Ernth wears no mask, bows at no human shrine, seeks neither place nor applause: she only asks a hearing.

VOL. XVI.

B. B. JONES, EDITOR,

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THE TRIUMPH OF TRUTH

To the tune of " Auld Lang Syne." BY WARREN SUMNER BABLOW,

Come let us join in cheerful song, With hope's inspiring ray; Let every tongue with grateful praise Proclaim this joyful day; For life immortal rends the veil Of error's dark domain, And every gloomy phantom fades At reason's glorious reign.

The earth and sky are all afflow With orbs of living tight; While truth's victorious banners rise On every mountain height; Take courage, then, oh, doubting soul, For all that's great and good Will be revealed to every mind, As truth is understood.

No sin-atoning sacrifice Can banish psin and woe; But manfully we learn to live By reaping what we sow; The bitter fruits of each misdeed As kindly point the way, As do the joys in sweet return When God we most obey.

Eternal progress marks the path Of each immortal soul, And though in weakness we may fall, We rise to self control; Thus right will over wrong prevail, (If God be understood.) For every evil hath a germ Of universal good.

Believe, though feeble, all are links In an unbroken chain, And could we sever one, we break The universe in twain!
Then why distrust a Father's care, Or dwarf a priceless soul, When each doth constitute a part Of God's harmonious whole!

Then let us hail this new-born day-This dawn of holy light; Let faith in God inspire our seal For faith in God is faith in man-Is hope in constant bloom, Which lights our pathway evermore, To joys beyond the tomb.

THE EDDY MEDIUMS,

Are They Genuine?-Evidence Pro and Con.

HY M L BALEY.

Any intelligent opposer of Spiritualism must at least admit that it is spreading like wildfire. The fact that theology meets it by babbling of the Devil, and that science, until recenfly, has refused to investigate, has in- no manner deterred people from earnestly looking for evi-dence of an existence beyond the grave. THE EDDY PAMILY

consist of three brothers and two sisters. Their fame is wide spread. The farm on which they live is in the town of Chittenden, Vt., six miles north of Rutland, lying between two ranges of the Green Mountains. Their ancestors were among the high in place. General Leafle Macomb, ex-Governor of Ky., was their mother's uncle, and Lord Macomb, of revolu-tionary fame, was her grandfather. Their mediumistic power is a descending one, their grandmother having been sentenced to death in Balem for being a witch, but, fortunately she was stolen from the authorities and escaped to England; and the children of a daughter living near the old homestead, it is claimed also possess the same power.

PAMILY TRAITS.

One coming here to look for humbug would be somewhat weakened in his purpose after an acquaintance with the family, it being, seemingly, one of the most happy and harmonious. Moreover, they are as thoroughly saturated with Spiritualism as a sponge can be with water. They talk about it a hundred times a day, with visitors and among themselves, and day, with visitors and among themselves, and always with a zeal and an honesty of purpose-that can not be mistaken, putting forth ideas respecting its philosophy that it would seem impossible for any but intensely interested persons to store up. They sing it and act it, and their faith is recorded on the tombstones of their relatives. If it is a humbug it is certainly the most piously conducted humbug impariable.

After a stay of six days with the family I can speak in unqualified terms of their kind-ness, and one of the brothers is, in every word and action, most Christ-like of any man I have ever met. Their charity extends to all, even after being turned from houses, ridden on ralls, and undergoing other insults on account of their belief.

Many accounts concerning the manifesta-tions, have been, judging from my experience, too highly colored, and as I did not visit the family in the interest of Spiritualism, or any other "ism," but in the interest of truth, and knowing that truth needs no rainbow props for support, I hope to make such a record of the manifestations as will tell both sides of the

The circles are generally held in the hall devoted to spiritual purposes. A table and a few pictures, including portraits of some of the controlling spirits, comprise the furniture. In one end of the hall is a stage about two feet high and five feet deep, with a railing in front, and back of the stage is the cabinet, a lathe and plastered room two and a half by seven feet, simply built like an ordinary closet. In the dark circle Horatio G. sits as the me-

dium. On the table are placed the musical in-struments, a guitar, violin, harmonics, bella, etc. His hands ere tied behind him and he sits in a chair by the table. The light is ex-tinguished, and the manifestations begin. The instruments, one at a time, play while sound-ing as if floating around the circle, the bells ring furiously, and lights are seen. Two voices claiming to belong to Geo. Dix who was lost in the "President," and May Flower, an Indian maid, are heard, the former threatening to "dismaterialize" some one who does not sit quiet, and the latter asking for a subject for a poem. Much rhyme is spun off, good in sentiment, but considered as poetry, absurd. Horatio also sits in a light circle. On a line

scross the corner is hung a blanket that reaches to his shoulders. He sits in front of this blanket, calls some one to sit by his right side, and takes hold of the sitter's bare arm with both of his hands. A third person is called who joins hands with the person on the right. A curtain is spread in front of Horatio and the person sitting next to him, reaching to their chins, music is struck up, and the manifesta-tions are seen. Bells, placed on a table behind the curtain, jingle, rings are thrown over the curtain, the drum is rolled from under it, a hand pats the sitter on the back, caresses his face and throws names and communications purported to be written behind the curtain, on the floor. A concertina at one time played a tune back of the curtain, which, I think, was the only thing done in these circles that any person could not do after sufficient practice to assure rigidity of the body. The proof of the genuineness of these manifestations must depend on the sitter being assured that the me-dium's right hand is not taken from his arm. This the sitter affirmed was not done, but as I once "pecked," on that miscrable fraud, E. M. Fay, and saw him pile articles of furniture on the blindfolded committeeman's head, and cut up sundry other tricks, and the committeeman afterward asserting most positively that Fay's hand was not removed from his arm, I know such a deception is carried on. Again, if the hands which are shown are really materialized hands, what becomes of the theory that materializing must take place in the dark?

WATS THAT ARE DARK.

The first evening in the dark circle there was an alarm of fire. The large bells rang, there was a cay of fire, and a whistle sounded shrilly. We could not surmise what whistle was used, as none except a small wooden one was found. Two or three days after, as we were hilariously enjoying ourselves Horatio took a small tin heard in the circle. At another dark circle led his hands and he sat in a loose-jointed chair. No sooner was the light extinguished than the chair creaked as if a person were rising from it, and the next moment the voice was heard on the floor. After the light was struck I examined the tying, and his right wrist had been twisted in the rope, and the rope evidently had been strained, but the knots

were as I made them.

Again, when the sword exercise was going on there was a flash and a crack, caused, it was said, by percussive force, but it was far from resembling any clashing of steel I ever heard. I felt positive it was a percussion cap, and by the flash I saw a form standing on the floor that looked wonderfully like Horatio. One gentleman claimed to have seen two forms going through a sword exercise, but my eyes were not so good. The voice claiming to come from Geo. Dix sounds like a suppressed one, and about the voice of May Flower there is a high key'd head tone that gives it the appearance of being unnatural. The violin in these

circles is scratchingly played—the same as when ordinarily played by Horatio. In one of the light circles I gave some of my cards to be written on, and they were all writ-ten in front of the curtain, and in a cramped and scribbling manner, while the names and communications that came from behind the curtain were more legible, and on paper fur-hished by none of the visitors. Some names were mis-spelled, others were thrown out which never belonged in the family—names of per-sons living were presented—surely, if they were written by spiritual power, the Diakka

are playing a high-handed game. MATERIALIZING. William H. is the medium for materializing. He is 33 years old, stocky built, about five feet eight inches tall, and weighs 174 pounds. He is slow in motion, and carries his head slightly forward. His hands are tied behind him, then after entering the cabinet they are tied to the chair back. While I was visiting them Mr. A. Beebe, of Ogdensburg, did the tying, for the reason, as stated by the medium, that the magnetism of the two blended harmoniously to gether. It did not give entire satisfaction, but I am satisfied there was no collusion. As Mr. B. turned from the chair he was vigorously ether. It did not give entire satisfaction B. turned from the chair he was vigorously patted on the back and shoulders, and the blows could be distinctly heard by the mem-bers of the circle. After the tying William claims to become unconscious. Sometimes claims to become unconscious. Bometimes the approach of unconsciousness is heralded by dissinces at others by sickness at the stomach. The company sit in a semi-circle, join hands and sing, else some one plays the violin. If the circle is formed too near the stage a grum voice in the cabinet tells it to move back; if the light is too bright it orders

it turned down, if too dim it requests it to be turned up. Never did a group of persons look with more intense interest at any object than do the gitters at the cabinet door. After a period of fifteen minutes, or theresbouts, the blanket hung in front of the cabinet door is pushed aside, and a form is seen. Some are seen but for a second, others stand in the door-way, while others walk out on the stage. At the first seance Honto, a squaw that is present nearly every evening, came and danced with a Mrs. Cleveland, but I thought that William might be Honto, and I clung to that thought

LAST EVENING.

when she walked in front of us, leaned over the rail, and threw her long black hair out to-ward us. She was dressed in Indian style, and as she turned I could plainly see her form; she was straight and had a well developed bust. She walked in front of a picture, looked at it, then went to the farther end of the stage and looked at the picture of a hideous old Arab. As she stood in front of the first picture I marked her height, knowing that William must walk in front of the picture on his way from the cabinet. I did not move my chair, and when he came out his head reached fully three

inches higher on the picture than did Honto's. On the following evening the voice reported that that night was given up to the Indians. First, stepped in front of the curtain an Indian in full dress-stately and beautiful in form The eldest Eddy stater enthusiastically cried, "Oh, you beautiful spirit!" His dress was open in the breast, from his cap streamed a long white feather, and I could see the fringe on his buckskin leggings. The Indians came, one after another, until we had counted seven, then out stepped a giant in form, known as Santum. Some one suggested that Horatio should stand by his side in order to get an ides of his height; this he did, and Santum towered above him. After his height was marked, Horatio was given a push, and cutting up an antic trick Santum went into the cabinet. This "cutting up" on the part of San-tum was very convincing that it was not Wiltjam on stilts, or with a false head, for the legs were shown to bear a good proportion to the body

TRAP DOORS

and machinery were out of the question. Many think that assistants enter the cabinet, and help William to personate, but I am not more absolutely certain of anything than that no form in the flesh is in the cabinet except Wil liam. On Sunday it was suggested that a seance should be held in Honto's cave, a sort of cave formed by a ponderous rock, that at some day was lodged over the stream. The cabinet I helped construct, by laying some sticks in the bed of the stream, and nailing upon them some fence boards. Corner sticks were placed from the ground to the rock and held in place by withes. On one side was the rock; on the opposite side was piled spruce brush, and blankets were hung on the remain-

ing sides.
The first form that came was that of an Indian, and he danced in front of the blanket, making the boards clatter. Then, on the rock high up in front of us was seen standing stately Indian that must have gone fifty feet from the cabinet, but as all eyes were turned upon him he sprang away. One Indian went through the motion of drinking from his hand water scooped from the stream, and another

appeared to stretch himself upon the pebbles.
Horatio was called down into the cabinet, and told that it was too damp for any more power to be displayed, and we had better go to the old Indian comping ground-a cleared spot on the mountain side on which, in a large circle, are marks of camp fires. This we did and erected another cabinet, and the manifestations occurring here, assuming them to be genuine, are, doubtless, among the most

WONDERFUL ON RECORD.

It being a cloudless night, and within a week of a full moon, a good idea may be had of how plainly we could see the figures. An Audian came out, went to a tree about twelve feet distant, sprang up it about four feet, went in the cabinet, came out and climed upon a rock. The next form was dressed in black, and had the deportment of a gentleman. When asked if it was Wm. White, formerly of the BANNER, he waved from his hand a white object about as large as a newspaper. I was sitting within three rods of the cabinet, and he walked about fifteen feet toward me. We asked him to speak and he did hoarsely. Unable to understand, we repeated the request, when we could hear, "Remember this night." When he had gone back, the voice said, if we had brought the trumpet, Mr. White would have spoken to us, and he would do so, if when we held another scance at that place we would have the trumpet on hand; but the weather did not admit of our holding another-out-of-door seance Then came a mediara sized woman, dressed in white, said to be Miss or Mrs. (I know not which) A. Sprague, a native of Vermont, and when in the form an inspirational speaker. She walked a few feet from the cabinet, and in a clear, womanly voice that an audience of two thousand might have distinctly heard, she two thousand might have distinctly heard, she spoke for five or six minutes—possibly longer,—then knelt and offered up a most fervent and beautiful prayer. The speech was rich in sentiment, and delivered without a single trip or hesitation. I regret they could not have been reported, for in both thought and composition they were gema. The speech was appropriate for the occasion, and, as an impromptu, beyond, I thought, the capability of any person on the ground. I noticed one peculiarity about this form—the largeness of the arms—which, from the elbows down, appeared to be bare.

Among the persons present, and to whom some may wish to refer, are Dr. C. C. Wake-field, Warren, Vt., A. Frost, and Dr. M. E. Jewett, Rutland, James McClure, Albany, N. Y. A. Beebe, E.q., Ogdensburg, A. B. Swift, Earlyille, and Mrs. Caroline Coss., Hudson,

ARE PRIENDS RECOGNIZED?

It is so claimed by many, but during the week of my stay, no one except a Mrs. Packard, of Albany, distinctly saw the features of any form. An old lady came, claiming to be Mrs. P.'s mother, and they were so near as to touch hands, and Mrs P said it was her mother. At that distance she should certainly know. Many asked if the forms bore such and such rela tionship to them, and were answered in the affirmative, and they declared that in general make-up they resembled the ones they pur-ported to be. I have friends—few in number, perhaps-whom, by their forms, I should have recognized had they come upon the platform; but there is a wide spread, erroneous idea re-specting the brightness of the light, and I am strongly of the opinion that some who have been here and claimed to see all their dead relatives from their great-grandfather down, al lowed their credulity to outweigh taeir good

DO THEY TALK !

Not often. I did not hear a dozen speak No Indian uttered a syllable. It is claimed that not many have the power to talk. Some speak hoarsely through the trumpet, but ques-tions are generally responded to by raps. One when asked if he was happy, answered by pointing upward. Forms purporting to be Miss Sprague, an pid woman called the Witch of the Mountains, Mrs. Eddy, mother of the Eddy children, a Mrs. Eaton, and an Aunt Called Trans. Poliy, talked freely. The latter, whom it seems was so unfortunate as to have an easily ruffled temper, affirmed that she was not as full of hell as she used to be!

At one seance two objects looking like children stood in the door. They bowed to Dr. Wakefield, whose sisters they claimed to be. A lady told me she saw child walk from the cabinet onto the platform; I would go many

miles to see it.

At the last seance a young lady dressed in white stood in the decrway; she stepped back, the curtain fell, but in a second it was pushed aside and Honto came out in full Indian dress. That, aside from the children - and I am somewhat doubtful about their being children-was the nearest approach of seeing the same time

Reports have been published stating that the forms dissolved in view of the sitters, but I seriously doubt the truth of such reports. While these persons in the circle claimed to see them fade away, I saw them pass quickly behind the curtain—nothing more.
During the time when no one is seen, Morse,

a controlling spirit, talks on the inside of the cabinet, and occasionally stumbles over the trumpet. As soon as a form is seen, no noise in the cabinet-no voice of Morse.

I went to Chittenden to assure myself of the character of these manifestations - 1 came away puzzled.

Earlville, N. Y.

A Wall.

The leader in the New York Witness, of June 20th, is a wall so decided and despairing in tone as to demand more than a heaty hearing. I pick from it these sentences, unnecessarily expensive churches, showy ritu-als, and other heartless things, we confude our energies and our money. Our missionaries in the Territories are picking cranberries for a living, or longing for an eleemosynary box of clothing, while we are surfeiting ourselves in sinful luxuries. How is it that the followers of Mahomet are aweeping over the Eastern world with their false doctrines, gathering multitudes within its folds, while the divine things of Christ the Lord are rejected? It can not be altogether on account of the perverseness of human nature. We fear the true cause is to be found in the indifference and lukewarmness of the church. The church in recent times, with its ritualisms, its operatic music, its heartless, pointless essays, and the extravagances and vanity which it displays, have no charms for the common people or common sense. We have lost the path, we have got into an enfeebling atmosphere, we are in the valley of ivy and dead bones." What overwhelming deductions may be drawn from those sentences. In the course of this lamentation Romanism

and Infidelity are called "twin agencies of degradation." Wonderful intellectual incadegradation." pacity to be found in an editor who presides over a widely circulated newspaper. Men, dear Dougall, believe what they are forced to belleve.

Among my acquaintances, the Infidels, such as believe that there is no life beyond the grave, are the most practical, exacting men. They require demonstrations to follow state ments. These men. I know, live under a cloud. The grave is cheerless, they would look beyond, but the vail is not rent. Because of the inability of orthodoxy to furnish evidence of immortality, it hurls Infidel at their heads, Christianity associating degradation with the term. Listen to the conversation: Dougall:—You are an agency of degradation because an Infidel.

Infidel:—I am not an Infidel from choice, but facts and circumstances have made me one. But as you claim to have other proof, produce

Dougall.—Fasy enough.
But right here starts in this very inability.
here men have been through the full course

that Mr. Dougall will suggest, attended church, read the Bible, been through revivals, and some of them were once enthusiastic church members, yet, not withstanding all, they failed to get hold of positive evidence. And now, because creduity does not ensisve them, because they are too honest to-bow down canting hypocrites, they are affectionately styled agencies of degradation. Dear Dougall, ou edit a Coristian newspaper, but the name better than the game.

Such a waii as this that goes out in the Witness, the sentiments uttered by some of the members of the Evangelical Alliance, the boldness of Beecher and Swing, -all from Christian headquarters, - mean something or nothingwhich! Do they not mean that the people are turning to a religion not dependent upon a church that " has no charms for the common people or common sense?"

M. L. SALRY. Earlville, N. Y.

Is God an Organic Being?

Ma. EDITOR - With your permission I will offer a few taoughts on the question that heads this article. I take the position that flod is an organic being, or that he is nothing. By an organic being, I mean, that he is an individual existence, possessing all the qualities and attrioutes of a distinct personality. I mean that he is a person or being separate from all other persons or beings, and in this respect, has a locality, form, body and an organization peculiar to himself, and, nence, in this particular, is no exception to all other conscious existences throughout the universe, whether they be spirit, angel, man, beast, bird, fish, insect, or even animalcule. In his ex-latence God is, essentially and necessarily, one, undivided and indivisible.

Step from this position, and you step square

into Atheism, for the moment you divide God, definitely or indefinitely, you destroy him; therefore, Trinitarianism is Atheism; because, instead of one infinite being, it makes him three persons—finite, of course. Pantheism is Atheism, because it divides him infinitesimally into "the all things of nature." This destroys his personality, and what, and where is God when his personality is gone? Nothing, and nowhere; therefore, we reiterate, that God is a real person or being, and vided and undivisible in his essential existence, or, that he is

nothing.
If God has not a form and organism, then an exception to all known thtelligences and conscious existences. If he had no particular locality, out is personally everywhere, then the beriptures were evidently designed to mislead, for there is no "from him" him," "before him or behind him," "abov him" or below him," or "round about him, before him or behind him," "above as they continually represent. Again, if God is not a real individual being, separate from all other beings, then he can know nothing,

do nothing, and be nothing.
The seeming objection to this view of God's omnipresence, I answer thus: The sun has a locality in the centre of the solar system, and yet is everywhere present in it by his light and heat. Bo God is everywhere by the emanations of his spirit power and influence, but permanally is, and must be, local.

Yours respectfully, LYMAN PERRY.

Plymouth, Wis.

Letter from Fisher Doherty.

Buo. Jones :- You have no doubt seen from the dispatches that our city has been the victim of another fire which fell heavily on me. No clue as jet to u e cause of the fire. It originsted in a frame-building of mine used as a storage room. It was full of stock for carry-ing on our carriage factory business. My smith-shop and dwelling were burned. In all I lost five buildings. My loss is heavy, being but lightly insured. I shall rebuild and resume business at once.

I wish to say to the readers of your excellent paper, that myself and son had received some letters of inquiry in regard to spirit-photo-grapy, and some of them contained maney with orders for pictures. These letters were burned, and we are unable to answer them. Persons having written us will please inform us, that they may either get their pictures or the money refunded.

We have a new man in the field here—Dr. N. Littell. He can be addressed at this place and will answer calls to lecture. He is a clairvoyant medium of distinguished ability. He was for many years a minister in the so-called Christian church, but was latterly expelled for entertaining liberal views. He is now proclaiming with marked success the glorious gospel of our Harmonial Philosophy. pears to be the right man in the right place to break down the bars of priestoraft and super-

He gives writings on paper when blindfolded, drawings of flowers, birds, landscapes,
profiles and braidings of the most rare and
costly patterns, slate-writings without any
visible form holding the pencil, blood-writings
on the arm, right before one's eyes in broad
day-light, answers mental or scaled questions,
with many other things bordering on the marvelous.

Yours truly, FISHER DONESTY. Crawfordsville, Ind., June 30th, 1874.

TWENTY-PIVE CENTS pays for the RELIGIO-PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL for three months, for new trial subscribers. Please send in the subscriptions.

[Continued from our last issue]

From the London Fortnightly Review, May, 1874. A DEFENSE OF MODERN SPIRITUAL-

BY ALPRED B. WALLACE, P. R. S., ETC.

PART II. SPIRIT PROTOGRAPHS.

We now approach a subject which cannot be omitted in any impartial sketch of the evidences of Spiritualism, since it is that which furnishes perhaps the most unassailable de-monstration it is possible to obtain, of the obective reality of spiritual forms, and also of the truthful nature of the evidence furnished seers when they describe figures visible to emselves alone. It has been already indicated—that it is a fact, of which the records of Spiritualism furnish ample proof—that differ-ent individuals possess the power of seeing tuck forms and figures in variable degrees. Thus, it often happens at a seance, that some will see distinct lights of which they will describe the form, appearance and position, while others see nothing at all. If only one or two ersons see the lights, the rest will naturally impute it to their imagination; but there are cases in which only one or two of those present are unable to see them. There are also cases in which sil see them, but in very different degrees of distinctness; yet that they see the same objects is proved by their all agreeing as to the position and movement of the lights Again, what some see as merely luminous clouds, others will see as distinct human forms, either partial or entire. In other cases all present see the form-whether hand, face, or entire figure—with equal distinctness. Again, the objective reality of these appearances is sometimes proved by their being touched, or by their being seen to move objects-in some ses heard to speak, in others seen to write, by several persons at one and the same time; the figure seen or the writing produced being sometimes unmistakably recognizable as that of some deceased friend. A volume could easily be filled with records of this class of appearances, authenticated by place, date, and names of witnesses; and a considerable selec-tion is to be found in the works of Mr. Robert

Now, at this point, an inquirer, who kad not pre-judged the question, and who did not believe his own knowledge of the universe to be so complete as to justify him in rejecting all evidence for facts which he had hitherto con-sidered to be in the highest degree improbable, might fairly say, "Your evidence for the sp-pearance of visible, tangible, spiritual forms, s very strong; but I should like to have them submitted to a crucial test, which would quite settle the question of the possibility of their being due to a coincident delusion of several senses of several persons at the same time; and, if satisfactory, would demonstrate their objective reality in a way nothing else can do. If they really reflect or emit light which makes them visible to human eyes, they can be photographed. Photograph them, and you will have an unanswerable proof that your human witnesses are trustworthy." Two years ago we could only have replied to this very proper suggestion, that we believed it had been done could be again done, but that we had no satisfactory evidence to offer. Now, however, we are in a position to state, not only that it has been frequently done, but that the evidence is of such a nature as to satisfy any one who will take the trouble carefully to examine it. This evidence we will now lay before our readers, and we venture to think they will acknowledge it to be the most remarkable.

Dale Owen.

Before doing so it may be as well to clear away a popular misconception. Mr. Lewes advised the Dialectical Committee to distinguish carefully between "facts and inferences from facts." This is especially necessary in the case of what are called spirit photographs. The figures which occur in these, when not produced by any human agency, may be of "spiritual" origin, without being figures "of spirits." There is much evidence to show that visible intelligences, but distinct from them. In other cases the intelligence appears to clothe itself with matter capable of being per-ceived by us; but even then it does not follow that the form produced is the actual image of the spiritual form. It may be but a reproduc-tion of the former mortal form with its terrestrial accompaniments, for purposes of recog-

Most persons have heard of these "ghostpictures," and how easily they can be made to order by any photographer, and are therefore disposed to think they can be of no use as evidence. But a little consideration will show them that the means by which sham ghosts can be manufactured being so well known to all photographers, it becomes easy to apply tests or arrange conditions so as to prevent imposition. The following are some of the more

obvious: If a person with a knowledge of photography takes his own glass plates, examines the camera used and all the accessories, and watches the whole process of taking a picture, hen, if any definite form appears on the negative besides the sitter, it is a proof that some object was present capable of reflecting or emitting the actenic rays, although invisible to those present.

2. If an unmistakable likeness appears of a deceased person totally unknown to the pho-

8. If figures appear on the negative having a definite relation to the figure of the sitter, who chooses his own position, attitude and accompaniments, it is a proof that invisible fig-

ures were really there.
4. If a figure appears draped in white, and partly behind the dark body of the sitter without in the least showing through, it is a proof that the white figure was there at the same time, because the dark parts of the negative are transparent, and any white picture in any way superposed would show through.

5. Even should none of these tests be ap-

plied, yet if a medium, quite independent of the photographer, sees and describes a figure during the sitting and an exactly corresponding figure appears on the plate, it is a proof Every one of these tests have now been suc

cessfully applied in our own country, as the following outline of the facts will show: The accounts of spirit-photography in sev-eral parts of the United States caused many Spiritualists in this country to make experiments; but for a long time without success

ments; but for a long time without-success. Mr. and Mrs. Guppy, who are both amateur photographers, tried at their own house, and failed. In March, 1879, they went one day to Mr. Hudson's, a photographer living near them (not a Spiritualist), to get some carries de visite of Mrs. Guppy. After the sitting the idea suddenly struck Mr. Guppy that he would try for a spirit-photograph. He sat down, told Mrs. G. to go behind the background, and had a picture taken. There came out behind him a large, indefinite, oval white paich, somewhat resembling the outline of a draped figure. Mrs. G.; behind the background, was dreised in black.

under which it was taken, and the great white patch which no impostor would have attempted to produce, and which, taken by itself, utterly spails the picture. A few days afterwards, Mr. and Mrs. G. and their little boy went with contains a patie. out any notice. Mrs. Guppy sat on the ground holding the boy on a stool. Her husband stood behind looking on. The picture thus produced is most remarkable. A tall female figure, finely draped in white gauzy robes, stands directly behind and above the sitters, looking down on them and holding its open hands over their them and holding its open hands over their heads, as if giving a benediction. The face is somewhat Esstern, and, with the hands, is beautifully defined. The white robes pass behind the sitters dark figures without in the least showing through. A second picture was then taken as soon as a plate could be prepared; and it was fortunate it was so, for it resulted in a most remarkable test. Mrs. G. again knelt with the boy; but this time she did not stoop so much, and her bead was higher. The same white frue comes out equally well defined, but it changed its position in a manner exactly corresponding to the slight change of Mrs. Guppy's position. The hands were before on a level; now one is raised con-siderably higher than the other, so as to keep it about the same distance from Mrs. Guppy's head as it was before. The folds of the drapery all correspondingly differ, and the head is slightly turned. Here, then, one of the two things is absolutely certain. E(ther there was a living, intelligent, but invisible being present, or Mr. and Mrs. Guppy, the photographer, and some fourth person, planned a wicked imposture, and have maintained it ever since. Knowing Mr. and Mrs. Guppy so well as I do, I feel an absolute conviction that they are as incapable of an imposture of this kind as any earnest inquirer after truth in the department of natural science.

The report of these pictures soon spread. Spiritualists in great numbers came to try for similar results, with varying degrees of success; till after a time rumor of imposture arose, and it is now firmly believed by many, from suspicious appearances on the pictures and from other circumstances, that a large number of shams have been produced. It is certainly not to be wondered at if it be so. The photo grapher, remember, was not a Spiritualist, and was utterly puzzled at the pictures bove described. Scores of people came to him, and he saw that they were satisfied if they got a second figure with themselves, and dissatisfied if they d not. He may have made arrangements by which to satisfy everybody. One thing is clear: that if there has been imposture, it was at once detected by Spiritualists themselves; if not, then Spiritualists have been quick in noticing what appeared to indicate it. Those, however, who most strongly assert imposture, allow that a large number of genuine pictures have been taken. But, true or not, the cry of imposture did good, since it showed the necessity for tests and for independent confirmation

The test of clearly recognizable likenesses of deceased friends has often been obtained. Mr. William Howitt, who went without previous notice, obtained likenesses of two sons, many years dead, and of the very existence of one o which even the friend who accompanied Mr. Howitt was ignorant. The likenesses were in-stantly recognized by Mrs. Howitt; and Mr. Howitt declares them to be "perfect and unmistakable." (Spiritual Magazine, Oct., 1872) Dr. Thomson, of Clifton, obtained a photograph of himself, accompanied by that of a lady he did not know. He sent it to his uncle in Scotland, simply asking if he recognized a resemblance to any of the family deceased. The reply was that it was the likeness of Dr. Thomson's own mother, who died at his birth; and there being no picture of her in existence, he had no idea what she was like. The uncle very naturally remarked, that he "could not understand how it was done." (Spiritual Maga-zine, Oct., 1873.) Many other instances of re-cognition have occurred, but I will only add my personal testimony.

A few weeks back I myself went to the same photographer's for the first time, and obtained a most unmistakable likeness of a deceased relative. We will now pass to a better class of evidence, the private exp

Thomas Slater, and old established optician in the Euston Road, and an amateur photographer, took with him to Mr. Hudson's a new camera of his own manufacture and his own glasses, saw everything done, and obtained a portrait with a second figure on it. He then began experiments in his own private house, and during last summer obtained some remarkable results. The first of his successes contains two heads by the side of a portrait of his sister. One of these heads is unmistakably the late Lord Brougham's; the other, much less distinct, is recognized by Mr. Slater as that of Robert Owen, whom he knew intimately up to the time of his death. He has since obtained several excellent pictures of the same class. One in particular shows a female in black and white flowing robes, standing by the side of Mr. Slater. In another the head and bust appears, leaning over his shoulder. The faces of these two are much alike, and other members of the family recognize them as likenesses of Mr. Slater's mother, who died when he was an infant. In another a pretty child-figure, also draped, stands beside Mr.
Slater's little boy. Now, whether these figures
are correctly identified or not, is not the essential point. The fact that any figures, so clear and unmistakably human in appearance as these should appear on plates taken in his own private studio by an experienced optician and ameteur photographer, who makes all his apparatus himself, and with no one present but the members of his own family, is the real marvel. In one case a second figure appeared on a plate with himself, taken by Mr. Slater when he was absolutely alone—by the simple process of occupying the sitter's chair after uncapping the camera. He and his family being themselves mediums, they require no extransous assistance; and this may perhaps be the reason why he has succeeded so well. One of the most extraordinary pictures ob-tained by Mr. Sister is a full-length portrait of his sister, in which there is no second figure, but the sitter appears covered all over with a kind of transparent lace drapery, which on examination is seen to be wholly made up of shaded circles of different sizes, quite unlike any material fabric I have seen or heard of. Mr. Slater has himself shown me all these

pictures and explained the conditions under which they were produced. They are not im-postures is certain; and as the first independent

postures is certain; and as the first independent confirmations of what had been previously obtained only through professional photographers, their value is inestimable.

