose in this his reply, which you may read and use as you may deem proper, or return to

Brother Peebles has known me intimately and thoroughly since 1842, and is a dear friend bda brother.

J. H. HARTER. Yours truly, Auburn, N. Y., Sept. 26.h, 1874.

### LETTER FROM MR. PERSIES.

BRO. HARTER .- The day was nearly spent, and with the coming on of the evening, came your letter containing the circular, and letter addressed to your wife from New York, after our meeting. Yours took me back to our academic days in Oxford; you a Methodist, I a Universalist-now both Spiritualists. But to business. Knowing your lifelong generos-ity, and the priestly combinations that have

### Personification.

#### BY DR WILSON.

Spiritualism! 'O Spiritualism! Thou most beautiful and precious child of human science and intuition, thou who only art an absolute demonstration of man's immortality and his everlasting individual identity; thou, who only couldst fill the long aching void in the breast of humanity; thou who hast presented to his enraptured vision the bright cord of love that binds earth to heaven; thou who hast shown) to him the stairway that leads from the lowest depths of human degradation on and forever upward to higher planes of progression; thou who hast solved for him the long studied mysterious problem, "For what does he live?" Those who first taught him the invaluable boon of his existence, and to appreciate everything from the least unto the greatest connected therewith, of the inestima-ble value of knowledge, and of the time and means of gaining it; thou who bast sent from his sky the dark veil of skepticism that threatened ever and anon to thrust him into the insatiable maw of oblivion, that dreadful abysm of unconscious nonentity, and hast substituted in its stead the absolute certainty of the final fruition of the object of his highest aspirations, of sometime in the hereafter seeing, comprehending and enjoying in admiration the clock work of the universe-I love thee-I love thee for that. It is thy mission on earth to assert the rights of the intellectual, the spiritual of man and place thereupon her rightful throne, whence she may control the misdirected pas sions and propensities of men, and elevate hu-manity from the foul sloughs of sensual animalism to higher planes of a more spiritual existence, thus gradually fitting it by progression for still higher and purely spiritual planes, in the Spirit-world, where animalism shall be extinct, where spirits shall hold unrestrained intercourse with spirits uncontrolled by any other than the laws of mutual affinity and at traction.

I love thee, oh Spiritualism. for thou art the only rightful and legitimate Foster Mother of Charity, that holiest of all human latuitions, who goes forth yearning in search of her loved ones both to and beyond the confines of mortallty.

Spiritualism all alone in her glory walks the earth peerless in purity, her garments smell not of the blood of her kindred; there lies not at her door the blood of slaughtered millions crying from the ground and appealing to heaven for retributive justice; she points not her chil-dren to a nonsensical faith in the tflicacy of any blood that has ever been shed to shield them from the just penalty of their crimes. She says to them in the commission of crime, "You are engraving it upon the tablets of memory, which like Banquo's ghost will not away at your bidding, but Banquo-like will ever and anon be starting up and clamoring for restitution to injared parties." She holds not in her snowy hands any eternal rewards or punishments for any beliefs or unbeliefs, such being the necessary results of uncontrollable conditions. She builds her altars around the foot of the throne of truth, and bids her children seek and adore her independently of all other considerations, and in the search to be ever guided by the lights of their own native intuitions.

# Boices from the People.

BUMERSET, KAN .- S. R. Sonoutler writes -without reading matter.

LESLIE, MICH.-C. Calkins writes -- I consider the JOURNAL the only religious paper, with which I am conversant, worthy of the perusal of a thinking man.

PENDLETON, OREGON .- W. Dickerson, M. D. writes. - A good test medium would be well sup-ported here. Eastern Oregon is ripe for the harvest, and no reapers to gather it.

THOMPSON, O.-AH. Hulburt writes -1 heartily

NUNDA STATION, N.Y.-E. D. Warren writes, -1 have but quite recently espoused the cause of Spiritualism, and have attended but two circles, but have seen and feit enough to firmly establish but have seen and telt enough to infly establish use in the faith of apiritual intervourse, or a spirit-ual telegraph between this world and the Summer-land of spirits. We have a small circle here in this place, and feel that a glorious future is open-ing up before us, despite the scoffs and sneers of orthodoxy and unbellevers. We are greatly cheered and encouraged on e a week by the advent of the RELIGIO-PHILOSOFHICAL JOURNAL among us, and we feet like bidding you God speed in your effort to bring Spiritualism up to a higher phns. Strike hard and heavy at the free-lusters, when you have opportunity, and all true Spiritual-ists will bless you for it. We will send you a club from here soon, of old and new subscribers.

BRENHAM, TEX.-H. W. Bush writes.-Split itualism is making steady progress in this little city. We have lately had some most delightful seances, and to us denizens of the far off Lone Star State, wonderful manifestations, through the mediumship of Mrs. Kate Wentworth and Miss Annie Martin, of this place. Mrs. W. made us a short visit for her health, which has been so poor for the year past, that she had almost given up But from the first evening the was with sitting. us, until her return home, our sitting room was crowded with the curious and carn-st investigator and the true believer -- all came to witness the finest physical manifestations ever held in Washington County, and, perhaps, in Texas. Mrs. W. is a medium for the playing of musical instrumenta, rope fying, entrancement by spirits, etc. Since Mrs. W. left, the dear spirits still come and touch those in the simile, ring the bell, float a tamborine, etc., and this through the mediumship of Mis-Martin, who is developing very rapidly.