A less successful but not perhaps on that account less satisfactory confirmation has been obtained by another amateur, who, after eighteen months of experiment, obtained a partial success. Mr. R. Williams, M. A., Ph. of Mrs. Gappy. After the sitting the idea suddenly struck Mr. Guppy that he would try for a spirit-photograph. He sat down, told Mrs. G. to go behind the background, and had a picture taken. There came out behind him a large, indefinite, oval white paich, somewhat resembling the outline of a draped figure. Mrs. G. behind the background, was dressed in black.

This is the first spirit-photograph taken in England, and it is perhaps more satisfactory on account of the suddenness of the impulse of these figures by any known means.

The editor of the British Journal of Photography has made experiments at Mr. Hudson's studio, -taking his own collection and new plates, and doing everything himself, yet there were "abnormal appearances" on the pictures, although no distinct figures.

We now come to the valuable and conclusive

experiments of Mr. John Beattle, of Clifton, a retired photographer of twenty years' exper-ience, and of whom the above-mentioned editor says: "Every one who knows Mr.
Beattle will give him credit for being a
thoughtful, skillful and intelligent photographer, at least in matters relating to photography, id one quite incapable of deceiving others. Mr. Beattle has been assisted in his research-

eslby Dr. Thomson, an Edinburg, M. D., who

has practiced photography, as an amateur, for twenty-five years. They experimented at the

studio of a friend, who was not a Spiritualist

(but who became a medium during the experi-ments), and had the services of a tradesman with whom they were well acquainted—as a medium. The whole of the photographic work was done by Mesara. Bestire and Thom-son, the other two sitting at a small table. The pictures were taken in series of three, The pictures were taken in series of three, within a few seconds of each other, and sev-eral of these series were taken at each sitting. The figures produced are, for the most part, not human, variously-formed and shaded white patches, which in successive pictures change their form, and develop, as it were, into a more perfect or complete type. Thus, one set of five begins with two white somewhat angular patches over the middle sitter, and ends with a rude but unmistakable white female figure, covering the larger part of the plate. The other three show intermediate stages, indicating a continuous change of form from the first to the last. Another set (of four pictures) begins with a white vertical cylinder over the body of the medium, and a shorter one on his head. These change their form in the second and third, and in the last become literally spread out into luminous masses resembling nebule. Another set of three is very curious. The first has an oblique flowing luminous patch from the table to the ground; in the second, this has changed to a white serpentine column, ending in a point above the medium's head; in the third, the column has become broader and somewhat double, with the curve in the opposite direction, and with a head-like termination. The change of the curvature may have some con-nection with a change in the position of the sitters, which is seen to have taken place between the second and the third of this set. There are two others, taken, like all the 'pre-ceding, in 1872, but which the medium described during the exposure. The first, he said, was a thick white fog; and the picture came out all shaded white, with not a trace of any of the sitters. The other was described as a fog with a figure standing in it; and here a white human figure is alone seen in the almost uniform foggy surface. During the experiments made in 1873, the medium, in every case, minutely and correctly described the appearances which afterwards came out on the plate. In one there is a luminous-rayed star of large size, with a human face faintly visible in the center. This is the last of three in which the star developed, and the whole were accurately described by the medium. In another set of three, the medium first described

my hands." Then he suddenly exclaimed, "What a bright light up there! Can you not see it?" pointing to it with his hand. All this most accurately describes the three pic-sures, and in the last, the medium's hand is seen pointing to a white patch which appears overhead. There are other curious developments, the nature of which is already sufficiently indicated; but one very startling single picture must be mentioned. During the ex-posure one medium said he saw on the background a black figure, the other medium saw a light figure by the side of the black one. In the picture both these figures appear, the light one very faintly, the black one much more distinctly, of a gigantic size, with a massive coarse-featured face and long hair.—Spiritual Magazine, January and August 1878; Photographic News, June 28th, 1872.

Mr. Beattie has been so good as to send me for examination a complete set of these most extraordinary photographs, thirty-two in number, and has furnished me with any particulars I desired. I have described them as correctly as I am able; and Dr. Thomson has authorized

"a light behind him, coming from the floor."

The next, "a light rising over another person's

arm, coming from his own boots." The third,

"there is the same light, but now a column comes up through the table, and it is hot to

me to use his name as confirming Mr. Beattie's account of the conditions under which they appeared. These experiments were not made without labor and perseverance. Sometimes twenty consecutive pictures produced absolutely nothing unusual. Hundreds have been taken, and more than half have been complete failures. But the successes have been worth the labor. They demonstrate the fact that what a medium or sensitive sees (even where no one else sees anything) may often have an objective existence. They teach us that perhaps the book-seller, Nicolai, of Berlin—whose case has been quoted ad nauseum as the type of a "spectral illusion"—saw real beings after all; and that, had photography been then discovered and properly applied, we might now have the portraits of the invisible men and women who crowded his room. They give us hints of a process by which the figures seen at seances may have to be gradually formed or developed, and enable us bet-ter to understand the statements repeatedly

made by the communicating intelligences, that it is very difficult to produce definite, visible and tangible forms, and that it can only be done under a rare combination of favorable conditions.

We find, then, that three amateur photographers, working inependently in different parts of England, separately confirm the fact of spirit photography—already demonstrated to the satisfaction of many who had tested it through professional photographers. The ex-periments of Beattie and Dr. Thomson are alone absolutely conclusive; and, taken in connection with those of Mr. Blater and Dr. Williams, and the test photographs, like those of Mrs. Guppy, established as cientific fact the objective existence of invisible human forms and definite invisible actinic images. Before leaving the photographic phenor we have to notice two curious points in con-nection with them. The actinic action of the spirit forms is particular, and much more rapid than that of the light reflected from orrapid than that of the light reflected from ordinary material forms; for the figures start out
the moment the developing fluid touches
them, while the figure of the altter appears
much later. Mr. Beattle noticed this throughont his experiments, and I was mysalf much
struck with it when watching the development of three pictures recently taken at Mr.
Hudson's. The second figure, the light by no
means bright, always came out long before
any other part of the picture. The other singular thing is, the copious drapery in which
these forms are almost always enveloped, so as
to show only just what is necessary for recognition of the face and figure. The explanation given of this is, that the human form is
more difficult to manterialize than drapery.
The conventional "white-sheeted ghost" was
not then all fancy, but had a foundation in

not then all fancy, but had a foundation in

fact, too, of deep significance, dependent on the laws of a yet unknown chemistry. SUMMARY OF THE MORE IMPORTANT MANIFEST-ATIONS, PHYSICAL AND MERTAL

As we have not been able to give an account of many curious facts which occur with the various classes of mediums, the following catalogue of the more important and well characterized phenomena may be useful. They may be grouped provisionally, as, Physor those in which material objects are scied on, or apparently material bodies pro-duced; and Mental, or those which consist in the exhibition, by the medium, of powers or faculties not possessed in the normal state.

The principal physical phenomens are the following:

1. EIMPLE PHYSICAL PHENOMENA.

Producing sounds of all kinds, from a delicate tick to blows like those of a heavy sledge hammer. Altering the weight of bodies.
Moving bodies without human agency. Raising bodies into the air. Conveying bodies to
a distance out of and into closed rooms. Reeasing mediums from every description of bonds, even from welded iron rings, as has happened in America.

2. CHEMICAL.

Preserving from the effects of fire, as already

3. DIRECT WRITING AND DRAWING. Producing writing or drawing on marked papers, placed in such positions that no hu-man hand (or foot) can touch them. Sometimes, visibly to the spectators, a pencil rising up and writing or drawing apparently by it self. Some of the drawings in many colors have been produced on marked paper in from ten to twenty seconds, and the colors found wet. (See Mr. Coleman's evidence in "Dialectical Report." p. 143, confirmed by Lord Borth-wick, p. 150). Mr. Thomas Siater, of 136 Euston Road, is now obtaining communica-tiont in the following manner: A bit of slate pencil an eighth of an inch long is laid on a table; a clean slate is laid over this, in a well lighted room; the sound of writing is then heard, and in a few minutes a communication of considerable length is found distinctly written. At other times the slate is held between

spirit and matter, supporting the usual Spirit-ual theory on this subject.

4. MUSICAL PHENOMENA. Musical instruments, of various kinds, played without human agency, from a hand-bell to a closed plane. With some mediums, and where the conditions are favorable, original musical compositions of a very high character are produced. This occurs with Mr. Home.

himself and another person, their other hands

being joined. Some of these communications

are philosophical discussions on the nature of

5. SPIRITUAL PORMS.

These are either luminous appearances, sparks, stars, globes of light, luminous clouds, etc., or, hands, faces, or entire human figures, usually covered with flowing drapery, except a portion of the face and hands. The human forms are often capable of moving solid ob-jects, and are both visole and tangible to all present. In other cases they are only visible to seers, but when this is the case it sometimes happens that the seer describes the figure as lifting a flower or pen, and others present ses the flower or the pen apparently move by itself. In some cases they speak distinctly, in others the #oice is heard by all, the form only seen by the medium. The flowing robes of these forms have in some cases been examined, and pieces cut off, which have in a short time melted away. Flowers are also brought, some of which fade away and vanish; others are real, and can be kept indefinitely. It must not be concluded that any of three forms are actual spirits; they are probably only tempo-rary forms produced by spirits for purposes of test, or of recognition by their friends. This is the account invariably given of them by communications obtained in various ways; so that the objection once thought to be so crushing that there can be no "ghosts" of clothes, armor, or walking sticks—ceases to have any weight.

6. SPIR WAL PHOTOGRAPHS.

These, as just detailed, demonstrate by a purely physical experiment the trustworthiness of the preceding class of observations. We now come to the mental phenomena, of which the following are the chief:

1. AUTOMATIC WRITING.

The medium writes involuntarily; often matter which he is not thinking about, not expecting, and does not like. Occasionally definite and correct information is given of facts of which the medium has not, nor ever had, any knowledge. Sometimes future events are accurately predicted. The writing takes place either by the hand or through a planchette. Often the handwriting changes. Sometimes it is written backwards; sometimes in languages mediums do not understand.

2. SERING, OR CLAIRVOYANCE AND CLAIR-AUDIENCE.

This is of various kinds. Some mediums see the forms of deceased persons waknown to and describe their peculiarities so minutely that their friends at once recognize them. They often hear voices, through which they obtain names, date, and place, connected with the individuals so described. Others read scaled letters in any language, and write appropriate answers. appropriate answers.

3. TRANCE SPRAKING.

The medium goes into a more or less uncon-scious state, and then speaks, often on matters and in a style far beyond his own capacities Thus Serjeant Cox—no mean judge on a mat-ter of literary style—says, "I have heard an uneducated bar-man, when in a state of trance, maintain a dialogue with a party of philoso-phers on 'Reason and Foreknowledge, Will and Fate,' and hold his own against, them. I have put to him the most difficult questions in psychology, and received answers, always thoughtful, often full of wisdom, and invariably conveyed in choice and elegant language. Nevertheless a quarter of an hour afterwards, when released from the trance, he was unable to answer the simplest query on a philosophical subject, and was even at a loss for sufficient language. ical subject, and was even at a loss for sufficient language to express a downcomplace idea," ("What am I?" Vol. II., p. 242) That this is not overstated I can myself testify from repeated observation of the same medium. And from other trance speakers—such as Mrs. Harding, Mrs. Tappan, and Mr. Peebles—I have heard discourses which, for high and sustained eloquence, noble thoughts, and high moral purpose, surpassed the best efforts of any preacher or lecturer within my experience. 4. IMPERSONATION

This occurs during trance. The medium seems taken possession of by another being; speaks, looks and acts the character in a most marvelots manner; in some cases speaks foreign languages never even heard in the normal state; as in the case of Miss Edmonds, already given. When the influence is violent or pain-

ful, the effects are such as have been in all ages imputed to possession by evil spirits.

HEALING.

There are various forms of this. Sometimes by mere laying on of hands, an exalted form of simple meameric healing. Sometimes, in the trance state, the medium at once discovers the hidden malady, and prescribes for it, often describing very exactly the morbid appearance of internal organs.

The purely mental phenomena are generally of no use as evidence to non-Spiritualists, except in those few cases where rigid tests can be applied; but they are so intimately con-nected with the physical series, and often so interwoven with them, that no one who has sufficient experience to satisfy him of the reality of the former, fails to see that the latter form part of the general system, and are de-

pendent on the same agencies.

With the physical series the case is very different. They form a connected body of evidence, from the simplest to the most complex and astounding, every single component fact of which can be and has been repeatedly demonstrated by itself; while each gives weight and confirmation to all the rest. They have all, or neary all, been before the world for twenty years; the theories and explanations of reviewers and critics do not touch them, or in any way satisfy any sane man who has repeatedly witnessed them; they have been tested and examined by skeptics of every grade of incredulity, men in every way qualified to detect imposture or to discover natural causestrained physicists, medical men, lawyers and men of business—but in every case the in-vestigators have either retired bailled, or become converts.

There have, it is true, been some impostors who attempted to imitate the phenomena; but such cases are few in number, and have been discovered by tests far less severe than those to which the genuine phenomena have been submitted over and over again; and a large proportion of these phenomena have never been imitated, because they are beyond successful imitation.

Now what do our leaders of public opinion

say, when a scientific man of proved ability again observes a large portion of the more extraordinary phenomena, in his own house, un-der test conditions, and affirms their objective reality; and this not after a hasty examination, but after four years of research? Men "with heavy scientific appendages to their names" refuse to examine them when invited; the eminent society of which he is a fellow refuses to record them; and the press cries out that it wants better witnesses than Mr. Crookes, and that such (ach want "confirmation" before they can be believed. But why more con-firmation? And when again "confirmed," who is to confirm the confirmer? After the whole range of the phenomena had been before the world ten years, and had convinced skeptics by tens of thousands—skeptics, be it remembered, of common sense and more than common scuteness. Americans of all classesthey were confirmed by the first chemist in America, Prof. Robert Hare. Two years later they were again confirmed by the elaborate and persevering inquires of one of the first American lawyers, Judge Edmonds. Then by another good chemist, Prof. Mapes. In France the truth of the simpler physical phenomena was confirmed by Count A. de Gasparin in 1854; and since then French astronomers, mathematicians and chemists of high rank have confirmed them. Prof. Thury of Geneva again confirmed them, in 1855. In our own country such men as Prof. de Morgan, Dr. Lockhart Robertson, T. Adolphus Trollope, Dr. Robert Chambers, Serjeant Cox. Mr. C. F. Variey, as well as the skeptical Dialectical Committee, have independently confirmed arge portions of them; and lastly comes Mr. William Crookes, F R S., with four years of search and unrestricted experiment with the two oldest and most remarkable mediums in the world, and again confirms almost the whole series! But even this is not all. Through an independent set of most competent observes we have the crucial test of photography; a witness which can not be deceived, which has no preconceived opinions, which can not be ister "subjective" impressions; a thoroughly scientific witness, who is admitted into our law courts, and whose testimony is good as against any number of recollections of what did happen or opinions as to what ought-to and must have happened. And what have the other side brought against this overwhelming array of consistent and unimpeachable evidence? They have merely made absurd and insdequate suppositions, but have not disproved or explained away one weighty fact! My position, therefore, is, that the phenome-

ns of Spiritualism in their entirety do not re-quire further confirmation. They are proved quite as well as any facts are proved in other sciences; and it is not depist or mibbling that can disprove any of them, but only fresh facts and accurate deductions from those facts. When the opponents of Spiritualism can give a record of their researches approaching in duration and completeness to those of its advocates; and when they can discover and show in detail, either how the phenomena are produced or how the many sane and able men here referred to have been deluded into a coincident belief that they have witnessed them; and when they can prove the correctness of their theory by producing a like belief in a body of equally same and able unbelievers then, and not till then, will it be necessary for Spiritualists to produce fresh confirmation of facts which are, and always have been, suffi-ciently real and indisputable to satisfy any honest and persevering inquirer.

This being the state of the case as regards evidence and proof, we are fully justified in taking the facts of Modern Spiritualism (and with them the spiritual theory as the only tens-ble one) as being fully established. It only remains to give a brief account of the more important uses and teachings of Spiritualism.

TO BE CONTINUED.

New Medium.

Bro. Jones:—A medium, as remarkable as any who has yet been published, lives in this city, but whose name I am not at liberty as to mention. The spirits materialize perfectly, converse aloud with us intelligenty, throw their arms around our necks and hug and kiss as those in the flesh; play with us and tickle us as in a romp and play. They will raise a man, chair, etc., that weighs over two hundred pounds with ease from the floor in mid air; will take one of the company and waltz as natural and as perfectly as life; have stood for an hour of more at the time beside a large music-box and wound it up as it run down as correctly as I could have done it, and many other things are done too tedlous to men-There is scarcely a more remarkable medium known to the world than this young

man, scarcely twenty years of age.

Yours truly, W. HAMRAL Houston, Texas.

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Quarterly Meeting.

The following is the proceedings of the Northern Wisconsin Spiritualist Association's Quarterly Meeting, held in Union Church. Village of Oakfield, June 26th, 27th and 28th,

The meeting was called to order Friday evening, June 26th, by President Orvis. The Secretary being absent, Dr. G. C. Phillips, of Omro, chosen Secretary pro tem. The chair by request appointed the various committees. Regular speakers engaged for occasion. Mrs. M. H. Parry and Dr. E. C. Dunn, decided to use the whole evening in conference. Quite a lively interest in the subject discussed, several participating. Decided to elect officers for participating. Decided to elect officers for association for ensuing year to-morrow afternoon. Report of business received and adopted. Song by Dr. Phillips and wife, of Omrow Adjourned to meet to morrow at 9, o'clock

Saturday, 27th, 9; A. M. - Meeting called to order by President. Conference opened with song by choir. Bro John Wile'x made a stirring speech on his pet theory. "The Relations of Capital and Labor. Subject discussed further by Drs Dunh Bievens, Pres't. Orvis and others. Wm. Rosaiter (test medium) gave exhibitions of his covers in what he called hibitions of his powers in what he called Mind Reading, succeeding under unfavorable circumstances three out of four trials. Dr. Dunn delivered a lecture on the beauties of charity, enjoining each to live up to their highest convictions of right; closed the exer-class of morning by singing from choir. At 2; P. M., proceeded to election of afficers for ensuing year with the following result.

President - Wm. C. Potter, of Weyauwega Vice President: - Mrs Brown, of Ripon. Secretary Edson Painam, of Oakfield. Treasurer. - W. W Wheeler, of Oakfield

Decided to hold next meeting of the association at Omro. Conference, in which Mrs. Parry, Bro. Wilcox, Bishop, Miller, Drs. Phillips and Dunn, participated Subject "Immortality." Dr. E. W. Stevens gave a half-hour lecture, continuing the name theme, Conditions of present and news of future—Charity for all; Man ap ditinate result from the continuing the same of the continuing the same of the continuing the same of the continuing the continuin infinite cause, while cause exists the result remains, State of society License of wickedness from money. Society hoarding gold and crying holy; Widows and orphans crying for bread in their midst; Emaciated women stare us in the face; An index of selfishness, sacri-

fice, mental and physical misery.

Mrs. Parry then gave the closing lecture of the afternoon, "Adie, Expest and Eloquent," were her appeals to humanity. Saturday evening, half-hour's conference, after which Dr. Dunn gave a brilliant lecture on the "Rise and Progress of Spiritualism," in which he uttered some grand truths. Session closed with song from choir.

Song from choir.

Sunday, June 28th, 9 A. M.—Meeting called to order, President Orvis presiding. Song. Conference opened by Bro. John Wilcox. Theme, Community Life, elucidating theories by which people might live more harmoniously happy than in the present-condition of so-Dr. Stevens gave a half-hour lecture, sharp and pithy, after which Mrs. Parry gave the main speech of the morning. Bession

the main speech of the morning. Session closed with music by choir.

Sunday, 2; r. M.—Conference opened with song by Bro. Talmadge, of Fond du Lac. Half-hour speech by Bro. C. Miller; Dr. Dunn giving the regular lecture of the afternoon. Subject: "Do We Need a New Religion?" Session closed with song from choir.

Sunday evening.—Conference opened with

Sunday evening —Conference opened with song—'The Spirits' Call." Some sharp sparring on what is termed the outcast; participated in by Bros. Bishop, Wilcox, Sister Parry, Drs. Phillips and Dunn, after which Mrs. Parry gave the closing lecture of the convention, en titled, "The Iconoclast the Savior of the World," and I can with truth say it was the lecture of the convention. The attendance throughout was good; the audiences well sprinkled with our orthodox neighbors. Mrs. Parry acquitted herself nobly, taking radical ground inroughout the meeting. The song, "Something Sweet to Think Of," was sung by Dr. Phillips and wife, by request. The meeting then adjourned to meet at Omro in three

DR. J. C. PHILLIPS, Sec'y

New Hampshire Spiritual Conven-

tion. The tried and true Spiritualists of New

Hampshire, determined to place their glorious old banner upon a higher eminence and firmer basis than it has ever yet attained in the old Granite State, met according to call, Friday, June 5th, at the old Church in Newbury, not far from the grand old mountain where the notorious Moses was so nobly repulsed, and so ingloriously retreated. The meeting was called to order by the Chairman, Alvin Frost, of Charleston, at 2 o'clock r. M.

First session opened with prayer by Chauncy Barnes, of Boston. Singing by Dr. Lawrence and wife, of Boston. Speaking by Mrs. Ste-vens, Mrs. Sturtevant, Mrs. Lawrence and others. Meeting adjourned till seven o'clock

Evening session opened with an invocation by Mrs. Sturtevant. A highly interesting lecture followed by Mrs. Sievens, of Claremount, on "Anticipation." Meeting adjourned. Saturday morning session. Report of Washington convention read and accepted.

Officers were then chosen to serve the ensuing year: Alvin Frost, President; N. A. Lull and Addie M. Stevens, Vice-Presidents. Voted that they also constitute the Business Voted that they also constitute the Business Committee; L. A. Sturtevant, Sec'y. Resoldtions were then handed in by Frank Chase, read, and after a short discussion voted to be laid upon the table; then followed a conference of one hour, which opened with an invocation by Mrs. Stevens. Alvin Prost spoke feelingly and earnestly of the knowledge he had derived through Modern Spiritualism of the immortality of the soul. Frank Chase-spoke upon the necessity of our disclaming all connections with certain fanatics of the present connections with certain fanatics of the pres-ent day. Remarks by C. Barnes, Mrs. Stevens and others. Meeting closed with the reading of one of Lizzie Doten's poems.

Met according to adjournment at half-past one P. M. One hour was devoted to conference, which was spent in criticisms upon the Bible. D. M. Brown, of Alstead, gave the regular lecture upon the Mission of Spiritualism. Mr. Brown is a veleran, practical Spiritualism, having devoted the most of his time for many years to traveling, giving tests or lecturing as the demand might be.

Evening session. Lecture then by Dr. Lawrence upon the effects of violating nature's laws, both upon the physical and spiritual. The lecture was replets with reformatory ideas.

Sunday morning session opened at 9; A.M. with an invocation by Mrs. Sturtevant. Remarks were made by Mrs. Stevens and Mr. marks were made by Mrs. Stevens and arr. Brown. Mrs. Lawrence spoke somewhat at length, criticising religionists in general, Spiritualists and mediums in particular. Many of her ideas were good and needed; others inconsistent and absurd. Regular lecture by Mrs. Morse, of Haverhill. She dwelt much

upon the necessity of Spiritualists taking hold of all reformatory movements, especially of the traffic in spirituous liquors. D M.
Brown gave the closing lecture, which was
listened to with marked interest.

Afternoon session convened at the usual

hours, and a collection taken up to defray the expenses of the meeting. A vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. and Mrs. Vinal Stevens and Mr and Mrs. V. C. Prockway for the kind. manner in which they had opened their homes and fed and lodged the multitude without money and without price; also to all who had aided in various ways to make the meeting a success, especially to Dr. Lawrence and wife, for their noe vocal music which added much

to the enjoyment of the meeting.

Afternoon services opened with the reading of a poem entitled "The World would be the Better for It," by Dr. Lawrence Closing lecture by Addie M. Stevens. Subject: "What is Spiritualism and What does it bring Us?" Most carnestly and eloquently did she present its ciaims. A poem was read by Dr. Lawrence, when the meeting was adjourned to meet again at some time and place designated by the committee

Thus passed one of the most pleasant and harmonious gatherings it has ever been my privil-ege to attend, showing conclusively that true Spiritualism, minus the Woodhull-element, still lives, and is bound to flourish in the old Granite State. If there were any Hullites present, they had discretion enough to keep their hydra heads concealed, if anything was lacking in quantity compared with past conventions, it was more then made up in quality. L A STURTEVANT.

Report of Convention.

EDITOR JOURNAL -The Quarterly Iowa

State Convention of Spiritualists was held in this city, on the 27th and 28th of June, in ac-cordance with the published call. The speakers in attendance were Warren Chrss, Dr. C. P. Sandford and H. E. Brown, who was accompanied by his wife, Mrs Fan-nie Bowen Brown, an excellent clairvoyant and healing medium.

The lectures were radical but carnest, and, of course, were at variance with the teaching of self-styled orthodoxy, but really infidelity, for seconding to all rules of evidence the Chris-tians of to day are the Infidels of to-day, as far as regards the teachings of Jesus of Nazareth. The attendance at the convention, both from home and abroad was much better than could have been expected considering the extreme heat of the weather. An increase from session to session till on Sunday evening the large Hall was filled with an attentive and appreciative audience. All visitors were entertained by the ladies of the Fort Dodge Society. No discord marred the harmony of the occasion but the end and aim of each lecture seem ed to be the elucidation of truths and the elevation of man on to a higher plane of thought.

Mns. J. Swain, Sec'y.

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to be found throughout the book Many. I bear people talk about a navior. What is a savior; how can we be saved, and what shall we be saved

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JEFFERSON MILLS, N. H., March \$1, 1875;- PROP. PATTOR SPENCE

DRAN SIR-YOUR PORITIVE AND NEGATIVE POWDERS are creating a great excisement here. It can truly be said, in my own person, that the fillind see, the Lame walk, and the Lever is cleaneed. I had the Lever to their years in my legs, arms, beed, and nearly all over my body. After taking your Poddies Powders about four days I shoved up my sleeve to see how my win looked, and to my nither astembered head is arrested. They cared my image, that were thed up with Fillingum and Comgh. The Hadmanatisms in my muscles commenced many years ago, and by degrees at tended all over me, so that I could not raise my right arm to my head, or put on my vest. I can now bold it in any position. My legs I could not raise my right arm to my head, or put on my vest. I can now bold it in any position. My legs I could not raise my right arm to my head, or put on my vest. I can now bold it in any position. My legs I could not all on it all. The powders have set it all right. Several years ago, from "overstaining one spe and a blow on the other i locans Hillind, so that 4 could not know a person in the same room. Now I can read the large words in your Chronian; yet I took only two Boxes of Negatives. On Threshay I called on Mr. Bowles, who had been the about two years; and his wife was allek from taking calconnels. Her Hambs were swelled to her bedy. She could not do anything or go about the house. I could not prevail on him to use the Powders. On my way there i not Mr. Woodward, who is acquainted with the Powders, having used them and seen that good effect. I let him have a Box. He went to Mr. Bowlee's that night, and after much persuasion got Mrs. Bowles to take one of the Powders. Last night my neighbor came in and said he had news for me—camely, that he was at Mr. Bowlee's that night, and after much persuasion got Mrs. Bowles to take one of the Powders. I said as Mrs. Bowlee out on the plants at word much persuasion got Mrs. Bowlee to take one of the moving, and saw Mrs. Bowlee out on the plants at word much persuasion got Mrs. Bowlee to

A. H. KNIGHT.

WHAT DOCTORS SAY,

In the course of a large experience with the Positive and Negative Powders, I have found them almost Infailible is all seute diseases, particularly Pevers of all kinds, such as the Hillous Inflammatory, Typhoid, Congestion of the Lunge, Scarlet Fever, etc. I have also found them infallible in Bowel Complaints and Nervous Headache. I have also proved the Cintment recommended to be made of the Positive Powders (according to Rule the tenth) to be magical in its effects on all kinds of Hores and Erystpelas. DR. M. B. JENKS, formerly of North Adams.

now of Amerbury, Man. One box of your Positive Powders cured David Willington of a pain is his stomach of 8 years' standing. Mrs. E. Claftin was cured by the Negative Powders of Numbuess, or Palmy, of 12 years' duration. The Powders cured Mrs. H. Claffin of Neuralgia. They also cured a judy of Palufut Monstruction when given up as past cure. In cases of Parturition (Child-birth), I consider them of

DR. JULIA WILLIAMS, Practical Midwife, Bari Braintree, VL

myself have been afflicted with Rhoumattern and Heart Disease for three years during which time I have not been able to labor. I have taken two atism is gone and the Heart Disease much relieved.

DR. A. J. CORRY, Ofect Send, Pa. of think there is no medicine n the world like the Poettive and Negative Powders. MRS. DR. GARRISON, Necton, N. J.

In Ague and Chills I consider them unequal-

J. P. WAY, M.D., Benent, IL.

Your Positive and Negative Powders seem to be quite a maystery-no marked action-yet they cure. I have some patients who can't live without them, as nothing else has ever benefited then

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They are poculiarly adapted to the female con-

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Jane Worley was cured of Serofula of 15 years at an ding with 4 Boxes of your Positive Powders, in three weeks, having had dwe Doctors before. Her ankies were swollen, and in running scree; in fact, it was all over her body.—(Rearing Workelly, New Petersburg, Chio.)

Four Boxes of Positive Powders have cured a little girl of a very bed case of Serafula.—(R. McRua, Foyelizettle, N. C.)

The daughter of Henry E. Lepper was afflicted with Serofulo us Sore Eyes for several years. Much of the time she could not bear the light, and had to be shut up in a dark room. Ere she had taken 2 Boxes of your Positive Powders, her eyes, the all appearance, were well, and have remained so.—(Rourer Trouras, Osses, Mics.)

I had running Serefulous sores on me for I years, and could get no cure. I tried all the medicines I could get, but no cure or help until I took your Positive Powders. I am now about well.—(John W. Kendell, Ma.)

I have cured Mrs. Anna Wright of Imherited Serefula with 3 Boxes of the Positive Powders.—(Exel Amel Wight).

Mother had the Catarrh in her head so bed that, whee lying down, she could hear it go drip, drip, or a ringing. Your Positive Powders cured her. They have cured my Catarrh in the head also.—(Eres E. M. Shaver, Perman, Pewlinghin, N. J.)

I have ruleed one man from the dead with two Boxes of your Positive Powders.—(Exel E is now at work for us, a well faux.—(G. W. Hald, New Hoses, Ind.)

Triumphant Victory

Dyspepsia and Indigestion.

A short time since my mother bried your Positive Prowders for Byrnges pesies and Emdignertion. If she ate a piece of apple as large as a baselout, she would not along a particle all mgist, but be very weary and nervous. She is entirely well now.—(A. S. Mowkhay, Stockton, Mice.).

Four years ago I tised half a Box of your Positive Powders, which took all the Lyuppenpuin cut of me, root and branch.—Jount O. Rughhanny, Hordond, Wish.