NEWPORT, ME -Juson fordon writes -The Spiritualists of Newport and vicinity are just bespining to wake up, and take a deeper interest in Spiritualism, than they have manifested for some time. We have just had Mrs. Smith, of Hampden, here. She gave us some beautiful and not to be mistaken tests that our dear friends whom we aid in the grave were not dead, but still living, and able to communicate with us and bring us kind messages and sweet consolation from their spirit home in the bright Summer-land. There are several mediums in this place, that are not fully developed, but we intend holding developing «ir-cles regularly through the fall and winter. There are several phases of mediumship, one of which is manifested by a young man who while in a trance, speaks in a foreign language of which he does not where the state of want no free-lovers here, nor le turers to advocate such peruicious morals.

TERRE HAUTE, IND. -J. F. Graham writes -Wishing to do all the good I can for the human family, I have made a discovery-I think a good one. Some years ago I was all ried with Sts. Va-rious were the reasons given therefor by the doctors, but none of them could reach my case. Some tors, but none of them could reach my case. Some advised one thing, and some another. The ortho-dox advised me to join the chorch, telling me that I might take a fit, fail in a mud hole, then die and go to hell. The trouble with me was, I had read Thomas Paino's Age of Reason before I had these lits, and had seen Spiritual manifestations, there fore I was a believer. One doctor advised me to travel, so I started for New Orleans. On the boat I had as I started for New Orleans. On the boat, and as might be expected, he had a charm to cure fits, and I paid him \$1.00 for the information. He directed mé to take a tond, tie a silver chain to his leg, and the other end to a white thora bush. leg, and the the other end to a white thora bush let the toad hang there until dead, and then wear the chain round my neck and 1 would have no more size. Now, I don't believe in charms, and being a Spiritualist, of course 1 must have a calle being a Spirituanst, of course 1 must take a cause in order to have faith, for we reason from cause to effect. As to the cause, I studied its nature in all its bearings. One thing I had noticed, no doctor could tell the cause of a ut. Ask them the cause and they would assign no definite reason. 'I came to the conclusion that a fit was caused by an electric shock on the brain, caused Jy one organ being over barged. The chain acting as conductor, saves the brain from a shock. I did not, however, go to the expense of getting a silver chain, which would have cost me eight or ten dollars, but I got a copper one that only cost me sixty rents. As long as I wore it, I had no fils, and by the use of the gais able battery, which cost me thirty five dol-lars, I cured myself.

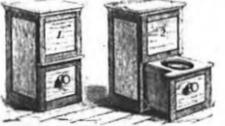
SHELBINA, MO .- G. Brown writes. - We have had the grandest awakening in favor of our cause had the grandest awakening in favor of our cause a that this portion of Missouri ever saw. Brother Miller and Gife of Memphis, Jenn., whom you highly recommended in the Jours at, for material-izations, as given at your seance rooms, have been here. We candidly confess that it was a great treat to all who had the pleasure of seeing and hearing from those on the ther side of the river, through their mediumship. Mrs. M. was tied by a committee selected each evening from the audience, sealing war covered the knots, and from time to time the countitee reported that she was time to time the committee reported that she was in the same condition as at first, -not the least disturbance of the rope or wax. The ringing of bells, the playing of musical instruments, the showing of spirit hands, all at one time, gave skeptics and church people such tests that made them feel that we still exist and are the same on the other side as we leave here. While at my bouse, the following wonderful test was given' through "Red Face." one was called the flour test. Mrs. M.'s face was covered with nearly an eighth of an inch of flour, and when thorpughly examined by the committee and all who desired to do so, they could not see a particle on her hands, and now arose the question of questions, how came it there and who did it? The answer could only be there and who did'it? The answer could only be given by nearly forty persons present—it must be spirit power. Another test of materialization of not only hands of various sizes, but a face, vivid-ly shown to all, three different times, giving the name audibly of Eliza Lair, her friends being present, which was a crowning test, and, indeed a feeling of wonder and astoniabment pervaded the small company. Red Face, Mrs. Miller's Indian control, ate some candy, which astonished all present. Ob what joyit must be to know that we live beyond the grave, constantly progressing through all eternity, and what a consolation to those who understand the principles and power that underlies the doctrine that is illustrated by these mediums. May our much esteemed friends and mediums be successful, as fail all others, in converting the church and skelles from mater-ialism, is the wishes of all Spiritualistic ialism, is the wishes of all Spiritualists. CONCORDIA, KAN .- D. C. Beymour writes .-Grand and beautiful are the inspired, writings which grace the JOURNAL's columns each weel and month, as it comes to our home out upon the frontier of Kansas, out in the land of prairie dogs, Indians and buffalo, out in the vast expanse of valley and plain where the red-legged locust has held high carnival the part season, destroying all the sustemance of many a poor homesteader, who had come to the garden fields of our broad prairie State, and as the story goes, to fuldil the great primeval curse, by the sweat of his brow to earn his bread, even though it be "corn cake." Does it not seein a little unjust for an Infinite God. to send a vast cloud of grasshoppers, as countless as the sands upon the shores of the sea, or the leaves of the forest, to devout the hard-earned staff of life. Is it a wonder that some of us cry out, "that our burden is greater than we can bear," and like poor-Job, curse God and die,-at least, theologically speaking. But, listen to the angelic strains as they are wafted to our cars, by the more than conting cambra of the insteamth least, theologically speaking. But, listen to the angelic strains as they are wafted to our cars, by the more than gentle zephyrs of the inneteenth century. It is unwinding the coccoon, which creed bound theology has been ages is spinning. It is sounding the dullest notes of an inspiration, from loftier planes of thought and action. Oid theolo-gy has been weighed in the balance and found wanting. A new star has arisen in the East; a mighty to the a grand Harmonial Law has been rediscovered; the law which permits angel com-munion, which the low onder grave yard, neither is he suffering excutsite agony in a fire, which "goeth not out," prepared for the Devil and his angels; neither are they found chanting praises of adoration, and paying upon a golden harp, inside an eight by ten orthodox heaven, whose streets are payed with gold (I wonder if the gold is alloyed; if not, how often does it need to be repayed, and who it is that takes the con-tract, and does he or they ever get up a corner

3.

upon the glutering pelf ; but tell us of the great esponsibilities of the hour, of our duty to OUL rother man and sister woman, that our condition for an eternity of ages requires, that we truly exerfor an elemity of ages requires, that we truly exer-cise "faith, hope and charity"—faith in the writ-ten law of nature and nature's God; hope in the belief of being unfolded and illuminated through the yast cons of ages yet to roll away; charity for all the mistakes and errors of the children of our common father and mother, that we may cultivate our spiritual selves, rather than gratify appetite and passion, brush saids forever the cobwebs of superstition and fanaticism and let the pure divine rays of truth from the Summer-land immortal, shimmer through our hearts and souls, until every child of this embryotic plane shall have rent the vail, and held sweet communion with the loved ones some before ones gone before.

MORES WOODRULLISM IN A NUT SHELL, with an Appendix-43 page pamphlet for ten centa, by mail. Everybody should read it. Address RELIGIO-PHIL PUB. HOUSE, Chicago, Ill.

POSTPONEMENT. SECOND AND LAST GRAND GIFT CONCERT R AID OF THE Masonic Relief Association OF NORFOLK. DAY POSITIVELY FIXED. THURSDAY, 19TH NOVEMBER. LAST CHANCE. This enterprise is conducted by the MASONIC RR. LIEF ASSOCIATION OF NORFOLK, VA., under authority of the Virginia Legislature, (act passed March wh, 1973). 50,000 Tickets-6,000 Cash Cifts. \$250,000 To be Given Away! One Grand Cash Gift of One Grand Cash Gift of One Grand Cash Gift of 751 000 75.000 20.400 One Grand Cash Gift of One Grand Cash Gift of 5 000 2 500 9 000 15 000 One Grand Cash Gift of One Grand Cash Gift of 1: Cash Gats of \$1000 each 20 Cash Gifts of \$2000 each 41 Cash Gifts of \$200 each 79 Cash Gifts of \$200 each 79 Cash Gifts of \$200 each 14.000 10 750 11 850 95 000 25 000 25 000 150 Cash toffts of 578 Cash toffts of 5000 Cash toffts of 100 each LOOD CASH PRIZES Aggregatiog 11:50 000 PRICE OF TICKETS: Whole Tickets \$10.10 Quarter Tickets Hulf Tickets \$00 | Bleven Tickets \$100 00 NO INDIVIDUAL BENEFITS. This Concert is strictly for M SONIC purposes, and will be conducted with the same results, boosty and fairness which characterized the first enterprise. JOHN L. ROPER, President, For tickets and circulars giving fall aformation ad-HENRY V. MOORE, Nec'y, Norfolk, Va. HUFF & CO , Agents, 50 Washington street, Chicago, VITableory Save the Women and Children! **Exposure and Discomfort.** theild that Nutsance in the back yard, by using the Watrous Earth Closet. HE CHEAPEST AND BEST



THE LATEST AND SIMPLEST IMPROVEMENTS. A CHILD CAN MANAGE IT. HANDSOME, DURABLE, ODORLESS. Price: \$16 to \$25.

OCT. 31, 1874.

fly from a grindstone when men are grinding their tools, and the factory is full of women and children. I see it all.