I have been a sufficer from Byrnge-spain fully near a O years of my life, and for many years hill to restrict myself to the most rigid counts of disting, not having enten a meal of host meat, for anything that was measured with it, for many years. Three Rome of the Positive Prophers relieved me of all, my symptoms of Dyspeputs. I now east mything that information without coffering any iffourwinteness whatever.—(Exv. L. Julian, M.D., Brunsheides, Ark.)

WHAT WOMEN SAY.

My daughter, Martha has been cured of Suppressed Hemstruation by the use of the Positive
Powders.—(J. Coorna, St. Johns, Ark.)
Your Positive Powders have cured me of Dropsy
of the Womb of one year's standing. The tendency to Dropsy was inherited.—(Mms, Rama Mmy,
Brooklyn, N. Y.)
A woman who had four Milectarriages got a
box of Positive Powders of me, and they took her
through her next Pregnancy all right.—(O. Hamay,
Sand Spring, lows.)
My wife is now all right in her monthly periods. As I
said before, she had suffered a great deal from Irregruitarity and File-oding.—She had dectered with seven different Doctors for three years; but
there is nothing as good as your Powders.—(W. H.
Exer, Smith Crock, Mich.)
Your Positive and Nagative Powders have cured a
case of Rilisk Leg vf 16 yours' standing,
also a case of Rheumatism, a case of Failing Sickness or
Fits, and a case of Dysentery.—(Powni Hallook,
Yorkville, Ill.)
Miss Lens Augtin was taken with Steppage of

Yorkville, Ill.)
Miss Lona Augtin was taken with Stoppage of the Periodicals, accompanied by great distress in the head, and coidness of the limbs. S.t was tracial with your Positive Powders, and has entirely recovered—(Boas L. Guzze, Pardesville, Wis.)

No More Headache, Neuralgia, or Rheumatism.

I have been troubled with the Neuralgia for the last 18

I have been troubled with the Neuralgia for the last 18 years, and at times have been laid up with for all weeks at a time. I have need your Positive Powders for Neuralgia and Sick Hendache.—(Lease G. Bararry, White Hills, Oben.)

I have been unfering mearly 40 years with Chrointe Headache, and often reserved to Chloroform to get temporary relief; but the pararyons would return he soon as the effect of the Chloroform wore off. But after using your Positive Powders, I can may with others that they came like an angel of mercy in the night time.—(Man H. A. Ernary, Hoperpulle, Aid.)

I had a seyme stlack of Newrisligia last week, and I stopped it in 10 minutes with your Positive Powders.—(Jacon S. Huvran, River Sign., Ohio.)

When I commenced taking your Powders, I had Splaint Complaints of nearly 50 years standing; also Disabetoes, Seinties, Rheumantiam and Elrysipelits. I am now well of all. Oh, I do think them the most wenderful medicine over given to men. While on a visit to my sister in Dover she told me that there had been almost a miracle wrought with her in a terrible case of Neuralgia with the Fostitive Powders. Shefinduced me to by them myself. I did so, with wallierful success.—(M. Huwrley, Nevia Richardood, N. H.)

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The NEGATIVES cure Paralyers, or Pary, whether of the Muscles or of the senses, as in Burnowse, Dealyers, loss of taste, small, feeling or motion; all Low Fevers, such as the Typnous and the Typnus. Both the FORITIVE AND NEGATIVE are needed in Chulas and FRYER.

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THE IOWA "MIND-READER."

Young Man [From the New York Times, July 4.

Mr. John R. Brown, of Council Bluffs, Iowa, arrived in this city a few days ago and is now stopping at the Sturtevant house. He is a young twenty-two years of age-and was born in St. Louis, Mo. Mr. Brown is possessed of powers which would have made Anthony Mesner delight to make his acquaintance. He can, Tenn , have arrived in this city, and their excertain conditions complied with, read your thoughts however much you may endeavor to conceal them. Dr. Cocker, of the Michigan university, where the young man allowed himf to be submitted to a number of tests, says and reveals facts unknown to any one presof him: "If an individual will intensely concentrate his attention upon a concrete object, ocalized in a particular place, and not abstract his attention, Mr. Brown, while blindfolded will lead him to the object." Afterstating that marvelous. Mr. Miller's powers in that dithe young man was of good character, and known to many in the university before the general public knew aught of his peculiar power. of the police force of the city, he would be the Dr. Cocker says: "All the cases he gives are | terror of evil doers, and not an article could instances of imageal representations of con- they take unlawfully without being detected

by him. Mrs. Jeff Davis, wife of the ex Presiition to a select company, luciuding several dent of the Southern Confiedercy, lost two representatives of the press. The place chosen rings, and where they could be found, and who had them, were accurately pointed out by Mr. room in the Sturtevant house. He explained before hand that he was obliged to use a certain amount of machinery. This latter consisted of the letters of the alphabet printed on ble to test his powers, and after three weeks a plece of pasteboard, and a long piece of brass time, forgot where she had placed it herself; in Chicago, where he held several seances, rewire. He did not have the wire, the utility of hot the wonderful claim and to continue application appli Miller, when brought into requisition, revealed the spot. Could Mr. Brown do as much? Emphatically, not While in Louisville, Ky .. Mr. Miller led a gentleman into a distant -house, and pointed out the pillow as the place plied with, he would certainly point out where it was hidden by reading his thoughts. A gena pocket book. While traveling on the Mississippi River in the Steamer A. J. White, he was informed that the pilot had had some five hundred dollars stolen. He told him where he had placed it, described the person who times over the gentleman's arm and across his | took it and told him he would receive the most of it back, which he did shortly after. and into a half dozen chambers until one was he at times reads the future. He predicted at

Mr. Miller's peculiar power is not confined altogether to reading the thoughts of others; and recovering lost and stolen property, but one time that a block in Memphis would burn within thirty days; and one man moved out of it in complisace with his advice, and thereby saved his property. Indeed he is far superior to Mr. Brown, not only being able to lead a person to objects thought of, but can predict to a certainty coming events.

How is this dope? How can he point out upon which to concentrate his thoughts. Mr. Brown, preparing himself as before, led the gentleman to the window-curtain, and after a minute's hesitation, over a tassel, placed his ed by any object he may see, and then a spirit the article you are thinking off By direct clasps his wrists and leads him to the designated object. This is one of the very best tests of spirit power that ever came under our observation, and shows conclusively that spirits are ever ready and anxious to open the eyes of mortals to a recognition of the fact that there is a spirit-life-that there is a home pended on the walls, spelled out the name beyond the grave for every one, and that those residing there are cognizant of every thoughtthe that passes through our mind.

> The time is not far distant when there will be detectives in the Spirit-world, who will disclose the svil doings of earth's children, and thereby bring criminals to justice, and prevent the perpretration of foul deeds. We rejoice to know that this new development in Spiritualism is being realized, and that wrong

was pointed out, or the letters spelling the word thought of out from the alphabet. Time is money and postal cards cost ten than wait till they fall into the hands did so, together with Mr. Leland. The metal-anumbers.

himself.

nafla, had the audacity to come to our source. rooms and paim himself off as a genuine medium. The first scance was "splendid." The spirit Mortimer came, who has been in spiritlife fifty years ; he is a magnificent specimen of humanity; as polite as a monkey with a looking glass; then there is Tom, a quaint Johnny Bull, who has been perambulating around the Spirit-world for one hundred years; This same J. R. Brown noticed above, was he is a noble looking spirit; light didn't have any effect on his features ; the sun might disn Chicago a year or so ago, and his achieve. sipate an loeberg or evaporate a tub of water, ments created considerable excitement among the opponents of Spiritualism. . The doors of the churches were opened to receive him, and the members thereof caressed was a Diakks, and he made up a face at us him, praised him, and then announced that they had found the key that unlocked Spiritualism. We were highly gratified at the visit nomens manifested through him, the secret of seers, the most profound of philosophers, egency of spirits invading the fortresses of old theology. They would receive Spiritualend to" and make a dunce of him. The next | half filled with a white, gauzy cloud not reism with arms wide open and with the broadest hospitality when presented under the cog- day, however, Diakka stock was again to its sembling anything only a white figure, which nomen of mind-reading, but otherwise they original position in our mind. This nice young alarmed her, and she ran out of the house; the man was willing to submit to tests; and we apparation disappeared. would bitterly denounce it. Since Mr. Brown were willing to "try the spirits." So we sewed

sixth sphere arranging his tollet for a dance. to go forth and find a lost article, is indeed The next imposter who comes here, must be rection are wonderful. If he had the charge

> or woman who trifles with the sacred relations that exist between the friends of the two in the scale of humanity, and from our inmost soul we plty them, and pray that the Angel of Light may so illuminate their minds, that they will see the necessity of reformation. We do not hate the imposter-that pession has no place in our soul-but we pity them, and yearn for their reformation, and may to them, that the seance rooms of the RELIGIO PHILOSCIPEICAL PUBLISHING-HOUSE is just the place where these impostors will be exposed, so sure as

> Feeling anxious to know whether the friends at Cleveland had been deceived by Raynor, we wrote to Bro. D. A. Eddy, Esq., and here

CLEVELAND, July 7, 2 P. M. BROTHER JONES -Yours of yesterday this moment at hand, and I hasten to reply. Yes, Rynor-Charles Raynor-is an imposter.
For six weeks he deceived our people but was finally detected in putting on, take faces, whiskers, etc.; would never submit to any test-conditious. I once thought his dark Of Interest to Everybody.

If a private silp or any piece of paper is pasted on to a penny postal-card, it subjects it to six cents extra postage. Such cards are always rejected without being read. Never spend your time on penny-cards so foolishly. Time is money and postal cards cost ten dollars a tibusand and less in proportion to

s his proclivity to hurl stones, which he brings up with him from the cellar. In a corner of this cellar a murdered peddler was long ago buried, and it is presumed that it is the ped dler's ghost who indulges in the stone throwing. Meanwhile he has plenty of companions who stick to the kitchen, however, and amuse themselves singing. None of them have yet been visible, but the peddler's ghost has been seen by large numbers of people who accompany the medium to this house.

scuffling about.

---Letter from Iowa.

SPENCER. CLAY Co., IOWA, July 7. Dran Sin -I thought I would write you a few lines to let you know why I have not sent you the money for the JOURNAL. Homesteaders;" last year lost about all we had by the grasshoppers. I thought I would be able after harvest, this year, to pay for two years, but now the prospect is worse than last year. The grasshoppers are taking every thing, and we shall have hard work to live through the winter. Many are leaving now; Journal without paying for it, or telling you why I can not do so. I will try hard to pay the last year's subscription soon. The JOURNAL

Last week I had the Spiritualist at Work sent take any part with them. It is sad to think a man like Wilson should fall so low. May the

are doing, and your paper be the means of reforming the world. MRS. H. W. SQUIRE. We are in receipt of similar letters to the

above, from all parts of the country. As a sample of Wilson's integrity, you and all others of our subscribers have learned that since last December, Wilson has wrongfully used our printed mail list, to send out his circulars and papers to our subscribers, for the purpose of arousing prejudices against the Journat, and gaining subscribers to his paper which will not survive aix months.

The names of our regular subscribers we have been gathering for years, by dint of large expenditures of money and energy.

Now, this man who has been warmed into Wallace's articles, (which we are now pub- and betrays the confidence reposed in him lishing) by the independent secular press. Our | when we let him take our mail list to enable readers should preserve those copies of the him togerite to, our subscribers for the pur-"The very extended article from the pen of | to them; with the assurance that it should Alfred Wallace, on the phenomena of what is- be used for no other purpose, and that it should be returned to us again. Instead of doing so. he uses it to malign us, and to foist his paper upon our subscribers. He has sent his circulars and paper to every one of them in that

> We submit the question to the candid readers of the Jounnal, whether such conduct does not betray an innate trait of character for dishonesty seldom met with. And when taken in connection with his conduct towards all true Spiritualists, by his affiliation with Woodhullites, does not such conduct deserve the execration of all honorable people !-- [ED. JOURNAL.

> > Legislation Needed.

Some one or more philanthrophists have ordered the RELIGIO-PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL to be sent to several convicts in the Missouri Penitentiary. The papers never reach the convicts, for this reason, says the postmaster: "The authorities at the penitentlary will pay no postage on papers for prisoners."

Let the legislature at the next session provide that reading matter for convicts which is donsted by philanthrophists, be furshed by the State, at least to the extent of the postage. It is a diagrace to civilization to keep prisoners in ignorance of current events, while they are compelled to toil for the State

W. W. DENNISON, an excellent magnetic healer of this city, will remove to Denver, Col.,

HENRY T. CHILD. M. Subscriptions will be received and papers may be obtain at wholesale or retail, at 5% Race St., Philadelphia

MATERIALIZATIONS IN PHILADEL-PHIA.

Letter From Robert Dale Owen.

We have alluded to the materializations a Mr. and Mrs. Holmes' scances and referred to Katle King, who appeared on the 12th of May, 1874. After giving her name, in the 12th of May, 1874. After giving her name, in the said in reply to a question from us, "I have a line London to-day." The Katle King, who appeared on the evening of 'I have been at a senuce in London towell scance which took place on that day.

After this she said, "She was not able to de favor of the identity I have assumed. liver a message to the friends in London, because she was not attending any more seances

On Friday morning, June 5th, 1874, Katie came to us at our office, alone, and gave the communication which is referred to in M Owen's letter below, and which is given in full to-day at the commencement of "The Spirit-World Department." In the evening of that day, Mr. Owen had come to the seance.

After several faces had been presented at the apertures, three of whom were recognized, John King said, "If you will sit back little, and turn the light down, we will open the door and let you see Katte in full form " We did so and were favored with the sight o a beautiful form, clothed in white robes. slipped out into the room and permitted M; Owen to shake hands with her

At one of our seances I kanded Hatte a sheet of paper, the next day she returned it to me with the following communication written Flowers are not trifles, as we might know from the care God has taken of them every

where Not one unfinished; not one bearing the mark of a brush or pencil. ranges, growing on the pulseless head of the grey old granite, everywhere they are harmon-

Murderers do no not ordinarily wear roses n their buttonholes. Villains seldom train

vines over their cottage doors.' KA KING On Sunday evening, June 7th, we had a long conversation with Katle at the cabinet window. At my request she permitted me to count her sight. It beat about seventy-two per minute, and was perfect naturally. She also permitted me to see her tongue, and then saked playfully, I I thought she was well. A lady said to her, will accept it." She replied "of course I will." Mr. Owen placed it upon her floger, and she seemed much pleased. Other presents have been given to her, a string of white spar

exhibits to us at the seances. Having attended more than fifty seances, we have seen a great variety in the manifestations, and have had better opportunities for the investigation of this phase of the phenomena than ever before. We have learned that the photographs, one can ludge of either. very much depends upon the character and conditions of the person forming the seance Mr. Owen refers to this in a lecture which we shall publish in our next issue.

We need not say that the thoughtful readers of the Journal will find food for contemplation in Mr. Owen's letter and Katle's commuclose examination of the communication from Katle which we received in our own office.

LETTER FROM ROBERT DALE OWEN

DEAR DR. CHILD .- Accept my grateful acknowledgment for your kindness in inviting ialization now presented in this city through the mediumship of Mr. and Mrs. Holmes. I had kept up with the recent European ex-

periments in this field, an i hoped for much; out the reality far exceeded my expectations. All my former experiences in Spiritualism, favored as I have been, pales before the new manifestations witnessed by me in the course of last month. After the very strictest scrutiny, with every facility promptly afforded me the phenomena are genuine; that I have again and again, on more than twenty occasions, seen, heard, touched forms to appearance human and material, and to sense tangible; that these forms have stepped up close to me, that I have held conversations with them, occasionally receiving advice, sometimes having my thought read and adverted to; that I have renous detached hand,-a communication of some length, purporting to come from an eminent English clergyman, who died, twenty years ago; the style and algoature serving further to attest its accordance. r to attest its genuine character; finally that I have seen the form which had spoken to me a minute or two before, fade away till t became a dim shadow, to reappear a few minutes later in all its brightness.

If to many, even of those who esteem themselves experienced Spiritualists, such things seem but the phantoms of a "midsummer night's dream," and if in consequence, many receive this new phase of spirit-communion with doubt or disbeller, so be it! Thomas was quite right in the disbelieving until be could see with his own eyes and touch with his own hands. Those of us who have seen and touched, can afford to walt. Truth wins the

I am an old soldier in the Spiritual and have smelt the powder of ridicule and contempt, to say nothing of incredulity, so often that these missiles have lost their effect upon me. But indeed under the present aspect of affairs; there is, in avowing conviction, little to risk and no excuse for faint-heartedness liam Orookes and C. F. Variey, both Fellows of the Royal Society, Alfred Wallace who shares with Darwin the honor of promulgating the great principle of natural selection—such men as these have already been ploneers in this special field of inquiry, and have quite recently recorded their conviction that the phenomens of materialization are genuine. The advance we have made beyond their experience is but one of degree; such as in the progress of all phenomenal experiments, is to be expected. I have seen during a single sitting of an hour and a half, three separate forms, completely materialized, walk out from the cabinet to within a foot or two of where I sat, have touched all three, have conversed with all three; and this has occurred in the light, without anyone in the cabinet; both mediums sitting beside ma. Again, I have

witnessed on six different occasions, the levi-

tation (that is, floating in the air) of a mater-

islized form. Bo far as I have followed the | ing through mediums who are ignorant of | God for this time, for it has beloed not only English record, this goes somewhat beyond ur experience on this side, is but the counterpart of theirs. Nor/do I believe that we could have succeeded as we have, had not the way een prepared for us by them. The Annie Morgan, better known as "Katle King," who appears to us, is, I think without all peradventure, the same spirit that had acquired, during | which spirits may have been compelled to asthree years experience with Florence Cook as medium, the skill-if I may use the expression -which enables her to present herself in veritable human guise, as a measenger confirming brother, which will find an illustration in the to man the reality of another world. How far earth experiences of most persons. The mis-

the beautiful form and features with which 'Katie' is invested here in Philadelphia, resemble or do not resemble those under which she appeared to her London friends, we have no means of judging, the English photographs not having yet reached us, and no one, who saw her at Florence Cook's having visited our seances. Nor can the question of identity be lifterence in longitude is about five hours, so decided, the mediums from whom a necesbeing earlier there. On the 21st of May she sary portion of the elements to materialize, are undoubtedly derived, here and there, being can act or express itself, it is scarpely con ern New York, and were soon after trans-The London papers, as well as our own | entirely d flerent. This question most be de | scious of the fact that it is the slave of its sur_ ferred to Salem, Massachusetts, which were have given an interesting account of the fare | termined by internal evidence, and I have | roundings. found that evidence to be overwhelmingly in

> I consider the communication you have aion, from "Katie," touching the moral and intellectual condition of spirits who take upon themselves earthly investiture, as an item in corroboration; besides being a most valuable and suggestive addition to Boiritual literature. There is also the narrative of her life, as imparted to you, bearing similar evidence of sub-

I can not give the details of my experience have obtained touching "Katle's" identity, thereby. in a letter. Life and health permitting, these shall find a place in a work which still to write perhaps under the title of nomenal Proof of a Better Life to Come." If, now, I am asked where all this is to end?

with visitors from another world shall continue be permitted here! I reply that that is not our affair. We have to deal for the present, with facts, not with results from facts. P. S. July 31. Sing s writing the above. have seen one of the London photographs "Katie," taken by the magnesian light.

corresponds to what we have heard of the striking resemblance between her and her graph of Miss Cook, with which I have com pared it, is unmistakable. But peither in features, nor yet more especially in expression does it resemble the 'Katie' whom I have met daily for four weeks past, the forehead only corresponding. The face of the London Katie" smiling as she looks down at the old gentleman, suggests the adjectives pretty and nteresting. The face of our "Katie" is classic pulse, while she held her arm out in plain in its regularity Eurocotness, with a passing touch of weariness, is its habitual expression and even its smile, though bright, has an occasional dash of a dness in it. One thinks o it as strikingly hands me, as full of character, "I have a ring I would like to give you if you as intellectual; and, withal, as singularly at tractive; but one would never term it pretty. The nose is straight, not aquiline as in the condon photograph; and the large eyes are rather dark and bluish grey in color. beads, and a pearl cross which she habitually is perbaps a trifle wider in proportion than that of the Venus of Milo; but both features and expression more nearly resemble those of that ble statue than they do the lineaments and ook of Florence Cook, or the spirit material ized through her medlumship; so far as, from

The Spirit World.

A DEPARTMENT FOR COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE

[For some time past my spirit friends have been urgin me to add to the Philadelphia Department, one in white hey may have the opportunity of sending their though to the world. The extended circulation of the Jouann farnishes the means of reaching more individuals that any other payer on Spiritualism. Spiritualism expressed a dairs that I should not only send forth the communications which they are able from that to time to give through my orwanism, but select some at I may report as given through other mediums, whose names will be given with their communications. H. T. U.)

Communication from Katie King.

The following communication from Katle King, the spirit referred to in the interesting letter from our friend, Robert Dale Owen, the first of a series, detailing her experiences which have been received by us and which will be published in this department immeby the mediums to detect imposition had it distely after the conclusion of the narrative of been attempted, I here avow my conviction that her father, John King. The importance of this communication in connection with the above letter induces us to send it in advance JUNE 5.h. 1874. MY DEAR FRIEND AND BROTHER:-I should be very sorry if you inerred from the manner in which I appear and speak to you and other friends when I am ma terialized, that that is a criterion of my present condition, and that the rude and trifling manceleed written under my very eyes by a lumi | ner in which I express myself, on those occasions, is a real reflection of my interior state I desire to impress your mind so that you ma present to the world the fact that spirits either in or out of the form, as you call it, are to a very great extent subject to the influence f the material elements with which they are clothed, and if I could have you spend a littl time with me, in an appreciative manner in my interior home in Spirit-land, you would not know me as the same Katle that calls you il "stupid," and uses expressions which are often quite repulsive to my inner consciou

. The laws of spiritual manifestation are ab solute and whenever a spirit approaches a me flum, it must be more or less materialized first to come into the atmosphere of the earth and then into that of the medium. If it pre sent itself in form it is obliged under a law to appear as nearly as may be, as it was when it passed from the earth. Thus a child of earth though grown to materity in Spirit-life, re-turns as a child. Deformed persons present their deformities with precision.

Spirits retain not only the recollection their earthly conditions and appearance, but also the power of assuming them in Spirit-life whenever it is desirable. You will see the importance of this power of maintaining o recurring to the primitive conditions of Spir life at least for a time, and until all those to whom a recognition is necessary shall have passed into that state, and this power is re-tained, so as to be easily exercised until after all who are living on the earth at the time a

all who are living on the earth at the time a spirit enters this world have also passed on, so that the new born spirit can not fafl to recognize its friends and relatives.

I am requested to say to you that all spirits when they retarn to earth, whether they communicate or not, are absolutely subject to this law. They must assume the conditions they had when they left the earthly form, although the conditions they had when they left the earthly form, although they may bring to earth many thoughts and ideas which they have acquired in the interior life; but even these are somewhat modified by being presented through the necessary condi-tions which surround them at the time. For instance, scholars from the Spirit-land, speak-

language and the rules of grammar, are cem- you, but the spirits also pelled to use the incorrect expression of the medium. It is a truth that "the spirits of the prophets are subject to the prophets," and every spiritual communication that has ever been given has been more or less modified by the channel through which it has passed, as well as by the essential materialistic conditions sume warn they come into the earth's atmosphere and into rapport with the mediums.

There is a very important lesson here, my sion of the spirit up its earth life is to realize the character, conditions and laws of matter, and to do this fully it is obliged to become materialized, and to express itself as best it can through matter.

All human life is an expression of the feel logs and desires of the spirit given through great deal more for him during the coming and modified by matter. The soul of the season drunkard speaks through an intoxicated body. and though it may know much better than it All the rudeness, imperfection and crime

that mark the career of man on earth may be I consider the communication you have set down to the mixed influence of matter and how much my restless and impulsive spirit been fortunate enough to obtain, by impressibility, doing justice to neither of them. The was rejoiced when Modern Spiritualism dawnancient idea that matter is evil and the relationahip of the spirit to it is a cause, arose from this fact. We could present thousands of il lustrations of this in human experience. You often see it clearly in the circles which meet for the reception of spiritual manifestations: one individual may by improper conditions, not only interfere with the manifestations which would come to them, but with those for during twenty ave sittings and of the evidence | the whole circle, so that all are losers

All through human life the thoughtful mind will perceive illustrations of this important truth which are calculated to teach lessons of charity and forbearance. You should remem-ber that as "out of the fullness of the heart the what is to come of it, in case familiar converse | mouth speaks," so out of the conditions of life all expressions must come, and be modified

Before referring to my experiences, which I in common with most spirits, desire to have presented to the world. I will answer a question which has frequently been put to me and | gone yet. For a long time I had attended the which I see in the minds of many that have | councils in spirit-life in which many of the never uttered It. Why do spirits who have been in the Spirit-world a long time, desire, London medium. The likeness to the phote-lear even submit to come into the material conditions of earth, in which they are liable to suffer, and are to generally misunderstood? can answer for myself. Nearly two hundred years of earth's time, as the record will show. have passed down the stream of life since landed upon these peaceful and beautiful shores, and during that period I have spent much of my time among those who were pro ducing physical manifestations, from the spiritual plane. My father's mission, as you are well aware, is a very important one in this great work, and my relations to him, which he has so keenly expressed through you, have had a very considerable influence in kesping me at this which might seem to be rather an uncongenial labor, but is not, because the results are very satisfactory and bring to our minds peace and rest.

I submit to be mater alized as you are well aware, very often because I can not only bear t better than most others, but I can do more for our spirit friends and for humanity, and therefore I am not dissatisfied with the labora which I am performing, although at times there are discordant conditions which cause so it can be said of Miss Phube Daty, that she us temporary regret, yet they always illustrate and confirm important laws, and are often the | faith that had cheered her last days on earthvery best lessons one can have."

A NARRATIVE.

The Experience of John King (Sir Henry Morgan), given through Henry T. Child, M. D.

CHAPTER V.

I need not tell you how long and earnestly Centre, giving thirteen lectures; adding four have labored to overcome the effects of the teen new names as members to the State A. murders that I had committed or caused to be sociation; receiving in collections and yearly dues forty nine dollars; expenses six dollars. committed. It was an exceedingly painful effort, humiliating in the extreme, and yet one from which there was no escape. Each individual has his peculiar character, and is influenced by others, or influences them in accordance therewith. I found that this indom itable will of mine was the great power by which I was to be raised into better conditions as soon as I would direct it in proper channels: Minn. Thus, as some are advocating no mar I was engaged for a very long time in releasriage law, like Warren Chase and others, many ing myself from the many responsibilities which I had brought upon me by the criminal that have never embarked upon the matrimonial sea, are willing to take a legal voyage course I had pursued. All those whom I had over its rough-rolling tide. May they all steer clear of breakers and land safely in the Suminjured directly or indirectly were ready for

me just as rapidly as I could come up to the mer-land, a happy family, is the prayer of the humble servant. The above is respectfully Sometimes I felt as if it would be interminasubmitted to the Spiritualists of Minnesots. ble, but my darling Katie, ever the light of my soul, cheered me on, and bade me hope that I would get through sometime, and my strong will always helped me. I have been engaged in producing physical manifestations ever since I came to spirit-life, but for a long time they did not accomplish much good, h cause mankind could not understand them. I was present in numerous trials for witchcraft I followed piratical expeditions and re-enected some of the scenes of my earth-life, but my main object in this was to direct them into who makes his exit by this route is entirely better conditions, though I confess, that in the excitement of sction, on the part of men, I was often led to take part with them and prompt mem to do more than they would have done, if I had not been there, and for this I certain that he is going straight to glory. Why ary societies and up with the inexpensive gallows? Not only would it be a cheaper means became jointly responsible and have to suffer I was present at many executions, and while my judgment was against all such things, yet on these occasions the old feelings of hatred

cause I know them to be wrong, and also be-osase they injure, not only mortals, but all spirits who visit them for excitement and gratification, and my experience has taught me the necessity of avoiding all such scenes. If mankind could realize the influence of capital punishment, not only upon the victim, but upon humanity and all those spirits who have any sest for such scenes they would abandon it at once. It is not only a relic of barbarism, but is great evidence of cowardice on the part of society to put forth its strong arm and pinion a helpless human being, and then plunge him into this world. I visited battle fields and the excitement of these sangu-inary contests had a very injurious effect upon linary contests had a very injurious effect upon me, in common with a very large class of spirits who were there, only for the wild and daring excitement which they furnished us.

All such influences from earth-life are injurious to a large class of spirits, many of whom are opposed to war until they become intoxicated with this excitement, when they rush in and add much to the turmoil and confusion. I was able to produce wonderful manifestations, which, though they were not understood, were useful in bringing about the good time which has at length come, when you can understand some of these things and are not afraid to investigate them. I thank

are not afraid to investigate them. I thank

and revenge would be aroused in my nature.

Latterly I have avoided all such scenes b

The histery of the manifestations which were produced by myself and the band who worked with me, would be of little value because it would not be understood. Many peo

As I am receiving numerous letters from people at a distance, making i, quiry concerning their pages for development, I am compelled to resort to this method to inform them, that it is necessary to inclose a lock of hair for examination, either for medical treatment, or mediamistic development. All letters inclosing \$2 and two three cant stamps will receive prompt attention. I am giving private sittings during the day for development. Those who wish my services can call or address me at 160 Warren av.

Da. CYRUS LORD. ple were frightened into a kind of reform by these things. I was one of the prominent actors in various manifestations which occurred in England, and on the Continent of Europe, and I will take this opportunity of thanking our good friend, Robert Dale Owen or the careful and attractive manner in which he has arranged many of the incidents which them to thousands of readers who would hav been ignorant of them. Having been not only present, but actively edgaged in many those scenes, Katle and I feel under great ob igations to him, and hence we have done al we could for him and shall be glad to do a

their glorious work, and where we had tha

which has been so essential to us in this great work, the aid of the Indians, who possess

There is an event which should be com

memorated by the Spiritualists all over th

world as a holiday; I allude to the time when good old Benj Franklin was impressed to fly

als kite, in such a manner as to catch the elec

tricity from the external telegraph which was

necessary for man's progress into the condi

tion in which the spiritual telegraph could be

successfully introduced. I had known Frank

in, and was often with him and others in

planning that war which resulted in your inde

pendence from the yoke of Great Britate.

took an active part in the war for I had a goo

deal of fight in me then, and it has not all

noblest minds were endeavoring with all

the power and wisdom they could bring to

bear upon it, to introduce such manifestation

the attention of thinking minds

as would be intelligible and thereby command

My position has been that of an executive

officer under the guidance and with the aid of

J. L. Potter's Report

Joy she felt in being permitted to meet so many of her dear friends there. So one after another

returns to tell the glad story that death is not an

eternal sleep, but an open door through which we are ushered into fields freighted with im-

mortal bloom. During June, I have visited

he following named places : Lyle, Albert Lea,

Winnebago City, Shelbyville and Sterling

The people are all alive here to this truth. We

had a grove meeting at Winnebago, also here.

People came for miles around, and many were

sorry when the meeting closed. At Lyle, June

the first, at the residence of Wm. L. Barnum,

joined in marriage, Mr. J. B. Nichols and

Permanent address, Northfield, Rice Coun-

Missionary Work.

The Chicago Times, says, "Have religious

ropagandists ever thought what a powerfu

missionary agency the gallows is? Everybody

not, then, down with the expensive mission-

of salvation than those ordinarily in use, but

t would give to heaven a great many whose

DR. T. B. TAYLOR held forth at Savannah.