Mr. Fitzgerald remarked that his wife must tell us the rest, which she did substantially as follows, put in a brief form as possible, as our only object is to make a plain recital of what we heard in the course of the conversation: Mrs. Fitzgerald then went on to remark that her husband all the time was endeavoring to get up from his bed to escape the fire, saying that it was near to him, and he must assist the poor people-close that door into the entry-an old sailor, he could rig a better ladder than that splice this, splice thatdon't jump from the windows (this expression oft-repeated), for it is only a choice of death between fire and being crushed upon the pavement-to the firemen, why do you do thin, and why do you do that see those poor women and little children filling the room, and yet the laws of Massachusetts forbid the employment in factories of children under a certain age. Mrs. Fitzgerald was alone with her husband, and exerted her utmost strength to keep him in bed. It stemed to her almost an age, but she took no note of the time. All at once Mr. Fwzgerald fell-back upon the pillow and said: "It is all over; the roof has fallen in, and those poor people are burned." After that he was completely prostrated; and Mrs. Fitzgerald for some time feared that he would not recover from the shock. Mr. Fitzgerald said he never thought of

looking at his watch, but that he saw the fire in the morning somewhere from 7 to 0 o'clock. It was not until Monday that Mrs. Fitzgerald heard of the first and not until Tuesday, 22d, she got a paper containing an account of it. This she read to her husband; he several times stopped her and told her what was to come in the newspaper account, as "he had seen it all," Subsequently, Mr. Fitzgerald repeated some-what, and said: "I saw the fire, but somehow I could not tell the building, and it must be a factory peoup up since I was acquainted with Fall River." He has often lectured there.

Above are the statements as given to us, and all we vouch for is a correct rendering of them. We offer no explanation, but it is due to Mr. Fitzgerald to say that he disavows all belief in Spiritual manifestations, and finds it marvelously strange that such an experience should befall him. Mrs. Fitzgerald is equally decided in her belief, and remarked to us that the scene in that bedroom had reality enough for her without a thought of socking an ex-planation of its strange features. Mrs. Fitz-gerald, like her husband, lectures upon tem-perance, and both told us the story free from excitement, with an evident determination to excitement, with an evident determination to avoid every expression that could impart to it a supernatural air. It was a plain recital of-the events of the morning. To those who do not know the parties we have only to add that they are entitled to belief as speaking at least what they hold to be the truth. These incidents illustrate in a very beautiful

manner the power which advanced spirits pos-

\$1 50 cents renews trial subscriptions one year.

conspired to make you poor, I approve of your sending out these circulars. I've taken the liberty to make a few changes in it. The shorter and pithier it is the better. Send it to the RELEGIO-PHILOSOFICAL JOURNAL and BANNER OF LIGHT, M an advertisement. Perhaps they will insert at reduced rates. So far as I understand, the RELIGIO-PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL, has much the largest circulation, and S. B. JONES has really a kind heart. The course he has pursued to put down the "pro-miscuous free lust" under the term "social freedom," has gained him hosts of subscribers. Where he has lost one, I think he has gained ten for his outspoken defense of monogamic marriage and morality, as against "promisculty" and those who advocate and practice it. It is simply." animalism." and holds no reis-tions to genuine Spiritualism. Tell Brother JONES your circumstances plainly, and he will doubtless make an editorial note in your behalf. I trust the friends will make you generous donations. I am having fine sudiences here in Baltimore, and many of my old church members-Universalists-attend each lecture.

Angels bless and keep you.

Most truly thine, J. M. PREDLES.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 17th; 1874.

REV. J. H. HARTER'S CIRCULAN. AUBURN, N. Y., Sept. 15th, 1874.

DEAR FRIEND :- On the 1st day of Novem ber, 1874, will be completed the Fifty-Fourth year of my journey on Earth, and Twentieth year of my Married Life. By industry and economy, self and wife succeeded in earning enough to purchase for us and two daughters, (one now 15 and the other 8 years of age), a beautiful home which was ever open to Ministers, Lecturers, Reformers and all others who wished to share its hospitalities, but by variwished to share its hospitalities, but by vari-ous reverses brought upon us by persons and influences beyond our control, we have lost our home and other property, besides being-heavily in debt, and not able to meet the claims that in these close financial times are pressing upon us. Under these circumstances, dear friend, do I send you this circular, with pray-ers that you and others in your vicinity will receive it with favor, and on a bout the first receive it with favor: and on or about the first day of November, 1874, make us such dona-tions, birth-day or wedding presents as your willingness and ability "will admit without material injury to yourself and family," it be-ing understood that the proceeds shall be faithfully and judiciously expended towards securing a home for Mrs. Harter, who with cheerful heart and active hands, hhs done so much during our dark and severe trials to keep sunshine and joy in the family circle. Please have the kindness to inform me at

your earliest convenience by mail or otherwise, your earliest convenience by mail or otherwise, what or how much may be expected from you about the time above mentioned, that we may live in the joyful anticipation of the "good things to come." I am still in the field as Preacher and Lecturer on various reforms of the day, and if desirable on your part, will lecture for the donations or presents you may be pleased to make. be pleased to make.

Yours truly, J. H. B No. 1, School St., Auburs, N. Y. J. H. HANTER. Indorse the spirit that you manifest in battling for the right. We like your paper better for the course you have taken.

BUFFALO, N.Y .- William E. Coleman writes "There is a medium bere at present bolding cir-cles for materializations. He seems avery worthy, unassuming mad. We remember the douns at speaking about him some years soo, but can not recollect what it said. Will you be kind enough to state in the "Voices from the People," your r membrance and opinion relative to Mr. Church as a medium and a man.

We have attended Mr. Church's materializing circles and regard him as a most excellent medium. The one you speak of, however, may be another medium by the same name.