J. R. PERRY, of Empire, Mich., writes that

ill. The second Sunday of this month.

absence would be no loss to earth."

A. Pearsall, speakers, engaged.

Miss E. A. Pace, both of Lyle, Mower County

Sterling, July 1st, 1874.

Minnesota.

these bands of whom I shall speak now.

· (To be continued)

more power than any other race of spirits.

ed upon the earth.

James M. Prebles, by the Editor: Creeds and Creeduct, by Alfred Cridge; The Angel in the Bream, by the Editor; Songs of the Winds, Pretry, by Fanny Green McDongal; Silent Voices, by the Editor; The Withput becames, Matter, Ether and Spirit, by Jodge Israel Dille, The Gates of the Morn. (Poetry), by B. He Bush, Adem, the Father of Men, by Panny Green McDongal; The Platforn Mr. by Charlette B. Wilbour; Lesson of Life, (Poetry), by J. Effreth Watkins, Sweder borg, by George Bratten, M.D., L. L. D.; Barbarlem and Civillastion, by the Editor; The Editor at Home; Judge Israel Dille, by the Editor; Socrates and Evil Spirite; Original Music—The Bolar Herp, by Prof. George Harrison. I was present and took an active part in cer tain manifestations which originated in westcontinued until we discovered that they were causing too much suffering on account of the ignorance of the people. You can not realize

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INCIDENTS IN MY LIFE BY D. D. HOME. Instead of being a superstition itself, as they may be

disposed to think it, they would find it the explanation and the extingulaber of all superstition."-Dr. I

All Spiritualists and Investigators will hall with delight, another volume from Mr. Hown. Although a continnation of the first series issued some years since it is

BROTHER JONES. - The months fly swiftly complete in itself. In his Preface be says: past carrying the myriads of human souls that "About nine years since I presented to the public a volume entitled 'Incidents in My Life,' the first edition of which was speedily exhausted, and a second was bessed in 1863. During the years that have since singuest, although many attacks have been made upon me, and upon the come to the surface on earth and labor for a day, up to brighter, happier homes than these below. One after another obeys the call and journeys on. Since I was here before, a raths of Spiritualism, its opponents have not succeeded a producing one word of evidence to discredit the truth young lady has gone to dwell with the angels, and has returned to say to her mourning parents of my statements, which have remained uncontradicted. Meantime the truths of Spiritualism have become more widely known, and the subject has been forced apon public attention in a remarkable manner. This was especially the case in the years 1867 and 1868; in consequence of the soit 'Lyon es. Home,' which most probably was the indirect cause of the examination into Spiritualism by the Committee of the Dialectical Society, whose report has recently been published. Coincident with and subsequent to their examination, a series of investigations was carried on in my presence, by Lord Adare, now Earl of Funraven, an account of which has been privately printed: an examination, depectally and brothers and sister, that she would not come back to earth to live if she could. Just before her departure, two preachers called upon her to talk of Jesus and his love. She told them she did not want their prayers; her dared to cross the shining river holding to the been privately printed; an examination, especially scientific in its character, was also conducted by Prof. spirit communion. She was with us Sunday, Scientisis in its character, was also conducted by Prof. Crookes, who has published his conclusions in the 'Journal of Science.'

I now present the public with the second volume of 'Incidents in My Life, 'which continues my narrative to the period of the consenencement of the Chancery June the 28th, at our grove meeting, and she improved the opportunity by taking control of a medium, Mrs. Wilds, and expressing the

Chapten 1.—Reviews and Replies.—Letter to "Times."

2.—Bis David Brewster.—Lord Broogham.—Letters and estimony.—Dr. Elliottson.—Prophetic Incidents.

3.—Expulsion from Roms.—Discussion in House of 4.-Bludge, the Medium .- Mr. Robert Browing .- Pancy Nice. America, Russia. The Double Seances in London.

L-Lecture.—Notice in "Star."—Paisehoods is "All the Year Round."

L-Spiritual Atheneum.—Identity.—Grardians of Strength.—Spirit Meanierism.

L-New Manifestations.—Elongation.—Voices.—Per-2. - Elongation and Compression. - Handling of Firs. CHANGERY SULT. - Mrs. Lyon's Afadavit in support of

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it announces a system of life. It announces a few
primal principles which can liardly be denied by any
one, and endeavors to show how, from adherence to
those principles, every life will grow into symmetry
into harmony with itself in this life and in the greathereafter. It is sent forth to the world by its suther
and his associates, as the preface indicates, without she
hope or possibility of pecuniary profit to themsmall fruit of some of the principles it sims to inculcate. So far as its author and his associates are concerned.

heir names are, and will remain, a secret alike Price 50 cents; postage 6 cents.

THERE will be a Grove meeting at Went worth Corners, Paulding Co., Ohio., Augus . For sale wholesale and refail at the office of this 15th and 16th. Eld. T. H. Stewart and Mrs.

OLD THEOLOGY

good medium would be very acceptable UPSIDE J. H. RANDALL lectures in Ohio, during July and August. We have an excellent report from him in reference to the Eddy mediums,

which we shall publish in due time. The Little Bouquet Orphan's Fund. This fund we propose to use for sending the little gem of beauty to orphans in as many different families as the donations will pay

Bro. John P. Harton, Gen'l. Western Agent of A. & G. W. R. R., St Louis .. \$1.00 Who will next be inspired to a similar deed of neble charity. We shall report.

RIGHT SIDE Up: By a Methodist Minister.

The Resurrection of the Dead; the Second Coming of Christ: the Last Day of Judgment—showing from the Standpoint of Common Sense, Reserve, Set-ence, Philosophy, and the Bible, the Uther Folty there is in the Doctrine of a Liferal Resurrection of the Body, a Liferal Coming of Christ at the Rad of the World, and a Literal

sual preparation, Brown immediately led to the few minutes, and The Times reporter, believing the scent lost, allowed his thoughts to wander t other objects. As these objects presented them selves to his mind, Brown would immediatel lead him and his companion to them. At last a violent effort was made to concentrate attention

lic tag hanging to a key in the door was select-

exclusively on the key-tag, and Brown abonce

led the way to it. This test satisfied the re-porter that the workings of his mind had been

implicitly followed by Brown, and that every

deviation from a direct course was due to the

thoughts of other objects which would per-

sistently obtrude themselves. Mr. Brown i

ignorant of the cause of his wonderful power

of the wire, and prefers to hold the band.

REMARKS

without the use of his alphabet.

le believs that Spiritualism has nothing to do

with it, and regards professional Spiritualists

When he reached it he felt around it a

Meligio Philosophical Publishing House. All letters and communications should be addressed to B. S. Johns, Corner Fifth Avenue and Adams St., Chicago.

Any person who takes a paper regularly from the t-office—whether directed to his name or another's, or other he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the as humbugs. In the experiments yesterday he was obliged to it those testing around the room by the hand. If provided with a brass

A. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the post-office, or removing and Peaving them uncalled for, is prima facts evidence of intentions france.

names any examp on the subscription books, without Subscribers are particularly requested to note the ex-strations of their subscriptions, and to-forward what is no for the ensuing year, without further reminder from

CHICAGO, SATURDAY, JULY 25 1874. Exploits of Brown, the Pheremenal

crete.objects in space."
Yesterday Mr. Brown gave a private exhibfor the experiments was a large parlor and bedhibited the printed letters. The latter were strung around the walls of the parlor, and Mr. Brown commenced his interesting exhibition. He stated, in the first place, that any individu in the room might hide an article anywhere the house, and that, certain conditions comtleman in the company left the room and re-turned in a few minutes. Mr. Brown then blindfolded himself with a linen handkerchief, took hold of the gentleman's left hand with his own right hand, and after a few eccentric movements, namely, passing his hand several forehead, the two left the parlor, followed b the company, and proceeded to search for the hidden article. The gentleman submitting to the experiment was led, or rather pulled Mr. Brown through the corridors of the hotel reached where Brown stopped before a bureau with about a dozen drawers, and pointing to one particular drawer, said: "You will find ! The hidden article, a pocket-knife, was found in the drawer. The gentleman said

that Brown had followed the course which he had taken before he hid the knife, and exseed himself much astonished. The next cet was made by a gentleman who went into an adjoining apartment and selected a reactie in one of three damask curtains, as an object

hand upon the rosette. The gentleman stated that he had first thought of the tassel, but had finally concluded to choose the resette. Mr. Lewis Leland, of the hotel, asked Mr. Brown to tell him the name of his birth-place. The latter, blind-folding himself and taking the hand of Mr. Leland in the manner before described, led him around the room; and pointing to the printed letters of the alphabet susmont and the birthplace of Mr. Leland. the same manner Mr. Brown picked out letters spelling "George" the Christian name of George F. Rowe, a reporter of THE TIMES. drowend some time ago, at the request of his brother, who was present, and also the name of a town in Turkey, denominated "Abeih,"

where one of that company was born. In the latter test Mr. Brown missed the letter e, which the gentleman making the test stated was probably owing to the fact that he had himself heaitsted over it while mentally spelling the word. Another test to which Mr. Brown was subjected was made by a gentleman who fixed his thoughts upon a watch-seal worn by Mr. his thoughts upon a watch-seal worn by Mr.
Leland, which was quickly pointed out as the object selected. Mr. Brown volunteered to read the thoughts of another without coming in direct contact with him, but through the medium of a third person. Todo this habiling folded as before, and while taking the hand of a third party—the latter placing his hand on his (Brown's) forehead, the man whose thoughts were to be read took hold of the wrist of the surrey postal-card, it subjects it to six cents extra postage. Such cards are almost the vigitant eye of the spirits is ever near to watch them, and report of their evil doings, thereby causing their arrest?

Of Interest to Everybody.

If a private nilp or any piece of paper is pasted on to a penny postal-card, it subjects it to six cents extra postage. Such cards are almost the vigitant eye of the spirits is ever near to watch them, and report of their evil doings, thereby causing their arrest?

Diakka at Work in Chicago.

Charles Rayner, a pretended physical medium, lately paid our city a visit, and of course gravitated to the seance rooms of the RELIGIO-PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL. He is a modest young man : he is very retired in his habits, and if he would become so retired that humanity could not gaze upon his "innocent" features, they would be the better off for it, unless he change. He has the greatest respect for could the tail of that mysterious comet. He

wire, the person testing his power could take It does not appear that Mr. Brown's gift can This nice young man, with his parapherbe very usoful, although he says that by means of it he has discovered the guilt of several criminals in the west. He says also that he s able sometimas to read the thoughts of others sitting near him, but cannot remember them for any length of time. He believes that in the course of time his powers of thoughtreading will be so strongly developed that he will be able to express the thoughts of others

bewildered our people with his remarkable achievements, and then left for other fields | his pants to the carpet; sewed his wrists to his pants; sewed his neck to the back of the cabiof labor, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, of Memphis, net. In fact, we sewed him so that he couldn't produce the manifestations himself. We closed ploits surpass those of Brown in almost every the door of the cabinet, and we sung "Old shout 11 o'clock a. M. She was in the cellar particular. Mr. Miller is not only a mind-John Brown," "Tramp, tramp," etc., and of the house getting kindling wood, and, in reader, but he far surpasses that peculiar phase. a spirit responded. Tom was in England, in- limbs and feet of Mr. Green standing by her. ent. It is easy to read the mind, especially

timer, and then-all at once-she tore the im-

presenting the spirit Mortimer. Goodness | has beard loud knockings on the floor, and how he trembled! He didn't want Mrs. Car. | beard groanings, as of persons in extreme disry to kill him. She told him he need not fear treas, since, but has seen nothing more. that, as he was too low to dirty her hands with. She ordered him out of the house at once, and he went, carrying the old, original horn that "the first spirit ever spoke through." such impostors will not, at death, be cast into a lake of fire and brimstone, however much you may think they deserve it, but that event ually they will reform, and stand as high as Journal which contain the Wallace articles: pose of getting himself engagements to lecture the highest. Rayner, now is the time to make a man of yourself. Abandon your impositions ; live henceforth an honest, upright life, and all true Spiritualists will respect you. That man

they attempt to play off their tricks there.

A Kentucky Ghost.

Strange reports come from Kentucky, in ref. erence to spiritual manifestations. It appears the ranks of those already firm in the faith. from the Springfield (Ky.) Republican, that on As to the world in general, it must consent the 18th of March last, a Mr. Green died after paper with just the same respect that it now a protracted illness, leaving Mrs. Green with accords to any theory which has received the indorsement of Huxley, Tyndall, Agassis, or any other theory indorsed by any man of a family of aix young children, with little or no means of support. A short time after Mr. acknowledged high intellectual attainments. Green's death, say about three months, Mrs. Henceforth, any one who undertakes to ex-Green heard singular noises about the house plain the existence of these phenomena other truth imaginable, so much so, that he rarely, after night, and sometimes in the daytime, than he would the facts of evolution, or elecif ever, approaches it, any nearer than he | heavy breathings and moans resembling a perricity, or any other facts of established reiability, may be safely set down as an ignorason in the agonies of death; as one time she mus. To say that So and So is a Spiritualist has a trumpet; it is the first trumpet a spirit | heard a noise under the house like a horse rollwill hereafter be just as contemptuous as, and ever spoke through; so he declares, and who | ing about and pawing violently as though in no more so than, to say that So-and-So is a would doubt the nice young man's statement, the agonies of death. Again she saw frequent-Presbyterian, or a geologist, or an evolutionif they did not know that he carries about his | ly in her room at night after the lamp was person whiskers, wigs, coloring powders, etc., lighted a shadowy figure resembling the head tablished by Wallace, The Times is not called noid of one end of the wire and remain in his in such quantities that he can materialize any and shoulders of a medium-sized man moving upon to pronounce any opinion, any chair. He is not infallible, however, in the use spirit from Balaam's asadown to Old Adam around the wall next the ceiling, and uniform more than it is upon the merits of the in such quantities that he can materialize any and shoulders of a medium-sized man moving creed of the Baptists or the Roman Catholics. ly as the shadow reached the lamp the flame Spiritualism is now before the world, indorsed was extinguished, and this phenomenon hapor men eminent for their intellectual ability pened as often as four or five times in a night. and their capability for rigid and exhaustive At-one time when she and her family with examination. The mission of a secular journsome visitors were sitting quietly in the room, al ends with this statement as to the facts in the present case. The duty of their applicathe front door without any visible cause, was tion with reference to the faith of each indiseen to fly violently open and shut again as vidual rests in other directions. violently, and so violently as to jar boxes of They have got a ghost at Springvale, Maine, flowers placed in the window out of it. At who would delight Mr. Wallace, whose articles in the Fortnightly Review have been reother times when the lights were burning, cently noticed in the Tribune. Mr. Warren, footsteps were heard by her in the room as of Boston, a powerful physical medium, holds though a grown person in slippers was walkseances in a house it Springvale, and not only produces raps and other spiritual manifestr

ing over the floor, and yet no object could be tions, but the ghost himself. The Portland seen. At one time she thought she heard Press describes him as follows: but Tom's face couldn't be dissolved. For a some person noisily approaching the front door time we were jubilant. We asked him if he as about to enter. Upon opening the door, ual's attention to the doorway, where, peering however, no one could be seen. Again, near in, stand the distinct outlines of a figure, clar that chilled our blood. He said Andrew Jack. the steps of the back door, she thought she in black, with face of deathlike paleness! Tall son Davis was controlled by a Diakka, and saw, after dark, a small, white dog, resembling and majestic, gazing upon the company it hesitated as if in fear, then, gaining courage, when he said that, Diakka stock fell to zero, one she knew in the neighborhood; that she of Mr. Brown, for we recognized in the phe- and we wondered why Mr. Davis, the greatest approached it with the view of taking it up steadily advances. Nearly indistinct traces of vice and crime are poticeable upon the face, and carrying it in the house, but it eluded her and the glitter of the bright blue eyes possesses and the clearest reasoner of the age, should grasp and mysteriously passed away. At ana dangerous fascination. Its steps are audible, allow a Diakka to stand his intellect, "'tother | other time the back door of her room seemed as if with feet encased in alippers it were light

> Other persons, friends and relatives, have been present on some of these occasions, and corroborate Mrs. Green's statements. The most mysterious and crowning development related by her is said to have occurred at

other songs too numerous to mention, but not stooping down, thought she saw the lower when sided by spirits, but to allow its energies specting an iron-clad, and Mortimer was in the and immediately felt the pressure of a cold hand upon her shouller. She turned and looked, and reports that her husband stood prepared to pay for music that emanates in | before her just as he appeared when she last thrilling sweetness" from our lungs to induce | saw him in his burial clothes. When she exhis spirits to respond. But, finally, we search. claimed: "In the name of the Lord Jesus ed the poor fellow; we examined his coat, his Christ who redeemed me, Dick, what do you pants, his vest, his hair-nothing there; but | want?" And that he spoke audibly to her his shirt-oh! he was so sensitive, he wouldn't | in his natural tone of voice and language, telllet us examine that, it was sacred ; underneath | ing her that the sufferings of this life were in | and as I am a Spiritualist, I can not take the

that garment, there were the utensils to make no way to be compared to those of the other up his class of spirits, as the sequal proves. world, and that he was permitted to come This pice fellow was stopping at Mrs. Carry's. back to her to advise her of her neglect of is like a dear friend, a welcome visiter in the a lady who moves in the first circles of society | duty, and to urge her to act otherwise. He | family. but the wonderful clairypyant powers of Mr. ceiving enthusiastic applause. Poor fellow! Charles Reed, Mrs. Rachel Walker, and to Spiritualist and the Spiritu Finally, this lady approached the cabinet, and requested her to have three masses said for entered into a lengthy conversation with Mor. | the repose of his soul; one on the first Satur. | good angels redeem hims day of this month, and the others on the two provised cabjust down, leaving the spirit so following Saturbays. He further informed fully materialized (looking as radiant as a her that he would not visibly appear to her

sheep, and as exultant as a whipped spaniel), sgain, but could have appeared twice more that he probably will sover return to his de had he desired to do so, but not to here but to lightful home near lake Sunset in the sixth other persons named by him-his kindred. sphere of the Spirit-world. There Rayner | Then repeating the word "friend" three times himself stood, with whiskers, wigs, etc., re- he vanished from sight. Mrs. Green says she

Wallace Papers. We give place to the following article from In connection herewith, we desire to say the Chicago Daily Times. It will show our that it is a principle of our philosophy that readers the high estimation placed on Mr. life by the influence of our paper, turns around

termed Spiritualism, which was recently copied a stenso from The Fortnightly Review, into this yournal, is a production that should not be dismissed without some comment. Spiritualism presents itself the same as any worlds, practicing impositions, is, indeed, low other topic for current journalistic comment and criticism; and its evidence is before the public for the same examination that is the evidence in the case of the theories of the interchangeability of heat and motion, or un-

> This is especially the case since Spiritualism has entered into the domain of scientific examination, and has proferred its phenomena to the crucial tests of men of scientific minds. During the last ten years it has been suffected to an almost infinite number of severe and exhaustive examinations, whose results are summed up in the paper contributed by Mr. Wallace. The readers of the Types are familar with these results, so that it is unnecessary to recapitulate them. They cover an eno mous area, including manifestations in almost every possible direction, and with reference o almost every possible subject. His observationa certainly prove one very important thing, to wit, that the phenomena of Spirit thing, to wit, that the phenomena or Spiritualism can no longer be ignored by thoughtful men, or sneered away by the incredulous. He has succeeded in elevating them to a plane upon which they can claim, and upon which they are entitled to, a serious and respectful

conscious cerebral action, or the evolution of

ists themselves, and among that very large class that is inclined favorably toward this belief, the effect of Wallace's summing up is weights beyond estimate. It will not merely for years without any remuneration, strengthen the former, but will add dignity to their belief; so that they will no longer regard themselves as under a ban uttered against them by the world of orthodoxy, and by men D. A. Eppr. of scientific minds. The effect upon those who soon.

This is the end he has attained with refer-

ence to the world at large. Among Spiritual-

JULY 25, 1874.

As to the value of the phenomena thus es-

Quicker and quicker they come, and the

The worst feature of this mysterious being

have had a willingness to accept Spiritualism. -and their number is legion, --providing it could present itself with the warrant of suthority, will be to send them over in masses to

JULY 25, 1874.

BRO. JONES:—In reading your article or criticism, headed "The Barnes Will" in the 20th of June issue of the JOURNAL, I notice several remarks that certainly need notice and explanation from me, as no one in any way connected with the will matter is as well posted

as to facts as myself.
You say, "Mr. Barnes made a great mistake in bequeathing his property to the trustees of a society who oftener than otherwise are men of little ability. But we do not intend these remarks as especially applicable to this case, as we know nothing in regard to them. When

any person makes a will for charitable pur-poses, the greatest care abould be exercised to select a recipient of such a trust whose ability and integrity are above reproach. Robert Barnes made his will consistent with

his own views and ideas of right, guarding it with provisions similar to that of Stephen Girard's, claiming to be an independent free-thinker, having no faith or belief in any religious form or creed whatever. Of course, he had to select some party as trustee, to carry out his despes and intentions. Being familiar with the doctrines held by Spiritualists and aware that reget of the active working ones were on the same plane with himself as to free thought and independent human action, and in reading the preamble to the constitution and by laws of our State Association, he saw that we endorsed his own principles, by adopting a free platform with no creed, only that man should live up to, and in strict accordance with his highest intuitions.

I sak how otherwise could Mr. Barnes have done, than just as he did; to him it was just what he desired; he had no confidence or faith in any party save Spiritualists; to them be confided his will to carry out his designs, and would it not have been wrong, a cruel wrong, for the State Association to have refused to accept the trust.

I presented a copy of the will to the State Convention on the 16th of June, 1871, with all the facts in the case, its complications as to the original will; that it could not be found after his death but was believed by every one that it had been stolen. The association accepted the trust by a resolution and unanimous yote and ordered the trustees to prosecute the probation of the will by propounding a copy, providing it could be done. A Business Committee was

appointed from the trustees, to use all proper honorable means towards its accomplishment.

I know the committee have done all that has been possible for any one to do. We have had to contend with unscrapulous iswyers, and been perplexed with delays and the many intricacles of the law. Money has been used freely, and false testimony given against us, and some that should have been our friends, have proven our worst enemies.

But I cannot for a moment believe the RE-LIGIO-PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL means what the article referred to seems to insinuate. It is all bosh and sheer nonsense to suppose the recent agitation of the "social question" has had any influence or anything to do with our temporary defeat, or caused us any embarrassment what-ever. Our real troubles came from the fact that the heirs at law want the property, and some lawyers will do most anything for money;

"that's what's the matter." Millions of money are arrayed against us, and the objects of the will are high treason against the popular theological teachings of the day. "No innovations," say the self-righteous churchmen, of long established rules. "We have the Sunday school and all children can come to that and learn the way of salva-

It is not necessary for me to call your further attention to other points in the article. I am sure you will correct every unintentional wrong therein stated, without knowledge of

facts, through your own paper.

Respectfully yours,

ALLEN C. HALLOCK. Evansville, Ind., June 21st, 1874.

An editorial in the RELIGIO PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL, of June 20th, is a little out of the facts of the case. Trial was had November, 1872, for the purpose of probating the will. The jury, found a verdict against its probate, upon the grounds that the will had been destroyed by Barnes himself, during his lifetime. That the preponderance of evidence was large ly against such a presumption is unquestionable, and it seems equally clear, had not preju-dice against Spiritualism biased the minds of the jury, many of whom were of orthodox proclivities, that the will would have been admitted to probate; but the "social question" did not enter into the consideration of the

We have no fears that the agreements signed by most of the attorneys, referred to by you, will prove a bar to any further proceedings. Application has been regularly made to obtain a new trial upon the question formerly at

One of the principal witnesses for the heirs-at-law has, since the other trial, died, and we have at our command abundant proof of his declarations, made upon his death bed and at other times, admitting his complicity with the heirs and some others of their witnesses, in the abstraction of the will from under his pillow a few days before Mr. Barnes died. The new trial is asked for principally on the ground of newly discovered evidence, and the question is a technical one in regard to the admissibility and effect of this witness's declarations, and of some other testimony of a different char-

It is confidently expected that a new trial will be granted, and the will admitted to probate; but, as you have said, "talk and resolves are not the remedy," and this being a question of interest to every Spiritualist and humanitarian in the land, let them show that interest by sending to Allen C. Hallock of Evansville, ., such a contribution as he can afford to wards defraying the expenses of the contro-versy, for it is an expensive one; though it is quite easy to "talk and resolve" about taking the matter through with one hundred dollars, there are unavoidable expenses arising conthere are unavoidable expenses arising continually that must be met as they arise, aggregating an amount largely exceeding ten times that amount. The attorneys are depending upon the ultimate success of the cause for their fees, but attorney's fees are not the only expense in such matters, and those who are in the front here have already given, in time and money, more than they can well afford.

money, more than they can well afford. ERNEST DALE OWEN.

DEAR SIRE In your paper of June 20th, I notice an editorial under the caption of "The Barnes Will;" In it there are some paragraphs which were evidently written under a missponshension of the facts of the case, and I would ask your indulgence and attention to an explanation of one or two points. The second paragraph of your editorial reads as follows:

"The question came up in court, and if our memory serves us right, the decision was adverse to the will, and based upon the ground that his bequests in aid of Spiritualism was contrary to good morals, hence void."

It is very true that the case came up in court, and a fair trial was had, in as far as the rulings of the court on matters in connection with the trial were concerned, such as the admissibility

of evidence, etc.; but no decision was rendered on the grounds you have stated. The question tyled before the jury was, "Is the copy pro-pounded the last will and testament of Robert Barnes," and that alone? It is true the verdict was against us, and we ascribe this to the prejudice which existed in the minds of the jury, a majority of whom were bigoted church members, with narrow minds, content to take the religion they professed as laid down from the pulpit, and to look no further, and this prejudice was augmented and fostered by the pen annunciations of the counsel for the heirs.

Again you say: "It seems a new trial was moved, and then the whole matter settled for a consideration of five thousand dollars, which was divided between the attorneys for the complainants

The trial was held at Mount Vernon, Ind., ending about the 12th of Nov., 1872. The alleged settlement is dated Jan. 4th, 1873. At that time now trial had been moved for. The law of limina gives the right to apply for a new trial by complaint, any time within a year after the rendition of the verdict, and under this law I drew the complaint for a new trial, and filed it the beginning of October, 1873, having in the meantime discovered new evidence tending to convict one of the principal witnesses of the defendant of perjury. The settlement was made without the knowledge or consent of some of the attorneys, their names being signed by others. After fling the complaint, a judge had to be selected before whom the motion for a new trial could be heard, the present Judge having been one of the attorneys in the case, and therefore disqualified. It was not until some time in Jan uary last, that I was aware of this settlement, when I was informed by the attorneys for the heirs, nor were the trustees any better informed. As you say, "this settlement can amount

Every step has been taken to secure a new trial, which is necessary. The hearing of the motion is fixed for the 22d of June. As you very truly say, "Talk and resolves amount to nothing;" but the whole burden of the case seems to be thrown upon the shoulders of one or two men, who can not afford to spare the money absolutely required to pay the necessary expenses, as witnesses are entitled to receive pay and mileage in advance if they demand The citizens of this city have been already quite liberal in their donations. Let others who are as much interested in the cause, do as much. Your assertion that were you a resident of the State, you "would secure a new hearing," is certainly made with some slight ignorance of the laws of this State, and the requisites to be complied with before a court will grant a new trial. It is the intention of the trustees and their attorneys to carry the case to the court of last resort, and use every available honorable means to insure success. We can

do nothing more. Very respectfully, JOHN C. GRAINSM. Evansville, Ind., June 21st, 1874.

8. S. Jones:—In your comments on the "Barnes Will Case" in the Journal, of the 20th June, you do the matter great injustice in your manner of treating the case.

You say that Mr. Barnes made a mistake in bequeathing his property to the trustees of a society," who oftener than otherwise are men of little ability," thereby leaving the impres-sion with those who are not posted that the trustees of the Indiana State Association of Spiritualists and their successors in office were incapable of managing such a trust, thereby adding to the prejudice already existing against Spiritualism; and then you drag your especial hobby, the "social question" into the matter. You seem to have the "social question" on the brain, and can not let the "Barnes Will Case" pass without fulminating your invectives, and charging that the "social question" was the cause of the failure to propate the will. Again you say, "Let a few men who have standing among their peers for intelligence and therit, step to the front and give moral strength, and this case will at once change its moral aspect." To say the least of it, that is very modest in you. Had you not better come over into Indiana and give moral JAMES HOOK strength to the case.

Terre Haute, Ind., June 24th, 1874.

REMARKS.

We have no retraction to make for our editorial upon the matter of the Barnes will. We then expressly said we knew nothing of the gentlemen who now fill the offices of trustees of the Indiana Association. We spoke of the principle involved and the importance to philanthrophists who would make bequests to aid in the promulgation of the truths of our philosophy in connection with the general diffusion of knowledge, and the erection and sustaining institutions of learning.

To the end of certainty and permanency, legacies should be lodged in persons whose selection does not depend upon quarterly or annual meetings of promiscuous assemblages, where improper influences are liable to be brought to bear to elect incompetent men to discharge so important a trust.

To sustain our position we have only to cite the scenes already enacted over the Barnes will. If anything more is lacking, read Mr. James Hook's letter to us, and contemplate the fact that he is quite a manager of meetings, and that his taste prompts him to select the leading Woodhullite speakers to occupy the rostrums on such occasions. If he were to open his eyes before a mirror he would behold the man that has the "social question" on the hrain, as well as one of the prime instigators of that prejudice that he complains of, that the courts and juries of Undiana have against Spiritualism.

We certainly should regret to see so rich a bequest, if the will was not destroyed by Brother Barnes himself, diverted from the laudable use he intended, and we have too much confidence in the integrity of the courts of our country to believe that prejudice would corrupt them to render a wrong decision. The eyes of the world are upon them and the popular feeling is all in favor of the endowment of institutions of learning. The whole States are interested in sustaining the will. An institutution could be erected and sustained that would be, not only the pride of the city-where it may be located, but to the State at large.

The first important question is, did Barnes, up to the time of his death, intend the instrument, not now to be found, to be his last will and testament? If that fact is clearly proven the instrument will be restored despite all the prejudice that Mr. Hook or his "social freedomite" friends may un wittingly arouse against Spiritualism

tropes the and the second stone to I done !

It is the especial province of courts to carry out the main intent of testators, and to hold trustees to a strict accountability in the execution of trusts, even to their removal and placing of others in their stead if imperatively necessary to accomplish the true design of the testator, as set forth in his will.

While we differ with these gentlemen in regard to the amount of money required to litigate this case, we certainly have no desire to prevent any one from opening his purse cheerfully, to aid in the prosecution of the case to a successful termination.

In reply to the last paragraph of Mr. Hook's letter we will say that if there were no men more discreet in Indiana than himself to aid in prosecuting the Barnes will case, we should despair of a successful termination of it even if we did go "over to indiana and give moral strength to the case."