SYLVESTER, WIS .- C. L. Morgan writes .- The STLVESTER, WIS.-C. L. Morgan writes.-The cause of Spiritualism is steadily advancing here, new mediums are being developed, and were it not for superstition, that baneful power that has al-ways held the world in check, I have no doubt our glorious Philosophy would soon prevail as far as civilization extends. But it is only a question of time. The human race will not always en-dorse the bondage of ignorance, but are destined to become truly free.

ALGONA, IOWA .- P. Dunton writes .- Having ALGONA, 10WA.-P. Dunton writes. - having been engaged in lecturing in this part of the State lately, there has arisen a strange demand for a test-medfum—ong for physical manifestation or for materialization. Any one who could stand reasonable test conditions could make a financial success. I have \$100 pledged in one place, for one weak's service of such a medium. week's service of such a medium.

Will physical mediums please correspond with Mr. Dunton?

WALLINGFORD, VT.-A. W. wallingst as many as I can to read your pa-per. Some of them look at its narratives and call them wonderful, and talk candidly; while others swear or pray to keep from being influenced by it, and in order to explain the mystery, they call it the work of the Devil. The Eddy family lives about 15 miles north of Wallingford. Two weeks about 15 miles north of Wallingford. Two weeks ago I had a very reliable man, one who is able and never backs down, say to a company of unbe-llevers, that if they would go with him to the the Eddys, as he intended to, and be there on the following Monday. If they did not become con-vinced of the truth of Spiritualism he would give them \$100 per day for their time; but they did not take his ofter.

ELYRIA, OHIO .- J. C. Potter writes .- The perusal of the JOURNAL has become a necessity, for it seems to me that I could not get slopg without it. I stand almost alone in this village, as an open and avowed Spiritualist, and as neces sary consequence I get many scoffs and jeers from those in and out of the churches. Well, I have come to that point that I rather like it, as agitation is one of the great educators of the ninetcenth cen-tury. A certain Mr. Cook, a very clever slight of Is obsort the strain Mr. Cook, a very clever alight of hand performer, visited our village week before last, and took the contract to convince all op-posers of Spiritualism, and church members in particular, that all Spiritual manifestations were a humbug, and that mediums without any excep-tion were a set of chariatans and that he would do all and everything that any medium claimed to do all and everything that any medium claimed to do or have done through them. Well, he convinced all that class that he was right, and apirit com-munion was a grand humbug. But not one Spirit-dalist was affected by his slight of hand performance; in abort, he was a grand humbug so far as exposing Spiritualiam was concerned. Success to the Journwal; it is doing a good work wherever any community has the moral courage to read it. any community has the moral courage to react in May the good angels protect you in your glorious

1. . . . . .



This work is a most carious, engrestive, and interest-ing illustory-giving a graphic account of the Iss.asm CONVINENT Of ATLANTIS ILS Chief City, Temple, and Plan; itse Constoma, Institutions and Religion of the Pro-ple; their Civilization, Arts, and Sciences; their Indus-tries, Ciljudic, and Products; the Discovery and Bettle-ment of America by the Atlantians; the terrible Rarth-quakes, flasting for a week, by which Atlantis uses sunk-en benedit the staters of the cosn.

SIXTEEN THOUSAND YEARS AGO! the intermarriage of the Atlantians on this Continent with the Native Tribes-introducing a high civilization, and thus becoming the progenitors of the Mough Build-

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Also, biographies of all the other Pre-Historic, Ancient and Middle-Age Personages; comprising much carlous and interesting matter-constituting the Anderson Paintings of the

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Of these wondronsiy beautiful Hise'se Portraits, no description can convey to the mind of anott er any ade-quate idea. They must be seen in order to appreciate the exquisite finish in Costnme and Shading which gives these social that the character at Wongs or Any In fact, these PORTHALTS of the residents of Barth, in the long forgotion Ages of the Past, are simply Magnificent. Among them are

Kings, Warriers, Sages, Philosophers, Historians, Alchemists, Magicians, Poets, Artists, Pricats, Beformers,

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Some account of The Band of Dral-la-has, an Asiatic People. (with specimen of their writing.) who Bred unit \$0,000 YEARS AGO!

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# OCT. 31, 1874.

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## gew gort Department." Bubscriptions and Advertisements for this paper re-ceived at the New York Magnetic Cure, 272 East 23rd street, by Dr. Babbitt.

Death and Immortality.

The JOURNAL is about to do an admirable thing by publishing so full a series of articles on the subject of "Death, or the Pathway from Earth to Spirit-life," as the table of contents would signify. Death, the wonder worker, the beautifier, the rewelator, should be stripped of its gloom and no longer be profanely called the king of terrors. The church world having inherited from apcient heathendom the notion of an evil apirit, a day of judgment, a place of endless torment, has cast a night-mare upon the world which liarkens life and pours gloom over the future. The black mourning habili-ments, the hearee with its dark plumes waving as if in triumph over man, the shrouded apart-ments, the long continued wailing for departed friends, separated it may be for eternity, according to old ideas, all come from a perverted theology. This dark pall is being lifted by Spiritualism and death is shown to be only a cloud dark on the earthly side but refulgent on the heavenly side. The claimorant eye looking into spirit-life can see glories of color and which quite eclipses earthly things, and the clairaudient ear can take in harmonics of sound beyond all mortal power to imitate. O the joyfulness of having it proved by positive demonstrations that we are to live hereafter in a more beautiful life! O the sublimity of the fact that man is to progress eternally into higher and higher glories until his power and grasp of mind have become God-like! Al; the universe is expanding, progressing, moving onward from low to higher, advancing from coarse to fine, from misery to joy! How little does the church world understand this fact. Contrary to the teachings of geology and natural history and science generally, they seem to think that nature's course is downward, that man the grandest portion of the universe is to a great extent destined to sink instead of rise, and that into eternal misery. They give him no chance for repentance after death, no chance to become loving and heavenly isdis-position, but represent God as condemning them to everlasting destruction. What blas-phemy to teach that God is such a demon as to fosce the wicked to remain wicked, to condemn his own children to suffer countless millions of years for the short-comings of a moment, and that on the plea of justice! Such ideas have done much to drive any true sense of justice from the world-have done much to harden and discourage the human race.

The spirit of a lady of very lovely character came and proved her identity through a medium, and when asked if she would be willing to refurn to earth, remarked, "No, unless it should be to die again, for the transition into the new life is so beautiful!"

Another one dying, sank into a brief state of unconscious sleep, which is represented as being a very common experience with persons after the spirit departs, and on awakening saw after the spirit departs, and on awakening saw a new universe lighted up with indescribable brilliancy, and found himself surrounded by dear friends passed on before. When they touched him with loving caresses, he experi-enced new thrills of joy, and after a short rest he heard strains of celestial music as he soared ofl under their guidance to the higher life.

I have conversed with invisible intelligences, however, who said the transition of death was not particularly happy, and then I ascertained that their lives had been dissipated or selfish. Those who are dark in soul will natorally gravitate into darkness and for a time be unitted for celestial light or for angelic companionship, but the door of reform and salvation is ever open to both mortals and spirits. If we fail to do our work here properly, it puts us far lower in the scale of the everlasting life and renders it necessary for us to return and complete our experiences here. Let us so live that death shall be a triumphant march into a more beautiful sphere of being. May your series of articles on this grand subject

L. Potter; The Darling is Nor Dead; Remarkable Ducks; Spiritualism; Ills Beyond Remedy, by E. S. Custar; Home Circle Varietics; The Jungle Roolghs; Elustrated; How to train Children: From Spirit Every Thing Flows; That Boy Did It; Child Life in Shakerism, A Smart Cadet; Night Visits.

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## Spiritualism in Germany.

BY DR. G. BLORDE, OF BROOKLYN. We are glad to notice that Spiritualism is somewhat progressing in. Germany.

I. A public discourse which Adolf Count de Powinski, a warm otherent of the Har-monial Philosophy, delivered on 22 d of March last, in Leipzic, has been issued by the publishers of the "Psychische Studien," in pamphlet form, and lies before us. The ob-lect of the lecturer was to give his audience the scientific proofs of the existence and continuance of the human mind and of the intercourse with departed spirits. The discourse of the Count does not make the impression of what could be called a soul-stirring appeal to the hearers; it is not well arranged, stiff in form, and meagre in argument, and reminds one of the word of the Lstin poet, where the power is wanting. We may praise the will, but it furnishes some valuable evidence for the fact, that the great question of the divine and eternal origin and destiny of the human soul, has gained the car of a larger public than before, and has won some assistance among the representatives of scientific research. The Poginski could be held before a large respectthe and attentive audience in the city of Leipzic, the seat of one of the oldest universities of Germany, and the birthplace of the famous "Gartenlaube," the most stubborn organ of so called scientific mediocrity and materialistic bigotry, this fact alone would indicate progress of our cause in the country, where thus far the overbearing philosophy of the author of "K raft and Stotl" (force and matter), has ruled su-premely over the popular mind.

Among the great scientific minds of Germany, to which our lecturer teferred as having expressed favorable opinions upon the subject of the eternal nature of the human soul, and the truth of its pevelstion through departed spirits, are the great philosopher Kant, Alexspirits, are the great philosopher Kant, Alex-ander de Humboldt, the ingenious Catholic thinker, Franz de Basder, the celebrated physiologist Carus, and the indefatigable ex-plorer of the mysterious phenomena of human nature, Prof. Maximilian Perty, of Berne, Switzerland.

In regard to Alex. de Humboldt, who has too often been proclaimed an Athelat and a denier of immortality, Count P. relates the following interesting fact: "At the royal table of King Frederick Guillenna IV of Prussia, on the 20th June, 1853, the conversation ran on the (then new) "spiritual manifestations," when Humboldt, being appealed to for his opinion, gave this in the following words: "The facts can not be denied, for their explanation science still owes an answer." This fact is attested to on inquestionable authority; by Baron de Reichenbach in his "Odic Events."

Emanuel Kant, the immortal author of the "Critique of Pure Reason," was already aware of the existence of a Spirit-world, "and the probable continuity with" the same of the hu-man soul in this life. 1% wrote: "The imma-terial beings perhaps form a great whole, a mandus intellectualis, the parts of which are "in mutual connection and communion even without the medium of corporeal things, and perhaps it will be proved yet, that the human soul even in this life, is by an insoluble com munion connected with all the immaterial natures of the Spirit-world, acting upon these and receiving impressions from them." The true philosopher as well as the true poet is a

ural"). The German Spiritualists have to do hard up-hill work, and to fight great odds, among which the provailing materialistic tendencies of the men of science as well as of the unscientific multitudes are not the least one We have, therefore, to wish them Godspeed, and be satisfied if we are able to report some progress.