Mr. Hook must pardon us for making a rather personal answer to his categorical question, and let him remember that all of the Spiritualists of America are looking on with deep interest in this case. And from his own showing thus far, a great degree of weakness in conducting this affair has been manifested, which shows the impropriety of a testator's reposing such a trust in the officers of a State Association. This case should ever hereafter serve as a warning to all philanthrophists who may feel inclined to make bequests for like good purposes, to do it in such a manner as not to, in itself, thwart their own good inten-

Now, we will say just this, (knowing full well that millions of Spiritualists and tens of millions of good people will endorse the truth of the utterance), so soon as Spiritualists utterly ignore the folly of free loveism and unreservedly sustain the great principles and truths in moral ethics evolved by civilization, without reference to creed, sect, liberalism, or absolute infidelity, they will have no occasion to say that the prejudice of the people is such, that courts and jurors will not sustain their civil rights. Prejudice feeds and lives upon our own folly. It foists our folly into view and fastens the public attention upon it, and like an artful trickster, conceals all that is good in our cause. Hence, the importance of presenting our philosophy uncontaminated with that folly which is so skillfully wielded by our enemies to our prejudice.

So-long as we announce absurd sentiments and attempt to palm them off, as the teachings of angels, we place a weapon in the hands of ignorant people for our own destruction. But thanks to the angels for that inspiration and light which has nearly dispelled the gloom that so recently overshadowed the philosophy of Spiritualism, and hid its beauty from mortal

Let our friends come to the rescue-furnish the means, and see that the case of the "Barnes Will" is properly prosecuted to a final issue, and that his true intent (if any real intent, he had at the time of his decease) is executed.

Poices from the People.

ELLIOTTSBURG, PA .- J. Rice writes .- Your position on the social or free love question is the right one.

ELK GROVE, WIS .- Mrs. Richards writes. We wish you would send us a good test medium and a good speaker. I believe they would do a good work here.

TUNNEL CITY, WIS .- M. E. Ingham writes .-Liberalism is gaining ground in this strong hold of orthodoxy. One of the subscribers I sent you le a Catholic.

BEAR LAKE, PA .- Jas. V. Mathu writes .- The cause is prospering in this vicinity. There are many mediums developing in our neighborhood, of various phases; we have lectures here occa-

BWANTON, OHIO.-R. Marck, P. M., writes When all around looks dark and dreary, I take up the Journal and puruse its contents—there I find that consolation that is not found in any other paper of which I have any knowledge.

KNOXVILLE, ILL .- F. K. Parmenter writer. We all esteem the the JOURNAL and its editor, and hope it and you may be sustained in the course you have taken against the destroying doctrine of Hull & Co. BEAVER DAM, WIS .- Orvis Douglas writes.

I am an invalid and do not expect to remain long in earth life, and I feel your paper will be a great source of pleasure to me, for my wife and two childrer have passed on. HAVERHILL, MASS,-Wm. Heyder writes.

Furthermore, my Brother, stand by the right in the future as you have in the past, and every Spiritualist and reformer who does not live in the back brain, will stand by you.

YPSILANTI, MICH .- Mrs. H. M. McPherson writes.—Fight free-love or lust; the people are with you everywhere; no matter if you do not hear them speak out, they are on your side, and you are bound to ride the rough seas safely and come into harbor with all sails flying.

HAMILTON, N. IY.—Carlton Rice writes.—Mrs. Woodhull's teachings have put back Spiritualism, and it will take a long while to do away with the prejudices to the cause she has created, for free-love is about the only weapon the opponents of Spiritu alism use. GENEVA LAKE, WIS .- Matilda Snow writes -The stand the JOURNAL takes in regard to that

curse to the human race—free-loveism—makes it doubly dear to our family circle. May good angels ever bless you for your bold stand in favor of purity and truth, is the sincere prayer of a Spiritualist. LAPORTE, IND.—T. W. Miles writes.—Wood-hullites are decidedly scarce in this county. I do not think there is one. If there are, I do not know them: The stand youthave taken was a great blessing to true Spiritualism, and I hope you will continue to use every effort to scilence the whole family of them.

SPANISH RANCH, CAL.-D. W. Hambly writes.—We have held seasees at our louse for the last twelve years. My wife is a trance medi-um; often clairvoyant. She describes spirits. I think, sir, we are clear from being speted much by Woodhullism. I think we are, as shoommunity, down on the promiscuous doctrine; that is, as far as I have ascertained.

LANSING, MICH.-A. W. Edson writes.-As LANSING, MICH.—A. W. Edson writes.—As all physicians of the other schools of medical practice have their regular organized societies for mutual protection and improvement, it has occurred to me that a similar organization among those mediums that practice in their various forms should have regular meetings for protection and improvement, and by so doing would have more influence upon society. I merely suggest the idea, so you through your Journal may call the attention of those interested in the cause, to the subject, for their consideration and action.

PRESTON, MINN .- Chas. J. Webber writes .-There are no freelovers in this town. All are pleased to see the Journal stand up against corruption in the ranks of Spiritualism. Your corruption in the ranks of Spiritualism. Your Journal has in many of our neighbors excited the desire to investigate, and if we had a good test medium, would no doubt be convinced of the truth of our heavenly philosophy.

DALLAS, TEX.-Franklin Griffith writes. am well pleased with your liberal and beautiful religious philosophy, in reference to our present and future existence. I am one who has not been fully developed to a proper appreciation of spirit presence, yet I have much evidence of the same, and have been greatly fattered to know I am guided by such spirits as Galileo, Thos. Paine, Lorenzo Dow, and John Q. Adams.

GILMORE, NEB .- Ira F. Burroughs writes .- I am now a subscriber for the Journal, and I prize it so highly that I am anxious to get all to read it I can. Still I find it up hill business right here in this vicinity, yet I shall persevere in the glorious-undertaking until as many as is possible may learn the truth. I want no Woodhullism in mine. The pamphlet I sent for, "Moses-Woodhullism in a Nut Shell" was worth to me, even a poor man, five times its cost.

KNOXVIELE, ILL.—Sylvester Stevens writes.
—I am in receipt of E. V. Wilson's "Manifesto," which affords the most palpable evidence that he twilson is in sympathy with Hull, Woodhull & Co., and their nastiness. He has no friends or sympathizers in Knox or Fulton Counties. The stand you have taken against the Woodhull infamy is indersed by every good, well meaning citizen and Spiritualist in the land. May God and good angels prosper you in the right. good angels prosper you in the right.

FLINT, MICH .- A Reader writes -I enclose you a paragraph clipped from the Wolverene (Wises of this place. It is credited, you will observe, to the New York Medical Review, and of course is considered high and competent authority, and will find its way into many papers. Be-lieving you can do it ample justice in the JOURNAL and show up the falsity of its assertions, I send it, and if you deem it worthy of contradiction, there are those in this city who would be pleased

The article you refer to is the production of a bigoted familie residing in New York City. If it originated from a man of ordinary intelligence and influence, we would give it our attention.

DELTA, IA -P. B. Littlejohn writes -I bave been a professor of religion over 40 years. I am now 65. I have fived seven years in Oregon— crossed the mountains in 1840 with my wife, by join ing the American Fur Company for safety against the Indians. We went as self-supporting mission-aries to the Indians. We bore our own expenses, having received some sesistance in our outfit from the Presbyterian Church of Quincy, iii. I have traveled twice across this Continent in my day, and seen many papers, but the RELIGIO-PHILOsorficat Journat is my choice, and I can con scientiously induce as many as possible to take it

CENTREVILLE, TEX -A. H. McFall writes -By reason of continued had health I shall confine my professional services to the treatment of chron-ic diseases, and divide my time between this place and Jewett, a depot on the International R R some fifteen tales distant from Centreville. While many of my friends here are as liberal in their views as it is possible for church people to be, still they regard my views as dangerous and refer to them with great circumspection. But, withal, I feel hopeful that with a good lecturer to promulgate our glorious doctrices, quite a number would give their assent to, and form a nucleus, at least, around which the best and most liberal minds would center, and soon form a society wortby of great consideration.

GRAND DE TOUR, ILL -Dr. M. S. Ottinger writes.—Spiritualism has done a good work in this place and vicinity, through our instrumentality and through the efforts of some other friends. There must be at least fifty subscribers on your list here, and it looks promising for doubling such within a year from hence. The religion of to-day is an out-growth of the higher spiritual nature of man's soul, supported on the noble actions and deeds of men and women. No sanctimonious teachings, whose texts are taken from the infalif ble book of orthodox Christianity; no baptism of holy water, and no saving through the blood of Jesus, are required to-day, under the rising generation, but a natural religion, based on science, morality, reason and practical understanding.

BROOKLYN, TEX.-R. W. Burns, M. D. write.—As I am the only avowed Spiritualist in this immediate locality, it is but natural that everybody should know my religious opinions, and that I "take the most infidel paper in the world" and quite as natural for all the leaders of the "sheep" to abuse me for it, and preach me to "hell" which they have done time and again; indeed, I'm so deem down now that it is with diffi-culty that I can keep my head above the surging, burning billows of sulphurous flame long enough to write you to tell you how they, the preachers, are going to break down your paper. They are going to form clubs and send for it for gratuitous distribution among their "Bell Wethers." When they do this I'm to golunder as well as your paper: Having an eye to your interest, and the general circulation of the Journal, I'm glad of it and hope you will not deny them room in your paper to express their pet theory, "mesmerism," and that you will discuss the subject in your best style in.regard both to "mesmerism" and theology from a Bible stand-point, for we have some men and women among us who are not slaves or fools, who dare reason for themselves.

UNION MILLS, MINN .- Mrs. M. Camp writes. I know that Spiritualism is true. I was suddenly converted to the faith about three years ago. Talking on the subject one day with a young lady—in the room her father lay a corpee—she took my hand and begged me to make her a promise, that if I should die first, and if possible, that I should return and remove all doubts from her mind relative to the after-life. I assented, and she likewise promised the same. In two months from that time she became an inhabitant of the spirit-world. Time passed on. I saw nothing that made me have any faith that my dear friend had any spirit to return to me and lift the dark pall that death had drawn between ds. Ten month, ad passed away, and while sitting quiet in my from one day, looking at some flowers i had just chiled, suddenly my limbs were paralyzed, my head thrown back, and I knew no more for twenty minutes. When I regained my consolousness I -I know that Spiritualism is true. I was sudden minutes. When I regained my consciousness left the room; but was impressed to return, and to my utter astoniahment, there is a communica-tion from my old friend, written in her own hand and signed with her own name. It was a long time before I could realize whether I was in the body or not of it, but one thing I do know, that Spiritual-

or net of it, but one thing I do know, that Spiritualism is true.

CHELBRA, VT.—Miss E. A. Fitz. writes.—When the mind has become tired by the surroundings of every-day life, and the associations of persons with whom we are more or less brought into daily contact, how refreshing and consoling it is to retire to some quiet place and give ourselves up to thought and reflection. There, in the repose and freedom from the cares of busy life, we can listen to the angel voices as they come floating on the air, giving us glimpaes of spirit-life, and pouring into our hearts the halm of consolation and at the same time of their induces, urging us on in the faithful performance of all those life duties which tend to the elevation of humanity; at such times we gather in new truths, for around us are the forms of our spirit friends influencing and guiding for future good. Our departed friends are present knocking at our hearts taking for admission that they may come and make manifest their presence. No clergyman or priest can ever bring that comfort and quiet to the harrassed people of earth, that is brought by the unseen visitors from the spheres supernal. No form of religion has ever yet demonstrated to man the future state of existence so plainly as has the return of spirits. While many are slow to believe, and will not investigate or give their attention, there is an unseen power at work, which like the mountain rivalet is gening strength at every point, and will apon cause all to see, hear and speak of the goodness of spirit semmunion. Fo those who have seen and believe, no words of encouragement are needed. But to those who are yet outside and beyond the confirmation of this great truth I would say, investigate—open wide the doors of your hearts and let the angel of light come in.

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Upon the margin of each paper, or upon the wrapper, will be found a statement of the time to which payment has been made. For instance, if John Smith has paid to I Dec. 1871, it will be mailed, "J. Smith I Dec 1." If he has only paid to I Dec. 1870, it will stand thus: "J. Smith I Dec D."

CHICAGO, SATUEDAY, JULY 25 1874.

THE IOWA "MIND-READER."

Exploits of Brown, the Phesemenal Young Man

[From the New York Times, July 4.]

Mr. John R. Brown, of Council Bluffs, Iowa, arrived in this city a few days ago and is now stopping at the Sturtevant house. He is a young twenty-two years of age-and was born in St. Louis, Mo. Mr. Brown is possessed of powers which would have made Anthony Mesmer delight to make his acquaintance. He can, certain conditions complied with, read your thoughts however much you may endeavor to conceal them. Dr. Cocker, of the Michigan university, where the young man allowed himself to be submitted to a number of tests, says of him: "If an individual will intensely concentrate his attention upon a concrete object, localized in a particular place, and not abstract his attention, Mr. Brown, while blindfolded, will lead him to the object." After stating that the young man was of good character, and known to many in the university before the general public knew aught of his peculiar power, Dr. Cocker says: "All the cases he gives are instances of imageal representations of con-

crete, objects in space." Yesterday Mr. Brown gave a private exhibition to a select company, luciuding several representatives of the press. The place chosen for the experiments was a large parior and bed-room in the Sturtevant house. He explained before hand that he was obliged to use a cer-tain amount of machinery. This latter con-sisted of the letters of the alphabet printed on a plece of pasteboard, and a long piece of brass wire. He did not have the wire, the utility of which will be explained hereafter, but he ex-hibited the printed letters. The latter were strung around the walls of the parlor, and Mr. Brown commenced his interesting exhibition. He stated, in the first place, that any individual in the room might hide an article anywhere in the house, and that, certain conditions complied with, he would certainly point out where it was hidden by reading his thoughts. A gentleman in the company left the room and returned in a few minutes. Mr. Brown then blindfolded himself with a linen handkerchief, took hold of the gentleman's left hand with

took hold of the gentleman's left hand with his own right hand, and after a few eccentric movements, namely, passing his hand several times over the gentleman's arm and across his forehead, the two left the parlor, followed by the company, and proceeded to search for the hidden article. The gentleman submitting to the experiment was led, or rather pulled, by Mr. Brown through the corridors of the hotel and into a half dozen chambers until one was reached where Brown stopped before a bureau with about a dozen drawers, and pointing to one particular drawer, said: "You will find it The hidden article, a pocket-knife, was found in the drawer. The gentleman said that Brown had followed the course which he had taken before he hid the knife, and ex-pressed himself much astonished. The next test was made by a gentleman who went into an adjoining apartment and selected a resette in one of three damask curtains, as an object upon which to concentrate his thoughts. Mr. Brown, preparing himself as before, led the gastleman to the window-curtain, and after a minute's hesitation, over a tassel, placed his hand upon the rosette. The gentleman stated that he had first thought of the tassel, but had finally concluded to choose the rosette. Mr. Leland, of the hotel, asked Mr. Brown to tell him the name of his birth-place. The latter, blind-folding himself and taking the d, led him around the room; and pointing to the printed letters of the alphabet suspended on the walls, spelled out the name "Langrove." This is a small town in Vermont and the birthplace of Mr. Leland. In the same manner Mr. Brown picked out the letters spelling "George" the Christian name of George F. Rowe, a reporter of THE TIMES, drowend some time ago, at the request of his brother, who was present, and also the name of a town in Turkey, denominated "Abeih,"

probably owing to the fact that he had himself healtated over it while mentally spelling the word. Another test to which Mr. Brown was subjected was made by a gentleman who fixed his thoughts upon a watch-seal worn by Mr. Leland, which was quickly pointed out as the object selected. Mr. Brown volunteered to object selected. Mr. Brown volunteered to read the thoughts of another without coming in direct contact with him, but through the medium of a third person. To do this he blindfolded as before, and while taking the hand of a third party—the latter placing his hand on his (Brown's) forehead, the man whose thoughts were to be read took hold of the wrist of the medium of communication, and so the three proceeded around the room until the object was pointed out, or the letters spelling the word thought of out from the alphabet. The Times, reporter desired to make this test, did so, together with Mr. Leland. The metal-

where one of that company was born. In the latter test Mr. Brown missed the letter e, which

the gentleman making the test stated was probably owing to the fact that he had himself ed for the concentration of thought. After his usual preparation, Brown immediately led to the door. When he reached it he felt around it a few minutes, and The Times reporter, believing the scent lost, allowed his thoughts to wander to other objects. As these objects presented them-selves to his mind, Brown would immediately lead him and his companion to them. At last s violent effort was made to concentrate attention exclusively on the key-tag, and Brown abonce led the way to it. This test satisfied the re-porter that the workings of his mind had been implicitly followed by Brown, and that every deviation from a direct course was due to the thoughts of other objects which would persistently obtrude themselves. Mr. Brown is ghorant of the cause of his wonderful power. He believs that Spiritualism has nothing to do with it, and regards professional Spiritualists as humbugs. Look experiments yesterday he was obliged to look those testing around the room by the hand. If provided with a brass

lic tag hanging to a key in the door was select-

of the wire, and prefers to hold the band. It does not appear that Mr. Brown's gift can be very usoful, although he says that by means of it he has discovered the guilt of several criminals in the west. He says also that he is able sometimas to read the thoughts of others sitting near him, but cannot remember them for any length of time. He believes that in the course of time his powers of thoughtreading will be so strongly developed that he will be able to express the thoughts of others without the use of his alphabet.

wire, the person testing his power could take hold of one end of the wire and remain in his chair. He is not infallible, however, in the use

BRMARKS

This same J. R. Brown noticed above, was in Chicago a year or so ago, and his achieve. ments created considerable excitement among the opponents of Spiritualism. . The doors of the churches were opened to receive him, and the members thereof caressed him, praised him, and then announced that they had found the key that unlocked Spiritualism. We were highly gratified at the visit of Mr. Brown, for we recognized in the phenomens manifested through him, the secret ogency of spirits invading the fortresses of old theology. They would receive Spiritualism with arms wide open and with the broadest hospitality when presented under the cognomen of mind-reading, but otherwise they would bitterly denounce it. Since Mr. Brown bewildered our people with his remarkable achievements, and then left for other fields of labor, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, of Memphis, Tenn , have arrived in this city, and their exploits surpass those of Brown in almost every particular. Mr. Miller is not only a mindreader, but he far surpasses that peculiar phase. and reveals facts unknown to any one present. It is easy to read the mind, especially when sided by spirits, but to allow its energies to go forth and flud a lost article, is indeed marvelous. Mr. Miller's powers in that direction are wonderful. If he had the charge of the police force of the city, he would be the terror of evil doers, and not an article could they take unlawfully without being detected by him. Mrs. Jeff Davis, wife of the ex President of the Bouthern Confledercy, lost two rings, and where they could be found, and who had them, were accurately pointed out by Mr.

A lady, Mrs. Vance, of Memphis, hid a thimble to test his powers, and after three weeks time, forgot where she had placed it herself; but the wonderful clairypyant powers of Mr. Miller, when brought into requisition, revealed the spot. Could Mr. Brown do as much? Emphatically, not While in Louisville, Ky., Mr. Miller led a gentleman into a distant house, and pointed out the pillow as the place where he had a few moments before secreted a pocket book. While traveling on the Mississippi River in the Steamer A. J. White, he was informed that the pilot had had some five hundred dollars stolen. He told him where he had placed it, described the person who took it and told him he would receive the most of it back, which he did shortly after.

Mr. Miller's peculiar power is not confined altogether to reading the thoughts of others; and recovering lost and stolen property, but he at times reads the future, He predicted_at one time that a block in Memphis would burn within thirty days; and one man moved out of it in compliance with his advice, and thereby saved his property. Indeed he is far superior to Mr. Brown, not only being able to lead a person to objects thought of, but can predict to a certainty coming events.

How is this done? How can he point out the article you are thinking off By direct spirit influence, of course. He closes his eyes In order that his attention may not be distracted by any object he may see, and then a spirit clasps his wrists and leads him to the designated object. This is one of the very best tests of spirit power that ever came under our observation, and shows conclusively that spirits are ever ready and anxious to open the eyes of mortals to a recognition of the fact that there is a spirit-life-that there is a home beyond the grave for every one, and that those residing there are cognizant of every thoughtthat passes through our mind.

The time is not far distant when there will be detectives in the Spirit-world, who will disclose the svil doings of earth's children, and thereby bring criminals to justice, and prevent the perpretration of foul deeds. We rejoice to know that this new development in Spiritualism is being realized, and that wrong doers will be watched by eyes they can not see. Who will do anything wrong, knowing that the vigilant eye of the spirits is ever near to watch them, and report of their evil doings, thereby causing their arrest?

Of Interest to Everybody.

If a private allp or any piece of paper is pasted on to a penny poetal-card. It subjects it to six cents extra postage. Such cards are always rejected without being read. Never spend your time on penny-cards so foolishly. Time is money and postal cards cost ten dollars a tileusand and less in proportion to

Diakka at Work in Chicago.

Charles Rayner, a pretended physical medium, lately paid our city a visit, and of course gravitated to the seance rooms of the Rausto-PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL. He is a modest young man : he is very retired in his habits, and if he would become so retired that humanity could not gaze upon his "innocent" features, they would be the better off for it, unless he change. He has the greatest respect for truth imaginable, so much so, that he rarely, if ever, approaches it, any nearer than he could the tail of that mysterious comet. He has a trumpet; it is the first trumpet a spirit ever spoke through; so he declares, and who would doubt the nice young man's statement, if they did not know that he carries about his person whiskers, wigs, coloring powders, etc., in such quantities that he can materialize any spirit from Balaam's ass down to Old Adam himself. This nice young man, with his parapher-

nafia, had the audacity to come to our seance, rooms and paim himself off as a genuine medium. The first scance was "splendid." The spirit Mortimer came, who has been in spiritlife fifty years ; he is a magnificent specimen of humanity; as polite as a monkey with a looking glass; then there is Tom, a quaint Johnny Bull, who has been perambulating around the Spirit-world for one hundred years; he is a noble looking spirit; light didn't have any effect on his features ; the sun might dissipate an loeberg or evaporate a tub of water, but Tom's face couldn't be dissolved. For a time we were jubilant. We asked him if he was a Diakka, and he made up a face at us that chilled our blood. He said Andrew Jackson Davis was controlled by a Diakka, and when he sald that, Diakka stock fell to zero, and we wondered why Mr. Davis, the greatest of seers, the most profound of philosophers, and the clearest reasoner of the age, should allow a Diakka to stand his intellect, "'tother end to" and make a dunce of him. The next day, however, Diakka stock was again to its original position in our mind. This nice young man was willing to submit to tests; and we were willing to "try the spirits." So we sewed his pants to the carpet; sewed his wrists to his pants; sewed his neck to the back of the cabinet. In fact, we sewed him so that he couldn't produce the manifestations himself. We closed the door of the cabinet, and we sung "Old John Brown," "Tramp, tramp," etc., and other songs too numerous to mention, but not a spirit responded. Tom was in England, inspecting an tron-clad, and Mortimer was in the sixth sphere arranging his tollet for a dance.

The next imposter who comes here, must be prepared to pay for music that emanates in "thrilling sweetness" from our lungs to induce his spirits to respond. But, finally, we searched the poor fellow ; we examined his coat, his pants, his vest, his hair-nothing there; but his shirt-oh! he was so sensitive, he wouldn't let us examine that, it was sacred ; underneath that garment, there were the utensils to make up his class of spirits, as the sequal proves. This pice fellow was stopping at Mrs. Carry's, a lady who moves in the first circles of society in Chicago, where he held several seances, receiving enthusiastic applause. Poor fellow! he said the seances exhausted him "so much!" Finally, this lady approached the cabinet, and entered into a lengthy conversation with Mortimer, and then-all at once-she tore the improvised cabinet down, leaving the spirit so fully materialized (looking as radiant as a sheep, and as exultant as a whipped spaniel), that he probably will sover return to his delightful home near lake Sunset in the sixth sphere of the Spirit-world. There Rayner himself stood, with whiskers, wigs, etc., representing the spirit Mortimer. Goodness ! how he trembled ! He didn't want Mrs. Carry to kill him. She told him he need not fear that, as he was too low to dirty her hands with. She ordered him out of the house at once, and he went, carrying the old, original horn that "the first spirit ever spoke through."

In connection herewith, we desire to say that it is a principle of our philosophy that such impostors will not, at death, be cast into a lake of fire and brimstone, however much you may think they deserve it, but that event ually they will reform, and stand as high as the highest. Rayner, now is the time to make a man of yourself. Abandon your impositions; live henceforth an honest, upright life, and all true Spiritualists will respect you. That man or woman who trifles with the sacred relations that exist between the friends of the two worlds, practicing impositions, is, indeed, low in the scale of humanity, and from our inmost soul we pity them, and pray that the Angel of Light may so illuminate their minds, that they will see the necessity of reformation. We do not hate the imposter—that passion has no place in our soul-but we pity them, and yearn for their reformation, and say to them, that the seance rooms of the RELIGIO PHILOSCPEICAL PUBLISHING-HOUSE is just the place where these impostors will be exposed, so sure as they attempt to play off their tricks there.

Feeling anxious to know whether the friends at Cleveland had been deceived by Raynor, we wrote to Bro. D. A. Eddy, Esq., and here is his reply :

CLEVELAND, July 7, 2 P. M.

BROTHER JONES -- Yours of yesterday is this moment at hand, and I hasten to reply. Yes, Raynor—Charles Raynor—is an imposter.
Yes, Raynor—Charles Raynor—is an imposter.
For six weeks he deceived our people but was finally detected in putting on feite faces, whiskers, etc.; would never sudmit to any test conditions. I once thought his dark circle for physical manifestations, genuine; but after being detected—practicing fraud at materialization, I set him down a fraud altogether. I requested the Raynom to these gether. I requested the Bannen to "post him," in answer to their letter of inquiry. Ike yours, which they have failed to do. Wish you would now do it for the good of the cause. Tis better for us to expose these imposters, than wait till they fall into the hands of our enemies. Truly and faithfully yours,

A Kentucky Ghost.

Strange reports come from Kentucky, in ref-

erence to spiritual manifestations. It appears from the Springfield (Ky.) Republican, that on the 18th of March last, a Mr. Green died after a protracted illness, leaving Mrs. Green with a family of six young children, with little or no means of support. A short time after Mr. Green's death, say about three months, Mrs. Green heard singular noises about the house after night, and sometimes in the daytime, heavy breathings and moans resembling a person in the agonies of death; as one time she heard a noise under the house like a horse rolling about and pawing violently as though in the agonies of death. Again she saw frequently in her room at night after the lamp was lighted a shadowy figure resembling the head and shoulders of a medium-sized man moving around the wall next the ceiling, and uniformly as the shadow reached the lamp the flame was extinguished, and this phenomenon hap pened as often as four or five times in a night. At-one time when she and her family with some visitors were sitting quietly in the room, the front door without any visible cause, was seen to fly violently open and shut again as violently, and so violently as to jar boxes of flowers placed in the window out of it. At other times when the lights were burning, footsteps were heard by her in the room as though a grown person in slippers was walking over the floor, and yet no object could be seen. At one time she thought she heard some person noisily approaching the front door as about to enter. Upon opening the door, however, no one could be seen. Again, near the steps of the back door, she thought she saw, after dark, a small, white dog, resembling one she knew in the neighborhood; that she approached it with the view of taking it up and carrying it in the house, but it eluded her grasp and mysteriously passed away. At another time the back door of her room seemed half filled with a white, gauzy cloud not resembling anything only a white figure, which alarmed her, and she ran out of the house; the apparation disappeared.

Other persons, friends and relatives, have been present on some of these occasions, and corroborate Mrs. Green's statements.

The most mysterious and crowning development related by her is said to have occurred at about 11 o'clock a. M. She was in the cellar of the house getting kindling wood, and, in stooping down, thought she saw the lower limbs and feet of Mr. Green standing by her, and immediately felt the pressure of a cold hand upon her shouller. She turned and looked, and reports that her husband stood before her just as he appeared when she last saw him in his burial clothes. When she exclaimed: "In the name of the Lord Jesus Christ who redeemed me, Dick, what do you want?" And that he spoke audibly to her in his natural tone of voice and language, telling her that the sufferings of this life were in no way to be compared to those of the other world, and that he was permitted to come back to her to advise her of her neglect of duty, and to urge her to act otherwise. He also sent by her messages to his brother Charles Reed, Mrs. Rachel Walker, and to Miss Edgerton, all living here. He further requested her to have three masses said for the repose of his soul; one on the first Saturday of this month, and the others on the two following Saturmys. He further informed her that he would not visibly appear to her again, but could have appeared twice more had he desired to do so, but not to here but to other persons named by him-his kindred. Then repeating the word "friend" three times he vanished from sight. Mrs. Green says she has heard loud knockings on the floor, and heard groanings, as of persons in extreme distress, since, but has seen nothing more.

Wallace Papers.

We give place to the following article from the Chicago Daily Times. It will show our readers the high estimation placed on Mr. Wallace's articles, (which we are now publishing) by the independent secular press. Our readers should preserve those copies of the JOURNAL which contain the Wallace articles:

"The very extended article from the pen of Alfred Wallace, on the phenomena of what is-termed Epiriualism, which was recently copied a extense from The Firstnightly Review, into this journal, is a production that should not be dismissed without some comment. Spiritualism presents itself the same as any other topic for current journalistic commen and criticism; and its evidence is before the public for the same examination that is the widence in the case of the theories of the interchangeability of heat and motion, or unconstious cerebral action, or the evolution of

This is especially the case since Spiritualism has entered into the domain of scientific examination, and has proferred its phenomena to the crucial tests of men of scientific minds. During the last ten years it has been suffected to an almost infinite number of severe and exhaustive examinations, whose results are summed up in the paper contributed by Mr. Wallace. The readers of the Times are famillar with these results, so that it is unnecessary to recapitulate them. They cover an enormous area, including manifestations in almost every possible direction, and with reference to almost every possible subject. His observations certainly prove one very important thing, to wit, that the phenomena of Spiritualism can no longer be ignored by thought-ful men, or sneered away by the incredulous. He has succeeded in elevating them to a plane upon which they can claim, and upon which they are entitled to, a serious and respectful

This is the end he has attained with reference to the world at large. Among Spiritualists themselves, and among that very large class that is inclined favorably toward this belief, the effect of Wallace's summing up is weights beyond estimate. It will not merely strengthen the former, but will add dignity to their belief; so that they will no longer regard themselves as under a ban uttered against them by the world of orthodoxy, and by men of scientific minds. The effect upon those who

have had a willingness to accept Spiritualism,
—and their number is legion,—providing it
could present itself with the warrant of authority, will be to send them over in masses to the ranks of those already firm in the faith.
As to the world in general, it must consent
henceforth to treat the theme of Wallaco's paper with just the same respect; that it now accords to any theory which has received the indorsement of Huxley, Tyndall, Agassiz, or any other theory indorsed by any man of acknowledged high intellectual attainments. Henceforth, any one who undertakes to ex-plain the existence of these phenomena other than he would the facts of evolution, or elec-tricity, or any other facts of established re-liability, may be safely set down as an Ignora-mus. To say that So and So is a Spiritualist will hereafter be just as contemptuous as, and no more so than, to say that So-and-So is a Presbyterian, or a geologist, or an evolution-

As to the value of the phenomena thus es-tablished by Wallace, The Times is not called upon to pronounce any opinion, any more than it is upon the merits of the creed of the Baptists or the Roman Catholics. Spiritualism is now before the world, indorsed by men eminent for their intellectual ability and their capability for rigid and exhaustive examination. The mission of a secular journal ends with this statement as to the facts in the present case. The duty of their applicavidual rests in other directions.