DEATH,

Or the Pathway from Earth to Spirit-life.

We shall commence the publication of a series of articles in the JOURNAL sometime between this and the tenth of November, bearing the above title. Death (so termed) is an event that is sure to occur at the end of our earthly career, and the phenomena connected therewith, when critically and carefully examined with the clairvoyant eye, is especially interest-ing. Connected with this transition from earth to spirit-life, there has always been more or less superstition. In ancient time particularly, the inhabitants could not for a moment contemplate this change without fear and trem-bling. Since the birth of Modern Spiritual-ism, however, death has been to a certain ex-tent robbed of its terrors.

The object of this series of articles is to enlighten the minds of humanity in regard to death in it various phases, and let the world know the views of advanced spirits in referenge thereto.

We wish to make the JOURNAL & Missionary of Light, more especially while these articles are being published, and in order to accomplish that end more fully, we desire 500,000 trial subscribers. We believe, too, that we will secure that aumber. Let each one of our present subscribers interest himself at once, in procuring trial subscribers, in order that the world may be illuminated with light in regard to the transit of the Spirit from earth to the Summer-land.

When you read this article, resolve at once to make an effort to extend the JOURNAL's circulation. Tell your friends that the articles in question would make a book, if in print, that would cost not less than one dollar. They will receive all the information contained there in, besides other valuable matter in the JOUR-

NAL, for three months, for twenty five cents. Just think of the amount of good you can be instrumental in doing, by being prompt in en-larging our subscription list. The informa-tion imparted in this series of articles, is of a character that should be known by all the children of earth.

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N. B. Atty writes from Oregon City, Oregon

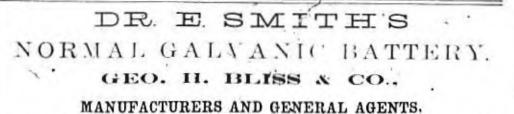
MRS. A. H. ROBINSON, DEAR SISTER - Your diagnosis of my case was correct, and the magnetized papers and medicine are curing me. Please send me another set of magnet-IZEC Dapers.

A. G. Haven, writing from Bingham Can-

MRS. A. H. ROBINSON -I am well of the complaint you prescribed for. I feel like a new man.

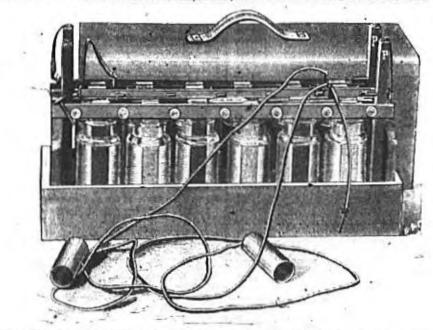
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These batteries are substantially made, and put up in neatly finished black weinth cases, with conducting cords and handles. There are four sizes of this battery made. Battery No. 1 consists of twelve cells, suitable for oper-stions upon the eye or ear, price, \$17 No 3 consists of sixteen cells, price, \$30. No 3 consists of wenty-four cells, auitable for all ordinary operations, price, \$36. No 4 consists of thirty-two cells, is very powerful, and suitable of a physician's office, price, \$45.

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We have already informed our readers that we are crecting an expensive publishing house. It requires many thousand dollars to complete the edifice. The small sums ranging from one to twenty-five dollars past due on subscriptions from single individuals, if promptly paid, will carry us safely through our work. Come, friends, let us deal justly with each other and see what a united effort will do for Spiritualism. Let each person that is receiving the JOURNAL on credit reckon up and remit our dues without a day's delay. Not a few persons will be surprised, where they figure up, at the length of time they have with held just dues, while we have had a continual struggle to give them a good paper, never failing to make our weekly visits even under the trying calapaity of the great fire of three years ago.

Is there a single subscriber, in view of what we do to publish the JOURNAL, that will again complain of hard times as an excuse for not paying us honest dues? We trust not. Remember "hard times" are felt as keenly by us as by you. Half the effort on

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L. A. Stevens, of Creaton, Illinois, says

open many eyes, cheer many hearts, and lead many souls upward out of the worldliness and passion which surround them.

#### ENCOURAGING

Some time since Col. Bundy of the RELIGIO-PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL suggested that I an-swor Dr. Brown-Sequard's lectures on the nerve force, in which he denied the existence of Vital Magnetism, etc. I have just done so in the twenty-five cent work, called "Vital Magnetism, the Life Fountain." Among the letters just received with reference to it is one from Dr. Holbrook, Ellitor of the Herald of Health, as follows-

"DEAR BABBITT :- Your Vital Magnetism Is a better work even than your first one. Drive on in your noble work and help educate the race to purity, strength and holiness.

Ever, M. L. H."