They have got a ghost at Springvale, Maine, who would delight Mr. Wallace, whose articles in the Fortnightly Review have been reof Boston, a powerful physical medium, holds seances in a house it Springvale, and not only produces raps and other spiritual manifestations, but the ghost himself. The Portland Press describes him as follows:

Quicker and quicker they come, and the supplementary shudder diverts each individusi's attention to the doorway, where, peering in, stand the distinct outlines of a figure, clad in black, with face of deathlike paleness! Tall and majestic, gazing upon the company it hesitated as if in fear, then, gaining courage, steadily advances. Nearly indistinct traces of vice and crime are noticeable upon the face, and the glitter of the bright blue eyes possesses a dangerous fascination. Its steps are audible, as if with feet encased in alippers it were lightly scuffling about.

The worst feature of this mysterious being is his proclivity to hurl stones, which he brings up with him from the cellar. In a corner of this cellar a murdered peddler was long ago buried, and it is presumed that it is the peddler's ghost who indulges in the stone-throw-Mean while he has plenty of companions who stick to the kitchen, however, and amuse themselves singing. None of them have yet been visible, but the peddler's ghost has been seen by large numbers of people who accompany the medium to this house.

Letter from Iowa.

SPENCER, CLAY CO., IOWA, July 7. DEAR SIR -I thought I would write you a few lines to let you know why I have not sent you the money for the JOURNAL. We are "Homesteaders;" last year lost about all we had by the grasshoppers. I thought I would be able after harvest, this year, to pay for two years, but now the prospect is worse than last year. The grasshoppers are taking every thing, and we shall have hard work to live through the winter. Many are leaving now; and as I am a Spiritualist, I can not take the Journal without paying for it, or telling you why I can not do so. I will try hard to pay the last year's subscription soon. The JOURNAL is like a dear friend, a welcome visiter in the family.

Last week I had the Spiritualist at Work sent me. I do not want that paper, for I am a Spiritualist, not a free-lover, nor do I wish to take any part with them. It is sad to think a man like Wilson should fall so low. May the good angels redeem hims

May your reward be great for the good you are doing, and your paper be the means of reforming the world. Mrs. H. W. SQUIRE.

We are in receipt of similar letters to the above, from all parts of the country. As a sample of Wilson's integrity, you and

all others of our subscribers have learned that since last December, Wilson has wrongfully used our printed mail list, to send out his circulars and papers to our subscribers, for the purpose of arousing prejudices against the Journal, and gaining subscribera to his paper which will not survive six months.

The names of our regular subscribers we have been gathering for years, by dint of large expenditures of money and energy.

Now, this man who has been warmed jato life by the influence of our poper, turns around and betrays the confidence reposed in him when we let him take our mail list to enable him to write to our subscribers for the purpose of getting himself engagements to lecture to them; with the assurance that it should be used for no other purpose, and that it should be returned to us again. Instead of doing so, he uses it to malign us, and to foist his paper upon our subscribers. He has sent his circulars and paper to every one of them in that

We submit the question to the candid readers of the Jounnal, whether such conduct does not betray an innate trait of character for dishonesty seldem met with. And when taken in connection with his conduct towards all true Spiritualists, by his affiliation with Woodhullites, does not such conduct deserve the execration of all honorable people !-- [ED. JOURNAL.

Legislation Needed.

Some one or more philanthrophists have ordered the RELIGIO-PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL to be sent to several convicts in the Missouri Penitentiary. The papers never reach the convicts, for this reason, says the postmaster: "The authorities at the penitentlary will pay no postage on papers for prisoners,"

Let the legislature at the next session provide that reading matter for convicts which is donated by philanthrophists, be fur-Sabed by the State, at least to the extent of the postage. It is a diagrace to civilization to keep prisoners in ignorance of current events, while they are compelled to toil for the State for years without any remuneration.

W. W. DENNISON, an excellent magnetic healer of this city, will remove to Denver, Col.,

Philadelphia Department

HENRY T. CHILD, M. D.

Subscriptions will be received and papers may be obtained at wholesale or retail, at 634 Race St., Philadelphia.

MATERIALIZATIONS IN PHILADEL-PHIA.

Letter From Robert Dale Owen.

We have alluded to the materializations at Mr. and Mrs, Holmes' scances and referred to Katle King, who appeared on the evening of the 12th of May, 1874. After giving her name, she said in reply to a question from us, "I have been at a seance in London to-day." The difference in longitude is about five hours, being earlier there. On the 21st of May she "I have been at a sessuce in London to-The London papers, as well as our own have given an interesting account of the fareseance which took place on that day. After this she said, "She was not able to deliver a message to the friends in London, because she was not attending any more seances there.

On Friday morning, June 5th, 1874, Katle came to us at our office, alone, and gave the communication which is referred to in Mr. Owen's letter below, and which is given in full to-day at the commencement of "The Spirit-World Department." In the evening of that day, Mr. Owen had come to the scance.

After several faces had been presented at the apertures, three of whom were recog-nized, John King said, "If you will sit back a little, and turn the light down, we will open the foor and let you see Katle in full form." We did so and were favored with the sight of a beautiful form, clothed in white robes. Hhis slipped out into the room and permitted M/ Owen to shake hands with her,

At one of our seances I kande? Histie a sheet of paper, the next day she sturned it to me with the following communication written upon it.

"Flowers are not triffes, as we might know from the care God has taken of them every where Not one unfinished; not one bearing

the mark of a brush or pencil.
Fringing the eternal borders of mountain ranges, growing on the pulseless head of the grey old granite, everywhere they are harmon-

"Murderers do no not ordinarily wear roses in their buttonholes. Villains seldom train vines over their cottage doors."

On Sunday evening, June 7th, we had a long conversation with Katie at the cabinet window. At my request she permitted me to count her pulse, while she held her arm out in plain sight. It beat about seventy two per minute, and was perfect naturally. She also permitted me to see her tougue, and then asked playfully, if I thought she was well. A lady said to her, "I have a ring I would like to give you if you will accept it." She replied "of course I will accept it." Mr. Owen placed it upon her flager, and she seemed much pleased. Other presents have been given to her, a string of white spar beads, and a pearl cross which she habitually exhibits to us at the seances.

Having attended more than fifty seances, we have seen a great variety in the manifestations, and have had better opportunities for the investigation of this phase of the phenom-ena than ever before. We have learned that very much depends upon the character and conditions of the person forming the seance. Mr. Owen refers to this in a lecture which we shall publish in our next issue.

We need not say that the thoughtful readers of the Journal will find food for contemplation in Mr. Owen's letter and Katle's communication, and we bespeak a careful persual and close examination of the communication from Katle which we received in our own office.

DEAR DR. CHILD: - Accept my grateful acknowledgment for your kindness in inviting me to witness the phenomena in spirit mater ialization now presented in this city through the mediumship of Mr. and Mrs. Holmes.

I had kept up with the recent European experiments in this field, an i hoped for much; but the reality far exceeded my expectations.

All my former experiences in Spiritualism, favored as I have been, pales before the new manifestations witnessed by me in the course of last month. After the very strictest scrutiny, with every facility promptly afforded me by the mediums to detect imposition had it been attempted. I here avow my conviction that the phenomena are genuine; that I have again and again, on more than twenty occasions, seen, heard, touched forms to appearance human and material, and to sense tangible; that these forms have stepped up close to me, that I have held conversations with them, occasionally receiving advice, sometimes having my thoughts read and adverted to; that I have recelved written under my very eyes by a lumi nous detached hand,-a communication of some length, purporting to come from an emi-nent English clergyman, who died, twenty years ago; the style and signature serving further to attest its genuine character; finally that I have seen the form which had spoken to me a minute or two before, fade away till became a dim shadow, to reappear a few minutes later in all its brightness.

If to many, even of those who esteem themselves experienced Spiritualists, such things seem but the phantoms of a "midsummer night's dream," and if in consequence, many receive this new phase of spirit-communion with doubt or disbellef, so be it! Thomas was quite right in the disbelleving until he could see with his own eyes and touch with his own hands. Those of us who have seen and touched, can afford to walt. Truth wins the

I am an old soldier in the Spiritual field, and have smelt the powder of ridicule and contempt, to say nothing of incredulity, so often that these missiles have lost their effect upon me. But indeed under the present aspect of affairs; there is, in avowing conviction, little to risk and no excuse for faint-heartedness. In England, men of scientific eminence—William Orookes and O. F. Variey, both Fellows of the Royal Society, Alfred Wallace who shares with Darwin the henor of promulgating the great principle of natural selection—such men as these have already been pioneers in this special field of inquiry, and have quite recent-ly recorded their conviction that the phenomly recorded their conviction that the phenomena of materialization are genuine. The advance we have made beyond their experience is but one of degree; such as in the progress of all phenomenal experiments, is to be expected. I have seen during a single sitting of an hour and a half, three separate forms, completely materialized, walk out from the cablest to within a foot or two of where I sat, have touched all three, have conversed with all three; and this has occurred in the light, without anyone in the cabinet; both mediums sitting beside ma Again, I have witnessed on six different occasions, the levitation (that is, floating in the air) of a materialic of the six of the

ialized form. Bo far as I have followed the English record, this goes somewhat beyond anything there set forth. But, in the main, our experience on this side, is but the counterpart of theirs. Nor/do I believe that we could have succeeded as we have, had not the way been prepared for us by them. The Annie Morgan, better known as "Katle King," who appears to us, is, I think without all peradven-ture, the same spirit that had acquired, during three years experience with Florence Cook as

medium, the skill-if I may use the expression -which enables her to present herself in veritable human guise, as a messenger confirming to man the reality of another world. How far the beautiful form and features with which 'Katie' is invested here in Philadelphia, resemble or do not resemble those under which she appeared to her London friends, we have no means of judging, the English photographs not having yet reached us, and no one, who saw her at Plorence Cook's having visited our seances. Nor can the question of identity be so decided, the mediums from whom a necessary portion of the elements to materialize, are undoubtedly derived, here and there, being entirely different. This question must be determined by internal evidence, and I have found that evidence to be overwhelmingly in

favor of the identity I have assumed. I consider the communication you have been fortunate enough to obtain, by impression, from "Katie," touching the moral and intellectual condition of spirits who take upon themselves carthly investiture, as an item in corroboration; besides being a most valuable and suggestive addition to Spiritual literature. There is also the narrative of her life, as imparted to you, bearing similar evidence of substantial truth.

I can not give the details of my experience during twenty five sittings and of the evidence I have obtained touching "Katie's" identity, in a letter. Life and health permitting, these shall find a place in a work which I propose still to write perhaps under the title of "Pnenomenal Proof of a Better Life to Come."

If, now, I am asked where all this is to end? what is to come of it, in case familiar converse with visitors from another world shall continue to be permitted here? I reply that that is not our affair. We have to deal for the present, with facts, not with results from facts.

P. S , July 31. Sings writing the above, have seen one of the London photographs of "Katie," taken by the magnesian light. It corresponds to what we have heard of the striking resemblance between her and her London medium. The likeness to the photegraph of Miss Cook, with which I have compared it, is unmistakable. But neither in features, nor yet more especially in expression does it resemble the 'Katie' whom I have met daily for four weeks past, the forenessi only corresponding. The face of the London "Katie" smiling as she looks down at the old gentleman, anglests the adjectives pretty and interesting. The face of our "Katie" is classic in its regularity. Expresiness, with a passing touch of weariness, is its habitual expression; and even its smile, though bright, has an occasional dash of s duess in it. One thinks of it as strikingly hands me, as full of character, as intellectual; and, withal, as singularly attractive; but one would never term it pretty. The nose is straight, not aquiline as in the London photograph; and the large eyes are rather dark and bluish grey in color. The face is perhaps a trifle wider in proportion than that of the Venus of Milo; but both features and ex pression more nearly resemble those of that noble statue than they do the lineaments and look of Florence Cook, or the spirit materialized through her mediumship; so far as, from the photographs, one can judge of either.

The Spirit World.

A DEPARTMENT FOR COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE INNER LIFE.

[For some time past my spirit friends have been urging me to add to the Philadelphia Department, one in which they may have the opportunity of sending their thoughts to the world. The extended circulation of the JOHNAL

to the world. The extended circulation of the Journal farnishes the means of reaching more individuals than any other puper on Spiritaalism.

Spirita have expressed a d sire that I should not only send forth the communications which they are able from time to time to give through my orwanism, but select some hat I may report as given through other mediums, whose names will be given with their communications.

H. T. C.)

Communication from Katie King.

The following communication from Katle King, the spirit referred to in the interesting letter from our friend, R bert Dale Owen, is the first of a series, detailing her experiences, which have been received by us and which will be published in this department imme diately after the conclusion of the narrative of her father, John King. The importance of this communication in connection with the above letter induces us to send it in advance. JUNE 5.h. 1874. MY DEAR FRIEND AND BROTHER:—I should be very sorry if you in-ferred from the manner in which I appear and speak to you and other friends when I am materialized, that that is a criterion of my present condition, and that the rude and trifling manner in which I express myself, on those occa sions, is a real reflection of my interior state. I desire to impress your mind so that you may present to the world the fact that spirits, either in or out of the form, as you call it, are to a very great extent subject to the inflaence of the material elements with which they are clothed, and if I could have you spend a little time with me, in an appreciative manner in my interior home in Spirit-land, you would not know me as the same K sile that calls you all "stupid," and uses expressions which are often quite repulsive to my inner conscious

. The laws of spiritual manifestation are ab solute and whenever a spirit approaches a me dium, it must be more or less materialized, first to come into the atmosphere of the earth and then into that of the medium. If it present itself in form it is obliged under a law to appear as nearly as may be, as it was when it passed from the earth. Thus a child of earth though grown to materity in Spirit-life, returns as a child. Deformed persons present

their deformities with precision. Spirits retain not only the recollection of their earthly conditions and appearance, but also the power of assuming them in Spirit-life whenever it is desirable. You will see the importance of this power of maintaining or surring to the primitive conditions of Spiritlife at least for a time, and until all those to whom a recognition is necessary shall have passed into that state, and this power is retained, so as to be easily exercised until after all who are living on the earth at the time a spirit enters this world have also passed on, so that the new-horn spirit can not faff to recognize its friends and relatives.

I am requested to say to you that all spirits when they retarn to earth, whether they communicate or not, are absolutely subject to this law. They must assume the conditions they had when they left the earthly form, although they may bring to earth many thoughts and ideas which they have acquired in the interior life; but even these are somewhat modified by being presented through the necessary condi-tions which surround them at the time. For instance, scholars from the Spirit-land, speak-

ing through mediums who are ignorant of language and the rules of grammar, are cempelled to use the incorrect expression of the medium. It is a truth that "the spirits of the prophets are subject to the prophets," and every spiritual communication that has ever been given has been more or less modified by the channel through which it has passed, as well as by the essential materialistic conditions which spirits may have been compelled to assume warn they come into the earth's atmosphere and into rapport with the mediums.

There is a very important lesson here, my brother, which will find an illustration in the earth experiences of most persons. The mission of the spirit in its earth life is to realize the character, conditions and laws of matter, and to do this fully it is obliged to become materialized, and to express itself as best it can through matter.

All human life is an expression of the feellogs and desires of the spirit given through and modified by matter. The soul of the drunkard speaks through an intoxicated body, and though it may know much better than it can act or express itself, it is scarcely conscious of the fact that it is the slave of its sur-

All the rudeness, imperfection and crime that mark the career of man on earth may be set down to the mixed influence of matter and spirit, doing justice to neither of them. ancient idea that matter is evil and the relationship of the spirit to it is a cause, arose from this fact. We could present thousands of illustrations of this in human experience. You often see it clearly in the circles which meet for the reception of spiritual manifestations; one individual may by improper conditions, not only interfere with the manifestations which would come to them, but with those for the whole circle, so that all are losers

All through human life the thoughtful mind will perceive illustrations of this important truth which are calculated to teach lessons of charity and forbearance. You should remember that as "out of the fullness of the heart the mouth speaks," so out of the conditions of life all expressions must come, and be modified

Before referring to my experiences, which I in common with most spirits, desire to have presented to the world. I will answer a question which has frequently been put to me and which I see in the minds of many that have never uttered it. Why do spirits who have been in the Spirit-world a long time, desire, or even submit to come into the material conditions of earth, in which they are liable to suffer, and are to generally misunderstood? I can answer for myself. Nearly two hundred years of earth's time, as the record will show. have passed down the stream of life since I landed upon these peaceful and beautiful shores, and during that period I have spent much of my time among those who were producing physical manifestations, from the spiritual plane. My ather's mission, as you are well aware, is a very important one in this great work, and my relations to him, which he has so keenly expressed through you, have had a very considerable influence in keeping me at this which might seem to be rather an uncongenial labor, but is not, because the results are very satisfactory and

bring to our minds peace and rest
I submit to be mater alized as you are well
aware, very often because I can not only bear it better than most others, but I can do more for our spirit friends and for humanity, and therefore I am not dissatisfied with the labora which I am performing, although at times there are discordant conditions which cause us temporary regret, yet they always illustrate and confirm important laws, and are often the very best lessons one can have."

A NARRATIVE.

The Experience of John King (Sir Henry Morgan), given through Henry T. Child, M. D.

CHAPTER V.

I need not tell you how long and earnestly I have labored to overcome the effects of the murders that I had committed or caused to be committed. It was an exceedingly painful effort, humiliating in the extreme, and yet one from which there was no escape. Each individual has his peculiar character, and is influenced by others, or influences them in accordance therewith. I found that this indomitable will of mine was the great power by which I was to be raised into better conditions as soon as I would direct it in proper channels: I was engaged for a very long time in releas-ing myself from the many responsibilities which I had brought upon me by the criminal course I had pursued. All those whom I had injured directly or indirectly were ready for me just as rapidly as I could come up to the

Sometimes I felt as if it would be intermina-ble, but my darling Katle, ever the light of my soul, cheered me on, and bade me hope that I would get through sometime, and my strong will always helped me. I have been engaged in producing physical manifestations ever since I came to spirit-life, but for a long time they did not accomplish much good, he cause mankind could not understand them. was present in numerous trials for witchcraft. I followed piratical expeditions and re-entected some of the scenes of my earth-life, but my main object in this was to direct them into better conditions, though I confess, that in the excitement of sction, on the part of men, I was often led to take part with them and prompt them to do more than they would have done, if I had not been there, and for this I became jointly responsible and have to suffer I was present at many executions, and while my judgment was against all such things, yet on these occasions the old feelings of hatred

and revenge would be aroused in my nature.

Latterly I have avoided all such scenes because I know them to be wrong, and also becanse they injure, not only mortals, but all spirits who visit them for excitement and gratification, and my experience has taught me the necessity of avoiding all such scenes.

me the necessity of avoiding all such scenes.

If mankind could realize the influence of capital punishment, not only upon the victim, but upon humanity and all those spirits who have any sest for such scenes they would abandon it at once. It is not only a relic of barbarism, but is great evidence of cowardice on the part of society to put forth its strong arm and pinion a helpless human being, and then plunge him into this world. I visited battle fields and the excitement of these sangulary contests had a very injurious effect upon me, in common with a very large class of spirits who were there, only for the wild and daring excitement which they furnished us.

All such influences from earth-life are injurious to a large class of spirits, many of whom are opposed to war until they become intoxicated with this excitement, when they rush in and add much to the turmoil and confusion. I was able to produce wonderful manifestations, which, though they were not understood, were useful in bringing about the good time which has at length come, when you can understand some of these things and are not afraid to investigate them. I thank If mankind could realize the influence of

God for this time, for it has helped not only you, but the spirits also.

The histery of the manifestations which were produced by myself and the band who worked with me, would be of little value because it would not be understood. Many people were frightened into a kind of reform by these things. I was one of the prominent actors in various manifestations which occurred in England, and on the Continent of Europe, and I will take this opportunity of thanking our good friend, Robert Dale Owen, for the careful and attractive manner in which he has arranged many of the incidents which might otherwise have been lost, and presented them to thousands of readers who would have been ignorant of them. Having been not only present, but actively edgaged in many of those scenes. Katle and I feel under great ob ligations to him, and hence we have done all we could for him and shall be glad to do a great deal more for him during the coming

I was present and took an active part in cer tain manifestations which originated in western New York, and were soon after transferred to Salem, Massachusetts, which were continued until we discovered that they were causing too much suffering on account of the ignorance of the people. You can not realize how much my restless and impulsive spirit was rejoiced when Modern Spiritualism dawn-

ed upon the earth. We had been watching the progress of hankind, and especially in your country where free thought and free institutions were doing their glorious work, and where we had that which has been so essential to us in this great work, the aid of the Indians, who possess more power than any other race of spirits.

There is an event which should be commemorated by the Spiritualists all over the world as a holiday; I allude to the time when good old Benj Franklin was impressed to fly als kite, in such a manner as to catch the elec tricity from the external telegraph which was necessary for man's progress into the condition to which the spiritual telegraph could be successfully introduced. I had known Franklin, and was often with him and others in planning that war which resulted in your independence from the yoke of Great Britain. 1 took an active part in the war for I had a good deal of fight in me then, and it has not all gone yet. Por a long time I had attended the councils in spirit-life in which many of the noblest minds were endeavoring with all the power and wisdom they could bring to bear upon it, to introduce such manifestations as would be intelligible and thereby command the attention of thinking minds.

My position has been that of an executive officer under the guidance and with the aid of these bands of whom I shall speak now.

(To be continued)

J. L. Potter's Report.

BROTHER JONES. - The months fly swiftly

past carrying the myriads of human souls that come to the surface on earth and labor for a day, up to brighter, happier homes than these below. One after another obeys the call and journeys on. Since I was here before, a young lady has gone to dwell with the angels, and has returned to say to her mourning parents and brothers and sister, that she would not come back to earth to live if she could. Just before her departure, two preachers called upon her to talk of Jesus and his love. She told them she did not want their prayers; her mind was made up. She died a Spiritualist; so it can be said of Miss Phube Daty, that she dared to cross the shining river holding to the faith that had cheered her last days on earthspirit communion. She was with us Sunday, June the 28th, at our grove meeting, and she improved the opportunity by taking control of a medium, Mrs. Wilds, and expressing the joy she felt in being permitted to meet so many of her dear friends there. So one after another returns to tell the glad story that death is not an eternal sleep, but an open door through which we are ushered into fields freighted with immortal bloom. During June, I have visited the following named places: Lyle, Albert Lea Winnebago City, Shelbyville and Sterling Centre, giving thirteen lectures; adding four, teen new names as members to the State A sociation; receiving in collections and yearly dues forty nine dollars; expenses six dollars. The people are all alive here to this truth. We had a grove meeting at Winnebago, also here. People came for miles around, and many were sorry when the meeting closed. At Lyle, June the first, at the residence of Wm. L. Barnum, I joined in marriage, Mr. J. B. Nichols and Miss E. A. Pace, both of Lyle, Mower County, Minn. Thus, as some are advocating no mar riage law, like Warren Chase and others, many that have never embarked upon the matrimonial sea, are willing to take a legal voyage over its rough-rolling tide. May they all steer clear of breakers and land safely in the Summer-land, a happy family, is the prayer of their humble servant. The above is respectfully submitted to the Spiritualists of Minnesots.

Sterling, July 1st, 1874. Permanent address, Northfield, Rice County, Minnesota

Missionary Work.

The Chicago Times, says, "Have religious propagandists ever thought what a powerful missionary agency the gallows is? Everybody who makes his exit by this route is entirely certain that he is going straight to glory. Why not, then, down with the expensive missionary societies and up with the inexpensive gallows? Not only would it be a cheaper means of salvation than those ordinarily in use, but it would give to heaven a great many whose absence would be no loss to earth."

THERE will be a Grove meeting at Wentworth Corners, Paulding Co., Ohio., August 15th and 16th. Eld. T. H. Stewart and Mrs. L. A. Pearsall, speakers, engaged.

DR. T. B. TAYLOR held forth at Savannah, Ill. The second Sunday of this month.

J. R. PERRY, of Empire, Mich., writes that a good medium would be very acceptable there.

J. H. RANDALL lectures in Ohio, during July and August. We have an excellent report from him in reference to the Eddy mediums, which we shall publish in due time.

The Little Bouquet Orphan's Fund.

This fund we propose to use for sending the little gem of beauty to orphans in as many different families as the donations will pay

Bro. John P. Harton, Gen'l. Western
Agent of A. & G. W. R. R., St Louis. \$1.00
Who will next be inspired to a similar deed
of noble charity. We shall report.

A Card to the Public.

As I am receiving numerous letters from people at a distance, making i, quiry concerning the process for development. I am compelled to resort to this method to inform them, that it is necessary to inclose a lock of hair for examination, either for medical treatment, or mediamistic development. All letters inclosing \$3 and two three cent stamps will receive prompt attention I am giving private sittings during the day for development. Those who wish my services can call or address me at 160 Warren av

Da CYRUS LORD.

BRITTAN'S JOURNAL,

Vol. 2. No. 2.

A Spiritualistic Quarterly

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complete in itself. In his Preface he says:

"About nine years since I presented to the public a volume entitled "Incidents in My Life," the first edition of which was speedily exhausted, and a second was issued in 1863. During the years that have since elapsed, although many sitacks have been made upon me, and apon the truths of Spiritualism, its opponents have not succeeded in producing one word of evidence to discredit the truth of my statements, which have remained uncontradicted. Meantime the truths of Spiritualism have become more widely known, and the subject has been forced upon public attention in a remarkable manner. This was especially the case in the years 1807 and 1898, in consequence of the soit 'Lyon se. Home,' which most probably was the indirect cause of the examination into Spiritualism by the Committee of the Dialectical Society, whose report has recertly been published. Coincident with and subsequent to their examination, a series of investigations was carried on in my presence, by Lord Adare, now Earl of Funnaven, an account of which has been privately printed; an examination, especially scientific in its character, was also conducted by Frof. Crookes, who has published his conclusions in the Journal of Science.

I now present the public with the second volume of Incidents in M. Life, 'which continues my narvative

I now present the public with the second volume of 'Incidents in My Life,' which continues my narrative to the period of the commencement of the Chancery sail."

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BT REV. T. R. TAYLOR, A.M., M.D., APPENDING OF "FRE INSERBLATS," "DELTH OF THE PLANE." APPENDING AMONT MOORE, PARTY OF THE PLANE, "APPENDING PARTY OF THE PLANE." APPENDING PARTY OF THE PA

A Card to the Public.

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THE IOWA "MIND-READER."

Young Man [From the New York Times, July 4.

Mr. John R. Brown, of Council Bluffs, Iowa, arrived in this city a few days ago and is now stopping at the Sturtevant house. He is a young twenty-two years of age-and was born in St. Louis, Mo. Mr. Brown is possessed of powers which would have made Anthony Mesner delight to make his acquaintance. He can, Tenn , have arrived in this city, and their excertain conditions complied with, read your thoughts however much you may endeavor to conceal them. Dr. Cocker, of the Michigan university, where the young man allowed himf to be submitted to a number of tests, says and reveals facts unknown to any one presof him: "If an individual will intensely concentrate his attention upon a concrete object, ocalized in a particular place, and not abstract his attention, Mr. Brown, while blindfolded will lead him to the object." Afterstating that marvelous. Mr. Miller's powers in that dithe young man was of good character, and known to many in the university before the general public knew aught of his peculiar power. of the police force of the city, he would be the Dr. Cocker says: "All the cases he gives are | terror of evil doers, and not an article could instances of imageal representations of con- they take unlawfully without being detected

by him. Mrs. Jeff Davis, wife of the ex Presiition to a select company, luciuding several dent of the Southern Confiedercy, lost two representatives of the press. The place chosen rings, and where they could be found, and who had them, were accurately pointed out by Mr. room in the Sturtevant house. He explained before hand that he was obliged to use a certain amount of machinery. This latter consisted of the letters of the alphabet printed on ble to test his powers, and after three weeks a plece of pasteboard, and a long piece of brass time, forgot where she had placed it herself; in Chicago, where he held several seances, rewire. He did not have the wire, the utility of hot the wonderful claim and to continue application appli Miller, when brought into requisition, revealed the spot. Could Mr. Brown do as much? Emphatically, not While in Louisville, Ky .. Mr. Miller led a gentleman into a distant -house, and pointed out the pillow as the place plied with, he would certainly point out where it was hidden by reading his thoughts. A gena pocket book. While traveling on the Mississippi River in the Steamer A. J. White, he was informed that the pilot had had some five hundred dollars stolen. He told him where he had placed it, described the person who times over the gentleman's arm and across his | took it and told him he would receive the most of it back, which he did shortly after. and into a half dozen chambers until one was he at times reads the future. He predicted at

Mr. Miller's peculiar power is not confined altogether to reading the thoughts of others; and recovering lost and stolen property, but one time that a block in Memphis would burn within thirty days; and one man moved out of it in complisace with his advice, and thereby saved his property. Indeed he is far superior to Mr. Brown, not only being able to lead a person to objects thought of, but can predict to a certainty coming events.

How is this dope? How can he point out upon which to concentrate his thoughts. Mr. Brown, preparing himself as before, led the gentleman to the window-curtain, and after a minute's hesitation, over a tassel, placed his ed by any object he may see, and then a spirit the article you are thinking off By direct clasps his wrists and leads him to the designated object. This is one of the very best tests of spirit power that ever came under our observation, and shows conclusively that spirits are ever ready and anxious to open the eyes of mortals to a recognition of the fact that there is a spirit-life-that there is a home pended on the walls, spelled out the name beyond the grave for every one, and that those residing there are cognizant of every thoughtthe that passes through our mind.

> The time is not far distant when there will be detectives in the Spirit-world, who will disclose the svil doings of earth's children, and thereby bring criminals to justice, and prevent the perpretration of foul deeds. We rejoice to know that this new development in Spiritualism is being realized, and that wrong

was pointed out, or the letters spelling the word thought of out from the alphabet. Time is money and postal cards cost ten than wait till they fall into the hands did so, together with Mr. Leland. The metal-anumbers.

himself.

nafla, had the audacity to come to our source. rooms and paim himself off as a genuine medium. The first scance was "splendid." The spirit Mortimer came, who has been in spiritlife fifty years ; he is a magnificent specimen of humanity; as polite as a monkey with a looking glass; then there is Tom, a quaint Johnny Bull, who has been perambulating around the Spirit-world for one hundred years; This same J. R. Brown noticed above, was he is a noble looking spirit; light didn't have any effect on his features ; the sun might disn Chicago a year or so ago, and his achieve. sipate an loeberg or evaporate a tub of water, ments created considerable excitement among the opponents of Spiritualism. . The doors of the churches were opened to receive him, and the members thereof caressed was a Diakks, and he made up a face at us him, praised him, and then announced that they had found the key that unlocked Spiritualism. We were highly gratified at the visit nomens manifested through him, the secret of seers, the most profound of philosophers, egency of spirits invading the fortresses of old theology. They would receive Spiritualend to" and make a dunce of him. The next | half filled with a white, gauzy cloud not reism with arms wide open and with the broadest hospitality when presented under the cog- day, however, Diakka stock was again to its sembling anything only a white figure, which nomen of mind-reading, but otherwise they original position in our mind. This nice young alarmed her, and she ran out of the house; the man was willing to submit to tests; and we apparation disappeared. would bitterly denounce it. Since Mr. Brown were willing to "try the spirits." So we sewed

sixth sphere arranging his tollet for a dance. to go forth and flod a lost article, is indeed The next imposter who comes here, must be rection are wonderful. If he had the charge

> or woman who trifles with the sacred relations that exist between the friends of the two in the scale of humanity, and from our inmost soul we plty them, and pray that the Angel of Light may so illuminate their minds, that they will see the necessity of reformation. We do not hate the imposter-that pession has no place in our soul-but we pity them, and yearn for their reformation, and may to them, that the seance rooms of the RELIGIO PHILOSCIPEICAL PUBLISHING-HOUSE is just the place where these impostors will be exposed, so sure as

> Feeling anxious to know whether the friends at Cleveland had been deceived by Raynor, we wrote to Bro. D. A. Eddy, Esq., and here

CLEVELAND, July 7, 2 P. M. BROTHER JONES -Yours of yesterday this moment at hand, and I hasten to reply. Yes, Rynor-Charles Raynor-is an imposter.
For six weeks he deceived our people but was finally detected in putting on, take faces, whiskers, etc.; would never submit to any test-conditious. I once thought his dark Of Interest to Everybody.

If a private silp or any piece of paper is pasted on to a penny postal-card, it subjects it to six cents extra postage. Such cards are always rejected without being read. Never spend your time on penny-cards so foolishly. Time is money and postal cards cost ten dollars a tibusand and less in proportion to

s his proclivity to hurl stones, which he brings up with him from the cellar. In a corner of this cellar a murdered peddler was long ago buried, and it is presumed that it is the ped dler's ghost who indulges in the stone throwing. Meanwhile he has plenty of companions who stick to the kitchen, however, and amuse themselves singing. None of them have yet been visible, but the peddler's ghost has been seen by large numbers of people who accompany the medium to this house.

scuffling about.

---Letter from Iowa.

SPENCER. CLAY Co., IOWA, July 7. Dran Sin -I thought I would write you a few lines to let you know why I have not sent you the money for the JOURNAL. Homesteaders;" last year lost about all we had by the grasshoppers. I thought I would be able after harvest, this year, to pay for two years, but now the prospect is worse than last year. The grasshoppers are taking every thing, and we shall have hard work to live through the winter. Many are leaving now; Journal without paying for it, or telling you why I can not do so. I will try hard to pay the last year's subscription soon. The JOURNAL

Last week I had the Spiritualist at Work sent take any part with them. It is sad to think a man like Wilson should fall so low. May the

are doing, and your paper be the means of reforming the world. MRS. H. W. SQUIRE. We are in receipt of similar letters to the

above, from all parts of the country. As a sample of Wilson's integrity, you and all others of our subscribers have learned that since last December, Wilson has wrongfully used our printed mail list, to send out his circulars and papers to our subscribers, for the purpose of arousing prejudices against the Journat, and gaining subscribers to his paper which will not survive aix months.

The names of our regular subscribers we have been gathering for years, by dint of large expenditures of money and energy.

Now, this man who has been warmed into Wallace's articles, (which we are now pub- and betrays the confidence reposed in him lishing) by the independent secular press. Our | when we let him take our mail list to enable readers should preserve those copies of the him togerite to, our subscribers for the pur-"The very extended article from the pen of | to them; with the assurance that it should Alfred Wallace, on the phenomena of what is- be used for no other purpose, and that it should be returned to us again. Instead of doing so. he uses it to malign us, and to foist his paper upon our subscribers. He has sent his circulars and paper to every one of them in that

> We submit the question to the candid readers of the Jounnal, whether such conduct does not betray an innate trait of character for dishonesty seldom met with. And when taken in connection with his conduct towards all true Spiritualists, by his affiliation with Woodhullites, does not such conduct deserve the execration of all honorable people !-- [ED. JOURNAL.

> > Legislation Needed.

Some one or more philanthrophists have ordered the RELIGIO-PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL to be sent to several convicts in the Missouri Penitentiary. The papers never reach the convicts, for this reason, says the postmaster: "The authorities at the penitentlary will pay no postage on papers for prisoners."

Let the legislature at the next session provide that reading matter for convicts which is donsted by philanthrophists, be furshed by the State, at least to the extent of the postage. It is a diagrace to civilization to keep prisoners in ignorance of current events, while they are compelled to toil for the State

W. W. DENNISON, an excellent magnetic healer of this city, will remove to Denver, Col.,

HENRY T. CHILD. M. Subscriptions will be received and papers may be obtain at wholesale or retail, at 5% Race St., Philadelphia

MATERIALIZATIONS IN PHILADEL-PHIA.

Letter From Robert Dale Owen.

We have alluded to the materializations a Mr. and Mrs. Holmes' scances and referred to Katle King, who appeared on the 12th of May, 1874. After giving her name, in the 12th of May, 1874. After giving her name, in the said in reply to a question from us, "I have a line London to-day." The Katle King, who appeared on the evening of 'I have been at a senuce in London towell scance which took place on that day.

After this she said, "She was not able to de favor of the identity I have assumed. liver a message to the friends in London, because she was not attending any more seances

On Friday morning, June 5th, 1874, Katie came to us at our office, alone, and gave the communication which is referred to in M Owen's letter below, and which is given in full to-day at the commencement of "The Spirit-World Department." In the evening of that day, Mr. Owen had come to the seance.

After several faces had been presented at the apertures, three of whom were recognized, John King said, "If you will sit back ! little, and turn the light down, we will open the door and let you see Katte in full form " We did so and were favored with the sight o a beautiful form, clothed in white robes. slipped out into the room and permitted M; Owen to shake hands with her

At one of our seances I kanded Hatte a sheet of paper, the next day she returned it to me with the following communication written Flowers are not trifles, as we might know from the care God has taken of them every

where Not one unfinished; not one bearing the mark of a brush or pencil. ranges, growing on the pulseless head of the grey old granite, everywhere they are harmon-

Murderers do no not ordinarily wear roses n their buttonholes. Villains seldom train

vines over their cottage doors.' KA KING On Sunday evening, June 7th, we had a long conversation with Katle at the cabinet window. At my request she permitted me to count her sight. It beat about seventy-two per minute, and was perfect naturally. She also permitted me to see her tongue, and then saked playfully, I I thought she was well. A lady said to her, will accept it." She replied "of course I will." Mr. Owen placed it upon her floger, and she seemed much pleased. Other presents have been given to her, a string of white spar

exhibits to us at the seances. Having attended more than fifty seances, we have seen a great variety in the manifestations, and have had better opportunities for the investigation of this phase of the phenomena than ever before. We have learned that the photographs, one can ludge of either. very much depends upon the character and conditions of the person forming the seance Mr. Owen refers to this in a lecture which we shall publish in our next issue.

We need not say that the thoughtful readers of the Journal will find food for contemplation in Mr. Owen's letter and Katle's commuclose examination of the communication from Katle which we received in our own office.

LETTER FROM ROBERT DALE OWEN

DEAR DR. CHILD .- Accept my grateful acknowledgment for your kindness in inviting ialization now presented in this city through the mediumship of Mr. and Mrs. Holmes. I had kept up with the recent European ex-

periments in this field, an i hoped for much; out the reality far exceeded my expectations. All my former experiences in Spiritualism, favored as I have been, pales before the new manifestations witnessed by me in the course of last month. After the very strictest scrutiny, with every facility promptly afforded me the phenomena are genuine; that I have again and again, on more than twenty occasions, seen, heard, touched forms to appearance human and material, and to sense tangible; that these forms have stepped up close to me, that I have held conversations with them, occasionally receiving advice, sometimes having my thought read and adverted to; that I have renous detached hand,-a communication of some length, purporting to come from an eminent English clergyman, who died, twenty years ago; the style and algoature serving further to attest its accordance. r to attest its genuine character; finally that I have seen the form which had spoken to me a minute or two before, fade away till t became a dim shadow, to reappear a few minutes later in all its brightness.

If to many, even of those who esteem themselves experienced Spiritualists, such things seem but the phantoms of a "midsummer night's dream," and if in consequence, many receive this new phase of spirit-communion with doubt or disbeller, so be it! Thomas was quite right in the disbelieving until be could see with his own eyes and touch with his own hands. Those of us who have seen and touched, can afford to walt. Truth wins the

I am an old soldier in the Spiritual and have smelt the powder of ridicule and contempt, to say nothing of incredulity, so often that these missiles have lost their effect upon me. But indeed under the present aspect of affairs; there is, in avowing conviction, little to risk and no excuse for faint-heartedness liam Orookes and C. F. Variey, both Fellows of the Royal Society, Alfred Wallace who shares with Darwin the honor of promulgating the great principle of natural selection—such men as these have already been ploneers in this special field of inquiry, and have quite recently recorded their conviction that the phenomens of materialization are genuine. The advance we have made beyond their experience is but one of degree; such as in the progress of all phenomenal experiments, is to be expected. I have seen during a single sitting of an hour and a half, three separate forms, completely materialized, walk out from the cabinet to within a foot or two of where I sat, have touched all three, have conversed with all three; and this has occurred in the light, without anyone in the cabinet; both mediums sitting beside ma. Again, I have

witnessed on six different occasions, the levi-

tation (that is, floating in the air) of a mater-

islized form. Bo far as I have followed the | ing through mediums who are ignorant of | God for this time, for it has beloed not only English record, this goes somewhat beyond ur experience on this side, is but the counterpart of theirs. Nor/do I believe that we could have succeeded as we have, had not the way een prepared for us by them. The Annie Morgan, better known as "Katle King," who appears to us, is, I think without all peradventure, the same spirit that had acquired, during | which spirits may have been compelled to asthree years experience with Florence Cook as medium, the skill-if I may use the expression -which enables her to present herself in veritable human guise, as a measenger confirming brother, which will find an illustration in the to man the reality of another world. How far earth experiences of most persons. The mis-

the beautiful form and features with which 'Katie' is invested here in Philadelphia, resemble or do not resemble those under which she appeared to her London friends, we have no means of judging, the English photographs not having yet reached us, and no one, who saw her at Florence Cook's having visited our seances. Nor can the question of identity be lifterence in longitude is about five hours, so decided, the mediums from whom a necesbeing earlier there. On the 21st of May she sary portion of the elements to materialize, are undoubtedly derived, here and there, being can act or express itself, it is scarpely con ern New York, and were soon after trans-The London papers, as well as our own | entirely d flerent. This question most be de | scious of the fact that it is the slave of its sur_ ferred to Salem, Massachusetts, which were have given an interesting account of the fare | termined by internal evidence, and I have | roundings. found that evidence to be overwhelmingly in

> I consider the communication you have aion, from "Katie," touching the moral and intellectual condition of spirits who take upon themselves earthly investiture, as an item in corroboration; besides being a most valuable and suggestive addition to Boiritual literature. There is also the narrative of her life, as imparted to you, bearing similar evidence of sub-

I can not give the details of my experience have obtained touching "Katle's" identity, thereby. in a letter. Life and health permitting, these shall find a place in a work which still to write perhaps under the title of nomenal Proof of a Better Life to Come." If, now, I am asked where all this is to end?

with visitors from another world shall continue be permitted here! I reply that that is not our affair. We have to deal for the present, with facts, not with results from facts. P. S. July 31. Sing s writing the above. have seen one of the London photographs "Katie," taken by the magnesian light.

corresponds to what we have heard of the striking resemblance between her and her graph of Miss Cook, with which I have com pared it, is unmistakable. But peither in features, nor yet more especially in expression does it resemble the 'Katie' whom I have met daily for four weeks past, the forehead only corresponding. The face of the London Katie" smiling as she looks down at the old gentleman, suggests the adjectives pretty and nteresting. The face of our "Katie" is classic pulse, while she held her arm out in plain in its regularity Eurocotness, with a passing touch of weariness, is its habitual expression and even its smile, though bright, has an occasional dash of a dness in it. One thinks o it as strikingly hands me, as full of character, "I have a ring I would like to give you if you as intellectual; and, withal, as singularly at tractive; but one would never term it pretty. The nose is straight, not aquiline as in the condon photograph; and the large eyes are rather dark and bluish grey in color. beads, and a pearl cross which she habitually is perbaps a trifle wider in proportion than that of the Venus of Milo; but both features and expression more nearly resemble those of that ble statue than they do the lineaments and ook of Florence Cook, or the spirit material ized through her medlumship; so far as, from

The Spirit World.

A DEPARTMENT FOR COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE

[For some time past my spirit friends have been urgin me to add to the Philadelphia Department, one in white hey may have the opportunity of sending their though to the world. The extended circulation of the Jouann farnishes the means of reaching more individuals that any other payer on Spiritualism. Spiritualism expressed a dairs that I should not only send forth the communications which they are able from that to time to give through my orwanism, but select some at I may report as given through other mediums, whose names will be given with their communications. H. T. U.)

Communication from Katie King.

The following communication from Katle King, the spirit referred to in the interesting letter from our friend, Robert Dale Owen, the first of a series, detailing her experiences which have been received by us and which will be published in this department immeby the mediums to detect imposition had it distely after the conclusion of the narrative of been attempted, I here avow my conviction that her father, John King. The importance of this communication in connection with the above letter induces us to send it in advance JUNE 5.h. 1874. MY DEAR FRIEND AND BROTHER:-I should be very sorry if you inerred from the manner in which I appear and speak to you and other friends when I am ma terialized, that that is a criterion of my present condition, and that the rude and trifling manceleed written under my very eyes by a lumi | ner in which I express myself, on those occasions, is a real reflection of my interior state I desire to impress your mind so that you ma present to the world the fact that spirits either in or out of the form, as you call it, are to a very great extent subject to the influence f the material elements with which they are clothed, and if I could have you spend a littl time with me, in an appreciative manner in my interior home in Spirit-land, you would not know me as the same Katle that calls you il "stupid," and uses expressions which are often quite repulsive to my inner consciou

. The laws of spiritual manifestation are ab solute and whenever a spirit approaches a me flum, it must be more or less materialized first to come into the atmosphere of the earth and then into that of the medium. If it pre sent itself in form it is obliged under a law to appear as nearly as may be, as it was when it passed from the earth. Thus a child of earth though grown to materity in Spirit-life, re-turns as a child. Deformed persons present their deformities with precision.

Spirits retain not only the recollection their earthly conditions and appearance, but also the power of assuming them in Spirit-life whenever it is desirable. You will see the importance of this power of maintaining o recurring to the primitive conditions of Spir life at least for a time, and until all those to whom a recognition is necessary shall have passed into that state, and this power is re-tained, so as to be easily exercised until after all who are living on the earth at the time a

all who are living on the earth at the time a spirit enters this world have also passed on, so that the new born spirit can not fafl to recognize its friends and relatives.

I am requested to say to you that all spirits when they retarn to earth, whether they communicate or not, are absolutely subject to this law. They must assume the conditions they had when they left the earthly form, although the conditions they had when they left the earthly form, although they may bring to earth many thoughts and ideas which they have acquired in the interior life; but even these are somewhat modified by being presented through the necessary condi-tions which surround them at the time. For instance, scholars from the Spirit-land, speak-

language and the rules of grammar, are cem- you, but the spirits also pelled to use the incorrect expression of the medium. It is a truth that "the spirits of the prophets are subject to the prophets," and every spiritual communication that has ever been given has been more or less modified by the channel through which it has passed, as well as by the essential materialistic conditions sume warn they come into the earth's atmosphere and into rapport with the mediums.

There is a very important lesson here, my sion of the spirit up its earth life is to realize the character, conditions and laws of matter, and to do this fully it is obliged to become materialized, and to express itself as best it can through matter.

All human life is an expression of the feel logs and desires of the spirit given through great deal more for him during the coming and modified by matter. The soul of the season drunkard speaks through an intoxicated body. and though it may know much better than it All the rudeness, imperfection and crime

that mark the career of man on earth may be I consider the communication you have set down to the mixed influence of matter and how much my restless and impulsive spirit been fortunate enough to obtain, by impressibility, doing justice to neither of them. The was rejoiced when Modern Spiritualism dawnancient idea that matter is evil and the relationahip of the spirit to it is a cause, arose from this fact. We could present thousands of il lustrations of this in human experience. You often see it clearly in the circles which meet for the reception of spiritual manifestations: one individual may by improper conditions, not only interfere with the manifestations which would come to them, but with those for during twenty ave sittings and of the evidence | the whole circle, so that all are losers

All through human life the thoughtful mind will perceive illustrations of this important truth which are calculated to teach lessons of charity and forbearance. You should remem-ber that as "out of the fullness of the heart the what is to come of it, in case familiar converse | mouth speaks," so out of the conditions of life all expressions must come, and be modified

Before referring to my experiences, which I in common with most spirits, desire to have presented to the world. I will answer a question which has frequently been put to me and | gone yet. For a long time I had attended the which I see in the minds of many that have | councils in spirit-life in which many of the never uttered It. Why do spirits who have been in the Spirit-world a long time, desire, London medium. The likeness to the phote-lear even submit to come into the material conditions of earth, in which they are liable to suffer, and are to generally misunderstood? can answer for myself. Nearly two hundred years of earth's time, as the record will show. have passed down the stream of life since landed upon these peaceful and beautiful shores, and during that period I have spent much of my time among those who were pro ducing physical manifestations, from the spiritual plane. My father's mission, as you are well aware, is a very important one in this great work, and my relations to him, which he has so keenly expressed through you, have had a very considerable influence in kesping me at this which might seem to be rather an uncongenial labor, but is not, because the results are very satisfactory and bring to our minds peace and rest.

I submit to be mater alized as you are well aware, very often because I can not only bear t better than most others, but I can do more for our spirit friends and for humanity, and therefore I am not dissatisfied with the labora which I am performing, although at times there are discordant conditions which cause so it can be said of Miss Phube Daty, that she us temporary regret, yet they always illustrate and confirm important laws, and are often the | faith that had cheered her last days on earthvery best lessons one can have."

A NARRATIVE.

The Experience of John King (Sir Henry Morgan), given through Henry T. Child, M. D.

CHAPTER V.

I need not tell you how long and earnestly Centre, giving thirteen lectures; adding four have labored to overcome the effects of the teen new names as members to the State A. murders that I had committed or caused to be sociation; receiving in collections and yearly dues forty nine dollars; expenses six dollars. committed. It was an exceedingly painful effort, humiliating in the extreme, and yet one from which there was no escape. Each individual has his peculiar character, and is influenced by others, or influences them in accordance therewith. I found that this indom itable will of mine was the great power by which I was to be raised into better conditions as soon as I would direct it in proper channels: Minn. Thus, as some are advocating no mar I was engaged for a very long time in releasriage law, like Warren Chase and others, many ing myself from the many responsibilities which I had brought upon me by the criminal that have never embarked upon the matrimonial sea, are willing to take a legal voyage course I had pursued. All those whom I had over its rough-rolling tide. May they all steer clear of breakers and land safely in the Suminjured directly or indirectly were ready for

me just as rapidly as I could come up to the mer-land, a happy family, is the prayer of the humble servant. The above is respectfully Sometimes I felt as if it would be interminasubmitted to the Spiritualists of Minnesots. ble, but my darling Katie, ever the light of my soul, cheered me on, and bade me hope that I would get through sometime, and my strong will always helped me. I have been engaged in producing physical manifestations ever since I came to spirit-life, but for a long time they did not accomplish much good, h cause mankind could not understand them. I was present in numerous trials for witchcraft I followed piratical expeditions and re-enected some of the scenes of my earth-life, but my main object in this was to direct them into who makes his exit by this route is entirely better conditions, though I confess, that in the excitement of sction, on the part of men, I was often led to take part with them and prompt mem to do more than they would have done, if I had not been there, and for this I certain that he is going straight to glory. Why ary societies and up with the inexpensive gallows? Not only would it be a cheaper means became jointly responsible and have to suffer I was present at many executions, and while my judgment was against all such things, yet on these occasions the old feelings of hatred

cause I know them to be wrong, and also be-osase they injure, not only mortals, but all spirits who visit them for excitement and gratification, and my experience has taught me the necessity of avoiding all such scenes. If mankind could realize the influence of capital punishment, not only upon the victim, but upon humanity and all those spirits who have any sest for such scenes they would abandon it at once. It is not only a relic of barbarism, but is great evidence of cowardice on the part of society to put forth its strong arm and pinion a helpless human being, and then plunge him into this world. I visited battle fields and the excitement of these sangu-inary contests had a very injurious effect upon linary contests had a very injurious effect upon me, in common with a very large class of spirits who were there, only for the wild and daring excitement which they furnished us.

All such influences from earth-life are injurious to a large class of spirits, many of whom are opposed to war until they become intoxicated with this excitement, when they rush in and add much to the turmoil and confusion. I was able to produce wonderful manifestations, which, though they were not understood, were useful in bringing about the good time which has at length come, when you can understand some of these things and are not afraid to investigate them. I thank

are not afraid to investigate them. I thank

and revenge would be aroused in my nature.

Latterly I have avoided all such scenes b

The histery of the manifestations which were produced by myself and the band who worked with me, would be of little value because it would not be understood. Many peo

As I am receiving numerous letters from people at a distance, making i, quiry concerning their pages for development, I am compelled to resort to this method to inform them, that it is necessary to inclose a lock of hair for examination, either for medical treatment, or mediamistic development. All letters inclosing \$2 and two three cant stamps will receive prompt attention. I am giving private sittings during the day for development. Those who wish my services can call or address me at 160 Warren av.

Da. CYRUS LORD. ple were frightened into a kind of reform by these things. I was one of the prominent actors in various manifestations which occurred in England, and on the Continent of Europe, and I will take this opportunity of thanking our good friend, Robert Dale Owen or the careful and attractive manner in which he has arranged many of the incidents which them to thousands of readers who would hav been ignorant of them. Having been not only present, but actively edgaged in many those scenes, Katle and I feel under great ob igations to him, and hence we have done al we could for him and shall be glad to do a

their glorious work, and where we had tha

which has been so essential to us in this great work, the aid of the Indians, who possess

There is an event which should be com

memorated by the Spiritualists all over th

world as a holiday; I allude to the time when good old Benj Franklin was impressed to fly

als kite, in such a manner as to catch the elec

tricity from the external telegraph which was

necessary for man's progress into the condi

tion in which the spiritual telegraph could be

successfully introduced. I had known Frank

in, and was often with him and others in

planning that war which resulted in your inde

pendence from the yoke of Great Britate.

took an active part in the war for I had a goo

deal of fight in me then, and it has not all

noblest minds were endeavoring with all

the power and wisdom they could bring to

bear upon it, to introduce such manifestation

the attention of thinking minds

as would be intelligible and thereby command

My position has been that of an executive

officer under the guidance and with the aid of

J. L. Potter's Report

Joy she felt in being permitted to meet so many of her dear friends there. So one after another

returns to tell the glad story that death is not an

eternal sleep, but an open door through which we are ushered into fields freighted with im-

mortal bloom. During June, I have visited

he following named places : Lyle, Albert Lea,

Winnebago City, Shelbyville and Sterling

The people are all alive here to this truth. We

had a grove meeting at Winnebago, also here.

People came for miles around, and many were

sorry when the meeting closed. At Lyle, June

the first, at the residence of Wm. L. Barnum,

joined in marriage, Mr. J. B. Nichols and

Permanent address, Northfield, Rice Coun-

Missionary Work.

The Chicago Times, says, "Have religious

ropagandists ever thought what a powerfu

missionary agency the gallows is? Everybody

not, then, down with the expensive mission-

of salvation than those ordinarily in use, but

t would give to heaven a great many whose

DR. T. B. TAYLOR held forth at Savannah.

J. R. PERRY, of Empire, Mich., writes that

ill. The second Sunday of this month.

absence would be no loss to earth."

A. Pearsall, speakers, engaged.

Miss E. A. Pace, both of Lyle, Mower County

Sterling, July 1st, 1874.

Minnesota.

these bands of whom I shall speak now.

· (To be continued)

more power than any other race of spirits.

ed upon the earth.

James M. Prebles, by the Editor: Creeds and Creeduct, by Alfred Cridge; The Angel in the Bream, by the Editor; Songs of the Winds, Pretry, by Fanny Green McDongal; Silent Voices, by the Editor; The Withput becames, Matter, Ether and Spirit, by Jodge Israel Dille, The Gates of the Morn. (Poetry), by B. He Bush, Adem, the Father of Men, by Panny Green McDongal; The Platforn Mr. by Charlette B. Wilbour; Lesson of Life, (Poetry), by J. Effreth Watkins, Sweder borg, by George Bratten, M.D., L. L. D.; Barbarlem and Civillastion, by the Editor; The Editor at Home; Judge Israel Dille, by the Editor; Socrates and Evil Spirite; Original Music—The Bolar Herp, by Prof. George Harrison. I was present and took an active part in cer tain manifestations which originated in westcontinued until we discovered that they were causing too much suffering on account of the ignorance of the people. You can not realize

Price 80 cents; postage free. ... Por saie wholesale and retail by the Religio Philosophical Publishing House, Adams St., and Fifth Ava. We had been watching the progress of man kind, and especially in your country where free thought and free institutions were doing

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INCIDENTS IN MY LIFE BY D. D. HOME. Instead of being a superstition itself, as they may be

disposed to think it, they would find it the explanation and the extingulaber of all superstition."-Dr. I

All Spiritualists and Investigators will hall with delight, another volume from Mr. Hown. Although a continuation of the first series issued some years since it is

BROTHER JONES. - The months fly swiftly complete in itself. In his Preface be says: past carrying the myriads of human souls that "About nine years since I presented to the public a volume entitled 'Incidents in My Life,' the first edition of which was speedily exhausted, and a second was bessed in 1863. During the years that have since singuest, although many attacks have been made upon me, and upon the come to the surface on earth and labor for a day, up to brighter, happier homes than these below. One after another obeys the call and journeys on. Since I was here before, a raths of Spiritualism, its opponents have not succeeded a producing one word of evidence to discredit the truth young lady has gone to dwell with the angels, and has returned to say to her mourning parents of my statements, which have remained uncontradicted. Meantime the truths of Spiritualism have become more widely known, and the subject has been forced apon public attention in a remarkable manner. This was especially the case in the years 1867 and 1868; in consequence of the soit 'Lyon es. Home,' which most probably was the indirect cause of the examination into Spiritualism by the Committee of the Dialectical Society, whose report has recently been published. Coincident with and subsequent to their examination, a series of investigations was carried on in my presence, by Lord Adare, now Earl of Funraven, an account of which has been privately printed: an examination, depectally and brothers and sister, that she would not come back to earth to live if she could. Just before her departure, two preachers called upon her to talk of Jesus and his love. She told them she did not want their prayers; her dared to cross the shining river holding to the been privately printed; an examination, especially scientific in its character, was also conducted by Prof. spirit communion. She was with us Sunday, Crookes, who has published his conclusions in the 'Journal of Science.'
I now present the public with the second volume of 'Incidents in My Life,' which continues my narrative to the period of the consencement of the Chancery June the 28th, at our grove meeting, and she improved the opportunity by taking control of a medium, Mrs. Wilds, and expressing the

Chapten 1.—Reviews and Replies.—Letter to "Times."

2.—Bis David Brewster.—Lord Broogham.—Letters and estimony.—Dr. Elliottson.—Prophetic Incidents.

3.—Expulsion from Roms.—Discussion in House of 4.-Bludge, the Medium .- Mr. Robert Browing .- Pancy Nice. America, Russia. The Double Seances in London.

L-Lecture.—Notice in "Star."—Paisehoods is "All the Year Round."

L-Spiritual Atheneum.—Identity.—Grardians of Strength.—Spirit Meanierism.

L-New Manifestations.—Elongation.—Voices.—Per-2. - Elongation and Compression. - Handling of Firs. CHANGERY SULT. - Mrs. Lyon's Afadavit in support of

My Answer to the Suit. Mr. W. Wilkinson's Answer to the Suit. Price \$50, postage 20 centa. *.* For sale wholesale and retail by the RELISSO-PHILOSOPHICAL PUBLISHING HOUSE, Adams Street and

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Just Published.

THE LIFE.

The main object of this little volume is to give to sug-cestive teaching a recognition and a force (in the de-main of religion and morals) greater than dictation has. main of religion and morals; greater than dictation has,
it announces a system of life. It announces a few
primal principles which can liardly be denied by any
one, and endeavors to show how, from adherence to
those principles, every life will grow into symmetry
into harmony with itself in this life and in the greathereafter. It is sent forth to the world by its suther
and his associates, as the preface indicates, without she
hope or possibility of pecuniary profit to themsmall fruit of some of the principles it sims to inculcate. So far as its author and his associates are concerned.

heir names are, and will remain, a secret alike Price 50 cents; postage 6 cents.

THERE will be a Grove meeting at Went worth Corners, Paulding Co., Ohio., Augus . For sale wholesale and refail at the office of this 15th and 16th. Eld. T. H. Stewart and Mrs.

OLD THEOLOGY

good medium would be very acceptable UPSIDE J. H. RANDALL lectures in Ohio, during July and August. We have an excellent report from him in reference to the Eddy mediums,

which we shall publish in due time. The Little Bouquet Orphan's Fund. This fund we propose to use for sending the little gem of beauty to orphans in as many different families as the donations will pay

Bro. John P. Harton, Gen'l. Western Agent of A. & G. W. R. R., St Louis .. \$1.00 Who will next be inspired to a similar deed of neble charity. We shall report.

RIGHT SIDE Up: By a Methodist Minister.

The Resurrection of the Dead; the Second Coming of Christ: the Last Day of Judgment—showing from the Standpoint of Common Sense, Reserve, Set-ence, Philosophy, and the Bible, the Uther Folty there is in the Doctrine of a Liferal Resurrection of the Body, a Liferal Coming of Christ at the Rad of the World, and a Literal

sual preparation, Brown immediately led to the few minutes, and The Times reporter, believing the scent lost, allowed his thoughts to wander t other objects. As these objects presented them selves to his mind, Brown would immediately lead him and his companion to them. At last a violent effort was made to concentrate attention

lic tag hanging to a key in the door was select-

exclusively on the key-tag, and Brown abonce

led the way to it. This test satisfied the re-porter that the workings of his mind had been

implicitly followed by Brown, and that every

deviation from a direct course was due to the

thoughts of other objects which would per-

sistently obtrude themselves. Mr. Brown i

ignorant of the cause of his wonderful power

of the wire, and prefers to hold the band.

REMARKS

without the use of his alphabet.

le believs that Spiritualism has nothing to do

with it, and regards professional Spiritualists

When he reached it he felt around it a

Meligio Philosophical Publishing House. All letters and communications should be addressed to B. S. Johns, Corner Fifth Avenue and Adams St., Chicago.