To spread the knowledge of this noble cause I am giving it away to every library I can hear of, and I have given it to the RELIGIO PHILO-SOPHICAL PUBLISHING HOUSE, at such terms that they can supply the Western States at a fine discount when it is taken by the quantity. There is a mighty struggle going on between God and Mammon-between truth and falsehood,-between the barbarism of old methods of cure and the delights of the new methods which build up both body and soul on a higher basis. Gog and Magog are marshalling their hosts against the army of truth. Already they have passed a law in New York State, forbidding anyone to practice medicine or surgery without a diploma, even though they may cufe ten times as many as those in the regular profession. Dr. Dake having helped to defeat similar laws in Illinois, has seemingly been sent here by the spirit hosts to help put down the spirit of bigotry, and he is working valiant-ly, assisted by Dr. Hoyt and others of us. Friends of truth, come to the rescue! Who skall foar when heaven is on our side! There are juys for the race that men do not dream Every true word which we write or speak of. in defense of such a cause, every paper or book we circulate in its behalf, shall become stars in our disdem. Let us hand to the suffering people the true key of life and show them that there is a more heavenly inheritance.

Contents of Little Bouquet for November, 1874.

On the Decease of a Dear Friend; Thrice; Uncle Tim Playing with the Children, Illustration; Uncle Tim's Circle, by EK. Hosford; Baby Angels, by Fanny Green McDougal; Aunt Mary's Walk, by Mrs. M. J. Wilcoxson; The Angel Watch; The Boys' Heaven; The Spider and the Wasp; A Dog Surgeon; Ship and Shore; Sir Walter Raleigh, Illustrated; A Tiny Letter; Items of Deep Interest; Lie-Never; Address of Paul dù Chaillu; Is Spiritualism a Benefit? by T. P. James; Dwarfed Little Minds; A Spirit Circle; Bong; An Angel in a Saloon ; Life and Death ; Jesus-Christ, by G. A. Lomas; Fruits of Christianity, by J.

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The celebrated physiologist Dr. Carus, in his work "Physis," propounded the theory of "Innervation," which he compared to a telegraph system-the origin of which was un-known to physiology, but which he declared to form the spiritual atmosphere of man and to be the means, by expansion and radiation, of his communication with extraneous spiritual easences. Of late the French Spiritist, Allan Kardec, has explained this spiritual atmosphere, to form the fluidic body of the spirit, its substantial covering or envelope, for which he has proposed the name of "Perisprit." · Prof. Maximilian Perty, of Berne, who has devoted many years of laborious study to the magical phenomena (particularly that of "obsession") of which the history of mankind abounds in all ages and countries, has in the second edition of his elaborated work on "the mystical phenomens of human nature," made the most undeniable strides toward the full acknowledgement of Modern Spiritualism; for he says, (Vol 2, p. 58), "The attempt at ex-plaining the spiritic facts (which, as I remarked, were recognized by Humboldt, too), by the known natural laws, is a futile one, since they often occur against these natural laws, There only remains for their explanation, either the magic forces of the media, or of foreign spirits." At some other place Perty goes still further, by owning that there is a number of undeniable facts which can hardly or not at all be explained by the forces of a medium or its surroundings, and must be at-

tributed to spiritual beings. The lecturer also referred to the important facts of the recent materialization through Katie King in London, and tried to explain their rationale on the ground of his previous theory, whereby he made a slighting allusion to Darwin's speculation on the origin of Man as . being evolved by self-acting laws from the depths of brute creation, instead of being a reflex of the Divine Idea.

IL No, IN, of the "Psychische Studien" for September, published and edited by Mr. Aler. Aksakow, contains in three parts "historical and phenomenal facts," "criticisms" and gen-oral "news." The articles of the first part are all translations from one English periodical, the London Spiritualist, except a report about some recent phases of mediumship, in Amer-ics, by Dr. Funk, of Illinois. Under the sec-ond head we find critical remarks on A. R. Wallace's treatise on the Supernatural and Marvelous, by Dr. Julius Franenstadt, and a review of Judge Edmond's "American Spirit-

ualisin" (translated by G. C. Wittig), by the above named Prof Perty, of Barne. On the whole this latest number of the "Psychische Btudien," like its predecessors, betrays again the remarkable and lamentable disadvantages, under , which Spiritualism is still laboring in Germany, namely: The ap-parent lack of original Spiritualistic facts through gifted and reliable mediums. Indeed, the conditions for a vigorous and rapid de-velopment of phenomenal Spiritualism in that country do not seem to have much improved since the time when the spiritual leaders of that development, Berjamin Franklin and others, concluded that America would prove a more favorable ground for their operations. (See Wm. Howitt's "History of the Supernat-

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There are a large number of our oldest subscribers who are owing us bills. They must be paid. We are in real earnest. Justice to ourselves, and your own integrity, friends, demands that you respond to this call without delay.



Notices for this Department will be charged at the rate of twenty cents for line for story line exceeding twenty Notices not exceeding twenty lines published gratuitensly )

Panzed to spirit-life, Sept. 25th, at Lowel, Mich., Mirs. MARY O. Bish ry aged 14 years. Funeral services by T. II. Stewart.

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which it presents. No effort will be spared to render Tun Living Ass even more than ever deserving of that isree share of public favor which it has hitherto always enjoyed.

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The work is embel shed with a wood engraving of the spirit of Katle king, as she appeared at one of the many seances held in Philadelphia.

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