Any person who takes a paper regularly from the t-office—whether directed to his name or another's, or other he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the as humbugs. In the experiments yesterday he was obliged to it those testing around the room by the hand. If provided with a brass

A. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the post-office, or removing and Peaving them uncalled for, is prima facts evidence of intentions france.

names any examp on the subscription books, without Subscribers are particularly requested to note the ex-strations of their subscriptions, and to-forward what is no for the ensuing year, without further reminder from

CHICAGO, SATURDAY, JULY 25 1874. Exploits of Brown, the Pheremenal

crete.objects in space."
Yesterday Mr. Brown gave a private exhibfor the experiments was a large parlor and bedhibited the printed letters. The latter were strung around the walls of the parlor, and Mr. Brown commenced his interesting exhibition. He stated, in the first place, that any individu in the room might hide an article anywhere the house, and that, certain conditions comtleman in the company left the room and re-turned in a few minutes. Mr. Brown then blindfolded himself with a linen handkerchief, took hold of the gentleman's left hand with his own right hand, and after a few eccentric movements, namely, passing his hand several forehead, the two left the parlor, followed b the company, and proceeded to search for the hidden article. The gentleman submitting to the experiment was led, or rather pulled Mr. Brown through the corridors of the hotel reached where Brown stopped before a bureau with about a dozen drawers, and pointing to one particular drawer, said: "You will find ! The hidden article, a pocket-knife, was found in the drawer. The gentleman said

that Brown had followed the course which he had taken before he hid the knife, and exseed himself much astonished. The next cet was made by a gentleman who went into an adjoining apartment and selected a reactie in one of three damask curtains, as an object

hand upon the rosette. The gentleman stated that he had first thought of the tassel, but had finally concluded to choose the rosette. Mr. Lewis Leland, of the hotel, asked Mr. Brown to tell him the name of his birth-place. The latter, blind-folding himself and taking the hand of Mr. Leland in the manner before described, led him around the room; and pointing to the printed letters of the alphabet susmont and the birthplace of Mr. Leland. the same manner Mr. Brown picked out letters spelling "George" the Christian name of George F. Rowe, a reporter of THE TIMES. drowend some time ago, at the request of his brother, who was present, and also the name of a town in Turkey, denominated "Abeih,"

where one of that company was born. In the latter test Mr. Brown missed the letter e, which the gentleman making the test stated was probably owing to the fact that he had himself heaitsted over it while mentally spelling the word. Another test to which Mr. Brown was subjected was made by a gentleman who fixed his thoughts upon a watch-seal worn by Mr. his thoughts upon a watch-seal worn by Mr.
Leland, which was quickly pointed out as the object selected. Mr. Brown volunteered to read the thoughts of another without coming in direct contact with him, but through the medium of a third person. Todo this habiling folded as before, and while taking the hand of a third party—the latter placing his hand on his (Brown's) forehead, the man whose thoughts were to be read took hold of the wrist of the surrey postal-card, it subjects it to six cents extra postage. Such cards are almost the vigitant eye of the spirits is ever near to watch them, and report of their evil doings, thereby causing their arrest?

Of Interest to Everybody.

If a private nilp or any piece of paper is pasted on to a penny postal-card, it subjects it to six cents extra postage. Such cards are almost the vigitant eye of the spirits is ever near to watch them, and report of their evil doings, thereby causing their arrest?

Diakka at Work in Chicago.

Charles Rayner, a pretended physical medium, lately paid our city a visit, and of course gravitated to the seance rooms of the RELIGIO-PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL. He is a modest young man : he is very retired in his habits, and if he would become so retired that humanity could not gaze upon his "innocent" features, they would be the better off for it, unless he change. He has the greatest respect for could the tail of that mysterious comet. He

wire, the person testing his power could take It does not appear that Mr. Brown's gift can This nice young man, with his parapherbe very usoful, although he says that by means of it he has discovered the guilt of several criminals in the west. He says also that he s able sometimas to read the thoughts of others sitting near him, but cannot remember them for any length of time. He believes that in the course of time his powers of thoughtreading will be so strongly developed that he will be able to express the thoughts of others

bewildered our people with his remarkable achievements, and then left for other fields | his pants to the carpet; sewed his wrists to his pants; sewed his neck to the back of the cabiof labor, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, of Memphis, net. In fact, we sewed him so that he couldn't produce the manifestations himself. We closed ploits surpass those of Brown in almost every the door of the cabinet, and we sung "Old shout 11 o'clock a. M. She was in the cellar particular. Mr. Miller is not only a mind-John Brown," "Tramp, tramp," etc., and of the house getting kindling wood, and, in reader, but he far surpasses that peculiar phase. a spirit responded. Tom was in England, in- limbs and feet of Mr. Green standing by her. ent. It is easy to read the mind, especially

timer, and then-all at once-she tore the im-

presenting the spirit Mortimer. Goodness | has beard loud knockings on the floor, and how he trembled! He didn't want Mrs. Car. | beard groanings, as of persons in extreme disry to kill him. She told him he need not fear treas, since, but has seen nothing more. that, as he was too low to dirty her hands with. She ordered him out of the house at once, and he went, carrying the old, original horn that "the first spirit ever spoke through." such impostors will not, at death, be cast into a lake of fire and brimstone, however much you may think they deserve it, but that event ually they will reform, and stand as high as Journal which contain the Wallace articles: pose of getting himself engagements to lecture the highest. Rayner, now is the time to make a man of yourself. Abandon your impositions ; live henceforth an honest, upright life, and all true Spiritualists will respect you. That man

they attempt to play off their tricks there.

A Kentucky Ghost.

Strange reports come from Kentucky, in ref. erence to spiritual manifestations. It appears the ranks of those already firm in the faith. from the Springfield (Ky.) Republican, that on As to the world in general, it must consent the 18th of March last, a Mr. Green died after paper with just the same respect that it now a protracted illness, leaving Mrs. Green with accords to any theory which has received the indorsement of Huxley, Tyndall, Agassis, or any other theory indorsed by any man of a family of aix young children, with little or no means of support. A short time after Mr. acknowledged high intellectual attainments. Green's death, say about three months, Mrs. Henceforth, any one who undertakes to ex-Green heard singular noises about the house plain the existence of these phenomena other truth imaginable, so much so, that he rarely, after night, and sometimes in the daytime, than he would the facts of evolution, or elecif ever, approaches it, any nearer than he | heavy breathings and moans resembling a perricity, or any other facts of established reiability, may be safely set down as an ignorason in the agonies of death; as one time she mus. To say that So and So is a Spiritualist has a trumpet; it is the first trumpet a spirit | heard a noise under the house like a horse rollwill hereafter be just as contemptuous as, and ever spoke through; so he declares, and who | ing about and pawing violently as though in no more so than, to say that So-and-So is a would doubt the nice young man's statement, the agonies of death. Again she saw frequent-Presbyterian, or a geologist, or an evolutionif they did not know that he carries about his | ly in her room at night after the lamp was person whiskers, wigs, coloring powders, etc., lighted a shadowy figure resembling the head tablished by Wallace, The Times is not called noid of one end of the wire and remain in his in such quantities that he can materialize any and shoulders of a medium-sized man moving upon to pronounce any opinion, any chair. He is not infallible, however, in the use spirit from Balaam's asadown to Old Adam around the wall next the ceiling, and uniform more than it is upon the merits of the in such quantities that he can materialize any and shoulders of a medium-sized man moving creed of the Baptists or the Roman Catholics. ly as the shadow reached the lamp the flame Spiritualism is now before the world, indorsed was extinguished, and this phenomenon hapor men eminent for their intellectual ability pened as often as four or five times in a night. and their capability for rigid and exhaustive At-one time when she and her family with examination. The mission of a secular journsome visitors were sitting quietly in the room, al ends with this statement as to the facts in the present case. The duty of their applicathe front door without any visible cause, was tion with reference to the faith of each indiseen to fly violently open and shut again as vidual rests in other directions. violently, and so violently as to jar boxes of They have got a ghost at Springvale, Maine, flowers placed in the window out of it. At who would delight Mr. Wallace, whose articles in the Fortnightly Review have been reother times when the lights were burning, cently noticed in the Tribune. Mr. Warren, footsteps were heard by her in the room as of Boston, a powerful physical medium, holds though a grown person in slippers was walkseances in a house it Springvale, and not only produces raps and other spiritual manifestr

ing over the floor, and yet no object could be tions, but the ghost himself. The Portland seen. At one time she thought she heard Press describes him as follows: but Tom's face couldn't be dissolved. For a some person noisily approaching the front door time we were jubilant. We asked him if he as about to enter. Upon opening the door, ual's attention to the doorway, where, peering however, no one could be seen. Again, near in, stand the distinct outlines of a figure, clar that chilled our blood. He said Andrew Jack. the steps of the back door, she thought she in black, with face of deathlike paleness! Tall son Davis was controlled by a Diakka, and saw, after dark, a small, white dog, resembling and majestic, gazing upon the company it hesitated as if in fear, then, gaining courage, when he said that, Diakka stock fell to zero, one she knew in the neighborhood; that she of Mr. Brown, for we recognized in the phe- and we wondered why Mr. Davis, the greatest approached it with the view of taking it up steadily advances. Nearly indistinct traces of vice and crime are poticeable upon the face, and carrying it in the house, but it eluded her and the glitter of the bright blue eyes possesses and the clearest reasoner of the age, should grasp and mysteriously passed away. At ana dangerous fascination. Its steps are audible, allow a Diakka to stand his intellect, "'tother | other time the back door of her room seemed as if with feet encased in alippers it were light

> Other persons, friends and relatives, have been present on some of these occasions, and corroborate Mrs. Green's statements. The most mysterious and crowning development related by her is said to have occurred at

other songs too numerous to mention, but not stooping down, thought she saw the lower when sided by spirits, but to allow its energies specting an iron-clad, and Mortimer was in the and immediately felt the pressure of a cold hand upon her shouller. She turned and looked, and reports that her husband stood prepared to pay for music that emanates in | before her just as he appeared when she last thrilling sweetness" from our lungs to induce | saw him in his burial clothes. When she exhis spirits to respond. But, finally, we search. claimed: "In the name of the Lord Jesus ed the poor fellow; we examined his coat, his Christ who redeemed me, Dick, what do you pants, his vest, his hair-nothing there; but | want?" And that he spoke audibly to her his shirt-oh! he was so sensitive, he wouldn't | in his natural tone of voice and language, telllet us examine that, it was sacred ; underneath | ing her that the sufferings of this life were in | and as I am a Spiritualist, I can not take the

that garment, there were the utensils to make no way to be compared to those of the other up his class of spirits, as the sequal proves. world, and that he was permitted to come This pice fellow was stopping at Mrs. Carry's. back to her to advise her of her neglect of is like a dear friend, a welcome visiter in the a lady who moves in the first circles of society | duty, and to urge her to act otherwise. He | family. but the wonderful clairypyant powers of Mr. ceiving enthusiastic applause. Poor fellow! Charles Reed, Mrs. Rachel Walker, and to Spiritualist and the Spiritu Finally, this lady approached the cabinet, and requested her to have three masses said for entered into a lengthy conversation with Mor. | the repose of his soul; one on the first Satur. | good angels redeem hims day of this month, and the others on the two provised cabjust down, leaving the spirit so following Saturbays. He further informed fully materialized (looking as radiant as a her that he would not visibly appear to her

sheep, and as exultant as a whipped spaniel), sgain, but could have appeared twice more that he probably will sover return to his de had he desired to do so, but not to here but to lightful home near lake Sunset in the sixth other persons named by him-his kindred. sphere of the Spirit-world. There Rayner | Then repeating the word "friend" three times himself stood, with whiskers, wigs, etc., re- he vanished from sight. Mrs. Green says she

Wallace Papers. We give place to the following article from In connection herewith, we desire to say the Chicago Daily Times. It will show our that it is a principle of our philosophy that readers the high estimation placed on Mr. life by the influence of our paper, turns around

termed Spiritualism, which was recently copied a stenso from The Fortnightly Review, into this yournal, is a production that should not be dismissed without some comment. Spiritualism presents itself the same as any worlds, practicing impositions, is, indeed, low other topic for current journalistic comment and criticism; and its evidence is before the public for the same examination that is the evidence in the case of the theories of the interchangeability of heat and motion, or un-

> This is especially the case since Spiritualism has entered into the domain of scientific examination, and has proferred its phenomena to the crucial tests of men of scientific minds. During the last ten years it has been suffected to an almost infinite number of severe and exhaustive examinations, whose results are summed up in the paper contributed by Mr. Wallace. The readers of the Types are familar with these results, so that it is unnecessary to recapitulate them. They cover an eno mous area, including manifestations in almost every possible direction, and with reference o almost every possible subject. His observationa certainly prove one very important thing, to wit, that the phenomena of Spirit thing, to wit, that the phenomena or Spiritualism can no longer be ignored by thoughtful men, or sneered away by the incredulous. He has succeeded in elevating them to a plane upon which they can claim, and upon which they are entitled to, a serious and respectful

conscious cerebral action, or the evolution of

ists themselves, and among that very large class that is inclined favorably toward this belief, the effect of Wallace's summing up is weights beyond estimate. It will not merely for years without any remuneration, strengthen the former, but will add dignity to their belief; so that they will no longer regard themselves as under a ban uttered against them by the world of orthodoxy, and by men D. A. Eppr. of scientific minds. The effect upon those who soon.

This is the end he has attained with refer-

ence to the world at large. Among Spiritual-

JULY 25, 1874.

As to the value of the phenomena thus es-

Quicker and quicker they come, and the

The worst feature of this mysterious being

have had a willingness to accept Spiritualism. -and their number is legion, --providing it could present itself with the warrant of suthority, will be to send them over in masses to

JULY 25, 1874.

THE FIRE.

The Scenes of Oct. 9th, 1871, Repeated on a Small Scale.

BRIEF SUMMARY.

It breaks out about 4:15 o'clock r. M., in a bad place.

A Polish Jew's shanty or an oil-factory the starting point.

The Fire Department begin in the old way, to fight the fire in the rear.

They follow it up almost to its final destina-

Fourth Avenue near the corner of Twelfth the starting point.

Goes west to Clark and north to Polk. Then takes a diagonal shoot to the northeast.

It laps both sides of State as far as Van Third and Fourth Avenues wiped out be-

tween northern and southern limits. Meanwhile eastward the course of destruction takes its way.

Wabash and Michigan Avenues yield to the inevitable.

A mass of shantles are kindling wood for burning a few palaces.

The First Baptist, three Colored, and two Jewish Churches burned.

The Continental, Wood's and St. James Hotels destroyed.

The Postoffice again hurried into removing from ruins. The Great Adelphi (Aiken's Theatre) will

compete no longer. The area of the configration probably exceeds sixty acres.

But the loss hardly corresponds to the territory covered.

The total loss will reach from five to seven millions.

Impossible to estimate as yet the amount of

insurance. Not probable that any of the companies will

be forced to suspend payments. Rumored loss of several live

Last evening at about half past three o'clock. our forms were all made up for the press, while the alarm bells were being sounded, calling out all the fire brigades of the city. But as that is not an unfrequent occurrence, we did not once dream that our chases would have to be unlocked and our compositors set to work, to proclaim to widely scattered readers the intelligence of a second terrible Chicago fire, and one, too, in which we were to a considerable extent, a victim. But, fortunately, this time our Publishing-House is outside of the burnt district, and unscathed of the fury of the "fire-fiend." Other valuable property which we had was entirely consumed. Whether our insurance will prove available, at present we have no definite knowledge or opinion.

The fire of last night (July 14th) began in an oil factory, while the one of Oct. 9th, 1871, began in a shanty.

It has come to complete in part the work left undone in 1871, and to scoop out of existence another broad belt of wooden buildings which menaced the new structures which have sprung up in the husiness quarter of the South Division. It has shaken hands with the fire of 1871, reaching the ground its predecessor conquered, has stopped, not satiste, and yet satisfied.

THE LIMITS OF THE FIRE.

The fire began in the centre of the block bounded by Twelfth, Taylor, and Clark streets, and Fourth avenue. It burned south to near Twelfth street, and went to Clark street. 'On Clark it burned north one and one-half blocks to near the corner of Polk street. Its northern and western limits, from this point was northwest to Fourth avenue; thence all the east side of Fourth avenue north to Harrison street; thence on Harrison street, both sides, to State streets; thence north on State street, both sides, to Congress; thence north on the east side of State to three doors north of Van Buren street.

The east and south boundaries were: Beginning at the point on State north of Van Buren, southeast through Wabsah Avenue to Michigan Avenue; thence south on Michigan Avenue to below Congress street; taking in the old Michigan Avenue Hotel; thence west to the wide alley running north and south between Wabash and Michigan Avenues, burning all on the west side of that alley south to Eldridge Court; the southwestern limit of the fire was in a due southwest line to the place where the fire originated. Nearly all within these limits was destroyed.

The fire spread with fearful rapidity in a northeasterly direction, and at about 5:30 o'eleck it had burned through to the corner of Taylor and State streets. The strange phenomena, namely, the jumping of the flames and communicating to buildings whole squares distant, was again witnessed on this

About sixty acres was burned over, and the loss of property is estimated from five to seven millions of dollars. No estimate can be made at this writing of the amount of insurance that will be paid.

About ten thousand people have been thrown out of homes.

Telegrams were sent to all the surrounding cities for steam engines which were promptly responded to.

The Postoffice building was destroyed but the mail matter was saved by the timely exertions of the officials. Doubtless there will be some considerable confusion for a few days, by reason of the selection of a new building and fitting it up for an office. But time will soon bring matters out all right.

Everybody is ambitious to convince the world that a second terrible fire will in no degree cripple the energies nor materially interfere with the prompt dispatch of all kinds of business, the same as if no fire had occurred.

To enable us to do so our friends must be prompt in the discharge of legal and moral | scriptions.

1.50年11日報告:

obligations. What we as individuals ask of our friends is just what other business houses will ask who have lost heavily by this fire.

We sak our friends to remember that it is the remittance of the few dollars that are due from thousands that will encourage us and strengthen our hands to the discharge of our

While as we said before our Publishing House remains unscathed, we have lost a valuable building which makes quite à hole in our capital That, however, will soon be forgotten if our friends do us simple justice by remitting just dues, and ald so far as in their power in securing us new patrons,

Let each and all feel that this appeal is made in a spirit of deep earnestness with the heartfelt assurance that our readers one and all will ture the little monitor on their papers, and calcurate the amounts necessary to pay arroarages in cases where such arrearages are due, and one year's advance in all cases where the time of subscription is about expiring. If all attend to this little duty promptly, we in a few days will forget our loss, and count it as a thing of the past. Don't forget friends, that the time to attend to this matter is the very hour you read this appeal to your sense of justice

Spirit Presence Realized by Mrs. A. H. Robinson's Patients, when Wearing the Magnetized Paper.

Mrs. M. M Perkins, of Fitzwilliam Depot,

N. H., writing on the 18th of June, says : DEAR MRS ROBINSON :- I can not express my thanks to you for your kindness to me ; will send you the money before many weeks to pay you for your services. The first night wore the paper, I awoke a great many times with a sense of one coming so closely to me as to almost take away my breath; it was the same feeling I experienced while sitting in Annie Lord Chamberlain's and Jennie Lord's musical circle, seated pext to the medium ; the spirits repeatedly put their hands upon my face, and often handed me a fan.

Mrs. M. Parkhurst, of Siloam, N. Y., July

DEAR SISTER :- I have advised one more friend of mine to send to you; but she is not a Spiritualist, so do the best you can for her, which I know will be done through your organism, for we have never failed when I have written for any one. My brother's wife that you prescribed for last spring, wishes you the best luck for the good you have done her. This makes six or seven patients I have wrote for, or got them to send to you; and none regret it.

John B. Williams, of Sandowville, Wis., writes June 20th, 1874, says :

MRs. A. H. Robinson :- The magnetized papers you sent my wife gave her relief the first night she wore them, and she has felt your spirit guides very distinctly, at different times, operating upon her.

Warren Sumner Barlow.

We are glad to learn that Warren Sumner Barlow has commenced writing poetry, adapted to those old familiar tunes which do not lese their value or beauty by age. In another column will be found one that would be splendid for a spiritual gathering or meeting. By all means, Mr. Barlow, give us the poetry, and Spiritualists will thank you for it. In connection with this matter he says:

If they should prove acceptable to the public, and be the means of encouraging congregational singing, which I think should become a part of our religious exercises, I will most cheerfully carry out the further request of the brother in adapting a few lines to "Bweet Home," especially if the request be seconded by others. In the use of this (if worth using) I beg to suggest that the choir sing the first four lines, and the congregation join in full chorus on the other four to each verse. To this end, this, and other words adapted to familiar tunes, could be printed on cards and distributed among the congregation, and have them urged to pour out their souls in song. If such a chorus immediately preceded every lecture, nothing could so well fit both speaker and listeners for their respective du-

ties. Yours fraternally,
WARBEN SUMNER BARLOW. Box 66, Station D., New York.

Lyceum Picnic.

THE "Progressiva Lyceum of Chicago" holds its Eighth Annual Picnic at Tracy Avenue Grove, on Wednesday the 22nd inst. The train leaves the Rock Island Station at the head of LaSalle-st., at 8:40 A. M. Families, as usual, take with them well-filled baskets. The means for enjoyment will be furnished at the grove. Those who have participated in past picnics of this Lyceum have come home happy, and anxious to go again.

Photograph of the Materialized Spirit, . Katle King.

This photograph is a copy of the original taken in London, by the aid of the magnesium light, and represents the full length form of a spirit whom our readers, no doubt, feel a curiosity to see. Cabinet-size, price 50 cts. Address the office of this paper.

BRO, J. L. POTTER, a true Spiritualist, Missionary for Minnesota, is entitled to, and hereby is tendered, our thanks for the items of information in regard to matters in that State. At a proper time, and when demanded, we shall

not hesitate to use them. CRLINDA DODGE, of North Bend, Dodge Co., Neb., informs the public that she is a writing medium, that her spirit son, Joseph Highland Dodge, and other spirits, often control her hand to write.

BRO. W. B. HOOKER writes: The Spiritual Society of Gun Lake, Mich., will hold a Grove meeting in their Grove, Saturday and Sunday, July 25th and 26th, 1874. Good speakers will

be in attendance. CEPHAS B. LYER'S lectures are being well received in this city:

Twanty-piva Caura pays for the Rangeo-PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL for three months, for new trial subscribers. Please send in the subZusiness Aotices.

DR. J. SWANSON, the well-known healer from St. Louis, who has been healing with much success in this city during the past two weeks, has gone to Fox Lake and Madison, to treat patients. He will return here after a few weeks for a short time before opening his Healing Institute in St. Louis, in the Fall.

W. B. HESSELGRAVE, please give your P. O. address, and will then comply with your ro-

MARY A. STONE sends renewal for Jour-NAL but does not give P.O. address. Please

RELIABLE SAVES -- In another column we present some additional proofs of the reliability of the Diebold, Norris & Co. Safes. Wherever these safes are put to the test they prove themselves to be among the best manufactured. SEND for a copy of Edwin Drood complete,

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to such subscribers. "The Gods and other Lectures," by Col. Ingersoll, for sale at the office of this paper.

Price, \$2 00. BANNER OF LIGHT for sale at the office of

this paper.

THE PROGRESSIVE LYCEUM OF CHICAGO holds its sessions in Good Templar's Hall, corner of Washington and Desplains, sts., every Sunday at 12:30 p.m. All are invited.

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Passed to Spirit Life.

Notices for this Department will be charged at the rate of twenty costs per line for every line exceeding twenty. Notices not exceeding twenty lines published

Passed to the spirit-life, from Geneva, N. Y., May 27, GRORGE H. GRIFFING, aged 64 years, 3 months and 23

The earth pathway of Bro. GRIFFING has numerous mementos remtading us of his honesty and purity of heart and purpose. True to the highest convictions of his soul, he delighted in communicating in words and deeds the joy and glory resulting from an exalted faith and knowledge that death is annihilated-life perpetual -the loved of earth related to and watched over by the leved of heaven, and that angels pass and repass through the "open door that no man can shut." For his advanced views and contiments, the communion of the Orthodox Church, to which he belonged, was denied him; but ne communed, however, with higher intelligences, esting bread the Church "knew not of." In his various relations to society, whether as citizen, soldier or husband, he exemplified the principles of true manhood, and has passed from earth bearing the esteem of

His funeral was numerously attended in Geneva, May 19th, at the Universalist Church, which was freely tendered for the occasion, where a Spiritualistic discourse was delivered by Rev. J. H. Harter, of Auburn, N. Y. 9 ...

Passed to spirit-life, from McLean, N. Y., June 20th, 1874, MINNIR, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lucius LaMott, aged 10 years, 7 months and 10 days.

This bright, beautiful and highly interesting member of society and the Lyceum, left at her departure from earth many eyes in tears and many hearts in sorrow Her name to those who knew her brings sweet remembrances and pleasant recollections of one who was too pure for the grossness and trials of earth-life. Active hands and loving hearts did what they could to retain still longer the spirit in its outer form, but all of no avail, as she was needed for higher work in the world above, the summons she obeyed.

Her parents, brothers and sisters, are in this trying hour sustained and comforted in the faith and knowledge by Spiritualism imparted.

The funeral was attended on the 22nd, at the Universalist Church, in McLean, by a large concourse of people to whom a Spiritualistic discourse was given by Rev. J. H. Harter, of Auburn, N. Y .- Com.

Passed to spirit life, June 25th, 1874, by drowning, at Gowanda, N. Y., ASTRUR R. ALLEN, your gest son of Truman P. Allen, aged 11 years, 5 months and 8 days. Many is the rare treat that we together with others, have received from his youthful lips, by his describing spirits, and holding converse with those in as well as out of the form. He gave great promise of being a grand and useful medium, and we hope and trust that it s possible yet that he will fulfill our highest anticipa-

Will the BANKER OF LIGHT and other liberal papers please copy !

"I am going higher," said our friend and co-laborer Mrs. FARRIS T. Youne, who passed on to spirit-life. May 5th, 1874, from the residence of Dr. H. C. Coburn, at Centre Strafford, N. H.

Mrs. Y. devoted the last ten or twelve years of her life to the cause of Spiritualism. She lectured when her throat would permit. 'At other times she held scancer and sat in private, for tests, delineation of character, etc. She left one child, a daughter, just blooming into womanhood, who feels that she is indeed alone. So far sajearthly ties are concerned, she has no near relatives, but she is well assured that her mother's earth friends will not desert her in her sorrow and loneliness. She derives much comfort from her faith in Spiritualism, and is happy in the thought that her mother "still lives"not afar off-is with her still.

Although our sister has thrown off the worn-out body, she is still a worker for humanity.

Mrs. Y. whispers to me as I write, and says, "Annie, tell all my friends, who feel included, to write to my dear

child Lens. It will brighten and cheer her lone life and a miother's blessing shall be theirs." As many friends West may not be aware of Miss Lens

Young's address, I will give it: Centre Strafford, N. H. care Dr. H. C. Coburn. I am confident a few cheering words from any friend of the arisen FARRIE T. Youne, will be gladly received by her daughter Lena.

BANKS.

CONDENSED REPORT OF PRESTON, KEAN & CO.,

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RESOURCES. Bills Discounted and Call Loans Furniture and Fixtures Due from Banks and Bankers... 6,000.00 235,000.53 69,192.33 320,078.60 Cash and Checks on hand

81,232,667.81

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DIEBOLD SAFE ALWAYS AHEAD!

CENTRAL CITY, Col., July 3, 1874. D. S. COVERT, Agent Diebold & Kienzle's Safe;

D. S. COVERT, Agent Diebold & Kieuzle's Safe;
Dear Sir: I had one of Diebold & Kienzle's DOUBLEDOOR FIRE PROOF SAFES in my store during the
late large conflagration in Cen rai City, which swept one
hundred and fourteen business houses away. My Safe
centained almost eight thourand dollars' worth of fine
jewelry. I opened said Safe the next day after the fire,
and, to my great happiness and surprise, I found all my
goods in perfect condition, as when put there. The
wo.d work is all intact. I have ordered to-day of your
agent, Mr. J. Greenhood, a No-2 folding-door Safe, and
hope to have it as soon as possible. You may use this
at your own pleasure, and I shall recommend your Safe
to all my friends.

WM. AITCHESON.

WM. AITCHESON. CENTRAL CITY. Col. Ter., July 8, 1874.

Mr. D. S. COVERT, Chicago:

Mr. D. S. COVERT, Chicago:

Dear Sir: We have the pleasure to inform you that the Safe, a No. 4 single door, which we purchased a year ago of your traveling agent. Mr. Greenbland, was in our store during the large conflagration which took place on the list day of May, 1874. The Safe was in the hot debris for forty-eight hours, and on opening the Safe, greatly to our surprise, we found all our books, valuable papers and moneys in as good condition as when placed there before the fire, not a paper being discolored. I enclose one of our Receipts, taken out of our Safe. So well were we pleased that we have purchased this day of your agent, Mr. Greenbood, a larger Safe.

We are yours respectfully.

We are yours respectfully, J BAUM & CROHN BROTHERS. Isarumano, Michigan, May 29:h, 1874.

Dear Sir: In the great fire which swept over the town of labpenning on the 19th April, 1874, and which almost enthely destroyed the town, we had a large stock of fine watches and jewelry, together with our books of account, in one of Diebold & Kienzle's Fire-Proof Bares. The neat was intense, and the bricks even being heated to a red heat, we thought it impossible that our Bare could save its contents, but afterward, when we opened it, which we did by the Combination Lock, we found everything preserved in excellent condition, the jewelry only being a little discolored by heat and steam. The superiority of your Safe was proudly maintained from the fact that nearly every Safe in the place of other makes failed to pre-serve its contents in good condition. Yet ours was subjected to fully as intense a heat & any in the place.

ED. GIRZESKOWSKY & CO. B. COVERT:

ED. GIRZESKOWSKY & CO. We are almost daily if receipt of such testimonials as

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W P. PHELON. M. D..

"Hill's Manual of Social and Business Forms" is the title of a new subscription book recently issued, the object of which is to teach people how to write with beautiful penmanship, correct spelling, capitalization and punctuation, any written document entering into the various transactions of life. In short, if the writer wishes to indite a note of invitation to a party; a. letter of introduction; a love letter; draft a set of resolutions; write a petition to a city council; a report of a convention; draw up an article of agreement; a will, or write any other of the hundreds of forms shown in this Manual, the most approved copies for so doing are here given. The book is having a wonderfully large sale, and is meeting with great favor on every hand as shown in the following test-

imonials: "To persons who are not in the habit of writing con-

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sion."— Syracum Republican.

Gen. Agent, Star Union Line, Chicago: and formerly, for several years, General Freight Agent and Superintendent of the Cleveland,

Omcaso, ILL., Jan. 2nd, 1874.

Prov. Thos. B. Hull:

My Dear Sir—Several days since, it was my good fortune to see a copy of "Hill's Manual of Social and Business Forma," and from sive minutes" examination of the work I became fully satisfied that it was precisely what I wanted for my two boys.

I procured a copy at once, and have since examined it so thoroughly as to feel entirely justified in saying, it was by far the beast literary investment I ever made. An offer of a hundred deliars fur the book, or even five times that sum, would not buy it from me, were it an imseability to procure another copy.

It is indeed a wonderful production, and I am more and more astonished at the great variety and vast amount of practical information it contains. No young man can afford to be without a copy, and the information it contains is equally valuable and essential to every lady in the land. That this information might be elsewhere obtained, I do not deny, but it would require a work of years, involving also, a large expenditure of maney.

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Many years ago, in the capacity of a Vermont schoolmaster, I carneelly and honestly endsavored to teach some of the branches which are so clearly and exhaustively considered in your work; and during the last twonty years and upwards, I have been engaged in Railread business, where I have had to do with very many young men—and older ones—acting as station agents, clerks, etc., etc. I have found a large majority of them sadiy deficient in just exactly what they meet needed to know, and which had they known, they would have been far more useful to their employers and would have commanded much better salaries for themselves. As a rule, it has been necessary to educate them for their position, emergy, perseverance and capacity to learn.

I write you have not only done yourself great credit, as an anthor and compiler, but you have also rendered "the dear people" a greater service th

sential respects.

My twenty years' experience teaches me the necessity for just such a work as yours, and the importance of the general circulation which I sincerely hope it may receive. Pardon the length of this, and the enthusiasm of

Yours traly, W. W. CHANDLER.

Persons who may wish to buy, or take the agency for the sale of this work will please address for descriptive circular, Moses Wasman & Co., Publishers, 108 State St., Chicago.

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